The Sydney Morning Herald.

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Births.

ALLISON.—February 18, at her residence, Parramatta-road, Petersham, Mrs. James Allison, of a daughter.

BAKER.—February 26, at her residence, Glenburnie, Summer Hill, the wife of Triston Baker, M.D., C.M., of a son.

BROWN.—February 22, at her residence, Davy-street, Surry Hills, the wife of A. J. Brown, of a son.

JOHNSON.—February 7, at Victoria Cottage, Queen-street, Ashfield, the wife of J. R. Johnson, of a daughter.

Marriages.

ALEXANDER—MULLIGAN.—January 23, at St. Mark's Church, Opawa, New Zealand, by the Very Rev. the Dean of Christchurch, Edward Beatty, youngest son of the late J. F. Alexander, of Omagh, Ireland, to Emily Jane Cavendish, youngest daughter of the late John Mulligan, Sydney, N. S. W.

Deaths.

ADRAIN.—February 27, at his parents' residence, Frank, infant son of Charles V. and Martha E. Adrain.

BYRAM.—February 1, at her residence, George-street, Windsor, Eliza, the beloved wife of James R. Byram, aged 54 years.

FRASER.—February 17, at his residence, Melbourne, George Fraser, aged 52 years, late of Inverness, Scotland.

LANGLEY.—January 9, Frances Gillespie Langley, aged 82, the revered mother of W. E. Langley, of St. Leonards, Sydney.

MALET.—December 24, 1883, at his residence, Boulevard, Pereire, Paris, William Edmund Malet, M.R.C.S., youngest son of the late Rev. John Malet, Rector of Gronville, in the island of Jersey, aged 73 years.

SHEEDY.—February 27, at his residence, Church-street, Parramatta, Patrick Michael Sheedy, aged 40 years.

Shipping.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

TO PASSENGERS DESIROUS OF AVOIDING THE HEAT AND DISCOMFORT OF THE RED SEA. OVERLAND ROUTE TO GREAT BRITAIN, THROUGH AMERICA, under contract with New South Wales and New Zealand Governments, 1883.

The magnificent steamships of this line leave Sydney for San Francisco (calling at Auckland and Honolulu) every fourth THURSDAY, at 2 p.m., as under:—

Steamer.	Tns	Date of Departure.		
ZEALANDIA	3200	Feb. 28, 1884	—	—
CITY OF SYDNEY	3400	Mch. 27, 1884	—	—
AUSTRALIA	3200	Apl. 24, 1884	—	—

Passengers are booked to any point on the principal Railroad Routes in the United States and Canada, or through to Liverpool, London, or Paris, &c., with special advantages, and have choice at San Francisco of the unrivalled Atlantic steamships of Cunard, Inman, White Star, and other lines. And ALL first-class passengers are allowed 250lb. baggage FREE OF CHARGE.

Tickets are good until used, and allow passengers to stop off as long as they choose, to visit all places of interest in America and Canada. Stop-over privilege are also allowed on steamers' tickets for Auckland and Honolulu.

THROUGH FARE TO LONDON.

FIRST CLASS ... ... £65 and upwards.

Time cards, railway maps, and guide books, showing all routes to any point in the United States, may be had on application.

Passengers proceeding eastward can connect with the steamers of the Pacific Mail S. S. Co., leaving ports in China and Japan for San Francisco.

Drafts, payable in gold in San Francisco, issued by the undersigned.

For rates of passage and freight, and all other information, apply to

GILCHRIST, WATT, and CO., General Agents, 1, Bent-street, Sydney.

ORIENT LINE.

FIRST-CLASS PASSENGER Mail Service, VIA the SUEZ CANAL.

Under Contract with the N. S. W. Government for the Conveyance of Mails.

The following Steamships, belonging to the ORIENT CO. and the PACIFIC CO., will leave SYDNEY at 1 p.m. on the undermentioned dates, for LONDON, via Melbourne, Adelaide, Diego Garcia (at steamer's option), the Suez Canal, and Naples:—

Ship.	Tns.	Date.	Ship.	Tns.	Date.
LUSITANIA	3825	March 1	SORATA	4028	April 12
JOHN ELDER	4152	March 15	CUZCO	3856	April 26
CHIMBORAZO	3847	March 29	LIGURIA	4666	May 9

and fortnightly thereafter.

SALOON PASSENGERS allowed to break their journey.

ORIENT PARCELS EXPRESS:—2s 6d per foot, or 6d per lb.

NAPLES TO LONDON BY RAIL.—Special arrangements made with Messrs. Cook and Sons for the issue of through tickets at greatly reduced rates.

PASSAGES FROM LONDON.—Special facilities afforded for bringing out friends and relatives by pre-payment of the passage money here.

IMMIGRATION SERVICE, VIA CAPE OF GOOD HOPE.

Special steamers are provided for the conveyance of immigrants from London to Sydney, via the Cape, under contract with the N. S. W. GOVERNMENT.

MANAGERS IN LONDON:—F. GREEN and CO., and ANDERSON, ANDERSON, and CO., Fenchurch Avenue, E.C.

PASSAGE MONEY, £17 to £70.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS TO LONDON:
First Class, £105, available for 12 months.
Second Class, £65, available for 12 months.

Full particulars on application to

G. S. YUILL, General Manager in Australia. 267, George-street.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.

STEAM TO LONDON, VIA SUEZ CANAL.

The magnificent new full-powered steel steamship WARWICK, 3527 tons register, 800 horse power nominal, ——, Commander, will be despatched from Sydney about the middle of March.

Cargo taken at through rates to Boston and New York. Special arrangements made for cargo to Continental ports.

For freight and all particulars apply to G. SKELTON YUILL, Manager of the Line in Australia. 267, George-street, Sydney.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.

NOTICE TO PASSENGERS.

A STEAM TENDER will leave No. 5 Jetty, Circular Quay, THIS AFTERNOON, at 3, 4, and 5, to convey Passengers' Luggage, free of charge, to R.M.S. Lusitania.

G. S. YUILL, 267, George-street.

ORIENT LINE OF STEAMERS.

R.M.S. JOHN ELDER, from LONDON.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PASS ENTRIES at once for Circular Quay. The ship will not be responsible for any damage to or loss of cargo after it is landed on the wharf. All goods impeding the discharge will be landed at the consignees' risk. Bill of lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before the goods can leave the wharf.

G. S. YUILL, 267, George-street.

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES

SYDNEY, MELBOURNE, and ADELAIDE. To MARSEILLES (via Suez Canal).

Steamers under postal contract with the Government of France.

The service will be carried on by powerful steamers of 4000 tons and 3000 effective h.p., built expressly for the Australian and New Caledonian line, which will be despatched as follows:—

Steamer.	Commander.	Leave Sydney at noon.	Leave Melbourne at 1 p.m.
SYDNEY	Pellegrin	February 28, 1884.	March 1, 1884.
SALAZIE	Mace	March 25, 1884	March 29, 1884.
YARRA	Rolland	April 22, 1884.	April 26, 1884.

and thenceforth every 28 days.

Rates of passage money to Marseilles from £23 to £65, including table wine or beer, and the Suez Canal dues on passengers.

RETURN TICKETS issued at the following rates:—

	1st class.	2nd class.	3d class.
Available 9 months	£105	£84	£40
Available 12 months	115	92	42

N.B.—Passenger's luggage conveyed free of cost from Marseilles to London. For freight, passage, and further particulars apply at the Company's Office, 15, Macquarie-place.

A. CONIL, Principal Agent.

DIRECT SERVICE TO ENGLAND.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

The Company's Steamships (under contract with the Victorian Government for the Conveyance of H.M. Mails) will be despatched as under, from the Company's Wharf, at the Circular Quay, DIRECT TO PLYMOUTH AND LONDON via Colombo, calling at Melbourne, Glenelg, and King George's Sound.

Steamer.	Tons.	Commander.	Leave Sydney noon.	Leave Melbourne.	Leave Glenelg.
Sutlej	4194	A. H. Johnson	Mar. 7	Mar. 13	Mar. 15
Mirzapore	2887	C. G. Perrins	Mar. 21	Mar. 27	Mar. 29
Ballarat	4752	P. S. Tomlin	April 4	April 10	April 12
Valetta	4900	J. Orman	April 18	April 23	April 24
Rome	5013	G. F. Cates	April 30	May 6	May 8
Shannon	4189	J. S. Murray	May 14	May 20	May 22

and thenceforth every alternate week.

Rates of Passage Money to Plymouth or London:—£70 first and £40 second class.

Brindisi, Venice, Trieste, or Marseilles, £85 first, and £55 second class. No Egyptian transit or Canal dues.

SPECIAL RETURN TICKETS TO EUROPE:
Available 9 months—First-class, £105; second-class, £54.
Available 12 months—First-class, £115; second-class, £65.

RESERVED ACCOMMODATION can be obtained on most moderate terms.

Passengers, cargo, and parcels are booked through to India, China, and Japan, to which places return passage tickets are granted at very favourable rates, giving passengers the option of breaking their journey en route.

For all information, apply at the Company's Offices, 247, George-street.

J. WEIR, Agent.

TASMANIAN S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS WILL LEAVE THE QUEENSLAND (late TASMANIAN) WHARF, Sussex-street, near Margaret-street—

For HOBART, via Eden:
S. MANGANA, THURSDAY, 6th March, at noon.
For LAUNCESTON, direct:
S. CORINNA, FRIDAY, 7th March, at noon.

No cargo received within one hour of sailing.

T. and W. WILLIS, Agents, 15, Pitt-street.

EASTERN AND AUSTRALIAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO TOWNSVILLE, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND, PORT DARWIN and HONGKONG.

CARGO TAKEN AT REDUCED RATES.

The favourite steamship CATTERTHUN, 2179 tons, Hugh Craig, commander, will be despatched as above from the COMPANY'S WHARF, Miller's Point, on WEDNESDAY, 5th March.

Special attention is invited to this steamer's SUPERIOR PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION.

For freight, passage, &c., apply to GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., 93, Pitt-street.

CARGO NOW BEING RECEIVED.

QUEENSLAND ROYAL MAIL STEAMERS.

MONTHLY SERVICE under Postal Contract with the Queensland Government.

The steamship DACCA, 4100 tons, will be despatched from MORETON BAY for LONDON, calling at the Northern Queensland Ports, Batavia, and Aden, on TUESDAY, 25th MARCH, at 1 p.m.

Subsequent Steamers of this line WILL LEAVE MORETON BAY as follows:—
22nd April, 1884, at 1 p.m.
20th May, 1884, at 1 p.m.
17th June, 1884, at 1 p.m.

These steamers are of the highest class, and have splendid passenger accommodation, whilst the table and attendance are of the very best description.

SALOON FARE FROM BRISBANE TO LONDON ... 60 GUINEAS
SECOND SALOON ... ... 40 GUINEAS
NO CANAL DUES.

For particulars apply to GIBBS, BRIGHT, and CO., Agents, 93, Pitt-street, Sydney.

STEAM TO LONDON.

CALLING ALSO AT MELBOURNE AND ADELAIDE.

The splendid NEW Steamship GULF OF CARPENTARIA, R. Thomson, commander, will be despatched with cargo and saloon passengers for the above port punctually on FRIDAY, 7th March.

For rates of freight and passage and all particulars apply to DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO., 5, Bent-street, Sydney.

CHINA NAVIGATION COMPANY, Limited.

Steam to TOWNSVILLE, COOKTOWN, THURSDAY ISLAND, PORT DARWIN and HONGKONG.

The Splendid new Steel Steamer CHANGCHOW will be despatched from the COMPANY'S JETTY, SMITH'S WHARF, At NOON on SATURDAY, 1st MARCH.

Has superior accommodation for saloon, second class, and steerage passengers.

The cabins and saloon are on deck amidship, thus ensuring coolness and comfort in the heat of the tropics.

CARGO RECEIVED up to 7 p.m THIS DAY, Friday.

For rates of freight and passage apply to LORIMER, ROME and CO., Agents, 44, O'Connell-street.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY OF NEW ZEALAND, Limited.

REGULAR COMMUNICATION TO ALL NEW ZEALAND PORTS FROM SYDNEY.

FOR AUCKLAND, GISBORNE, NAPIER, WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN, AND MELBOURNE.
RINGAROOMA, 1100 tons, THURSDAY, 6th March.
WAIRARAPA, 1786 tons, THURSDAY, 13th March.

FOR WELLINGTON, LYTTELTON, and PORT CHALMERS, DUNEDIN, transhipping to outports,
RAUROTO, 1988 tons, about MONDAY, 10th March.

FROM MELBOURNE.

FOR BLUFF, PORT CHALMERS, and all NORTHERN PORTS.
ROTOMAHANA, 1727 tons, TUESDAY, 4th March, via Hobart.
MANAPOURI, 1783 tons, TUESDAY, 11th March.

Tourist Handbooks, Pocket Guides, and Railway Maps for information and guidance of passengers may be had on application to Company's Offices, New Zealand Wharf, Margaret and Sussex streets.

E. P. HOUGHTON, Acting Manager.

SPECIAL WEEKLY STEAMER TO AUCKLAND.

SHORTEST ROUTE TO HOT LAKES (Ohinemutu) and WAIWERA HOT SPRINGS.

UNION STEAMSHIP COMPANY'S S.S. RINGAROOMA, 1100 tons, JAMES TOZER, Commander, will sail THURSDAY, 6th March.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY intend despatching their steamers for the following ports, viz.:—

MELBOURNE	City of Melbourne	Saturday, 1 p.m.
Ditto	City of Adelaide	Tuesday, 5 p.m.
ADELAIDE	City of Melbourne	Will take cargo for transhipment at Melbourne.
NOUMEA	Rockton	Friday, March 7.
SUVA (Fiji)	Rockton	Friday, March 7.
LEVUKA (Fiji)	Rockton	Friday, March 7.
BRISBANE	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Ly-ee-Moon	Saturday, at noon.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Dingadee (cargo only)	Wednesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
MARYBOROUGH	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Dingadee (cargo only)	Wednesday, 4 p.m.
BUNDABERG	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Dingadee (cargo only)	Wednesday, 4 p.m.
GLADSTONE	Steamer early	
ROCKHAMPTON	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing (for passengers only)	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Dingadee (cargo only)	Wednesday, 4 p.m.
BROADSOUND	Steamer early	
PORT MACKAY	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
BOWEN	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
TOWNSVILLE	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
CAIRNS	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
PORT DOUGLAS	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
DUNGENESS	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
CARDWELL	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
JOHNSTON RIVER	Wentworth	This day, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.
Ditto	Victoria	Thursday, 4 p.m.
COOKTOWN	Quiraing	Tuesday, 4 p.m.

N.B.—Cargo is daily received for above ports, and parcels at Branch Office, corner of King and York streets, up to one hour before sailing time.

Traffic Manager attends at Branch Office daily from noon till 2 p.m.

Steerage passengers are provided with bedding and victualled.

FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

THE AUSTRALASIAN STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

Steam to BRISBANE, ROCKHAMPTON, PORT MACKAY, BOWEN, TOWNSVILLE, DUNGENESS, CARDWELL, JOHNSTONE RIVER, CAIRNS, PORT DOUGLAS, and COOKTOWN.

The A. S. N. Company intend despatching their powerful steamships
WENTWORTH, THIS DAY, Friday, 4 p.m.
QUIRAING, TUESDAY, 4 p.m.
VICTORIA, THURSDAY, 4 p.m.
taking passengers and cargo for the above ports.

Fares and freights at current rates.

FREDK. H. TROUTON, Manager.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.—The undersigned will despatch their steamers from their wharf as under (when practicable):—

WENDOUREE	W. H. Emmerson	SATURDAY, March 1, at noon.
NEMESIS	W. F. Deary	SATURDAY, March 8, at noon.

Freight at lowest rates. Cargo received daily.

FARES: SALOON, THIRTY-FIVE SHILLINGS. STEERAGE, SEVENTEEN SHILLINGS AND SIXPENCE.

HUDDART PARKER and CO., foot of Margaret-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

S.S. WENDOUREE, 2000 tons, Leaves Huddart Parker's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street, TO-MORROW, Saturday, at 12 o'clock noon.

Saloon ... ... 35s.
Steerage ... ... 17s 6d.

HUDDART, PARKER, and CO. Offices and Wharf, foot of Margaret-street.

WM. HOWARD SMITH AND SONS' (Ltd.) LINE of FAST INTERCOLONIAL STEAMSHIPS.

The undersigned will despatch their STEAMSHIPS (when practicable) as follows, from STRUTH'S WHARF and the NEW WHARF, foot of KING-STREET:—

FOR MELBOURNE		
BUNINYONG	F.H. Stanford	THIS DAY, Feb. 29, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	E. Johnson	TO-MORROW, Mar. 1, 12 noon.
CHEVIOT	W. Donaldson	TUESDAY, March 4, 4 p.m.
GABO	J. R. Clark	FRIDAY, March 7, 1 p.m.
BARRABOOL	W. Hill	SATURDAY, March 8, 12 noon.
LEURA	J. Pain	TUESDAY, March 11, at 1 p.m.
FOR BRISBANE		
MORETON	J. Brown	THIS DAY, Feb. 29, 4.30 p.m.
KEILAWARRA	H.B. Bristow	TO-MORROW, March 1, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, March 4, 5 p.m.
EDINA	J. D. Joy	FRIDAY, March 7, 4.30 p.m.
RODONDO	E. Johnson	SATURDAY, March 8, 1 p.m.
DERWENT	E. Boult	TUESDAY, March 11, at 5 p.m.
FOR MARYBOROUGH		
KEILAWARRA	H. B. Bristow	TO-MORROW, March 1, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, March 4, 5 p.m.
EDINA	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, March 7, 4.30 p.m.
RODONDO	E. Johnson	SATURDAY, March 8, 1 p.m.
DERWENT	E. Boult	TUESDAY, March 11, at 5 p.m.
FOR ROCKHAMPTON		
KEILAWARRA	H.B. Bristow	TO-MORROW, March 1, 1 p.m.
BURWAH	J. H. South	TUESDAY, March 4, 5 p.m.
EDINA	W. Ellis	FRIDAY, March 7, 4.30 p.m.
RODONDO	E. Johnson	SATURDAY, March 8, 1 p.m.
DERWENT	E. Boult	TUESDAY, March 11, at 5 p.m.
FOR BUNDABERG AND PORT MACKAY		
MORETON	J. Brown	THIS DAY, Feb. 29, 4.30 p.m.
FOR TOWNSVILLE		
KEILAWARRA	H.B. Bristow	TO-MORROW, March 1, 1 p.m.
RODONDO	E. Johnson	SATURDAY, March 8, 1 p.m.
BARRABOOL	W. Hill	SATURDAY, March 15, 1 p.m.

Cargo received for the above ports every day. Fore-cabin passengers supplied with bedding and victualled free.

WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO MELBOURNE.

THE SPLENDID NEW S.S. BUNINYONG, 3000 TONS, F. H. STANFORD, Commander,

Will leave the NEW WHARF, FOOT of KING-STREET, THIS DAY, February 29th, at 1 p.m.

Attention is invited to the SUPERIOR PASSENGER ACCOMMODATION of the BUNINYONG, which is the LARGEST STEAMSHIP at present OWNED in AUSTRALIA. The STATE ROOMS are EXCEPTIONALLY LARGE, and CONTAIN ONLY TWO BERTHS EACH. The SALOON goes right ACROSS the BUNINYONG, which is fitted up with all the LUXURIES of the ocean-going mail steamships.

WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO QUEENSLAND PORTS.

The undersigned intend despatching the fine new steel steamer MORETON, Captain J. Brown, DIRECT for the undermentioned ports, WITHOUT TRANSHIPMENT of CARGO, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, at 4.30 p.m.:—
BRISBANE
BUNDABERG
PORT MACKAY.

For freight and passage apply WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited, 42, King-street.

FAST WEEKLY SERVICE TO TOWNSVILLE.

The undersigned intend despatching their fast and favourite steamships RODONDO, BARRABOOL, and KEILAWARRA, for TOWNSVILLE Direct, via BRISBANE, EVERY SATURDAY.

The KEILAWARRA will leave TO-MORROW, March 1, at 1 p.m., and the RODONDO on SATURDAY, March 8, at 1 p.m.

TO SHIPPERS.—Attention is drawn to this favourable opportunity for shipping goods DIRECT TO TOWNSVILLE, which secures exceptionally quick transit, and avoids risk of transhipment.

FOR PASSENGERS the excellent accommodation provided in the KEILAWARRA and RODONDO is well and favourably known, and it is fully expected that passengers from Sydney will be landed in Townsville in 6 days, including one clear day's stoppage at Brisbane.

WM. HOWARD SMITH and SONS, Limited, 42, King-street.

STEAM TO PORT ADELAIDE DIRECT.

The BLACK DIAMOND STEAM LINE (the only direct line to Adelaide) will despatch their steamers as under, when practicable:—

Tenterden	2000 tons	J. J. Simpson	On March 7th, at noon.
Birkgate	1440 "	A. Mackenzie	About 15th March.

PASSAGE MONEY—SALOON, £5; RETURN, £9; STEERAGE, £2 10s.

The passenger accommodation for all classes is excellent.

Cargo can be sent down at any time, and will be stored free of charge at the Adelaide Wharf, Miller's Point, but will not be received within two hours of the time of sailing.

No shipping orders required.

L. McLAREN, Agent, 247, George-street.

QUEENSLAND STEAM SHIPPING COMPANY, Limited.

TIME TABLE of the departure of the Company's vessels from SYDNEY to QUEENSLAND PORTS.

BRISBANE.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
MARYBOROUGH.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
BUNDABERG.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
ROCKHAMPTON.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
MACKAY.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
BOWEN.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
TOWNSVILLE.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
DUNGENESS.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
CARDWELL.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
MOURILYAN HARBOUR.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
JOHNSTONE RIVER.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
CAIRNS.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
PORT DOUGLAS.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
COOKTOWN.—Warrego, March 4th; Archer, March 11th; Maranoa, March 18th.
SOMERSET.—Warrego, March 4th, transhipping at Cooktown; Corea, March 13th.
THURSDAY ISLAND.—Warrego, March 4th, transhipping at Cooktown; Corea, March 13th.
NORMANTON.—Warrego, March 4th, transhipping at Cooktown; Corea, March 13th.
BURKETOWN.—Warrego, March 4th, transhipping at Cooktown; Corea, March 13th.
PORT MORESBY.—Early in March.

The Vessels of the Q. S. S. Co. leave the Company's Wharf, foot of Margaret-street, EVERY TUESDAY AFTERNOON, at 5 o'clock, for all Queensland ports between Sydney and Cooktown, and for Thursday Island and Gulf of Carpentaria twice a month.

No cargo is received after 4 p.m. on date of sailing.

For all particulars of freight and passage apply to BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Macquarie-place.

QUEENSLAND STEAM-SHIPPING COMPANY. Limited.

STEAM TO QUEENSLAND PORTS.

The fine new Steamship WARREGO will sail from Sydney for BRISBANE, MARYBOROUGH, BUNDABERG, ROCKHAMPTON (passengers only), MACKAY, BOWEN, TOWNSVILLE, DUNGENESS, CARDWELL, MOURILYAN HARBOUR, JOHNSTONE RIVER, CAIRNS, PORT DOUGLAS, and COOKTOWN, on March 4th, at 5 p.m. No cargo will be received at the wharf after 4 p.m. Passengers are specially invited to inspect this magnificent vessel, which is the fastest and most comfortable vessel on the Australian coast.

For all particulars of freight and passage apply to the agents, BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Macquarie-place.

NEWCASTLE STEAMSHIP COMPANY, Limited.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, RAYMOND TERRACE, AND MORPETH.

FROM LIME-STREET WHARF:
THIS NIGHT, Friday, at 11, the CITY OF BRISBANE.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, Saturday, at 11, the COONANBARA.

Clarence Town cargo received THIS DAY. Freights payable in Sydney.

Bonded goods not received after 4, other cargo not after 5 p.m.

Passengers can secure their berths and procure their tickets at the Branch Office, York-street, next Opera House, from 9 a.m. to 10.30 p.m. daily.

Parcels will be received and small packages of luggage can be left there up to 5 p.m.

H. D. PORTUS, Manager.

STEAM TO NEWCASTLE, MORPETH, RAYMOND TERRACE, &c.

From H. R. N. S. N. Company's Wharf, foot of Market-street, Sydney.

THIS NIGHT, FRIDAY, at 11, the MAITLAND.
TO-MORROW NIGHT, SATURDAY, at 11, the MORPETH.

Clarence Town Goods received every day. Freight payable in Sydney.

Bonded Goods will not be received after 4; other Goods not after 5 p.m.

J. W. LEE, Acting Manager. Offices—147, Sussex-street.

STEAM TO SHOALHAVEN.

The fine New Steamer MEEINDERRY will leave the MARKET WHARF for BROUGHTON CREEK and SHOALHAVEN, on MONDAY, the 3rd March, at 4 a.m. Splendid saloon amidships.

Saloon Fare, 15s. Steerage do., 9s.

All freights payable in Sydney. Cargo received up till 1 o'clock on Saturday.

A. KETHEL, Agent, Market Wharf.

FOR CAMDEN HAVEN.—ETTALONG now receiving cargo. FAGAN BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

THE CLARENCE AND RICHMOND RIVERS S. N. COMPANY'S STEAMSHIPS.

CITY OF GRAFTON, for GRAFTON, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.

TOMKI, for RICHMOND RIVER, MONDAY NIGHT, at 9.

CORAKI, for MACLEAY RIVER, TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 9.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary. Company's Wharf, Sussex-street.

MACLEAY RIVER.

CORAKI, TO-MORROW NIGHT, at 9.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary. C. and R. R. S. N. Company.

RICHMOND RIVER.

The Favourite S.S. TOMKI, MONDAY NIGHT, at 9.

The TOMKI, having been built specially for this trade, affords shippers and passengers every convenience and comfort.

Large and well-ventilated Saloon on Deck for Ladies.

In order to prevent detention of the ship, shippers are requested to send their goods in early.

Cargo now being received.

JOHN WHITE, Secretary. C. and R. R. S. N. Co., Sydney.

GRAFTON, CLARENCE RIVER.

S.S. HELEN NICOLL will leave the Market Wharf, Market-street, TO-MORROW (Saturday) NIGHT, at 9. leaving Grafton for Sydney WEDNESDAY MORNING.

S.S. AUSTRALIAN, TUESDAY NIGHT, at 9.

Return Tickets available by either steamer. Superior accommodation for passengers. Horse boxes provided.

NIPPER and SEE, 129, Sussex-street.

MANNING RIVER.

S.S. ROSEDALE will leave the Market Wharf, Market-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 5 p.m. Cargo received within an hour of sailing.

NIPPER and SEE, 129, Sussex-street.

PORT MACQUARIE.

S.S. MURRAY will leave the Market Wharf, Market-street, TUESDAY NEXT.

NIPPER and SEE, 129, Sussex-street.

RICHMOND RIVER.

Special Notice to Shippers.

The S.S. PLATYPUS, 400 tons, will positively be despatched THIS (Friday) EVENING, at 7 o'clock.

B. B. NICOLL, 9, Sussex-street.

ILLAWARRA S. N. CO.'S STEAMERS to

WOLLONGONG.—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, at 11 p.m.; Wednesday and Friday, 10 a.m.; Saturday, noon (passengers).
KIAMA.—Monday, Tuesday, Thursday, and Friday, 11 p.m.
SHOALHAVEN.—Tuesday and Friday, 11 p.m.
ULLADULLA.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
CLYDE RIVER.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
BATEMAN'S BAY.—Friday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m.
MORUYA.—Friday, 11 p.m.
MERIMBULA.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
TATHRA (for BEGA).—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, noon; cargo, 11 a.m.
EDEN.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; cargo, 8 a.m. Saturday, noon; cargo, 11.
BERMAGUI.—Wednesday, 10 a.m.; passengers only.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS AND PASSENGERS.

In addition to the ordinary time table, a Steamer will leave for WOLLONGONG and KIAMA every THURSDAY NIGHT, at 11. Shippers are respectfully requested to avail themselves by this steamer.

FOR PORT MACQUARIE.

S.S. SOPHIA ANN will leave Clarke's Victoria Wharf, THIS DAY, 10 a.m. JENNINGS, PICKERING, and CO., Agents, 31, Bathurst-street.

S.N. COMPANY'S S.S. DAIRYMAID, for Shellharbour and Gerringong direct, TO-NIGHT at 6 from Caledonian Wharf. All freights payable in Sydney.

JOHN RITCHIE, Agent.

GOSFORD, BRISBANE WATER.

The favourite S.S. PROMISE leaves the Patent Slip Wharf at 8 every morning, excepting Sundays and Mondays; leaving Gosford at 1.30 p.m. same day. All freights payable in Sydney.

HAWKESBURY RIVER.—EXCURSION, via Manly, 2.15, FRIDAY. Book Maddocks, George-street.

GOSFORD, PEAT'S FERRY, and MULLET CREEK.—Steamer leaves King-street Wharf, 7.30, No. 4 Jetty, Circular Quay, 8 a.m., MONDAY, TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, FRIDAY, and SATURDAY; returning same day.

HAWKESBURY RIVER, PEAT'S FERRY, and all Wharfs to Sackville Reach.—Steamer leaves King-street Wharf on MONDAY, 7.30 a.m., and WEDNESDAY, 4.30 p.m., calling No. 4 Jetty half hour after. Freights received King-st. Wf.

HAWKESBURY RIVER.—S.S. METEOR leaves Woolloomooloo daily at 8 a.m. excepting Saturday, Sunday.

MANLY BEACH, the most Beautiful Watering Place near Sydney.

The magnificent Saloon Steamer Brighton and the favourite steamers Fairlight and Emu will, weather permitting, and as far as practicable, run as follows:—

From Sydney.				From Manly.			
7.15	10.15+	3.30	6.15	7.15	10.30	4.45	6.30
8*	11.30	4.30	7.30	8.10	12	5+	10
9	2.15+	5.30	11.15	8.45	2.15	5.30	

* Mondays only. + Calling at Woolloomooloo.

Special Time-tables issued for Saturdays, Sundays, and Holidays.

Return Fares, 1s 6d; Children, 1s. Dogs, 6d; Return, 9d.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNORS.

The Directors will not guarantee to carry freight unless it is delivered at the wharf at least 15 minutes before the departure of the steamer, and not later than 3.15 p.m.

No freight received on Saturdays after 10 a.m.

Consignors are particularly requested to take notice that loose hay and straw cannot be shipped.

PARRAMATTA STEAMERS AND TRAMWAY.

INCREASED TRIPS.

STEAMERS DAILY from King-street to Parramatta Park, 6.50, 9, 10, 11 a.m., 1, 3, 5.5 p.m. From No. 4 Jetty, 10 a.m. and 2 p.m.; Saturdays, from King-street, 1.15. From Parramatta Park Gate, 6.55, 9, 11, 12, 1.3, 4.5.

Passengers can go at any of the above hours (except 5.5), and return by same tram and steamer after seeing Parramatta. Time at present, 2 hours, 45 minutes.

Fares.—Steamer, 1s 6d return, second class; 2s 6d return, first class; tramway fares, 3d each way. On Saturdays return passages at single fare by steamer, viz.:—Hunter's-hill, first class, 9d; second, 6d; Parramatta, first class, 1s 6d; second class, 1s.

WOGONGA.—Ketch JONATHAN receives freight at Hudson's Wharf, Pyrmont. Freights paid in Sydney.

KETCH SHAMROCK, for PORT STEPHENS, first fair wind. Cargo received at Cowper Wharf, Woolloomooloo. Freight paid in Sydney.

FOR TWEED RIVER.—Schooner VALE will receive cargo on TUESDAY at Baltic Wharf. Apply R. LANGLEY, 92, Sussex-street.

FOR PORT MACKAY.—The schooner TARMOW will commence loading on MONDAY, 3rd March, and sail in a few days. BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Macquarie-place.

FOR LONDON.

NOW FAST LOADING AT CIRCULAR QUAY.

The A1 Iron Barque SYDENHAM, 1063 tons register, Alex. Ross, commander, will have quick despatch.

For freight, &c., apply to MASON BROTHERS.

Wool received Talbot and Co.'s

FOR LONDON.

The magnificent A1 clipper ship BRILLIANT, Charles W. Davidson, commander. Having now the greater portion of her cargo on board and in store, will be despatched in a few days.

For freight or passage apply to the Captain on board, at the Circular Quay; or to DANGAR, GEDYE, and CO.

Wool received at Flood and Co.'s Stores.

FOR LONDON.

The magnificent Clipper Ship PERSIAN, 1387 tons register, M. Corrance, commander, 100 A1 at Lloyd's.

This splendid vessel, having the greater portion of her cargo on board, and with a large quantity of wool in store, will have immediate despatch.

For rates of freight apply to DALGETY, BLACKWOOD, and CO.; or YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.

Wool received at Parbury's Wharf.

FOR LONDON.

The magnificent A1 clipper ship BRITISH AMBASSADOR, 1788 tons register, James Davis, commander, is now fast stowing cargo, and having large engagements, will meet with quick despatch.

For freight, &c., apply to ALFRED LAMB and CO.

Wool received at Central Stores.

SHIP KIRKWOOD, from LONDON.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PASS ENTRIES at once for Grafton Wharf. The ship will not be responsible for any loss or damage to cargo after landed.

All goods for which no entries have been passed will, immediately after they are landed, in terms of Customs Regulation Act, be sent to Grafton Bond under Customs supervision and be stored at the risk and expense of consignees until perfect entries are passed.

Bills of lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.

MASON BROTHERS, Agents.

Captain SINNOTT will not be responsible for any DEBTS contracted by his crew without his written authority.

BARQUE CLOSEBURN, FROM LIVERPOOL.

CONSIGNEES by this vessel are requested to pass ENTRIES at once for the Circular Quay. The ship will not be responsible for any loss of, or damage to, cargo after it is landed; and all goods impeding the discharge will be entered, landed, and stored at the consignees' risk and expense.

Bills of Lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.

S. HOFFNUNG and CO., Agents.

Captain ANDERSON will not be responsible for any DEBTS that may be contracted by his crew.

WESER (BARQUE), from HAMBURG.

CONSIGNEES are requested to pass entries for Dibbs' wharf. The ship will not be responsible for any damage to or loss of cargo after it is landed. All goods for which entries have not been passed, and which impede the discharge of the ship, will be landed and stored at consignees' risk and expense.

Bills of lading must be produced, freights paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned, before any goods can leave the wharf.

RABONE FEEZ and CO., Agents.

Captain HARDE will not be responsible for any debts contracted by his crew without his written authority.

S.S. CAIRNGORM, from FIJI.

CONSIGNEES are requested to PASS ENTRIES at once for the Central Wharf.

Bills of Lading must be produced, freight paid, and delivery orders obtained from the undersigned before any goods can leave the wharf.

The ship will not be responsible for loss or damage to cargo after it is landed.

M. METCALFE and CO.

STEAMER DUKE OF SUTHERLAND, from LONDON.

All ACCOUNTS against this vessel must be rendered in duplicate at the office of the undersigned before noon on FRIDAY, the 29th instant, or they will not be recognised.

YOUNG and LARK, Agents, Moore-street.

HULK wanted, to hold about 1500 tons coal; also one to hold about 800 tons; must be in good order. T. and W. WILLIS, 15, Pitt-street.

WANTED, VESSELS to LOAD for the undermentioned Ports:—
TOWNSVILLE
CAIRNS
PORT DOUGLAS
NORMANTON
BURKETOWN.
Full cargoes, quick despatch.
BURNS, PHILP, and CO., Limited, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, 24-feet half-decked or open BOAT; carvel built; all copper fastened. R. T., 526, Bourke-st.

BOAT for SALE, suitable for lighter or fishery; length, 26 feet; beam, 9 feet; depth, 3 feet 6 inches. Apply to Mr. J. THORNE, 65, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a 16-feet half-decked SAILING BOAT, moorings and all, gear in good order; price, £15; terms if required. Jib, Box 777, G.P.O.

FOR SALE, pair of OARS, with rowlocks, 10s. 202, Harris-street, Ultimo.

Personal.

A. STAINES, from Wardell.—Please send address to Box 614, G. P. O. Very important.

B. JONES, Esq.,—Letter for you at G. P. O., or call Trinity Parsonage this (Friday) evening. R. R. K.

FR.,—Meet me at Mrs Meads' office, 55, Hunter-street, Friday, at 2.30. Daisy.

IF this should meet the eye of GEORGE PERRITON, his mother is in Sydney, and would be glad to hear from him.

IF J. F. HUTCHINS will call at 161, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo, Sydney, he will hear of something of importance from a friend.

MR. CORNELIUS COLLINS (in Brown's Creek about April '81),—Send address to P. M. Collins, G. P. O.

MR. J. SMITH, No 7 Section,—Please call on Supt. of Tramways, or send address.

MR. MORGAN LASTER,—Call at R. Jacobson's, for home news. Petersham.

MISSING.

JOHN BROWN, native of Glasgow, age 24, 5ft. 6in., stout and dark, heavy moustache; stayed in Sydney beginning of January. £2 reward will be paid for information of his whereabouts. M. BROWN, Care of M. Nallen, Sutherland-street, Paddington.

NEPEAN,—Call and see Mac. at R. G. O. Important.

OLIVER TRICKETT,—Call at General Post Office; letter waiting.

SEE you any time or place convenient. Send to old address.

THE TWO young men that called at T. Abercrombie's,—Call again; wishes to see you.

T. REESE,—Please call at once, on Thomas Ogle, Clifton Hotel, Botany-road, Waterloo.

WOULD Lady just from England—son compositor—call again about cottage? Johnson, draper.

WILL Mr. J. R. TREEVE please call or send his address to Tighe's Currency Lass, Pitt and Hunter streets, about 10.30 a.m. to-day or to-morrow.

Lost and Found.

LOST, BAG, containing Wires and Lead, between Lansdowne-street and railway. Reward. 61, Lansdowne-st., S. H.

LOST, on 26th January, little MAGPIE; £1 reward. Mrs. E. Farley, Alonzo Villa, Prospect-street, Waverley.

LOST, on Wednesday night, a brown Retriever PUP. Finder rewarded. W. Frost, Rose and Crown Hotel, Wm.-st.

LOST, the CENTRE of an Oval Gold Brooch. Finder rewarded by returning to J. Roarty, 604, George-street.

LOST, Brown Retriever DOG; answers to name of "Nero." Any person returning him to Dind's Hotel, Milson's Point, North Shore, will be handsomely rewarded.

LOST, a Black MANTLE, on 22nd last, between William and Park streets. Finder will be handsomely rewarded if returned to 179, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

LOST, on Monday afternoon, in Boomerang-street, the INSIDE of a Lady's Stirrup. Gentleman on bay horse seen to ride off with it. Reward. Apply Sadler, chemist, William-street.

LOST, 26th instant, black Collie SLUT, name and address on collar. Reward on returning her to No. 2 Lyon's-terrace. Anyone detaining her after this notice will be prosecuted.

MISSING.—One brown PORTMANTEAU, marked John Dawson, in paint. Information concerning the above is requested by the Traffic Manager, Redfern Station.

ONE POUND REWARD.—LOST, bay Mare, on 25th instant, 2 on near shoulder. Moran, Golden Grove, D'l'gton.

ONE POUND REWARD.—LOST, a Sheep DOG, black and tan, white chest. Anyone detaining same after date will be prosecuted. 254, Sussex-street.

STRAYED from Wilton's Coal Yard, a Gray PONY, not branded. 10s reward.

STRAYED into my paddock about 3 months ago, Strawberry COW, branded like H on the loins. If not claimed within seven days, will be sold to defray expenses. W. Toohey, Bourke-street, Waterloo.

STOLEN, from Glebe Point, Retriever DOG, answering to name of Carlo; white and brown spots; £1 reward on information whose yard he is tied up in. J. Lawler, 663, George-street.

TWO SHILLINGS and SIXPENCE REWARD.—LOST, a brown BULLDOG, wart on eye, answers to the name of "Nip." Apply 839, George-street. W. S. Woodward.

THREE POUNDS REWARD.—LOST, on the 27th instant, corner of King and Pitt streets, open-faced gentleman's gold WATCH; name and number known. S. J. Fletcher, George-street Markets.

FOUND, a brown Retriever DOG in Redfern. Owner can have it by paying expenses. 93, Abercrombie-street.

Military Notices.

MILITARY NOTICES.

HEAD QUARTERS' BAND.

PRACTICE TO-NIGHT, 8 sharp, Victoria Barracks. J. FAHEEN, Bandmaster.

N. S. W. NAVAL VOLUNTEER ARTILLERY.

SATURDAY NEXT, March 1st, HEAVY GUN DRILL on board H.M.C.S. WOLVERENE. Volunteers will go off in Cutter from Drill Shed at 2.30 sharp.

WALTON DRAKE, Lieut. R. N., Officer Instructor.

APPLICATIONS for enrolment in above Corps should be made to Mr. JOHN A. INGLIS, Honorary Secretary, 28, Jamison-street, from whom "Routine of Drills" and all information can be obtained.

VOLUNTEER Artillery Rifle Club.—Prize Shooting and Match Engineer Corps, To-mor., 2.30. H. Hunt, h. sec.

SCHWEPPE'S MINERAL WATERS as supplied HER MAJESTY THE QUEEN AND ROYAL FAMILY, can be obtained of the principal hotelkeepers, wine merchants, and chemists throughout the colonies. SODAWATER, LEMONADE, GINGER ALE, POTASS, LITHIA (for gout), SELTZER, TONIC, MAGNESIA Waters. 51, Berners-street London. 55, Margaret-street, Sydney.

FARMER AND COMPANY, VICTORIA HOUSE, PITT-STREET.

MANTLES.

AUTUMN NOVELTIES. Our first shipment of AUTUMN MANTLES is now opened, and we beg to call the special attention of buyers to the same. Our Mr. Farmer has made most extensive purchases for this next season, and has spared no effort in placing us in possession of Garments of the MOST RECHERCHE CHARACTER. We confidently place this parcel before the public as the ACME OF NOVELTY AND STYLE for the autumn—the richness and elegance of the garments perfectly justifying our assertion. The materials are exceedingly rich, comprising PLUSH, VELVET, OTTOMAN SILK, &c.; and for Trimmings we note CHENILLE, MARABOUT FEATHERS, FUR, &c. The shapes are recognised under the names—Albani, Versailles, Countess, Netherlands, Rochester, Medici, Montrose, Carlyle, &c.

Some beautiful Goods in CASHMERE CIRCULAR CLOAKS, lined grey, white, and brown squirrel, 21s to 59s
A small and select Parcel of COLOURED CLOTH JACKETS, 21s to 25s
BLACK CLOTH JACKETS, 42s. These garments are well cut and finished, and are worthy of inspection
BLACK and BROWN CASHMERE CIRCULAR CLOAKS, lined, at from 30s to 45s 6d
OPERA CLOAKS in splendid variety
We are also showing a very nice MANTELLA with Epaulet shoulder, in all the newest shades, 29s 6d to 63s.

FARMER and COMPANY.

COSTUMES.

AUTUMN NOVELTIES.

Following our preliminary notice respecting the garments now opened for this department, we desire to remark that all we have said is more than confirmed by the value before us, and we confidently add that this department alone will rank in the field of fashion here as ONE of the SIGHTS of SYDNEY.

The tone of fashion has undoubtedly advanced so near perfection that it were a difficult task to even suggest improvement in the models of beauty for this autumn.

LADIES' plain Cloth Costumes, in self colours, 57s 6d
Ladies' Estamene Serge Costumes, in navy, brown, green, prune, braided black, 3½ guineas
Ladies' Estamene Serge Costumes, in all the newest shades, braided, self colours, 5½ guineas
Ladies' French Cashmere, extra fine quality, the "Mary Anderson," 5 guineas
Ladies' Coloured Janus Cord, in the Mary Anderson, 3½ guineas
Ladies' Coloured Gentlemen's Cloth, in fancy patterns, plush skirts, with cloth plastron jackets
Ladies' Janus Cord Costumes, all colours, trimmed brocade satins, 6 to 9 guineas.

FARMER and COMPANY.

LADIES' SILK COSTUMES.

French Silk Costumes, in new colours and designs.
The New Browns, the New Myrtle
The New Sapphire, with shaded geranium flowers; a magnificent Costume, 11 guineas
Brown Satin, with large pattern, plush brocade, gold edge
Myrtle Satin and Pine Plush Brocade
Garnet Silk Skirt, Lyons Velvet Body, extremely rich in appearance, grand, value 20 guineas
Rich Brown Velvet Overskirt, with Duchess Satin Petticoat
Brown Brocaded Satin Costume trimmed with brocade edged geranium
The new and elaborate Brandebourg trimming, has been introduced in the finish of most of the above with superlative taste.
Special selections in Black Costumes, in silk, satin, velvet and broche, from 5½ guineas.

FARMER and COMPANY.

MILLINERY.—AUTUMN NOVELTIES.

Never before have we been in a position to submit greater variety and more exquisite taste than at present; indeed, every specimen of French and English Millinery to hand might be termed a chef-d'œuvre of art, so beautiful and original are the combinations. To expatiate is not our aim, but we cannot refrain from stating as our opinion that the shapes, colours, and materials predominating for this autumn's designs are such as cannot fail to please the most fastidious.

RICH STRAW BONNETS, TRIMMED WITH VELVET, 18s 6d
RICH FRENCH HATS AND BONNETS, specially selected, in newest colours and materials, 42s to 55s
LADIES' UNTRIMMED FELT HATS, from 4s 6d
CHILDREN'S FELT HATS, trimmed in all the latest fashion and novelty
INFANTS' MILLINERY HATS from 6s 6d
FRENCH EVENING HEAD-DRESSES, in exquisite assortment
CHILDREN'S STRAW HATS TRIMMED, in immense variety
FLOWERS
GARNITURES.—THE FEDORA, a handsome trimming for evening costumes, composed of feathers, pearls, and flowers, from 15s 6d to 4½ guineas.
AUTUMN FRENCH FLOWERS of every description, in rich profusion
BRIDAL WREATHS, &c., &c.

FARMER and COMPANY.

DRESS MATERIALS.

AUTUMN NOVELTIES.—Our first parcel to hand for this Department, and it is not too much to say that we are fairly astonished at the unparalleled beauty of the materials selected for the season. We feel confident no lady need experience the slightest difficulty in making her selections, for the COLOURINGS, PATTERNS, QUALITIES and PRICES are simply all one can wish for. The rich subdued colours introduced this Autumn lend a charm to the beautiful fabrics, whilst the combinations of checks or stripes with the plain materials specially manufactured to combine, render the selection for a Costume a task both delightful and easy.

ÆSTHETIC TINTED GROUNDS, in small checks and narrow stripes
SOUDAN STRIPES, SNOW FLAKES
HOMESPUN TEXTURES with Rainbow cords
HOMESPUN TEXTURES, with narrow and wide stripes, and plain to match
THE COUNTESS, a rich granite ground, and stripes to match
RICH SATIN STRIPES, with tiny checks; splendid goods
RICH OTTOMAN CORDS and BROCHES, in woollen and silk mixtures
THE NEW CORDON REPP CHECKS, in beautifully blended shades
ALL WOOL FRENCH POPLINS, extra quality
SILK MIXTURE MONTROSE CHECKS and STRIPES
NEW SERGES, all sizes, from 1s per yard
CASHMERES, 2s 6d, 3s 6d, and extra qualities, every shade worn, splendid value.
FOULE BEIGES, from 1s per yard
COSTUME CLOTHS, 16d, 18d, 21d, and 2s yard
OTTOMAN CLOTHS, in plain colours, immense variety.

FARMER and COMPANY.

BEST FRENCH SATEENS.

Some 800 PIECES specially marked to clear for the SEASON.

Best Goods, splendid patterns, 8½d, 10½d, and 13½d per yard.

FARMER and COMPANY.

NOTE our Sateens as advertised.

Note our Sateens as advertised.

SILK DEPARTMENT.

We are in receipt of several parcels for this department comprising the most marvellous productions from the British and Foreign Markets. The selections now before us are pre-eminent for novelty, real artistic beauty, and genuineness of quality, and manifest the redundment of modern effort in their manufacture. These remarks apply more particularly to our Fancy silks. We have only to add that our plain goods have gained for themselves a name consistent with their renowned character and the large sales daily made at this counter. We quote the following:—

COLOURED DUCHESSES SATINS, newest tints, comprising Watercress, Wallflower, Sandal, Moss, Reseda, Electrique, Bronze d'Or, Vert de Gris, Cinnamon, Ardoise Grey, &c., 7s 6d per yard.
BROCADES AND NEW TRIMMING SILKS TO MATCH above colours, 7s 6d and 8s 6d per yard.
COLOURED MARQUISE CORDS, in 20 new shades, 5s 11d per yard; Brocades to match, 6s 11d and 7s 6d per yard.
COLOURED OTTOMAN CORDS, in 40 new fashionable colours, 4s 6d yard, 24 inches wide
SPECIAL LINE in ROBE LENGTHS, plain and fancy, choicest tints, 5½ guineas the robe
EVENING SILK—
New and elegant designs in every texture
OTTOMAN CORDS in cream, pink, sky, cardinal, strawberry, &c., 4s 6d yard
SATIN SURAH in cream, pink, cardinal, primrose, strawberry, &c., 22 inches wide, 2s 3d yard
SATIN MERVEILLEUX in cream, pink, coral, Eau de Nil, primrose, shrimp, ciel, pearl, 3s 11d, 4s 6d yard
DUCHESSE SATINS in cream, pink, pearl, primrose, sky, Eau de Nil, shrimp, coral, 2s 3d, 3s 11d yard
BROCADES AND NEW TRIMMING SILKS TO MATCH. All above shades from 4s 6d yard
WEDDING SILKS—
DUCHESSE SATINS, 2s 3d to 8s 6d yard
SATIN MERVEILLEUX, 2s 3d to 8s 6d yard
SATIN DE LYONS, 7s 6d to 10s 9d yard
RICH DUCHESSE SATIN, 7s 6d to 20s yard
RICH BROCADES, 5s 11d to 10s 6d yard
MOIRE FRANCAISE and PEKIN MOIRE, 7s 6d to 10s 6d yard
FARMER and COMPANY'S BLACK SATINS and SILKS.
Just opened, a parcel of BLACK BROCHE SATINS, 3s, 3s 6d, 4s 11d yard, new designs
RICH BLACK BROCADES, fruit and geometrical designs, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d, 10s 6d yard
FARMER and COMPANY'S ROYAL BLACK GROS GRAINS. The dress length, 20 yards, £4 10s, £1 15s 6d, £3 15s 6d, £4 10s, £5 10s, £6 10s—splendid value
BLACK SATIN MERVEILLEUX, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d yard
BLACK SURAH SATINS, 5s 6d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d, 8s 6d yard
BLACK OTTOMAN CORDS, 5s 11d, 6s 6d, 7s 6d yard
BLACK DUCHESSE SATINS, 2s 6d, 2s 11d, 3s 6d, 4s 6d, 5s 6d, 6s 6d yard
RICH BLACK DUCHESSE SATINS, 7s 6d, 8s 6d, 9s 6d, 10s 6d, 12s 6d, 13s 6d, 15s 6d, 18s 6d, 20s yard.
SPECIAL NOVELTIES.
BELGIUM STRIPED VELOURS, special selection in all the leading shades, 15s yard

FARMER and COMPANY.

UNDERCLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

Our first Programme for the AUTUMN SEASON has just been opened for this department, and, judging from the value we are offering at extraordinary prices, our lady patrons are correct in concluding that we support a luxurious indolence for them. It is impossible to make up at home, at anything like our price, such garments as we are to-day submitting. As a visit to this department will perfectly satisfy any purchaser of the truth of our remarks, we ask but this favour.

CHILDREN'S COSTUMES, from the smallest sizes.
French Goods, perfection in appearance and quality, 17s 6d to 35s
Pelisses for Autumn, in plush, velvet, silk, &c., all the new colours, 22s 6d to 70s
Cashmere Pelisses, splendid assortment, from 18s 6d
Ladies' Felt Skirts, 4s 6d, 5s 6d, 6s 6d
Ladies' Black Alpaca Skirts, 1s 9d to 10s 6d
Ladies' Black Cashmere Skirts, 13s, 6d to 25s
Ladies' Black Cashmere Skirts, lined flannel, 25s
Ladies' Crinolettes, 3s 6d to 6s 6d
Ladies' Steel Skirts, 10s 6d
Ladies' Flannel Wrappers, embroidered, 21s
Ladies' Coloured Cashmere Wrappers, handsomely embroidered, 35s to 4 guineas
Ladies' Black Cashmere Wrappers, embroidered, 35s
Ladies' Acme Corsets, in all sizes
Ladies' Figure Regulator Corsets, in all sizes
Ladies' hand-made and machine-made Underclothing, in immense assortment, at wholesale prices
Infants' Underclothing. Every item required
Infants' Cashmere Squares, &c., &c.

FARMER and COMPANY.

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Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.

Lessee ... ... W. J. Wilson.
Sub-Lessee and Director... ... Sig. E. Majeroni.
Business Manager ... ... Monty Browne.
Treasurer ... ... Joe Brown.

Under the patronage of his Excellency the Governor.

THIS AND EVERY EVENING
until further notice.

FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA FEDORA
SIGNOR { The MAJERONIS MAJERONIS MAJERONIS } SIGNORA
in the most SUCCESSFUL of modern DRAMAS
The
SIGNOR { MAJERONIS MAJERONIS MAJERONIS } SIGNORA

The elegant furniture supplied by Alex. Moore and Co., Pitt-street.
The performance commences each Evening at 7.50 p.m.

Prices—Private boxes, £2 2s; Dress Circle, 5s; Stalls, 3s; Pit, 2s. Box plan at Huenerbein's, 411, George-street. Tickets at Roberts', next Theatre. Carriages at 10.30.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC.

Lessee, Mr. Sam Howard. Stage Manager, Mr. W. South.
TO-NIGHT. FRIDAY. TO-NIGHT.
First Production in New South Wales of that highly thrilling drama,
MARGARET CATCHPOLE,
a Page in the Early History of this Colony.
With entirely new Scenery and Mechanical Effects.
The Great Cave Scene. Terrific Combat.
Million Prices: Front seats, 2s; Pit and Balcony, 1s.
The Mignon Piano from Nicholson and Co.

POPULAR LECTURE ENTERTAINMENT.

TOWN HALL, GLEBE.
THIS (Friday) EVENING,
at 7.45 o'clock promptly.
REV. WILLIAM G. TAYLOR
will (by special request), deliver his LECTURE
on
THE INFLUENCE OF MUSIC,
With numerous vocal and instrumental illustrations by the Lecturer, Lady and Gentlemen Soloists, Glebe-road Church Choir, and a number of little Children.

Admission, 2s and 1s. Proceeds to be given to Church work on the Glebe.
T. F. MOSS, Secretary.

METROPOLITAN LIEDERTAFEL.

The Second CONCERT (for ladies and gentlemen) will take place at the New Masonic Hall, Castlereagh-street, on FRIDAY, 29th instant, at 8 p.m.
A limited number of tickets is available for non-subscribers, and can be obtained from the undersigned, or at Paling's.
W. D. CANSDELL, Hon. Sec.

SUPERIOR PUBLIC SCHOOL,
WILLIAM-STREET.

CHILDREN'S PICNIC AT CLONTARF,
SATURDAY, 1st MARCH.

Children will leave Woolloomooloo, per steamer Leveret, at 9.30 a.m.
Friends and Visitors will leave Circular Quay, per steamer Leveret, at 11.30 a.m. and 1.30 p.m., calling at Woolloomooloo. Returning from Clontarf with children at 4.30 p.m., and visitors at 6.30 p.m.

Tickets can be obtained from the teachers at the school; C. Lewis, William-street and Royal Arcade; Chapman Bros., 100, William-street; Turner and Henderson, Hunter-street.

DRAPERS' ANNUAL PICNIC.

Under the auspices
of the
DRAPERS' ASSOCIATION OF N. S. W.
At
CLONTARF,
on
THURSDAY, MARCH 6.

See last Wednesday's issue for Programme of Sports.
THOS. CADDY, Gen. Secretary.

DRAPERS' ANNUAL PICNIC
at
CLONTARF,
on
THURSDAY, MARCH 6.

Tickets Banquet ... ... 10s 6d.
Ditto Steamer ... ... 2s.

Persons requiring Banquet Tickets will please make early application, as only a limited number will be sold.
May be obtained from the various establishments in city and suburbs.
THOS. CADDY, Gen. Sec.

ST. DAVID'S DAY, 1st March.—A Grand Welsh CONCERT will be held at the Masonic Hall, York-street, on SATURDAY. Welsh costumes. Commence at 8 o'clock.

THE ASSOCIATION CRICKET GROUND.

SATURDAY, MARCH 1.
HOLDSWORTH CUP MATCHES.
Continuation of Match
UNIVERSITY v. ALBERTS.

Play will commence at 2.15 sharp.
Admission to Ground, 6d; Stand and Lawn, 6d extra.
Ladies free to ground.
A. H. BRAY,
Sec. A. C. Ground,
3 and 4, Tattersall's-chambers, Hunter-street.

SURRY UNITED v. COLLINGWOOD, near Surry's Ground.—Arnold, R. Brewster, Cottam, Fowles, Newland, Hill, Stanley, A. Beveridge, Poole, Tipper.

SURRY UNITED v. ORLEANS, Surry's Ground.—Arkinstall, Beveridge, Brewster, W. Gosnell, Gray, Mason, Searle (2), Thomson, Watkins, Kelly, Croker 12th.

AUSTRAL C. C. DISENGAGED TO-MORROW. J. E. Colebrook, care of R. Roberts, 271, Pitt-street.

CARTHONA'S splendid Matting Wicket, Rushcutter Bay, disengaged to-morrow. H. Napthall (Hoffnung and Co.)

ORIENTAL v. EASTERN SUBURBS.—Their Ground, Rushcutter Bay Reserve, Saturday, 3.15 sharp. Luland, Pride, Donnan, Donnelly, Ernest Ironside, Elliott, Newcombe, Meagher, M'Cann, Riemenschneider, Moore.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

Business Cards.

A CARD.—SIMS and PARKES, Wholesale and Retail Herbalists. Treat all diseases. 246, George-street North.

A CARD.—MAPPIN BROTHERS, Plain and Fancy Paper Box Manufacturers, 75, Bathurst-street West.

ADVICE GRATIS.—Dr. JACKSON, 10, Macquarie-street South. Charges mod. Letters, stamps for reply.

ARCHITECT.—HAROLD BREES, surveyor. Plans, water colour views. 352, George-st., over Mountcastle's.

ARCHITECTURE.—Mr. Percy Campbell, Architect, just completed tour of world. Office, 79, Arcade, King-st.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH.—CARTER and SON, Dentists (from London), employ latest English principles, to ensure perfect fit, and natural appearance, at moderate cost. All dental operations skilfully performed. 32, College-street, near Museum.

A. A. DEBNEY and CO.,
successors to
HOBSON and WHITING,
GENTLEMEN'S OUTFITTERS, &c.,
13, HUNTER-STREET,
SYDNEY.

A CARD.—The FIRST PRIZE and Highest Award for Mechanical Dentistry at the SYDNEY INTERNATIONAL EXHIBITION.—The N. S. W. Agricultural Exhibition Medal for 4 years successively, the London International Medal, and the Philadelphia Centennial Medal for Artificial Teeth have been gained by Mr. John Spencer, against all competitors.
PAINLESS EXTRACTION by the aid of Nitrous Oxide Gas.
Mr. JOHN SPENCER,
44, Wynyard-square North.

DRS. COLLINS and KEALY may be consulted daily at their residence, Queen-street, Woollahra, and near the tram terminus, Waverley. Morning, 10 to 11; evening, 7 to 8.

DAVID JONES AND COMPANY.

Bedstead and Patent Spring Mattress Warehouse.
Beds, Mattresses, and Patent Spring Mattresses made to order, upon the most improved principles of construction. Bedsteads by all the most celebrated makers. Furniture Coverings in Silk and Wool. Window Blinds, Spring Rollers, Cornices, Curtains, Tassels, Upholster Trimmings, Decorations, &c.

Estimates given for Furnishings of all descriptions.
363, GEORGE-STREET,
next to the English and Scottish Bank,
late 103, York-street.
DAVID JONES and COMPANY.

G. P. GARTON, House Decorator and Picture-frame Maker, 150, S. H. Road.

IF you want a good COOKING STOVE, or one repaired, call or send to J. WARD, 414, Crown-street.

J. MILLER, House and Ship Plumber, Gasfitter, Brass-finisher, &c., 103, York-st., adjoining Wesleyan Church.

J. LAWLER, 608, GEORGE-STREET.
Established 1860.
is the Best House in New South Wales
for
IRON BEDSTEADS
BRASS BEDSTEADS
CHILDREN'S COTS.
Curled Hair — Austrian Chairs
Java Kapok — American Chairs
Cotton Flock — Toilet Glasses
Woollen Flock — Palliasses and Mattresses
Coir Fibre — Bolsters and Pillows.

LEFT-OFF Clothing and old gold Jewellery wanted, large or small quantities. Dawson, 135, Bathurst-street East.

P. P. FLETCHER, Financial and General Agent, 534, Geo. ge-street, opposite Town Hall, Sydney.

PROFESSOR DUNLOP, Chiropodist, 19, Hunter-street, may be consulted for the cure of corns.

S. CHAIN, Dentist, Enmore-road, Newtown.—Teeth extracted painless by the aid of oxide gas.

TRAVELLERS BY SEA and LAND.
Portmanteaus, Trunks and Bags, Ladies' Reticules, Ladies' and Gentlemen's Fitted Bags, Dressing Cases, Tourist Bags, Writing Folios, Post Bags, Purses and Wallets, a large variety to select from.
JOHN BRUSH, SON, and COMPANY,
408, George-street, opposite Royal Hotel.

W. G. HIBBLE, Decorator, Great Synagogue and International Exhibition N. S. W., King-st., Newtown.

THEATRE ROYAL.

Under the Direction of
Messrs. WILLIAMSON, GARNER, and MUSGROVE.
Lessee, Mr. Saml. Lazar. Treasurer, Geo. L. Goodman.
DOORS OPEN at 7.15.
IMPORTANT—
Curtain rises at 7.45.
"Age cannot wither, nor custom stale their infinite variety."
FINAL PERFORMANCES
of the
WILLIAMSONS
WILLIAMSONS,
MAGGIE MOORE and J. C. WILLIAMSON.

TO-NIGHT, FRIDAY, February 29,
The
LAST NIGHT,
but one,
LAST NIGHT
but one,
LAST NIGHT
but one
of
STRUCK OIL
STRUCK OIL.

JOHN STOFEL ... ... Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON
LIZZIE STOFEL ... ... Miss MAGGIE MOORE.
Being positively the final appearances in Sydney of these favourite actors in the characters which have made their names famous throughout the world.
Judge Flinn ... ... Mr. B. N. Jones.
Specially engaged.

To conclude with
THE CHINESE QUESTION.
Billy Biff / Ah-Ka-Funga-Slim ... ... Mr. J. C. WILLIAMSON
Kitty M'Shane / Samsee Low ... ... Miss MAGGIE MOORE.

REMEMBER—ONLY TWO MORE PERFORMANCES and then GOOD-BYE to JOHN and LIZZIE STOFEL.

TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, MARCH 1,
FAREWELL PERFORMANCE
of
STRUCK OIL.

MONDAY, MARCH 3,
Will be revived
the best dramatic version of Washington Irving's undying legend,
RIP VAN WINKLE.
Mr. WILLIAMSON will present, after an interval of TEN YEARS in Sydney, his Great Representation of RIP.
Miss MAGGIE MOORE as GRETCHEN
(first time in Sydney).
NEW and BEAUTIFUL SCENERY by GORDON.
PRICES AS USUAL. Tickets for all parts at Eastway's Hotel. Box Office open daily from 11 till 4. NO FREE LIST.
Business Manager for the Williamsons, G. AGRATI.

BOTANY, BOTANY.

SIR JOSEPH BANKS PAVILION and PLEASURE GROUNDS.
SATURDAY, March 1.
Dancing and Skating.
Young Australian Band.
GREAT FOOT RACE, One Mile,
I. ANDERSON v. JOHN SARAH,
for £20 aside, to take place between 4 and 5 o'clock.
Trams and 'Buses to the Gates.
Admission, 1s.
GEORGE HUNT, M.C. FRANK SMITH.

TENNYSON.—To-morrow, Carthona Select Excursion; Prince of Wales Band for dancing. Tickets, 1s 6d each.

THE most Select EXCURSION of the season TO-MORROW, at Tennyson. Steamer leaves No. 2 Jetty 2.15.

Government Notices.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS

EXTENSION, ORANGE TO FORBES—PART 1.

The Commissioner for Railways, appointed by Act of Council 22 Victoria, No. 19, hereby gives notice that his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, deems it expedient to make and complete a Railway between Orange and Forbes, Part 1, and to erect certain works and conveniences in connection therewith,—that for that purpose certain parcels of land, lying and situate between Orange and Molong, respectively, which are particularly set out and coloured red in the map or plan and book of reference to be seen at the office of the Commissioner for Railways, Phillip-street, Sydney, and at the Police Offices, Orange and Molong: Commencing at a point marked A at 191 miles 17 chains 61 links from Sydney (near the town of Orange), and terminating at a point marked B at 213 miles 33 chains, in the township of Molong, being a distance of 22 miles 15 chains and 39 links, are required to be taken by the Commissioner for Railways; and that all parties interested in the said land or affected by the said works are hereby required to set forth in writing to the said Commissioner, within one month from the publication of this notice in the Government Gazette, any well-grounded objection that may appear to them to exist to the making of the said Railway or to the erection of the said works.—Dated at Sydney, this twenty-fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
(L.S.) CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.
The seal of the Commissioner for Railways was affixed hereto, at Sydney, this 25th day of February, 1884, in the presence of,—
L. P. Irvdale.

GOVERNMENT RAILWAYS.

EXTENSION, GOULBURN TO COOMA—PART 2.

The Commissioner for Railways, appointed by Act of Council 22 Victoria, No. 19, hereby gives notice that his Excellency the Governor, with the advice of the Executive Council, deems it expedient to make and complete a Railway between Goulburn and Cooma, Part 2, and to erect certain works and conveniences in connection therewith,—that for that purpose certain parcels of land lying and situate between the townships of Bungendore and Michelago respectively, which are particularly set out and coloured red in the map or plan and book of reference to be seen at the office of the Commissioner for Railways, Phillip-street, Sydney, and at the Police Office, Queanbeyan: Commencing at a point marked B, at 177 miles, in the township of Bungendore, and terminating at a point marked C, at 224 miles 35 chains, near the township of Michelago, being a distance of 47 miles and 35 chains, are required to be taken by the Commissioner for Railways: and that all parties interested in the said land or affected by the said works, are hereby required to set forth in writing to the said Commissioner, within one month from the publication of this notice in the Government Gazette, any well-grounded objection that may appear to them to exist to the making of the said Railway or to the erection of the said works.
Dated at Sydney, this twenty-fifth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-four.
(L.S.) CHAS. A. GOODCHAP,
Commissioner for Railways.
The seal of the Commissioner for Railways was affixed hereto, at Sydney, this 25th day of February, 1884, in the presence of,—
L. P. Irvdale.

Department of Public Works, Roads and Bridges,
Sydney, February 27.

TENDERS.

Attention is directed to Gazette Notice inviting TENDERS for undermentioned works, viz.:—

	Time for Receipt of Tender.
Contract 13x—Lane Cove to Pittwater road, and Contract 12x—Lane Cove-road	11th March.

F. A. WRIGHT.

Department of Mines, Sydney,
19th February, 1884.

APPLICATION received in the Department of Mines, for permission to mine under roads, &c., &c., under the Mining Act, 1874, section 26.
JOSEPH P. ABBOTT.

Date of application, 9th February, 1884; name of applicant, Richard Nancarrow; description of land applied for, upon and under portion of reserve No. 1131, county of Lincoln, parish of Murrungundie; extent, 220 acres; purpose for which land is to be used, to mine for coal.

General Post Office, Sydney,
26th February, 1884.

THERE being reason to believe that persons applying for letters at the General Post Office occasionally fail to obtain them, owing to the delivery clerks being unable to catch the exact name as called through the window, the Postmaster-General advises persons when so applying to hand to the delivery clerk a card or piece of paper with their names legibly written thereon.
W. J. TRICKETT.

Surveyor-General's Office, Adelaide, South Australia,
24th January, 1884.

DESTRUCTION OF RABBITS.

Bisulphide of Carbon, in parcels of 12lb. and upwards, packed in boxes, with Cotton Waste, can be obtained on application to this office, at the following prices:—

Box containing 12lb. Bisulphide in one-gallon drums, and 4½lb. Cotton Waste ...	£0	15	2
Box containing 24lb. Bisulphide in two-gallon drums, and 9lb. Cotton Waste ...	1	7	6
Box containing 36lb. Bisulphide, in three-gallon drums, and 14lb. Cotton Waste ...	2	3	0
Box containing 72lb. Bisulphide in two three-gallon drums, and 22lb. Cotton Waste ...	4	0	0
Field Can ...	0	10	6

G. W. GOYDER,
Surveyor-General.

NAIRNE AND VICTORIAN BORDER RAILWAY
(Section No. 2).

Public Works Office, Adelaide,
15th January, 1884.

TENDERS will be received at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Victoria-square, Adelaide, up till noon of MONDAY, the 17th March, for the Construction of the Second Section of the above Railway, viz., from Murray Bridge to the Victorian border, being a length of about 125 miles, together with the provision and erection of station buildings, &c.
Drawing and specification can be seen, and forms of tender obtained, at the office of the Engineer-in-Chief, Victoria-square, Adelaide, on and after MONDAY, the 11th February.
Tenders should be endorsed, "Tender for Nairne and Victorian Border Line, Section 2," and must be accompanied by a bank deposit receipt for £500, or a cheque for a like amount marked "Good for a week," in favour of the Engineer-in-Chief.
Neither the lowest nor any tender necessarily accepted.
J. G. RAMSAY,
Commissioner of Railways.

Stock and Stations.

IMPORTANT SALE at the Exchange, Sydney, on 7th MARCH next, of Well-grassed and Watered RUN in New England, known as MOREDUN.
For full particulars, apply to
RYAN, HAMMOND, and DONKIN,
Sydney, Bourke, or Melbourne.

WESTERN AUSTRALIA.

For Private SALE, a bargain, 200,000 ACRES in Kimberley District, on the Ord River, described by Forrest as a river "10 chains wide, and running strong," joining the Cambridge Downs Pastoral Company's country, about 130 miles from Cambridge Gulf, or will dispose of half interest in the country. Full particulars from
HILL, CLARK, and CO.,
Pitt-street.

Public Notices.

IN VIEW of the present protracted drought, and its effect upon the Water Storage of the city, as shown by the city engineer's report, the Mayor appeals to citizens using the city water to refrain from all unnecessary use of same. It has been shown that the use of plunge baths alone consumes no less than a million and a half gallons daily. If these were abstained from, and sponge or shower baths used instead, the supply will last for many weeks longer; and unless the consumption shows a considerable reduction it will be incumbent on the council sending inspectors from house to house to disconnect baths.
JOHN HARDIE, Mayor.
February 28, 1884.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FIJI.
No. 5, 1884.

Between the AGENT-GENERAL OF IMMIGRATION for the Colony of Fiji, of Suva, plaintiff, and THOMAS KING and — CHENEY, of Waqali qali, Nadroga, Fiji, planters, defendants.

To THOMAS KING and — CHENEY.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Agent-General of Immigration for the Colony of Fiji, of Suva, in the said colony, has commenced an action against you, Thomas King and — Cheney, in our Supreme Court in the above colony, by writ of that Court, dated the 10th day of January, 1884, which writ is endorsed as follows:—
The plaintiff's claim is for the recovery of moneys due and payable by the defendants under Ordinance XI., 1877, in respect of wages and return passages of Polynesian immigrants employed on the defendants' plantation situated on the Tuva River, in the district of Nadroga, and known as Waqali qali.
The following are the particulars:—
October 31st, 1873.

Wages paid 9 Polynesian labourers, at £6 per head ...	£54	0	0
Paid return passage money ...	20	0	0
Interest thereon at 10 per cent. ...	60	11	9
	£134	11	9

And the plaintiff claims the sum of £134 11s 9d and interest thereon to judgment.
And you are required within two months after the date of this notice to defend the said action by causing an appearance to be entered for you in the said Court to the said action, and in default of your so doing, the said Agent-General of Immigration may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed therein, and judgment may be given in your absence.
You may appear to the said writ by entering an appearance personally, or by your Solicitor, at the Registrar's Office, at Suva.
By order of the Court,
(Signed) C. H. H. IRVINE, Registrar.
Dated the 13th day of February, A.D. 1884.
(Signed) Wm. Scott, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FIJI.
No. 6, 1884.

Between the AGENT-GENERAL OF IMMIGRATION for the colony of Fiji, Suva, Plaintiff, and EDWIN HALL, of the city of Cork, Ireland, Gentleman, Defendant.

To EDWIN HALL.

TAKE NOTICE, that the Agent-General of Immigration for the colony of Fiji, of Suva, in the said colony, has commenced an action against you Edwin Hall, in our Supreme Court in the above colony, by writ of that Court dated the 21st day of January, A.D. 1884, which writ is endorsed as follows:—
The plaintiff's claim is for the recovery of moneys due and payable by the defendant to the plaintiff in respect to wages and return passages of Polynesian immigrants employed on the defendant's plantation, situated in the district of Macuata, in the island of Vanua Levu, and known as Ouita.
The following are the particulars:—
January, 1873.

Wages of 21 Polynesian labourers ...	£151	0	0
Return passage of same ...	33	19	0
Interest thereon ...	148	0	0
	£332	19	0

And the plaintiff claims the sum of £332 19s, and interest thereon till judgment.
And you are required, within two months after the date of this notice, to defend the said action by causing an appearance to be entered for you in the said Court to the said action, and in default of your so doing, the said Agent-General of Immigration may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed therein and judgment may be given in your absence.
You may appear to the said writ by entering an appearance personally, or by your solicitor at the Registrar's Office, at Suva.
By order of the court,
(Signed) C. H. H. IRVINE, Registrar.
Dated the 13th day of February, 1884.
(Signed) Wm. Scott, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF FIJI.
No. 7, 1884.

Between the AGENT-GENERAL OF IMMIGRATION for the colony of Fiji, Suva, Plaintiff, and DE COURCY IRELAND and RICHARD JOHN PATRICK SULLIVAN, late of Taurau, Ba, in the island of Viti Levu, Planters, Defendants.

To DE COURCY IRELAND and RICHARD JOHN PATRICK SULLIVAN.

TAKE NOTICE that the Agent-General of Immigration for the colony of Fiji, of Suva, in the said colony, has commenced an action against you De Courcy Ireland and Richard John Patrick Sullivan, in our Supreme Court, in the above colony, by writ of that Court, dated the 21st day of January, 1884, which writ is endorsed as follows:—
The plaintiff's claim is for the recovery of moneys due and payable by the defendants to the plaintiff in respect to wages and return passages of Polynesian immigrants employed on the defendants' plantation, situated in the district of Ba, in the island of Viti Levu, and known as Taurau.
The following are the particulars:—
1875.

Wages of 27 Polynesian labourers ...	£218	9	0
Return passage of 43 Polynesian labourers ...	107	5	0
Interest thereon at 10 per cent. ...	260	11	4
	£586	5	4

And the Plaintiff claims the sum of £586 5s 4d and interest thereon till judgment.
And you are required, within two months after the date of this notice, to defend the said action, by causing an appearance to be entered for you in the said Court to the said action, and in default of your so doing, the said Agent-General of Immigration may, by leave of the Court or a Judge, proceed therein, and judgment may be given in your absence.
You may appear to the said writ by entering an appearance personally, or by your solicitor, at the Registrar's Office, at Suva.
By order of the Court.
(Signed) C. H. H. IRVINE, Registrar.
Dated the 13th day of February, 1884.
(Signed) Wm. Scott, Plaintiff's Solicitor.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

In the Will of ROBERT BERRY, late of Sussex-street, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Commission Agent, deceased.
PURSUANT to the Trust Property Act of 1862, Notice is hereby given that all creditors and others having claims upon, or being interested in, the estate and effects of the abovenamed deceased, are requested to send in full particulars of such claims to the undersigned, under cover to the executors, on or before the 15th day of March, 1884, after which date the said executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.
Dated this 22nd day of January, A.D. 1884.
JOHN DAWSON and SON,
Proctors for the Executors,
80, Pitt-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.
Ecclesiastical Jurisdiction.

In the Goods of MARTIN HANLEY, late of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Freeholder, deceased, who died intestate, on or about the 23rd day of March, 1877.
NOTICE is hereby given, that after the expiration of fourteen days from the publication hereof, application will be made to this Honorable Court by MARY ANN WALSH, of Sydney, widow, a daughter of the said deceased, that administration of the lands, goods, chattels, and effects of the said deceased may be granted to her.
Dated this 28th day of February, A.D. 1884.
ELLIS and MAKINSON,
Proctors for the said Mary Ann Walsh,
75, Elizabeth-street, Sydney.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

NOTICE is hereby given, that I, JOHN FRANCIS HUGHES, of Kincoppal, Elizabeth Bay, Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, lately serving under articles of clerkship to Henry Massey Makinson, Esq., of 75, Elizabeth-street, Sydney aforesaid, an attorney, solicitor, and proctor of this Honorable Court, intend to apply, on the last day of the present term, to be admitted an Attorney, Solicitor, and Proctor of this Honorable Court.
Dated 26th February, A.D. 1884. JOHN F. HUGHES.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, THOMAS PEARCE, of Hay, in the colony of New South Wales, formerly serving under articles of clerkship to Frederic Wood Reed, of Hay aforesaid, solicitor, intend to apply on the last day of the present term to be admitted as an Attorney, Solicitor, and Proctor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales.
Dated this 27th day of February, A.D. 1884.
THOMAS PEARCE.

NOTICE is hereby given, that by an Indenture dated this twenty-seventh day of February, 1884, and made between ROBERT STERNE TIGHE, of Sydney, in the colony of New South Wales, Grocer, thereinafter designated assignor, of the first part; WILLIAM BELL and ALFRED HARSTON, both of Sydney, in the said colony, Merchants, thereinafter designated Trustees, of the second part; and the several persons and bodies corporate, creditors of the said assignor, named in the first schedule thereunto annexed, with the amounts due to them respectively, and all other the creditors of the said assignor, of the third part; all and singular the real and personal estate and effects whatsoever and wheresoever of the said assignor are released and assigned into the said Trustees, their heirs, executors, administrators, and assigns, according to the nature and tenure thereof, for the benefit of all the creditors of the said Robert Sterne Tighe. And notice is hereby further given, that the said deed, executed and attested as by law required, is now lying at the office of Mr. ALFRED DE LISSA, No. 313, George-street, Sydney, for inspection and execution.
Dated the twenty-seventh day of February, 1884.
R. S. TIGHE.
Witness to the signature of the said Robert Sterne Tighe—P. N. Trebeck, J.P.
W. BELL.
ALFRED HARSTON.
Witness to the signatures of William Bell and Alfred Harston—P. N. Trebeck, J.P.

NOTICE is hereby given that MARK PEARSON, of Harris-street, Pyrmont, in the colony of New South Wales, draper, by a certain Indenture of Assignment, bearing even date herewith, did for the considerations therein mentioned assign all his estate, property, and effects, whatsoever and wheresoever, to CHRISTOPHER NEWTON, of Pitt-street, in the city of Sydney, in the said colony, merchant, and JOHN WILSON, of York-street, Sydney aforesaid, merchant, in trust for the benefit of his creditors; and further, that the said Indenture was duly executed by the said Mark Pearson and Christopher Newton and John Wilson, according to the Act of the Legislative Council of New South Wales, in that behalf made and provided, and now lies for inspection and execution at the office of Mr. JOHN SHEPHERD, Solicitor, Soul's-chambers, 177, Pitt-street, Sydney.
Dated this twenty-sixth day of February, A.D. 1884.
MARK PEARSON.
CHRIS. NEWTON.
JOHN WILSON.
Witness to the signature of Mark Pearson—R. B. Armstrong, J.P., a Justice of the Peace.
Witness to the signature of Christopher Newton—E. T. Wrench, J.P., a Justice of the Peace.
Witness to the signature of John Wilson—Michl. Chapman, J.P., a Justice of the Peace.

ALL CLAIMS against the late W. H. WYATT, 182, William-street, Woolloomooloo, to be sent in by the 1st proximo to F. Wyatt, Pomona, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

NOTICE is hereby given that PHILIP COVINGTON, of Paddington, in the colony of New South Wales, Storekeeper, by a certain indenture of Assignment, bearing even date herewith, did, for the considerations therein mentioned, assign, convey, and assure all the Estate, Property, and Effects whatsoever and wheresoever, of the said PHILIP COVINGTON, to DONALD ROBERTSON, of Sydney, a member of the firm of Ross, Morgan, and Robertson, Warehouseman, and OWEN FRIEND, of York-street, Sydney aforesaid, Ironmonger, in trust for the benefit of all the creditors of the said Philip Covington. And further, that the said Indenture was duly executed by the said Philip Covington, Donald Robertson, and Owen Friend, according to the Act of the Legislative Council of New South Wales (5th Victoria No. 9) in that case made and provided, and now lies for inspection and execution at the offices of Messrs. PIGOTT and TRICKETT, Solicitors and Notaries Public, 143, King-street, Sydney.
Dated this twentieth day of February, 1884.
PHILIP COVINGTON
DONALD ROBERTSON
OWEN FRIEND.
Witness to the signature of said Philip Covington—W. Kippax, J.P. Witness to the signature of said Donald Robertson—W. Kippax, J.P. Witness to the signature of said Owen Friend—F. E. Lumsden, J.P.

NOTICE is hereby given that I, HAROLD WASHINGTON WILLIAMS, of No. 4, Ina-terrace, Double Bay, near Sydney, formerly serving under articles of clerkship to Frederick Chapman, of Elizabeth-street, Sydney, aforesaid, solicitor of the Supreme Court of New South Wales, and lately by assignment of the said articles of clerkship to Llewellyn Charles Russell Jones, of Elizabeth-street aforesaid, solicitor of the said Supreme Court, intend to apply on the last day of the present term to be admitted a solicitor of the said Supreme Court.
Dated this 29th day of February, 1884.
H. W. WILLIAMS.

NOTICE.—I will not be responsible for any debts contracted in connection with Surry Hills Nursery in my name without my written authority after this date.
MICHAEL MAGILL.
Surry Hills Nursery, Bourke-street,
28th February, 1884.

ARCHBISHOP VAUGHAN MEMORIAL FUND.

The committee having resolved to close the Lists at an early date, will feel obliged if individual Subscriptions and Parochial Collections be sent as soon as possible to the honorary treasurers, Very Rev. Dr. Sheridan (administrator), Sir P. A. Jennings, or John Hughes, K.S.G., or any of the undersigned.
P. J. MAHONY, Dean
D. O'CONNOR
F. B. FREEHILL } Hon. Secs.

THE MEDICAL BILL.

This bill is this day to be again brought before Parliament. In a letter published by me in the Herald I stated that if the public had to trust to the allopathic practitioners for homœopathic treatment, it would simply degenerate to small doses of medicine, irrespective of the law of like curing like. In the Evening News of February 6 Dr. Craig Dixson has confirmed my statement, for he there states: "The position of the so-called allopath is simply this, that he examines all systems, and where there is truth to be found he carefully abstracts it. For example, if homœopathy as now practised is understood to mean small doses of tasteless drugs, then I say that the medical profession, or so-called allopaths, frequently give such doses as the 1-200th of a grain. I would ask are not the whole profession applying hydropathy, or using galvanism, or electricity, so why not, or such like?"
These words are copied from the learned doctor's letter. Let us see what can be made of them. First take his idea of the homœopathic system, one which has taken such root that in Germany and America learned men have so far investigated into its claims that the law of the land has granted a charter to enable them to establish colleges to teach this great law of healing—like cures like. That is, for instance: Belladonna, when given to a healthy person in poisonous doses, produces symptoms exactly like scarlet fever, and in true cases of scarlet fever very minute doses of belladonna have, in thousands of instances, speedily cured the disease. Upon this law the homœopathic system is founded, and upon this law thousands of well-educated men have staked their reputation, and upon this law colleges are founded, diplomas granted, and people cured; but in the mind and researches of Dr. Craig Dixson it has resolved itself into a small dose of a drug in lieu of a large one. I may therefore presume that that gentleman's hydropathy consists in the application of a wet bandage, and his eclecticism in being able to decide which is most suitable to any particular complaint, a castle mixture or a dose of epsom salts; and his knowledge of the use of electricity to the application of that agent to the seat of pain without the knowledge of how to extract mercury, lead, and poisonous drugs from the system. The hydropathic system is now an established treatment, established by law, physicians trained, and diplomas granted, and this system took its rise from knowledge given to the world by a labouring man; and the eclectic system had its origin in a boy named Thompson, who, when herding cows, used to test herbs on the cows, and proved their use in curing disease. This natural ability, or "divine gift," grew with him to such an extent that he was often fetched from his farm to treat patients whom legally qualified allopathic doctors had given up. His success created such envy that the doctors had him put in prison, where he laid half-starved for many months, till the public, by powerful interference, had him set at liberty. His system of herbal treatment was taken up by Dr. Coffin, and then further investigated by men of understanding, and it is now recognised by law in America, has its schools and colleges, and is known as the eclectic system of treatment, which is purely by the use of herbs. This is very unlike Dr. Dixson's eclectic ideas, and I fear that unless he shows a clearer knowledge of hydropathy and eclectic practice than he has done of homœopathy, the enlightened public will be slow to believe that the letters M.D., M.R.C.S.E., entitle him to the claim of being four doctors rolled into one. I again quote from the doctor's letter: "Persons seeking medical advice should know the truth at least, and not be beguiled, as they frequently are to my personal knowledge, into believing that a person who has held the honourable position of groom or stableman, and who has shown some indications of merit in connection with colicy cows and diarrhœa in horses, &c." The doctor evidently means this for someone, as he would not deal in myths. I therefore claim to be the man, and am thankful to the doctor for having found out that I have some merit in the art of healing. I look back to the years in which I treated animals as the foundation of my success, for in that school I learned to diagnose at sight, for the animals could tell me nothing, and if our newly-fledged M.D.s had about five years of experience in the treatment of the diseases of animals, the mortality amongst the human race would be far less than at present. I judge this from daily observation of doctors, who are often floundering about and unable to tell the symptom from the cause, and therefore write out a prescription with a dozen drugs in it, and often change that every day, acting under the principle by which a bad marksman uses a gun, who thinks that the more shot he puts in the more likely he is to hit the mark; but in the instance of the doctors the patients become the targets. Again, I can defy Dr. Dixson to prove that I ever sought to beguile anyone into the belief that I am legally qualified, and would not accept the position if offered to me, for the public pay but very little attention to titles, but are always ready to patronise true merit in and success, though he should have begun life in a more humble calling than that of a tobacconist writer.
WM. MOORE,
Homœopathist.
[illegible], Elizabeth-street.

NOTICE.—The Minister for Mines will meet Deputation on the Silver question on FRIDAY, at 11 a.m.

THE BAKERY Business [illegible] carried on by my late husband, J. G. HEIL, will in future be carried on by his Widow, who, thanking her friends and patrons for their liberal support during the last [illegible] years, trusts by strict attention to their requirements, to merit a continuance of their patronage.
February 25, 1884. MARY J. HEIL, Glebe-road.

I HEREBY caution the Public not to give any credit to my husband, JAMES [illegible] SMITH, as I will not be responsible.
SARAH T. SMITH.

IF Mr. WALTERS does not claim his things left here they will be sold to pay expenses. Golden Age Hotel.

SPECIAL NOTICE.—BARGAINS during FORBES' SALE, 310, George-street.

TO CAPITALISTS.—Advertiser, requiring assistance to carry on business, wherein there is every probability of success in valuable property estimated at £10,000, will assign half [illegible] providing necessary funds. Address A. M., General Post Office.

TO FARMERS, SQUATTERS, AND ESTATE HOLDERS.

I give notice that I am prepared to lay out IRRIGATION WORKS wherever the natural conditions are favourable, must prove successful. Those who are desirous of knowing how to secure the precious fluid to keep their land under regular irrigation are, in the first instance, to supply data about rainfall and general topographical and physical description of the land to be irrigated, and to communicate (private) with Mr. S. POLLITZER, C.E., Consulting Engineer, Licensed Surveyor, Sydney-chambers, 130, Pitt-street.

SYDNEY AND PROVINCIAL LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, Limited.

It having been decided at the Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of the above Company, held this day, that a DIVIDEND at the rate of 10 per CENT. per ANNUM shall be paid for the year ending 1883.
NOTICE is hereby given that such Dividend will be PAID at this Office on and after SATURDAY NEXT, 1st March, 1884, during the usual office hours.
By order,
THOS. MAY, Manager.
285, Pitt-street, Sydney,
25th February, 1884.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—Good Genuine JEWELLERY being sold under cost, at BRAUN'S, 376, George-street.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—The best qualities and makes in Watches being sold at Half-price, at BRAUN'S, 376, Geo.-st.

PUBLIC NOTICE.—English Levers, £3 10s; genuine Rotherhams, £4 4s; Peep-o'-Day Alarms, 9s 6d. BRAUN'S.

AUTUMN, 1884.

We are CLOSED TO-DAY (Friday) for
STOCK-TAKING.
We shall open out with some Splendid Autumn Goods
TO-MORROW.
HORDERN BROTHERS
211, Pitt-street.

THE MOST COMPLETE House-furnishing GUIDE ever published in the colony is our present Bulletin or Manifesto. Write for a copy.
CAMPBELL BROTHERS, Royal Furnishing Arcade.

NO ONE WOULD THINK the weather was dry to look at the Beautiful SUNFLOWER at our door. It was grown by Mr. Appleton, of Paddington. Diameter, 15 x 14; weight, 3lb. 7oz. The SEEDS of this Prize Specimens exhibited a few weeks ago are now being distributed gratis to persons who take a delight in the culture of this remarkable and useful flower.
CAMPBELL BROTHERS,
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
426, George-street, Sydney, next the Royal Hotel.

HERMITAGE ESTATE, NORTH SHORE.

WATER FRONTAGE SITES, CARRENING COVE.
VILLA LOTS,
fronting
CARABELLA-STREET and FITZROY AVENUE.
LIBERAL TERMS. LITHOS. READY.
SUBDIVISION SALE, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock,
TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 1st March,
by
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

MINING SPECULATORS
desirous of a
PROMISING INVESTMENT
are invited to inspect the GOODRICH MINE, located near Wellington, New South Wales.

The large body of ore in same contains Gold and Copper in payable quantities, and can be put in working order and made a paying concern at small cost.
The mine can be inspected at any time, and particulars can be learned on application to the proprietor, at the mine.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

Meetings.

SHIPMASTERS' AND OFFICERS' ASSOCIATION OF AUSTRALASIA.

The Monthly MEETING of the above Association will be held, at their Rooms, No. 3, Bridge-street, THIS DAY, Friday, February 29, at 8 p.m. All members in harbour are particularly requested to attend. JON. D. HARLEY, Secretary.

TRADES Hall Committee MEET TO-NIGHT, Swan with Two Necks Hotel, 7.30. W. FERRIER, Sec.

WOOLLAHRA.—Filtration of Sewage. A Meeting of the Ratepayers will be held at the Council-chambers, at 8 p.m., TO-MORROW, Saturday, to consider the New Bylaw.
J. C. NEILD.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY BANQUET.

MEETING on SATURDAY EVENING, 8 o'clock, at Riley's SUPREME COURT HOTEL. Business of urgent importance. As large an attendance as possible is expected.
JOHN G. O'RYAN
C. MOORE
FRED. J. RILEY } Hon. Secs.

U. A.O.D.—STONEHENGE LODGE meets To-night at M'Grath's Hotel, Oxford-street, to consider advisability of meeting every ALTERNATE MONDAY Night.
A. TEWKESBURY, A.D.; JOHN WILLIAMS, Sec.

MASONIC.—Australian Lodge of Harmony, No. 555, E. C.—Emergent MEETING, This Evening, at 7 prompt.

R. A. O. B.—Belmore Lodge meets To-Night, London Tavern, Eliz.-st. S. Israel, S.P. E. H. Woods, sec.

SYDNEY and SUBURBAN MUTUAL PERMANENT BUILDING AND LAND INVESTMENT ASSOCIATION, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Second Annual MEETING of the Members of this Association will be held THIS (Friday) EVENING, February 29, at the Temperance Hall, Pitt-street, at half-past 7 o'clock.

BUSINESS:
To receive the Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ended January 31, 1884.
To elect two Directors in the place of Messrs. Buzacott and Murray, who retire by lot.
To elect two Auditors.
To transact such other business as may be brought before the meeting in accordance with the articles.
The retiring Directors and Auditors are eligible for re-election.
S. H. LEWIS,
Manager.

Messrs. W. S. Buzacott and R. L. Murray have given notice that they are Candidates for re-election.

GREAT WESTERN TIN COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the ordinary General MEETING of the Great Western Tin Company, Limited, will be held at the offices of the Company, 5 Spring-street, Sydney, on FRIDAY, 29th February, 1884, at 3 p.m., to receive and consider the Directors' Report and Balance-sheet for the half-year ending 31st December last; to elect a Director in place of G. S. Caird, Esq., and two Auditors in place of Messrs. R. Hills and W. C. Willis, all of whom retire in terms of the Articles of Association, but are eligible for re-election; and to transact any ordinary business that may be brought forward.
By order of the Board.
JOHN J. WESTON, Manager.
Sydney, 18th February, 1884.

RAVENSWOOD SILVER-MINING COMPANY, Limited.

NOTICE is hereby given that the Third Half-yearly General MEETING of the Company will be held at NOON on FRIDAY, February 29th, instant, at the Company's Office, 131, Pitt-street, Sydney, to receive Director's Report and Balance-sheet for the Half-year ended December 31st, 1883 and to transact general business.
By order of the Board,
GEORGE HARDIE,
Manager.
February 7, 1884.

HIDDEN TREASURE GOLD-MINING COMPANY, Limited,
COPELAND.

The Half-yearly Ordinary General MEETING of the Shareholders in the above Company will be held at the Office, 130, Pitt-street, Sydney, TO-DAY, FRIDAY, 29th February, at 3 p.m.

Business:
To receive Report and Balance-sheet for half-year ending 31st December, 1883, and for the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting in conformity with the provisions of the Deed of Settlement.
H. M. DEAKIN,
Legal Manager.

Books, Publications, &c.

THE FREEMAN'S JOURNAL, THIS WEEK.

LEADERS—The Death of Dr. Badham—The Contest for East Sydney—The Parliamentary P.R.—A Happy Combination—Sir Henry Parkes on Immigration.
THE FLANEUR'S FINANCIAL PROPOSALS.
"Ungrateful Ireland." By Sir C. G. Duffy.
Our Rome Letter.
Michael Davitt on the Struggle in Ireland.
The very latest Irish and American News.

LAST WEEK BUT ONE of PIDDINGTON'S CLEARANCE SALE of valuable Books and Stationery. The goods must be sold, and no reasonable offer refused for large parcels, at PIDDINGTON'S, 318, George-street.

GREAT CLEARANCE SALE of Albums, Scrap Books, Embossed Writing Albums and Blotting Pads, must be sold. Last week but one. Call early for choice at PIDDINGTON'S, 318, George-street.

A LINE of good CREAM NOTEPAPER ruled, 8d per packet, or 12 packets for 7s, worth 12s, clearance prices at W. R. PIDDINGTON'S,
318, George-street.

JOSEPH GILLOTT'S celebrated Steel PENS offered at half price, at PIDDINGTON'S, 318, George-street.

LARGE SIZE LEDGERS, JOURNALS,

AND CASH BOOKS, ALL SIZES, and

BINDINGS from full CALF, RUSSIA BANDS, to the CLOTH and HALF-BOUND,

OFFERED at LESS than HALF COST PRICE, to effect a clearance, at PIDDINGTON'S OLD-

ESTABLISHED BOOK and STATIONERY WAREHOUSE, 318, George-street. Make no mistake in the address, as the time is drawing very close, viz., TWO WEEKS only, by which time the whole of the stock must be cleared out. BARGAINS. BARGAINS.
318, George-street. W. R. PIDDINGTON.

THREE HUNDRED Prayer-books, worth 1s 6d, offered at 4d each. Late Piddington's, 318, George-street.

FINAL CLEARANCE SALE.—Great Bargains in BOOKS and Stationery. The large and valuable stock of rare old and modern works in every department of literature, forming the stock of W. R. PIDDINGTON, now offered to the public at a large discount off the cost prices, to effect a speedy sale, the premises being let for another business, and the stock must be cleared in two weeks. 318, GEORGE-STREET.

IMPORTANT TO BOOK BUYERS.—The stock of Mr. PIDDINGTON, the well-known Bookseller, of George-street, is now for absolute SALE, and will be offered at such prices that cannot fail to make a speedy clearance. Lose no time in making inspection. No reasonable offer refused for large parcels. Two weeks only. 318, George-street.

A LINE of 300 Reams of Extra Superfine Blue Wove LETTER PAPER offered at 4s 6d ream, regular price 15s per ream. Final clearance sale. Two weeks only.
PIDDINGTON'S, 318, George-street.

TO BUYERS OF STATIONERY.

No house in the colony can better nor cheaper supply your wants than
FULLER'S STATIONERS' HALL.

Before making decision as to which house you will patronise, or to whom you will commit your favours, just make a call and inspect the
MAGNIFICENT STOCK.

Note Papers, of every description, from 2s 6d a ream
Envelopes, all sizes, from 3s 6d per 1000
Foolscaps, Posts, Briefs, Parchment
Demys, Drawing Papers, Blottings
and all the various commodities of a thorough stationer, at prices which challenge competition.

PRINTING.—Your orders for Printing cannot be better nor more cheaply executed than at Fuller's Lightning Printing Works. Specimens of work and estimates for jobs on application. Works published on equitable terms.

WOOD-ENGRAVING.—Blocks designed, drawn, and executed on the premises, by one of the most expert hands in the colony. N.B. Firms requiring blocks of their houses will be waited on by our artist, their premises sketched, and proofs submitted.

BOOKS in every department of literature sold at under the English prices, Prize Books and School Books being specialities.

BIRTHDAY and WEDDING CARDS in grand and profuse assortment.

Make no mistake about the house.
STATIONERS' HALL,
365 and 367, George-street.

MADDOCK'S LIBRARY, 381, George-street. New Books by every steamer. Terms on application.

WINSOR and NEWTON'S Artists' Materials of every description. Ayton, artists' depot, 491, George-st.

THE FEDERATION of the COLONIES and the new Land Law.—Send for Washington H. Soul and Co.'s new Pamphlet on the above and other exciting subjects. Free by post on application. Washington H. Soul and Co., 177, Pitt-street.

Educational.

A GOOD HANDWRITING or Bookkeeping, 1 guinea. Mr. NORRIS, Writing Master, 88, Eliz.-st., nr. Hunter-st.

ART.—Mrs. BAWKE, Teacher of Fancy Work, 21, Royal Arcade. Received supply Poonah paints.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND GRAMMAR SCHOOL, St. Philip's, Church-hill.—Special Univ. and Commercial Classes.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND GRAMMAR SCHOOL, St. Philip's, Church-hill. No Easter vacation.

FRANZ HUENERBEIN, Professor Piano, Organ Singing. Royal Music Establishment, 411, George-street.

MOUNT VICTORIA PUBLIC SCHOOL.—Vacancies for resident pupils; £10 per quarter. H. G. Riesits, teacher.

MAYBANKE SCHOOL, MARRICKVILLE.—Class for Drawing, Painting in Oil, Water Colours, and on Porcelain, will be held by Miss Higginbotham, who holds the Kensington Certificates. Mrs. WOLSTENHOLME, Principal.

SIGNOR GIAMMONA.—Singing and Piano Lessons, at Mr. Paling's, and 141, Forbes-street.

SIGNOR and Madame BENFERRI give Lessons in Singing and Music, at their residence, 239, Devonshire-st.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.

An EXAMINATION for Candidates for the Civil Service will be held on MONDAY, 7th April, commencing at 9 a.m.
Candidates' forms of application, which must be sent to the Registrar on or before the 28th of March, may be obtained from Messrs. Gibbs, Shallard, and Co., or at the University.
An EXAMINATION for Candidates for the Law will also commence on MONDAY, the 7th April.
H. E. BARFF, Registrar.

WRITING Taught or Improved; easy lessons. Mrs. NORRIS, 88, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

Lectures.

GAIETY THEATRE.

SUNDAY EVENING NEXT, March 2, 1884.
Under the auspices of the New South Wales branch of the Australasian Secular Association,
MR. THOMAS WALKER,
the President of the Australasian Secular Association, will deliver a Lecture, entitled
"HOW JEHOVAH KEPT HIS OWN COMMANDMENTS."
Doors open at 6.45.
Lecture commences at 7.45.
Intending visitors are respectfully requested to attend not later than 7.30, as no seats are vacant after that time.
HENRY G. COOK, Hon. Sec.

BOARD OF TECHNICAL EDUCATION

The following FREE LECTURE in connection with the Sydney Technical College will be delivered in the large hall at the Sydney Mechanics' School of Arts,
THIS DAY, February 29, at 8 p.m., by Mr. F. Bertil,
Subject: "Prehistoric Man."
EDWARD DOWLING,
Secretary.

ANTI-INFIDELITY.—"The Evolution Craze," Lecture—Mr. Picton, Christian Chapel, Elizabeth-street—THIS EVENING.

PROPHECY.—H. HUSSEY will (D.V.) deliver LECTURES on this subject shortly.

POPULAR LECTURE ENTERTAINMENT,
Glebe Town Hall,
TO-NIGHT, Friday, at 7.45 o'clock.
For particulars see Amusements.

Borough Council Notices.

BOROUGH OF HUNTER'S HILL.

TRAMWAY QUESTION.

NOTICE is hereby given that a POLL will be taken at the undermentioned places on SATURDAY, March 1, 1884, to decide the above question:—
Council-chambers, Hunter's Hill, between the hours of 12 and 6 p.m.
Small's Hotel, Gladesville, between the hours of 12 and 7 p.m.
Woolwich Wharf waiting shed (Parramatta River side), between 12 and 5 p.m.
Messrs. Mills and Pile's, Pitt-street, Sydney, between 9 and 1 a.m.
JAMES NUTMAN, Mayor.

ST. PETERS MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. Alderman G. G. GIERING has been duly appointed TREASURER of this Municipality for the current municipal year.
WILLIAM EDWARDS, Mayor.
Town Hall, St. Peters, 27th February, 1884.

ST. PETERS MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. AARON KINSEY has been duly appointed INSPECTOR OF NUISANCES for this Municipality.
THOS. LEEDER,
Council Clerk.
Town Hall, St. Peters,
27th February, 1884.

BOROUGH OF CANTERBURY.

NOTICE is hereby given, that Mr. FREDERICK DAVIS has been appointed Rate Collector for the above borough.
H. M. INNES,
Council Clerk.
Council Chambers, Canterbury,
February 28, 1884.

Stock, Shares, and Money.

THE HAYMARKET PERMANENT, LAND, BUILDING, and INVESTMENT COMPANY, Limited.

Offices: CORN EXCHANGE, HAYMARKET.
Permanent Capital, £75,000.
Reserve Fund, £14,000.
DEPOSIT BANK.
The Company is prepared to receive FIXED DEPOSITS at the following rates:—
12 months, 7 per centum per annum.
6 months, 6 per centum per annum.
Special rates for large sums and for longer periods.
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
Large and small sums received and repaid by instalments or otherwise, without notice at any time either in part or whole.
The rate of interest allowed in this Department is 5 per centum per annum, computed on the daily balance from the date of deposit to the date of withdrawal.
GEO. BAKER WALKER,
Manager.

LONDON MORTGAGE, LOAN, AND DISCOUNT BANK,
109, ELIZABETH-STREET SOUTH (next St. James' School),
OLDEST ESTABLISHED OFFICE IN SYDNEY.

Persons borrowing £5 receive cash	£4	12	0
" " 10 " "	9	5	0
" " 20 " "	18	10	0
" " 40 " "	37	0	0
" " 50 " "	46	5	0

and so on up to £10,000. Any sum between the amounts above stated can be granted AT SAME RATES.
ADVANCES PROMPTLY MADE UPON
Bills of Sale (with or without possession). The security of one or two householders. Freehold and Leasehold Properties (no mortgage cost), Legacies, and all AVAILABLE SECURITIES.
Bills discounted at all times at lowest rate of interest.
All communications and interviews held strictly confidential.
FORMS GRATIS. Address THE SECRETARY.
Office hours, 9 to 5 p.m.; Monday and Saturday evenings, 7 to 8.

THE FEDERAL BUILDING SOCIETY,
corner of King and Pitt streets.

MONEY TO LEND AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
No Entrance Fees Charged.
Loans may be paid off at any time without Notice upon payment of the actual balance due, no prospective interest being charged.
Any sum of money, from 1s to £1000, will be received on Deposit, and interest allowed at the rate of 5 per cent. on the daily balance.
Interest given from date of deposit to date of withdrawal.
ARTHUR SCOTT,
Resident Secretary.

MONEY. MONEY. MONEY.

VICTORIAN MORTGAGE, LOAN, and DISCOUNT CO.,
721, George-street, Haymarket.
Has NOW commenced operations, and are prepared to make IMMEDIATE CASH ADVANCES on Household Furniture, P. Notes, the security of one or two householders, and on the deposit of certificates of title or deeds of FREEHOLD and LEASEHOLD PROPERTIES, at LOWER rates of interest than ANY office in the colonies. REPAYMENTS to suit CONVENIENCE of borrowers.
Office hours, 9 to 5.30. Monday and Saturday evenings, 6 to 7.30.
C. H. STOREY, Manager.

THE REAL AND PERSONAL MORTGAGE AND ADVANCE COMPANY,
FIRST FLOOR, 16, OXFORD-STREET. TRAMS STOP OPPOSITE THE DOOR.
Office hours, 9 to 5; and in the evening on Mondays and Saturdays, from 7 to 9.
This Company advance from £10 to £1000 upon the following securities, viz.:—
MORTGAGE, SECOND MORTGAGE,
DEPOSIT OF DEEDS EITHER LEASEHOLD OR FREEHOLD,
BILLS OF SALE, PROMISSORY NOTES,
BONDED CERTIFICATES,
MERCHANDISE,
REVERSIONARY INTERESTS, &c.,
at the following scale of repayments, if required:—

Loans of				Instalments of	
£200	...	£1	0	0	weekly
100	...	0	10	0	"
50	...	0	6	0	"
30	...	0	4	0	"
20	...	0	3	0	"
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A JOURNEY THROUGH JAVA.

By Rev. J. E. Tenison-Woods, F.G.S., F.L.S., &c.

II.

Banjoewangie, where we now found ourselves, is the most easterly settlement of the island. The name is pronounced Baniuwangee, which means fragrant waters—quite a misnomer now, because here, as in every other part of Java, the rivers are made the main sewers of the towns. And here I may remark that the spelling of these words is of the most varied kind. Each writer of native names has his own orthography, according to the sounds he attributes to the vowels. In these letters I shall adopt the Dutch official spelling, in which oe sounds like double o in the word poor, and j has the sound of e or ch in church. The name Banjoewangie is applied not only to the town, but to the district, which now numbers about 50,000 inhabitants. It is very fertile and well cultivated, growing rice, cassava, indigo, sirih (betel pepper), and nutmeg, cocoa, and other tropical products. We did not see any sugar plantations, and there seemed less rice here than in other parts of the island. The land is well watered by streams from the two smoking volcanoes at the back of the town, one is called Ijeng (10,500 feet) and the other Rawan (8000 feet). The latter has a lake of water near its summit, strongly impregnated with sulphurous acid, and when this has overflowed during eruptions it has caused great devastation, and withered up the land. Both mountains have been the scene of terrible eruptions within recent periods, and these account for the fact that the fertile lower slopes of the hills are now almost uncultivated.

Very early in the morning we were visited by Mr. Palmer, the courteous superintendent of the Australian Telegraph Office. He informed us amongst other things that the Dutch Government did not allow any foreigner to enter the island or to travel through it without a special permission. He advised us to report ourselves at once to the Government resident, and he would advise us what steps to take. Each district in Java is under a resident, but as Banjoewangie has a comparatively small population it is attached to the neighbouring district of Besoeki, (pronounce Besookee) and governed by an assistant resident. This was M. Vries, who received us at his office with the utmost courtesy. He spoke French, and excused himself for not addressing us in our own language. He advised us to telegraph to the Governor-General, and in the meantime offered us a passport through the district of Besoeki. On deliberation we thought it better to telegraph to Sir Fred. Wild at Singapore for an introduction to the Governor-General. I dismiss the subject now by saying that in two days we received a telegram from the Governor-General telling us that instructions had been issued to all the residents of the island to render us every assistance, and to furnish us with men and horses if necessary. From that day we never experienced the slightest obstacle to our going wherever we wished. Our luggage was delivered up on our giving an assurance that we had no contraband. An exception was made in the case of our guns and ammunition. On these we paid a heavy duty, even though they were valued at half their cost. The object of this impost, as we were informed, was to prevent the indiscriminate distribution of fire-arms amongst the natives. Let me add, in justice to the Dutch, that all these regulations were communicated to us with extreme politeness. Some little charges were made for seals of office and fees, in all amounting to a shilling or two. We did not understand what these charges were for, and I can imagine an excitable Briton protesting against such obstacles and imposts. For my own part I cannot help thinking that such impatience is most unreasonable when we cannot expect every nation to have the same regulations as ourselves. We saw several sad instances of the blustering vulgarity of tourists ere we left the island which contrasted so unfavourably with the quiet politeness with which it was received.

Our interview with Mons. Vries concluded, we had time to examine the courthouse, an immense building of one storey, with large venetians for windows. As usual everything was lofty, wide, and airy, the main supports being of stuccoed brickwork, floored with polished cement. There was very little woodwork in any of the buildings, and the reason for this in a country where the white ant is the scourge is very obvious. But why this plan is not followed in any of the Straits settlements is what I have never been able to understand. Ricketty, tumble-down wooden rookeries of two stories, with pokey rooms and narrow verandahs, are the rule in Straits colonies—as ill adapted to the climate as one can well imagine. Taking into consideration the time they last, they are the most expensive buildings that can be raised.

As we came forth from the Resident's offices we saw a strange group of litigants and witnesses waiting for their various cases to be tried. Chinese and Hadjes predominated, the latter easily distinguished by their turbans, slippers, rich Arab costumes, and prodigious umbrellas. Without the costume one could readily identify them by their darker tint, handsome features, and aquiline noses; while a flattened sublime nose is the Malay trait. Amid them all stood a swarthy Javanese hunter, who came to claim the usual reward of 10 florins per head for the noxious wild animals he had slain. Spread out in the courtyard were the skins of one tiger, two leopards, two black panthers, and a wild cat about the size of a house dog. This was the result of a few days' hunting in the jungle not far from the town. The poor fellow had caught most of them with snares. He had a very inefficient musket, for which he had to pay a considerable license; but hunters here trust more to traps and the spear and kris. One conclusion we immediately came to, and that was that game was abundant in the neighbourhood, with the chance of tigers, &c., at which my companions rejoiced.

In front of the Resident's office there is, as I have already said, a beautiful lawn of several acres. In the centre and at the sides were several Waringen trees, a small-leaved species of fig, with drooping branches and dense foliage. No tree is more graceful, and none gives a more delightful shade. It is planted everywhere in Java in front of the houses of the residents and native rajahs, and is regarded by the Javanese as the symbol of authority. It is a kind of banyan tree, known to botanists as Ficus nitida, which is, everyone knows, remarkable for developing long roots from its branches, which finally become subsidiary stems. I think the Waringen differs from the true banyan, or Ficus religiosa, from the smaller leaves and the adventitious roots being twisted around the trunk. It is found wild in Northern Queensland near the coast. It is a most beautiful object in the centre of a green lawn, rising as it does in such a huge mass of dense green foliage, with pendulous branches swaying about in the breeze. The trees in this place harboured numbers of flying-foxes, differing only from their Australian namesakes in flying about as much by day as by night.

The habits of life amongst the Dutch in Java are very simple, and somewhat indolent. They rise at 5 or thereabouts, and, after a cup of coffee or tea, take a walk, because this time, and late in the evening, are the only hours that walking can be indulged in with any pleasure. The costume in these rambles is of an airy kind—white linen jackets with pyjamas of brilliant colours and startling patterns; Chinese slippers without socks complete the dress, which is rather pretty. The ladies wear a white jacket, and a coloured sarong or skirt, with a portion of their bare feet thrust into Chinese slippers of rich pattern and small size. The hair is let fall loose over the shoulders, and neither ladies nor gentlemen wear any head covering. I must say that if the costume of the gentleman is airy, that of the lady is almost etherial. It is certainly far less modest than that of the Javanese, amongst whom the sarong seems a natural habiliment, and is worn with much propriety. In all my travels through Java I never saw much difference in the costume of the ladies. Morning or evening, at table or travelling, it is very much the same. A few ladies may be met with here and there who wear a European dress, but it is the exception. Small as the clothing is in amount, it diminishes rapidly amongst the younger branches of a Dutchman's family. I do not feel myself equal to describe how in the early morning one meets young girls going to school, though it would not require many words. Even where the children are not sent through the streets barefooted or barelegged, the style of dress is quite contrary to European ideas of modesty. The sole redeeming point is the cleanliness. Whatever is worn by girls or boys, be it little or much, is always white as snow. In the middle of the day the gentlemen wear suits of white, or more commonly white trousers and black coat, with a solar topee.

There is a kind of meal put on the table at 7, consisting of tea, coffee, and an egg—always [illegible]. The family don't assemble at this meal or snack, and you come at the hour it pleases you. All business is done early in the morning, and then about noon there is the formal breakfast, or, as they call it, rice table. At this you are served with a bowl of rice, which you moisten with a curry soup, and then ten or twelve dishes, oftener twenty, are brought in rapid succession, which you mix with your rice in the manner it suits. Were I to attempt to describe the dishes it would be like an auctioneer's catalogue. Fish and preserves, anchovies, jams, mincemeat, and endless sambols, all go together with fruits in salads, cucumber and oil, and other accompaniments. This is Dutch curry. I had often read about it, but the reality was surprising. To those not accustomed to it the taste and appearance are peculiar. To make a meal thus requires courage, and to those who eat much at first the effects are disastrous. The cookery in other respects is a mixture of Malay and European elements. It is varied, luxurious, and abundant. Many of the dishes are prepared with cocoanut oil, which imparts a peculiar flavour to them. After the curry, joints of beef, rarely mutton, with sweets, cheese, and dessert, are served in succession, and the meal terminates with coffee. I have dwelt longer on this portion of Javanese life, which is certainly the least interesting, in order that I may speak of a matter which is eminently important. To Australians the meats of Java are bad and fearfully expensive. In some parts of the island foot-and-mouth disease with rinderpest have carried off multitudes of cattle, until meat has risen to a price which puts it out of the reach of poor people. Even at the best it is almost tasteless and uneatable, and vegetarianism must have prevailed but for Australian frozen meat. At present you can see notices on every side announcing that it is for sale. There is no mistaking the article. Large joints of tender beef and mutton such as we are familiar with in Australia were unknown hitherto in Java; and though it sells at a rupee per pound, it has plenty of purchasers at the price. It is astonishing, too, how it stands carriage. I have seen joints of meat sold in the morning at Bartenzong which had arrived the night before from Batavia, and carried on catties, amid the heat of the day, for a couple of hours, and still be icy cold and perfectly fresh on arrival at a country town. The meat is held in the greatest estimation, but the supply is not equal to the demand. It commands a price that should make the heart of every Australian rejoice, were it not that what with fees, commissions, and, I am sorry to add, bribes, the great mass of profits is swallowed up in Java.

Our Dutch colonist goes to sleep soon after the rice table. This is a formal affair. The siesta is taken in undress costume, just as at night. It lasts until about 4, when tea is taken in the verandah, and the household lounge about *en deshabille* until sunset. Then there is the evening bath, walk, and dinner at about half-past 8 or 9, and then sleep again. Of course in large towns and on plantations there must be a great departure from this routine. Those in business or in charge of large establishments must forego the midday siesta. The meal times are, however, much the same. The dinner is like an English one, except that beef-steak is eaten nearly raw. The potatoes are the size of marbles, and the peas like shot. The curry is always good, and considerably hotter than any place with which my experience enables me to compare it.

We found our five days' sojourn in Banjoewangie most agreeable in every way. Mr. Palmer, the Superintendent of the Telegraph Department, has excellent quarters assigned for himself and the five officers under him. The buildings are large and roomy, with a fine billiard room. In front there are immense pillars on the verandah, giving the place quite an Oriental aspect. Placed beside the courthouse the verandah looked out upon the lawn already referred to. On the evening of our arrival a local band played in this space. The performers were all Javanese, and played with wonderful taste, though I believe they were only recently organised. The scene on the lawn was most beautiful. A very large number of European and Eurasian children were crowded with their ayahs upon the grass, or dancing to the polkas and waltzes that were played. A group of officers—civil and military—all in uniform, were seated round tables, &c.; and last of all there was the usual crowd of Javanese in all the glories of their green, blue, scarlet, white, and yellow costumes. A delightful breeze just stirred the foliage, and made the air pleasant and balmy, while the fading light made the palm and sweet spice trees look more beautiful and varied than ever. We sat without hat, or head covering of any kind. It was the close of summer, and nothing to fear from damp or dew. I would have thought it a most delightful and healthy climate; but when I saw the ghastly pale faces of the ladies and the washed-out look of the children I began to doubt. They say it is pretty healthy, and those who live there ought to know best, and a traveller can only judge by externals. From these at least one may conclude that those who live so near the Equator must bid farewell to roses on their cheeks.

On the seaward side of the lawn there was an earthwork called the fort. I was told that a special permission was necessary to visit it, for which we did not ask, because there was nothing to see except a few soldiers in a uniform distinguished for its uniform shabbiness. The town and seaport are quite destitute of any means of defence.

During our stay we had a warm welcome at the telegraph quarters, where billiards and the intelligent conversation of our entertainers made the evenings pass most pleasantly. The Dutch do not entertain much, or, in other words, their hospitality is very meagre compared with India or the Straits Settlements. They are different, it is said, when they know you intimately. Perhaps so.

The morning after my arrival I went to visit the market. We left the lawn to our left, turning down a magnificent avenue of tamarind trees, which formed a dark-green leafy arch some 40 feet over our heads. It was 6 in the morning, and the road was thronged. At the end of the avenue sat the money-changers, who gave you small copper money for silver. This copper currency is bulky, but of small value, so purchasers prefer to get the change at the market instead of burdening themselves with a lot of coin. The commission for changing is 10 per cent. It was very curious to see the little piles of copper spread all over the mat, while the presiding Javanese woman was brushed by the feet or skirts of hundreds of passers-by. The market itself was an open square, crowded over with stalls. There were mats on which were seated Javanese women surrounded with their wares. All the perishable goods, such as fruit, vegetables, flowers, fish, and meat, were sold by women. The men sold hardware, looking-glasses, beads, brass jewellery, and soft goods, all of English make. These merchants were generally Arabs, who seldom spread mats for their wares, but squatted cross-legged on shop-boards closely surrounded with their bright coloured goods.

In the market there was every variety of fruit, vegetable, and flesh exposed for sale, including many kinds that were quite new to me. Mangosteens were plentiful, and so were the various kinds of custard apple, bullock's heart, sweet and sour sop. Durian, too, were there, but rather dear, as well as the handsome scarlet rambootan (Nephelium lappaceus). The petals of highly-scented flowers were sold in little heaps, besides sweet spices; but for all that the stench of the market was perfectly awful. I would defy any newcomer to live long in such places. The women, of course, seemed perfectly unconscious of it, but sat on their little mats and chewed betel or tobacco in perfect serenity. They certainly are not good-looking, but for the most part neat and clean. There were few old women amongst them, but the most of them are married. Their modesty and reserve were very striking. Our English dresses were, of course, objects of curiosity, but never once would you see any rude staring. If we asked the price of anything the stallkeeper would answer with downcast eyes and partly averted heads. This is Javanese politeness. They always address Europeans as Tuan (my lord). But one odious mark of respect is perfectly sickening to witness. Men and women, even the young, when you begin to address them, will place an enormous plug of tobacco into their mouths, and proceed to wedge it with their fingers between their lips and gums until it protrudes like an unsightly bung out of their mouths. They manage to talk somehow from behind this. The custom prevails all over Java. The quantity of tobacco they chew is enormous, with betel and sirih between whiles, so that one has to pick one's steps carefully between the rejected quids and the fiery red expectorations of the Areca nut. If we add to this that all Javanese file their teeth as well as stain them black, their personal habits and appearance are not prepossessing. But their courtesy and politeness redeem everything. Whatever we went the crowd made way for us, and would not gratify their curiosity for fear of giving offence by rudely staring. We noticed in the market some of the female convict population walking about and making their purchases. Their only distinguishing mark was that their dress was all blue, even to the sarong. These were exiles.

I don't attempt to give an idea of the varied fruits, vegetables, and flowers we saw in the market. The beauty and novelty was simply bewildering, and it would need a week to see all, to say nothing of describing. After two hours' walk I returned more than ever convinced that Java is the land of flowers, and that its people are as interesting as any in the world.

CORONER'S INQUEST.

A SUSPICIOUS CASE.

The City Coroner initiated an inquiry at his chambers yesterday morning into the circumstances attending the death of a man named Thomas Cole, who died at the Sydney Hospital on Tuesday night. A man named Daniel Fitzpatrick was present at the inquiry, in the custody of the police, charged with having contributed to the death of the deceased.

Dr. Pardey, one of the resident medical officers of the Sydney Hospital, deposed that on the morning of the 22nd instant the deceased was brought to the institution by two men in a cart; he was admitted to the accident ward, and was found to be suffering from fracture of the right leg; the deceased was somewhat delirious, and could give no account of how he received the injury; on the following Sunday it was found necessary to amputate the leg at the middle third; the deceased gradually sank, and died on the night of the 26th instant; the deceased's leg was bruised from the knee down, an injury which was independent of the fracture.

Dr. Cutts, house physician at the Sydney Hospital, deposed that he had made a post-mortem examination of the body of the deceased; he saw the deceased on Sunday morning last, when he administered chloroform for amputation purposes; the deceased's right leg was amputated above the knee joint; in witness's opinion death had resulted from pyæmia.

Minnie Cooper deposed that she was a married woman, and that she resided at No. 10 section of the Sydney waterworks; she lived alone, as her husband was absent from the works; she had known the deceased about six months, but she knew nothing of the circumstances under which he was injured; she heard on Friday morning, the 22nd instant, that his leg was broken; she was not present at any time at a dispute between deceased and Daniel Fitzpatrick; all she knew was from hearsay.

Daniel Fitzpatrick declined to ask any questions.

Lawrence Cuddy, quarryman, employed at No. 10 section of the Sydney waterworks, deposed that he knew the deceased, and was in his tent on the afternoon of Thursday, the 21st instant; the deceased was not in his tent then, nor did he and Fitzpatrick come into the tent whilst witness was there; witness's tent was from 40 to 50, or it might be 100, yards from Cole's; witness remained in Cole's tent for 10 or 15 minutes, and then went to the quarry where he worked; he saw the deceased about 6 o'clock that evening lying outside his tent, and deceased said to him, "I think my leg is broken;" he did not say how it was done; witness got a cart and conveyed him to the hospital; he saw nothing of Fitzpatrick when he saw deceased lying outside the tent; when witness was in Mrs. Cole's tent that afternoon he thought Mrs. Cole was the worse for liquor; Cole told him that he had fallen upon a stone outside the tent; witness had not spoken to Fitzpatrick about the matter, and never knew Fitzpatrick was said to have thrown the deceased and broken his leg until he heard the constable say so the other night; Fitzpatrick boarded with the Coles, but lived in a tent of his own; witness had been boarding with the Coles for about a month.

Catherine Cole deposed that the deceased was her husband, and was 47 years of age; he had been employed on the No. 10 section of the Sydney waterworks as a quarryman; on the afternoon of the 21st instant she was sitting in her tent, and the last witness was also there; the deceased and Fitzpatrick were coming up to the tent, and Cuddy went away, saying he would go, as Dan was in a temper; the deceased came into the tent, followed by Daniel Fitzpatrick; witness put something on the table for Fitzpatrick to eat, and he sat down to the table; he (Fitzpatrick) then said, "I'll kill somebody;" witness said to him, "Surely, Dan, Tommy and me have not been bad friends to you, you will not kill us;" Fitzpatrick then said, "I'll have revenge on somebody," and caught hold of the deceased; witness went to assist deceased, when Fitzpatrick knocked her down under the table; he then knocked the deceased outside of the tent, saying, "I'll kill you both, and set fire to the place"; he knocked the deceased down, kicked him, and threw him against a stone at the tent door; he then left, and went away to his own tent; witness found that the deceased's leg was broken, and she went to Fitzpatrick's tent and said, "Dan, you have broken Tommy's leg;" he replied, "It was a pity I did not break his neck;" witness then went to a Mr. Murphy to get a horse and cart to take the deceased to the hospital; her husband had been drinking for seven days; the works were then stopped; they had always been on good terms with Fitzpatrick, and had never had an angry word with him.

The Coroner: Now, Mrs. Cole, is this all fact you have told us?

Witness: It is all true.

To Fitzpatrick: We had not been drinking to excess for a fortnight; my husband took a little drop daily; I was not drinking the day my husband got his leg broken; I cannot say whether you and my husband had been drinking that day.

Lawrence Cuddy, recalled, said he did not see the deceased and Fitzpatrick approaching the tent on the afternoon in question, and did not say to Mrs. Cole that he would go because Dan was in a temper.

At this stage the inquest was adjourned till Tuesday next in order that the police might get further evidence.

JEALOUSY AND MURDER.

During the latter part of yesterday afternoon the residents of part of Phelps-street, Surry Hills, were startled by a tragedy which, from the circumstances connected with it, appears to have been a murder of the most deliberate and unmistakable character. The scene of the tragedy was in a house in Phelps-street, No. 51, occupied by three persons—two men, the principals in the affair, and a woman, whose influence and presence connect her with the occurrence in a peculiar degree. The actual mover in the attack, who now lies in gaol on a charge of wilful murder, was a young man named William Rice, a native of Sydney. He is 23 years of age, and a butcher by trade, his father being proprietor of a butcher's shop in Forbes-street, Woolloomooloo. For some time past he had been living in the same house with the woman referred to, Sophia Holmes. About a week ago there came to live in the house the man on whom the outrage was perpetrated—one James Griffin, or Byrnes, aged 23 years. He is also believed to be a native, but his occupation is not ascertained, and the nature of his relations with the prisoner is not clearly defined at present. At any rate, the attack seems to have been prompted by jealousy on the part of Rice. About 4 in the afternoon a quarrel took place between the two men, and high words passed between them, but the dispute was soon closed by Rice, who drew a revolver and shot his companion dead on the spot. This took place in the presence of the girl Holmes, about whom, it is said, the quarrel arose, Griffin having paid her more attention than was agreeable to Rice. The end of the quarrel was most certain, for two shots had taken effect in the heart of Griffin, who fell a corpse. Rice fired several shots, by some accounts seven altogether, but not less than four. On perceiving the result of his act, he went out into Park-street, and seemed to be making his escape. Great excitement had been aroused and there was a large crowd of people around the house, and he did not go unobserved. A lad named Parfect, living in the next house, met Constable Griffiths in the street and informed him of the occurrence, and the constable at once went in search of Rice. Meanwhile a coloured man called Jumbler, living near the place, gave chase to the assailant and followed him up, keeping him in sight till he met Constable Prunty, who arrested Rice in Park-street. The woman Holmes was brought to the Darlinghurst Police-station by Senior-sergeant Pirie, pending the Coroner's decision as to the removal of the body, and a constable was placed in charge of the house while she was absent. Subsequently the body of Griffin was removed to the South Sydney Morgue, where it was examined by Dr. Marsden, and now lies awaiting inquest. It bore no marks of external violence indicating a struggle, and it is scarcely to be expected that it would, seeing that all the evidence as yet to hand points to Griffin's being deliberately shot down at arm's length. There were two round holes, such as bullet wounds, on the left breast, just opposite the lower extremity of the heart. The weapon used by Rice was a short 6-chambered revolver of the 'Bulldog' type, and of medium calibre. It was found by Constable Griffiths, hidden in the rubbish heap in the yard, and some bullets were also found secreted in out-buildings. A box of large-bore cartridges was found in the house, and some unused bullets suitable to the revolver used in the attack. The police discovered two spent bullets in the walls, which, with the two supposed to be lodged in Griffin's body, account for the four shots said to have been fired by Rice. It has been already stated that the murder appears to have been the outcome of jealousy; and it may be further mentioned that Rice has had a habit of meddling with firearms that has already led him into trouble. This propensity to make free with dangerous weapons has in many cases borne bad fruit. The proper authorities will be able to determine in due time how far it has had to do with the deplorable event recorded in the present instance.

RED RAIN.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Between 9 and 11 p.m. on February 14, a shower of rain fell at Moruya and deposited red mud like that which fell on the deck of the steamship Potosi at 9 p.m., 15th December 1880, but not to the same extent. I have received some of this deposit from Mr. Tranent and it seems exactly like the previous lot, but it has not been tested chemically yet. Should similar red rain have fallen at any other place at that time, I should be glad to hear about it.

Observatory, February 28. H. C. RUSSELL.

LAW REPORT.

SUPREME COURT.—Thursday, February 28.

In Banco.—(*Before their Honors the* Chief Justice *and Mr. Justice* Innes.)

FRIEND V. SMITH.

Mr. Pring, instructed by Messrs. Lawrence and Rich (for M'Lachlan and Pilcher) for plaintiff; Mr. Heydon, instructed by Messrs. Shorter, Fitzgerald, and Asher (for J. O. Dodd) for the defendant.

This was a motion on behalf of plaintiff for a new trial on the ground that the verdict was against evidence. The action, which was heard at Carcoar in September last, was brought by plaintiff against defendant for slander in charging him with felony in connection with the disappearance of some blankets from the hotel of the latter several years before. It appeared that in July, 1880, according to plaintiff, or June, 1879, according to defendant, plaintiff was at defendant's hotel, where there was a card-party, and after everything was over, defendant missed several blankets from a room in the hotel out of which plaintiff was seen to emerge. An anonymous letter was subsequently sent to plaintiff requesting him to return the blankets, and stating that if he did so nothing more would be done about them. Plaintiff took no steps in the matter beyond asking defendant about the author of the letter, and several years afterwards, during a quarrel between the parties over the killing by defendant of a pet sheep of plaintiff's, defendant used words conveying an insinuation that the blankets were stolen by plaintiff. The jury returned a verdict for the defendant, and a new trial was now sought for on the ground that the publication of the slander was clearly proved and not denied by defendant, and that in point of law, even although the jury might have believed plaintiff to be guilty of taking the blankets, he was entitled to a verdict.

The Court, without calling upon the other side, held that even if the verdict had been for plaintiff the damages would have been very small. The jury, if they believed that plaintiff took the blankets, could not give more than nominal damages, and even supposing that they did not believe in plaintiff's guilt, the way in which the words were used, and other circumstances, tended to show that the damages would have been very small. The rule on this subject was laid down in the case of Marsh and wife v. Bower and wife, 2nd Vol. Blackstone's Reports, page 850, which was a case singularly in point, being almost on all-fours with the present case. The case referred to was reported in the following terms:—"The action was for words, the defendant's wife having said to plaintiff's wife, 'You have forsworn yourself, and your ears ought to be nailed to the pillory.' The words were fully proved on the trial, but the jury found a verdict for the defendant. Lord Mansfield who tried the cause on the Home Circuit, reported that he expected a verdict for the plaintiff, but with very small damages, as the words were spoken in heat and passion, and never afterwards repeated. The Court unanimously declared that they would not grant a new trial for the sake of 6d. damages, in mercy to the plaintiff as well as defendant, and therefore a rule having been obtained to show cause why a new trial should not be awarded, they, without hearing defendant's counsel, discharged the rule." That was exactly this case. There was another case of Burton versus Thompson reported in Vol. 2 of Burrows' Reports, page 634. There Lord Mansfield in giving judgment said, "It does not follow by necessary consequence that there must always be a new trial granted in all cases whatsoever where the verdict is contrary to evidence; for it is possible that the verdict may still be on the side of the real justice and equity of the case. Here the jury have found for the defendant. My brother Foster, who tried the cause (which plaintiff has brought hither out of Yorkshire), says he thinks half-a-crown or less would have been damages sufficient if they had given their verdict for the plaintiff. He must pay the costs before he can have a new trial. Therefore I do not think we ought to interfere merely to give the plaintiff an opportunity of harassing the defendant at great expense to himself, where there has been no real damage, and where the injury is so trivial as not to deserve above half-a-crown compensation." This was also in point, and upon these cases the Court could take no other course than to discharge the rule.

Rule discharged, without costs.

COHEN V. LLOYD.

Mr. Bruce Smith moved, on behalf of defendant, for a rule *nisi* for a new trial in the above matter, which was an action tried recently in the District Court. Cohen was the grantee of a bill of sale over the furniture, goods, and effects of a man named Cusack, and the defendant was the official assignee of Cusack's estate. Both parties entered insolvent's house on the same day to take possession, and the question then arose as to who was entitled to the goods. Cohen claimed on the ground that his bailiff was in possession an hour and a half before the order of sequestration was granted. The official assignee subsequently took possession of and sold the goods, and plaintiff brought an action against Lloyd, and obtained a verdict, the Judge holding that as the plaintiff took possession before the official assignee he was entitled to a verdict. It appeared from the evidence given at the time that a portion of the goods had some months before the sequestration been actually sold to Cohen, who leased them to Cusack, the only form of delivery on the sale being the handing over by Cusack of a spoon and fork. The rule *nisi* was applied for on the ground, first, that the fact of taking possession by plaintiff was not of public notoriety, and secondly, that the sequestration must be held to date from the commencement of the day upon which the Insolvency Court ordered it. The first ground was, however, abandoned.

The Court held that the first ground having been receded from the only point for decision was whether the placing of an estate under sequestration was a judicial act, and must, therefore, be held, in accordance with the decision of this Court in the case of Thompson v. De Lissa, 2 New South Wales reports, page 165, to be a sequestration at the earliest moment of the day, whatever hour it took place. Although this so-called judicial act took place an hour or more after Cohen took possession, the Court thought it must be held, on the authority mentioned and other cases, that the sequestration was before Cohen took possession. It was a point of considerable difficulty. It might be that this act of the Chief Commissioner sitting in a court of record, and having the powers of a Judge of record, was a judicial act, although not done in the Supreme Court, and it followed from that that the sequestration must be held to have operated from the very earliest period of the day upon which the order was made; but the point not having been taken before the District Court Judge, it was not open to defendant to take it now. Not having been taken in the Court below, it was not necessary to decide one way or the other, either as to the effect of sequestration on the same day that possession was taken, or as to the taking possession by Cohen being sufficiently notorious.

Rule refused.

Divorce Court.—(*Before Mr. Justice* Windeyer.)

WILD V. WILD.

The case for the petitioner and respondent was concluded, and the addresses of counsel were not finished when the Court rose.

In Equity.—(*Before his Honor Mr. Justice* Faucett.)

TURLEY V. CALDWELL AND ANOTHER.

Mr. Armstrong and Mr. Coghlan, instructed by Messrs. Dunn and Lyons, for the plaintiff; Mr. W. G. Walker, instructed by Messrs. Allen and Allen, for the defendant Caldwell; Mr. Owen, Q.C., and Mr. H. F. Barton, instructed by Messrs. Holdsworth and Evans, for the defendant Callaghan.

This was a suit instituted by William Edward Turley, to have the estate of his late father, William Turley, administered by the Court, and to have an account taken of the dealings of the trustees. The testator, who was a bootmaker, in business in King-street, died in 1852, having bequeathed his business and certain property at Balmain, Botany, and Bargo Brush to the defendants, John Caldwell and Thomas Callaghan, in trust, for his four children—three daughters and the plaintiff. The business was carried on till 1857, when it was sold. In the following year the real property was realised, and accounts were filed in the Ecclesiastical Office without being passed by the Court. These accounts showed that the estate was indebted to defendant Caldwell to the amount of £350. Certain charges were set forth against the trustees of personal misconduct, which were not proved in evidence.

The plaintiff endeavoured to account for his delay in seeking inquiry by the fact that he was in Victoria from 1852 to 1857, and that he went to the Bogan in 1859, and did not return till 1864. He had not had the means to carry on the suit, and had endeavoured through friends to get two lawyers, now deceased, to take up the case upon its merits. He had lately been a butcher in a township near Mudgee, and was now postmaster of the place.

The evidence of a Mr. Morgan, who had been an apprentice of the testator, was given on behalf of the plaintiff. Mr. Caldwell was also examined at some length.

His Honor said that the charge against defendant Caldwell that he drew £500 out of the business for 12 months, and used it for his own purposes without paying interest whilst the bank account of the trust had been overdrawn, had not been approached by the plaintiff's counsel; nor was the charge against Callaghan, that he supplied inferior goods from his own shop to the business for which he had charged exorbitant prices, in any way substantiated. The witness Morgan had simply spoken of one case of inferior boots which had been supplied by Callaghan, but he did not know what the price was which had been charged. If a *prima facie* case had been made out on either of these charges he would have ordered an account to be taken, notwithstanding the length of time which had been allowed to elapse, because this would amount to a fraud if proved. Those matters, however, were not established in the least degree. He was of opinion that the defendants had been guilty of a clear breach of trust in selling the real estate, and devoting the proceeds to the carrying on of the business. They had shown that they had used a portion of the money for the maintenance of the family, but this should only have come out of the income of the principal sum when invested. He considered this to be the principal charge in the statement of claim. The admission of plaintiff that he had seen the accounts filed in Court, and had also been shown the books and accounts by Mr. Caldwell in 1864, showed that he had a knowledge of the facts sufficient to put him on inquiry. He must have known his rights and be taken to have acquiesced in the action of the trustees by refraining from taking any steps against them for twenty years from the time when he knew the ultimate distribution of the estate was to take place. In the same way the defendants' liability for negligence in respect to the passing of the accounts by the Court had been got over by the fact that the plaintiff admitted that he saw the accounts when they were in the Ecclesiastical Office. As a jury he was induced to believe Mr. Caldwell's statement that the books showing an asset of £850 due to him were handed over to his trustees when he assigned his estate in 1866, and they were not now to be found. The plaintiff had waited so long that the managers of the business were both dead, and the defendants were not in a position to rebut the charges if they went to an account. It had been urged that the bank account would be evidence to some extent, but the mere record of deposits and payments would not verify the items that might be supplied. He must refuse to grant the prayer on the statement of claim, so that the suit was dismissed, with one set of costs to the defendants.

INSOLVENCY COURT.—Thursday.

(*Before the* Chief Commissioner.)

Thomas Logan v. Walter Bell, compulsory sequestration. There was no appearance in this case, which was dismissed.

Peate and Harcourt v. A. Julian, compulsory sequestration. An order absolute was made, and the schedule is to be filed within 14 days.

In the matters of James Edward King, John Blake, and William Henry Taylor, motions for the release of estates from sequestration; no cause was shown, and the estates were released.

In the matter of Patrick Hough, motion for the release of the estate. The notices were insufficient, and no order was made.

In the matter of Alexander Gordon, a motion for an order *nisi*, or absolute, the deed having been proved before the District Commissioner. An order was granted for Wm. Gordon to show cause, returnable on the 13th March.

In the matter of Frederick John Hepworth, a motion under the 100th section, for the absolute imprisonment of the insolvent. The case was postponed to the 6th March.

In the matter of Henry Conrad Bartels, directions were ratified.

In the matter of Thomas Helmore v. Martin Sistrum, compulsory sequestration, Mr. Shorter appeared for the petitioner, and Mr. Nash, instructed by Allen and Allen, for the respondent. This case depended upon a deed of assignment which had been executed by the respondent, and was held to be invalid by the petitioner because there was a release also prepared, which he contended should be recorded as part of the deed of assignment; and as the deed was not executed by four-fifths of the creditors it was void, and would be fraudulent alienation. Mr. Nash, for the respondent, contended that the release was independent altogether of the deed of assignment, and as it had not been executed by a sufficient number was inoperative, and that the deed of assignment was good, and that therefore the petition must be dismissed. His Honor decided to dismiss the petition without costs, as the deed of release was only now discovered during the respondent's cross-examination.

METROPOLITAN DISTRICT COURT.

Wednesday, February 27.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* Wilkinson *and a jury of four.*)

BAMFORD AND OTHERS V. THE VICTORIA LIFE AND GENERAL INSURANCE COMPANY AND SAVINGS INSTITUTE.

This was an action brought by the trustees of the Ridgeley Lodge, No. 26, of the Independent Order of Oddfellows, against a guarantee society, to recover an amount due on a guarantee bond, and expenses incurred in connection with a prosecution. Dr. G. J. Sly appeared for the plaintiff; and Mr. G. B. Simpson, instructed by Messrs. Creagh and Williams, for the defendants. It would seem that one John Patterson Mason, as treasurer of the Ridgeley Lodge, obtained a bond from the Guarantee Society to guarantee the Lodge against any criminal fraud or dishonesty on his part. On making up his accounts the Lodge discovered a deficiency of £29 15s. 6d. Mason was dismissed, and a claim made under the policy against the society. The society required that Mason should be prosecuted at once. The trustees being under the impression that Mason was a man of property, issued a summons against him in the District Court, to recover the deficiency, but before the case came on for hearing Mason filed his schedule. The trustees after this prosecuted Mason at the Redfern Police Court. He was committed to take his trial, but eventually acquitted at the Quarter Sessions. The society was applied to for payment of the £29 15s. 6d., and also for the costs in connection with the prosecution, as it was contended they were bound under the seventh condition endorsed on their policy to pay. The society refused to recognise the claim. Mr. Simpson, for defendants, pleaded a number of pleas, and at the conclusion of the evidence contended that there was no criminal fraud proved against Mason; and further, that as the trustees had not prosecuted Mason "forthwith," as required by the seventh condition endorsed on the policy, the defendants were not liable at all. Dr. Sly replied, pointing out that all that the jury had to be satisfied with was that the trustees had sustained a loss through the "dishonesty" of Mason, the words of the policy being "criminal fraud or dishonesty;" and it was clear from the evidence, and from the fact of Mason having been committed to take his trial, that the retention of the £29 15s. 6d. was "dishonest" on Mason's part; and with reference to the expenses, as the seventh condition of the policy provided that the Guarantee Company should pay the expenses of the criminal prosecution, the plaintiffs were entitled to recover such expenses. The jury found a verdict for the plaintiffs for £29 15s. 6d., and his Honor ordered the allowance of four witnesses and an increased fee to Dr. Sly.

METROPOLITAN QUARTER SESSIONS.

Thursday, February 28.

(*Before Mr. District Court Judge* Wilkinson.)

Mr. P. J. Healy prosecuted on behalf of the Crown.

JURORS FINED.

Lewis William Sweet, of Ashfield, and William Cochrane, of High-street, St. Leonards, absent jurors, were each fined 40s.

PLEAS OF GUILTY.

The following prisoners pleaded guilty to the offences with which they were charged, and were remanded for sentence:—*William Henry Newbery*, bigamy; *Arthur John Weichman*, embezzling £3 9s. 2d.; *Henry Frederick Parrow* alias *Henry Frederick Mueller*, four charges of obtaining money (£12, £14, £15, and £4) by false pretences; *Charles Milford*, obtaining £1 13s. by false pretences; *Harold Stanley*, two charges of obtaining money (£4 5s. and £16) by false pretences, and a charge of obtaining a coat by false pretences; *William Hopkins*, obtaining £1 19s. by false pretences.

ATTEMPTING TO COMMIT SUICIDE.

The following persons pleaded guilty to having attempted to commit suicide:—*Alexander M'Lean, Edward Walsh, Walter Solter, Francis Hill,* and *Elizabeth Allen*. With respect to the last-named defendant, the Crown did not pray judgment, and she was therefore discharged. The defendant Hill was bound over in his own bond of £40, to appear to receive judgment whenever he might be called upon to do so; and the defendant Salter was bound over to be of good behaviour for three months. The other two defendants were remanded for sentence.

LARCENY.

John Butler alias *William Bull* was charged with having, on the 18th January, stolen a silver watch, chain, &c., the property of William Norton. The prisoner was arrested by Constable Glanville in Pitt-street one evening in February, and was then wearing the stolen articles, which, on being apprehended, he tried to throw away. The prosecutor was a cook employed at an establishment in George-street, at which the prisoner had also been at work. The prisoner, who had served long terms of imprisonment in Victoria and New South Wales gaols, was now sentenced to penal servitude for five years.

Walter Brackenrey, a young man, was charged with having at Liverpool on the 29th January stolen £31, the moneys of William Edward Learoy. The prosecutor lodged at the Commercial Hotel, Liverpool, and the prisoner also lodged at the same place, and slept in a room adjoining that occupied by Mr. Learoy. The latter had a sum of money in a box, and missed £31 from it on the morning of the 30th January. Prisoner left by train that day and came to Sydney, where he was arrested. A revolver, £4 1s. in money, and other property were found in his possession. It was proved that shortly before the money was missed the prisoner was in want of money, and that immediately before he left Liverpool he changed a £5-note, which, it was alleged, was part of the stolen money. The jury having deliberated for a few minutes, brought in a verdict of guilty. The prisoner was remanded for sentence.

BIGAMY.

Ann Ford was charged with having, at Newtown, on the 12th May, 1883, feloniously and unlawfully married Joseph Pratt, her former husband, John Ford, being then alive. It was proved that the defendant was married to John Ford, at West Maitland, on the 9th October, 1862, and that she was married to Joseph Pratt, a seafaring man, at Newtown, on the 12th May, 1883, and that her former husband was still alive. The jury found the prisoner guilty, and she was sentenced to be imprisoned, and kept to hard labour, for two years.

FORGERY AND UTTERING.

Robert Black was charged with having, on the 22nd February, feloniously forged a cheque for the payment of £28 with intent to defraud. On a second count in the information the prisoner was charged with having uttered the cheque knowing it to be a forgery. It seemed that on the 21st February the prisoner went to the London Chartered Bank in Sydney and represented that he was desirous of opening an account. He stated that he was a hawker, residing in the country, and that he intended to send some money into the bank. He purchased some blank cheque forms, but the teller who supplied them to him took the precaution to put private marks upon them. About 11 o'clock on the morning of the 22nd the prisoner called at the bank and presented for payment a cheque for £28 purporting to bear the signature of "George De Pass." Detective Wilmot, who had received certain information, was in the bank awaiting the arrival of the prisoner, whom he took into custody. Mr. De Pass was called as a witness, and deposed that the signature on the cheque was not his, but a very clever imitation. The bank teller proved that the cheque was one of those he supplied the prisoner on February 21. The jury having deliberated for a few minutes, found the prisoner guilty of uttering the cheque knowing it to be a forgery. A warder from the gaol proved that the prisoner had, at Maitland, been convicted of forgery and uttering, stealing, and robbery from a dwelling, for which three offences he received sentences amounting to 11 years; and that at the Sydney Quarter Sessions in June, 1873, he, for feloniously wounding a prisoner in gaol, was sentenced to seven years on the roads. His Honor said that in view of such a record against the prisoner he could not inflict a light sentence. The sentence of the Court was that the prisoner be kept to penal servitude for seven years.

ROBBERY WITH VIOLENCE.

John Williams was charged with having, at Sydney, on the 19th January, in company with two other persons to the Crown Prosecutor unknown, feloniously assaulted one James West, and having put him in fear and danger of his life, then stolen from his person a watch, watch chain, and other articles. The prosecutor was proceeding along William-street on the night of the 19th January, and called in at the Five Roads Hotel, where he saw some men amongst whom was one resembling the prisoner. Prosecutor asked to be supplied with rum, but as he was already under the influence of liquor, the landlady declined to serve him. West then left, and when he had gone as far as Alberto-terrace some men attacked him. One caught him by the throat, and the others robbed him of a watch, chain, and trinkets. The robbery was reported to the police, and a description of the stolen property was supplied to Mr. William J. Kerry, a pawnbroker carrying on business in Lower George-street. The prisoner went there on the afternoon of January 21, and tried to dispose of the watch, chain, &c. The pawnbroker declined to purchase, and tried to detain the prisoner, who made off, saying that he was going down to Queen's-place, where he would show the pawnbroker the man to whom the watch, &c., belonged. Mr. Kerry pursued the prisoner, who, after an exciting chase, was caught near the corner of Bent and Phillip streets. Whilst Mr. Kerry was chasing the prisoner the captain of a vessel caught Williams, but he was cut in the eye and compelled to relinquish his hold. Prisoner ran away, and was again caught by someone, from whom he also succeeded in releasing himself. At one stage of his flight Williams encouraged some persons who, it was believed, were confederates to "go for" Kerry, but the latter did not abandon the pursuit. His Honor in, addressing the jury, said he thought Mr. Kerry was entitled to the best thanks of the community for pursuing and leading to the capture of the accused. The jury found the prisoner guilty. The gaol records showed that the prisoner was known to the officials by the aliases of "Hooten" and "Dido;" that, on a charge of stealing, he, on the 14th December, 1875, was sentenced to six months' imprisonment; that on the 3rd October, 1877, on a charge of stealing, he was sentenced to 12 months' imprisonment; that on the 29th May, 1878, for garotting, he was sentenced to five years' imprisonment, and to receive 25 lashes; and that on the 26th September, 1882, for being a suspected person, he was sentenced to six months' imprisonment. His Honor now sentenced the prisoner to penal servitude for 12 years.

CHARGE ABANDONED.

Henry Allard was charged, that being a member of a certain co-partnership, consisting of himself, H. Churchill, and J. Sharples, he stole certain property of the co-partnership. After the case had been initiated, it was withdrawn by the Crown Prosecutor, the jury returned a verdict of not guilty, and the accused was discharged.

The following is the list of cases set down for trial on Friday:—Geo. Thompson, indecent assault; Ed. Martin, larceny; Isaac Rowe, uttering a forgery; W. J. Henry, false pretences; W. E. Stone, horse-stealing; Richd. Cutter, larceny.

LAW NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT.—Friday, February 29.

Term List.—Motions, &c.: Davis v. White, appeal; White v. Davis, appeal; Larkins v. O'Connell, appeal; Dawson v. Bank of New Zealand, new trial motion; Trice v. the Clarence and Richmond River Steam Company, new trial motion; ex parte Middlemiss, mandamus; Anderson v. Broughton, prohibition; same v. Ferrier, prohibition; ex parte Gerrard, prohibition; Fordyce v. Sheridan, appeal; Brown v. Grogan, D. C. appeal; Rigney v. Brunker and another, to rescind order; ex parte Cox and others, prohibition; ex parte Clarge, prohibition.

Chamber List.—Bond v. Huntley, in re William John Watson, &c.; Roberts v. Crouch, the Australian Joint Stock Bank v. Jones and others, Wheeler v. M'Millan, Thompson v. Zahel and another, M'Kay v. Fishburn and another, Morgan v. Booth.

Prothonotary's Office.—Stinson v. Fryer, 10.30; Warde v. Ange, 2.30.

In Equity, at 11 a.m.—Before his Honor Mr. Justice Faucett (in the absence, &c).—In Court.—Motions and Petitions Generally: Parnell v. Crawford, injunction motion from Friday last; re Felix Wilson's will and Railway Act 1858, petition; re application of Anne E. Tessimond, an infant, for appointment of guardian (petition); Wentworth v. Humphrey, petition for vesting order.

INSOLVENCY BUSINESS.

Friday.—James Price and James Stewart, third meetings; Mary Ann Rhodes, deceased, and Arthur Key Farrar, second meetings; John Nugent, Richard Albert Drock, David Gubbay, Samuel Loes, Charles Henry Edward Chauvel, first meetings; William James M'Culloch, William Henry Tolhurst, and James Joseph Hareman, single meetings.

POLICE.

CENTRAL POLICE COURT.

Mr. Dillon, S.M., sat in the Charge Court yesterday, and Mr. Crane, S.M., in the Summons Court.

Charles Ashton, an old man, was brought up on remand, on a charge of having broken into two letter-receiving boxes in George-street, on Monday night last, and stolen therefrom 141 letters. The evidence, which was partly heard on Tuesday, was to the effect that the boxes were broken open some time during Monday night, and at about 3 o'clock in the morning the prisoner was found with 141 letters in his possession wandering about Liverpool-street. The majority of these letters were proved to have been placed in the receptacles by people carrying on business in the locality of the boxes. Mr. Dillon committed the prisoner for trial at the next sittings of the Criminal Court.

Edward Jaffconte, 36, a dealer, was sent to gaol for two months for having stolen nine American car brass hatpegs, valued at £1, the property of the New South Wales Government. The articles were removed from a car at the Redfern Railway Station. The prisoner was in addition fined £3, in default two months' imprisonment, for having wilfully damaged the car.

WATER POLICE COURT.

Mr. Addison, S.M., occupied the bench in the Charge Court yesterday.

A number of drunkards were punished, one of them, *John Foran*, being also fined 40s. for using indecent language in the Domain.

Arthur Miller was fined 20s. for using obscene language in Margaret-street; and *William Easton*, 60s. for a similar offence.

Thomas Conway was charged with assaulting James B. Aitken on Tuesday last on board the Glengoil. The prosecutor deposed that he was an engineer, and was sleeping in the donkey-man's room about 11.30 at night, when Conway ran in from the forecastle, and told witness to go ashore; witness was on the floor putting on his socks, and Conway kicked him several times; witness had been put in the place formerly occupied by prisoner as greaser; he went ashore and remained there all night; he gave prisoner no provocation. Philip Daniels, engineer's steward, gave corroborative evidence as an eye-witness of the assault. The prisoner was sent to gaol for two months with hard labour.

LICENSING COURT.

Mr. M'Intosh (presiding) and Mr. Addison, S.M., occupied the bench.

The following licenses were granted:—Billiards—John Foster Cripps and Henry James Ackland. Music—John H. Ferguson, Thomas Adrain, William F. Diad, and William Walpole. Pawnbroker—Joseph Solomon. Hawker—Omerich Reichel.

The following transfers were granted:—Colonial wine—Thomas J. Popham to Thomas A. Scott. Billiards—William Lees to Robert Johnston. Publicans—Stephen P. Seowen to John F. Cripps, No. 2 Coffee Palace, Pitt-street; Eliza Dwyer to John Troy, Belmore Hotel, Upper William-street; Joseph H. Hardy to Margaret Reinhardt, Rose, Shamrock, and Thistle, Paddington.

Mr. Marsh, S.M., heard the following case in the Charge Court on Wednesday:—

Lucien Gustin was brought up on remand, charged with having forged the name of G. F. Drakes to a cheque for £192, on the Queensland National Bank, and uttered it to the said bank. The evidence, taken at a previous sitting, was to the effect that the prisoner had presented a cheque to be cashed, drawn in a name in which there was no account. The cheque was so marked and returned to him; he presented it again with the word "no" obliterated, and it was again returned; the cheque was found on him when being locked up on another charge; he said he got it from a person named Drakes, in Queensland, but gave different versions of his becoming possessed of it. The prisoner reserved his defence, and was committed for trial at the Quarter Sessions.

COACH ACCIDENTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—The two terrible accidents so lately befallen passengers by mail coaches ought to have opened the eyes of the public to the danger they run not only in travelling in vehicles that carry mails and passengers, but also to the risks they encounter by moving from place to place in omnibuses and other vehicles, the horses attached to which are not provided with breeching.

These new-fangled notions of driving horses with as little harness as it is possible to put upon them have proved to be a means by which valuable lives have been sacrificed or imperilled.

My old-fashioned ideas, and as one who has driven all sorts of vehicles and horses, tend not only towards having horses properly harnessed, but also to have brakes fitted to all classes of carriages carrying passengers, and shoes in addition, which have for some time not been in use.

I trust that the Transit Commissioners will consider it their duty, in view of the accidents reported, to direct that horses driven in the vehicles they have licensed be fully and strongly harnessed, or some terrible calamity will happen, and one of the scenes will be upon the descent to Rushcutter Bay. S. M. M.

27th February.

The *Clairon* gives the following details about the Roman Catholic establishments in China:—There are, besides those of the Manchouria, Mongolia, Thibet, and Corea, 25 bishoprics or apostolic parishes in China, at the head of half of which there are French prelates. The bishops north and south of the Kiang-si, north of the Tcle-Kiang, and north and south of Petchili are Lazarists from the Rue de Sèvres; those at Rui-cheou, north-west of Su-tchuen, and at Yun-nan are from the missionary establishment of the Rue du Bac; those at Nankin and in the east of Petchili are French Jesuits. At Pekin the Roman Catholics have an equally firm footing, there being a larger religious establishment of the Lazarists in the immediate vicinity of the Imperial Palace, which magnificent convent the Emperor Kanby presented to the Jesuits. In 1861 it was made over to the order of St. Vincent de Paul. The head of this convent, the Bishop of Pekin, has held his apostolate in China for more than 35 years; his talented assistant, M. R. P. Favier, whose cordiality and vivacity have made him popular throughout the town, has also for 22 years been in China. The convent comprises, besides residences for the missionaries, a seminary for Europeans and another for Chinese students; also a European and a Chinese printing office. The large, richly ornamented church, built in 1864, is one of the four Catholic parish churches at Pekin. The Roman Catholics have two cemeteries, one in the neighbourhood of the country-house of the Lazarists, the other the French cemetery.

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PARLIAMENT OF NEW SOUTH WALES.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Thursday, February 28.

The President took the chair at half-past 4 o'clock.

TEMPORARY SUPPLY BILL.

The President reported the receipt of a message from his Excellency the Governor assenting to the Temporary Supply Bill No. 3.

PETITION.

Mr. Norton presented a petition from 89 residents of Balmain against the Mort Bay Improvement Bill.

The petition was received.

DUBBO CATTLE SALEYARDS BILL.

The House went into committee for the further consideration of the Dubbo Cattle Saleyards Bill.

The remaining clauses of the bill, the schedule, and the preamble were passed without discussion.

Title.

Mr. STEWART said the title of the bill was not correct, as it described the bill as one under which it was intended to collect rates within the municipality of Dubbo, whereas by the 6th clause power was given to tax outside the municipality.

Mr. DE SALIS said the bill was not properly before the House. As it proposed to tax people, it could not rightly be introduced either in this House or the other without the necessary message from the Governor.

Mr. DARLEY said he intended to take the ruling of the President on a similar point when the bill was reported to the House, and a motion was moved that the report be adopted.

The title was passed on division by 21 to 3.

The Chairman left the chair, and reported the bill with amendments to the House.

Mr. JACOB moved that the report be adopted.

Mr. DARLEY said he would take the ruling of the President on the amendment made in the 6th clause of the bill while the bill was under consideration in committee. After the word "Dubbo" in that clause, the words "or within one mile thereof," had been introduced, and the effect of that was to enable the municipality of Dubbo to levy rates and charges upon any saleyard either in existence now, or which might be constructed, within one mile of the municipality of Dubbo. He wished to submit whether that was an amendment which this House had power to introduce. The proviso of the 1st clause in the Constitution Act was in these terms:—"Provided that all bills for appropriating any part of the public revenue, or for imposing any new rate, tax, or impost, subject always to the limitation contained in clause 54 of this Act, shall originate in the Legislative Assembly of the said colony." Well, the provision introduced into this bill did not originate in the Assembly. The bill, no doubt, originated there, but the provision did not. If this House had power to introduce this provision, they had power to introduce in any bill that came before them a provision to levy a tax, rate, or impost. It might be said that, as this bill was initiated in the Legislative Assembly, this House might do what it liked with it—initiate any impost it liked, so long as the bill was initiated in the Assembly; but he submitted that was not the meaning of the clause he had read. The idea embodied in the statute was taken from the practice of the House of Lords and the House of Commons. In the last edition of May, page 704, he found this with respect to private bills:—"In order to explain clearly all the forms and proceedings to be observed in passing private bills, it is proposed to state them, as nearly as possible, in the order in which they successively arise. It will be convenient, for this purpose, to begin with the House of Commons; because, by the privileges of that House, every bill which involves any pecuniary charge or burden on the people, by way of tax, rate, toll, or duty, ought to be first brought into that House. It has followed from this rule, that by far the greater number of private bills have hitherto, from their character, necessarily been passed first by the Commons. But the Commons have now resolved, 'that this House will not insist on its privileges, with regard to any clauses in private bills, or in bills to confirm any provisional orders, or provisional certificates, sent down from the House of Lords, which refer to tolls and charges for services performed, and are not in the nature of a tax, or which refer to rates assessed and levied by local authorities for local purposes.'" So that in the House of Lords they might pass a bill of this kind if the charges were for services performed, and were "not in the nature of a tax, or which refer to rates assessed or levied by local authorities for local purposes." This bill, he need not point out, proposed to levy a tax which was not for services performed. The impost here was one levied on those of the public who chose to sell their cattle, or on persons who had yards and chose to sell their cattle—levied on all such persons a mile beyond and around the municipality. This House was doing what the House of Lords could not do, and what was against the provision in the Constitution Act.

Mr. JACOB said he held in his hand a very able speech delivered by the Attorney-General on the Inscribed Stock Bill, and in that speech it would be found that the Attorney-General maintained most ably and forcibly what he (Mr. Jacob) would maintain—that the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly were the creatures of statute. The Legislative Council and the Legislative Assembly were creatures of the Constitution Act, and they ought to ascertain their powers within the four walls of the Constitution Act. The language in the first section of that Act appeared to him to be very plain as regards their powers; but he ventured to put an interpretation upon that section different from that put before the House by Mr. Darley. That section provided that all bills imposing taxation should originate in the Legislative Assembly, and this bill was originated in the Assembly, and the expression in the section of the Constitution Act, "any new rate, tax, or impost," meant, with reference to this bill, the raising of a rate, tax, or impost for municipal purposes. The functions of this House would be impaired and its utility destroyed if they were not able to amend bills in the direction in which had amended this bill. The Attorney-General, on the memorable occasion he had mentioned delivered himself in this way:—"The case of the bill is this: that the actual bill which, as originally introduced, has not been destroyed, but returns to us clothed in the garments which we have put upon it. Its return under these circumstances can be regarded only as a matter of congratulation. It may, however, be desirable at this time to notice the circumstances under which it was thought by this Chamber desirable to amend the measure, our amendments in which have been adopted by the Assembly. The power which the House of Commons has maintained by protesting against any alteration or change by the House of Lords in bills of supply is based, as every one who has made himself familiar with the question knows, on three grounds—first, its own solemn resolution of 1678; second, the perpetual enforcement of that resolution whenever circumstances arose to make it essentially necessary to do so; and third, the practical acceptance on the part of the House of Lords of the terms of that resolution, and the consequent surrender of the power which up to the period I have named the House of Lords had enjoyed. This power of the House of Commons is to be found nowhere else but in that resolution, in the perpetual enforcement of it, and in the practical acquiescence of the House of Lords. What I wish to insist on is that there can be no analogy between the relations of the Lords to the Commons and our position with regard to the Assembly. It seems to me little more than a piece of dramatic entertainment, not at all of a serious character, to pretend that there is a constitutional resemblance between this Chamber and the House of Lords. I have thought it my duty to say so much on that point because it was at my instance that the amendments in the bill were adopted by the Council. Now, the powers of our Parliament and those of both its legislative bodies are severally and strictly defined by statute. This House has nothing whatever to do with prescription, with resolutions of privilege, or with constitutional pretensions of any kind whatever. These, however, form the very life of the Imperial Parliament, and of the title of the House of Commons to the powers it exercises and persists in claiming from antiquity. Our antiquity, we must all admit, goes no further back than the year of the Constitution Act, 1855. That is the remotest antiquity to which we can lay claim. Yet, strange to say, there seems to be the greatest possible confusion as to the precise title upon which we base our dealings with measures such as that under consideration. The Act which gives the Assembly its powers provides equally—save with regard to the origination of money bills—for the powers of the Council. There is no other difference. The House of Commons for very many years has denied to the House of Lords the power of amending money bills, and for 200 years the House of Lords has surrendered that right, which is conferred on us by statute, and cannot be taken away except by statute. It follows that the citation of Imperial authorities on such a matter is perfectly idle, and can have no application whatever. It is unnecessary then to discuss the matter further as one of constitutional right."

Mr. DALLEY said he respectfully submitted that this extension of the area under which the impost was leviable was within the power of this House. This amendment was made for two purposes—to render more effective the Act itself, and for the imposition of fees in respect of benefits taken or services rendered. Now, by the Standing Orders of the House of Commons of 1831, amended in 1849, the distinction was clearly recognised between fees imposed in respect of benefit taken or service rendered, and tolls or imposts made payable into the Treasury or Exchequer, or in aid of the public revenue. No portion of this money could find its way into the Treasury, or, in the language of the House of Commons resolutions, form the ground of public accounting by the parties receiving the same. Our powers were clearly as large as there, and had a distinct statutable authority. The amendment made by this House provided for the imposition of a toll for services rendered, and simply extended the area within which the impost might be collected by the municipality.

Mr. C. Campbell was understood to support the objection raised against the bill.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN understood that the objection raised was one for the decision of the President, and that no member of the House had a right to express positively what he thought of the matter. What he had to say, therefore, he merely put forward as his opinion, in order to assist the President in deciding the question. He submitted that the tax to be levied under this bill was not a tax within the provisions of the Constitution Act. The whole question depended on this—What was the meaning of the words "new rate, tax, or impost" in section 1 of the Act? He submitted that they were only such as were taxes, imposts, rates, or duties within section 47; that was to say, which were to form, or properly would and ordinarily did form, part of the Consolidated Revenue. Therefore the creation of a liability to pay a fee or other sum for a particular benefit or work, such being money which could not form a part of that revenue, would not be an infringement of the law. And especially was this argument of greater weight when the thing to be done, or on which the liability to pay arose, was entirely within every man's own option, as under this bill.

Mr. DE SALIS thought that section 47 of the Constitution Act, taking Sir Alfred Stephen's view of the matter, meant nothing more than that if any taxes were levied they should be paid into the Consolidated Revenue. Therefore, if the taxes under this bill were levied they should be paid into the Consolidated Revenue, and as that could not be done the objection raised against the bill must be sound.

The PRESIDENT said he would like to know from Sir Alfred Stephen what he thought of such taxes as those for the extinction of noxious animals, or of disease—whether they were such as could not under the Constitution Act be introduced in this House.

Sir ALFRED STEPHEN said his impression was that nothing was prohibited as a new rate or impost under section 1, unless it were a rate, tax, impost, or duty contemplated by section 47. If a tax were proposed such as those just mentioned by the President, though the money might be paid to particular persons it was as though it had been paid into the Consolidated Revenue, and taken out again and then paid to certain persons.

Mr. DARLEY said that if his hon. learned friend were correct, it would follow that this House might initiate a general tax for the whole colony, say a property tax, so long as the tax was not paid into the Consolidated Revenue.

Mr. DALLEY suggested that as the matter was a serious one, perhaps the President would like some time to consider it, and therefore, if his hon. friend would permit him, he would move as an amendment on the motion that the adoption of the report stand an order of the day for this day week.

The PRESIDENT said that with regard to the point which had been put before him he did not require any time to decide, but the point subsequently started by Sir Alfred Stephen was so very important that he would like some time to consider it.

Mr. DARLEY said he would withdraw the point of order, and bring it forward again when the matter was again before the House next Thursday.

The point of order was withdrawn, and on the motion of Mr. Dalley, the adoption of the report was made an order of the day for Thursday next.

BUTCHERS' SHOPS SUNDAY CLOSING BILL.

The debate upon the motion for the second reading of the Butchers' Shops Sunday Closing Bill was resumed.

Mr. DARLEY said he had the greatest pleasure in supporting this bill. He had been informed that there were about 1800 journeymen butchers in the metropolitan district, and he was very glad to see such a large body of men coming forward, and almost unanimously asking that they might have the one day in the week as a day of rest. Through a few of the butchers persisting in opening their shops on Sunday it was impossible for the others to get this day to themselves. He thought there was every justification for the passing of the bill, and it should be passed without amendment.

Mr. STEWART opposed the second reading of the bill. He held that it would inflict inconvenience on the butchers' customers, while it would relieve the butchers from only an imaginary grievance which they were voluntarily inflicting upon themselves. The argument that a similar measure was in operation in Queensland should have no weight with them, for it might not be giving satisfaction there. He maintained also that generally the public had not suitable means for keeping meat from Saturday to Sunday, and that their going to the shops for it on Sundays did no harm to anyone. It was said that these men had to work 14 hours a day, but who was to blame for this but the master butchers, who ought to employ more hands. He hoped the House would not pass this bill, for it would not be a gracious thing to do. It would be irritating to a very large number of persons. He thought the nature of the measure had not been understood by the Assembly, and that it had been smuggled through there at a favourable opportunity when few members paid regard to it. If it were read a second time here he would endeavour to so move that it would be returned to the Assembly to be abandoned there.

Mr. C. CAMPBELL said it might be thought that Mr. Stewart considered himself as addressing an assemblage of unbelievers. This bill simply confirmed an English Act. The class of men to be affected by it were in a more peculiar position than any other. Their occupation was not an elevating one, and when it was asked by them that the House should assist in improving it, they were told now by the hon. gentleman that they should not do so. They were to say they must have regard to their stomachs, though these men went to the devil. He argued that the men should have the same opportunities as their fellow-creatures for enjoyment and for invigorating their minds and bodies.

Mr. JACOB stated that he was going to vote against the second reading of the bill. He pointed out that the law provided that butchers' shops might be opened on Sundays. If they repealed the law in this respect they should also prevent fruiterers, greengrocers, and dairymen pursuing their avocations on Sundays. He contended that the butchers were not compelled to work on Sundays. The matter was in their own hands, and he would remind the House that some classes were sufficiently powerful to dictate terms to their employers. If the motion were agreed to, he would, in committee, endeavour to make the bill apply to the colony generally, and to other tradesmen than butchers.

Mr. DE SALIS opposed the bill, on the ground that it would benefit only a few, to the inconvenience of the many. He could not applaud a principle of this kind unless it were extended to other trades and occupations, such as those of dairymen, trammen, omnibus men, steamer men, cabmen, and publicans.

Mr. GORDON ventured to think it would be very much to be regretted if the House refused to pass the second reading of this bill. It would be a thousand pities to throw a damper upon any efforts of this kind put forth by a large body of respectable men to secure their social and moral improvement. No petition had been presented against the bill; it had been before the country for some time; and the only opposition to it existed in the imagination of some hon. members.

Mr. BRODRIBB said he had personally learned from the butchers themselves that nine out of ten of them were in favour of closing their shops on Sunday. He would support the bill.

Mr. NORTON opposed the bill because it was brought in as a measure of compulsion against a minority. He thought it was best to let trade take its course. If the butchers wished to close their shops there was nothing to prevent them, and the few butchers who it was said persisted in keeping their shops open were not so numerous as to harm the rest. He thought the matter should be allowed to settle itself.

Mr. THORNTON replied. He was surprised and disappointed at the opposition to the bill. He maintained still that these men's condition was that of slaves. They had to work 14 hours during four days, 16 on one day, and 20 on another, and this tended to blunt every fine susceptibility born within them. It was a condition of affairs that was most discreditable to such a country as this. He explained that the operation of the bill would not be confined to Sydney, but to the metropolitan police district. He would, however, be well pleased if it were extended to the whole of the colony. He implored the House to prevent a further survival of what he considered a species of white slavery, and he reminded them that they had exerted a very strong hand in closing public-houses on Sundays.

The question that the bill be read the second time was put and affirmed on the following division:—

AYES, 18.

King	Moore, C.	Dalley
Brodribb	Campbell, A.	Stephen
Dangar	Campbell, C.	Jacob
Ogilvie	Docker	Abbott
Piddington	Gordon	Thornton } Tellers.
Frazer	Darley	Macintosh }

NOES, 8.

Stewart	Lucas	Cox
Hill	Roberts	De Salis
Norton	Terry	[Tellers.

The bill was then read the second time.

The House adjourned at seven minutes past 7 o'clock until 4 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday next.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.

Thursday, February 28.

The Speaker took the chair at 4.30 o'clock p.m.

ANSWERS TO QUESTIONS.

Mr. DIBBS, in answer to Mr. William Clarke, said that the Trade Marks Act 1865 (28 Victoria No. 9) provided all the necessary machinery for prosecutions for any infringement of trade marks registered in the colony, but did not contain any provision, so far as he was able to discover, for the appointment of a special officer by the Government. It appeared to him that the rightful owner of any trade mark, or his agent, could proceed against any offender.

Mr. WRIGHT, in answer to Mr. Garrard, said that the vote of £2000 for putting the Abattoir-road in repair had been expended. The sum of £993 11s. 4d. had been expended upon that portion of the road within the municipality of Leichhardt.

Mr. STUART, in answer to Mr. M'Elhone, said that the railway expenditure, both under loan votes and annual departmental votes, came under the general audit applied to all expenditure for the public service. The work of the new branch applied only to the revenue of traffic receipts as audited by the railway traffic auditor, together with an independent inspection of the traffic accounts at the railway stations.

Mr. WRIGHT, in answer to Mr. M'Elhone, said that the trial survey of a railway from Muswellbrook to Merriwa had been temporarily abandoned. The commission to inquire into the construction and condition of the iron railway bridges of the colony had not yet been issued. Neither Mr. Whitton nor Mr. Cowdery had been offered an opportunity of nominating members of the commission, and Mr. Goodchap had not been consulted in the matter. Tenders had been called for the construction of steam ferry-boats to run to North Shore. It had been decided to erect a timber bridge over the Hunter River, at Denman.

Mr. FARNELL, in answer to Dr. Ross, said that the first approved design of the village of Manildra was altered on account of the proposed line of railway between Orange and Forbes being taken through it. A re-survey was in consequence rendered necessary. The amount paid for the surveys of town allotments and suburban portions for auction sale was £281 3s. 1d. The area so measured was 320 acres.

Mr. STUART, in answer to Dr. Ross, said that (1.) the sum £51 1s. 9d. was paid for the year 1883 as fees, to the Land Agent at Molong; (2.) the former Land Agent for Molong was the Clerk of Petty Sessions and Registrar of Births, &c., and he received fees according to allowance to Clerks of Petty Sessions to the end of September, 1882, when he was relieved of the office.

Mr. FARNELL, in answer to Mr. Barbour, gave particulars concerning a reserve No. 2512 in the parish of Lockhart, stating that it would be open for selection on the 6th March next.

Mr. STUART, in reply to Mr. Buchanan, who asked the question without notice, said that the Civil servants were not allowed a half-holiday on Wednesday in consequence of its being nomination day in connection with the East Sydney election. They were allowed, as customary, an additional hour at noon, and instead of being absent from their offices from 12 to 1 they were away until 2 o'clock. On Friday the custom of closing the Public offices at 1 o'clock would have been followed, in order to enable the Civil servants to record their vote; but in consequence of the lamented decease of the Principal of the Sydney University, the Public offices would be closed at 12 o'clock, so that persons therein might attend the funeral.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC AT URALLA.

Mr. COPELAND moved,—"That there be laid upon the table of this House a return showing the traffic done at Uralla for the year 1883, specifying goods, passengers, and stock; also the amount of revenue earned during the same period."

The motion was agreed to.

THE CLAIM OF STEPHEN COLE.

Mr. LOUGHNAN moved,—"That an address be presented to the Governor, praying that his Excellency will be pleased to cause to be laid upon the table of this House copies of all letters, papers, minutes, and correspondence of all kinds, relating to the claim of Stephen Cole, on which subject a select committee is now sitting."

The motion was agreed to.

TEMPORARY CHAIRMAN OF COMMITTEES.

Mr. STUART moved,—"That Mr. John Lackey act as Chairman of Committees for this day."

The motion was agreed to.

PERSONAL EXPLANATION.

Mr. M'ELHONE said he was obliged to move the adjournment of the House in order to refer to a matter which affected himself. He said at the time that the hon. member, Mr. Melville, called for certain papers with regard to the appointment of J. H. Handsaker as acting inspector of conditional purchases, he was under the impression that some member of the Government was going to take action in the matter. He did not complain of the fact that the hon. member had moved for the papers because there had been a whisper that he had been instrumental in getting Mr. Handsaker appointed, for which he received a sum of money. He would be able to show that there was no truth in the statement.

Mr. SPEAKER pointed out that there was a notice of motion on the paper for Tuesday next in reference to the matter, and the hon. member, by now speaking on the subject, was anticipating a discussion. He was therefore scarcely in order.

Mr. M'ELHONE said he wished to draw attention to the fact that the hon. member Mr. O'Connor had, during the debate on the previous night, said that he would be known in the future as "Mr. John Handsaker M'Elhone," and he further remarked that he went to a country constituency to contest an election with Mr. Watson, and that he returned very quickly to Sydney without going to the poll. The inferences intended to be conveyed by the hon. member were that he was paid in connection with those matters. He challenged the hon. member to prove the truth of them. He went to the country constituency to oppose Mr. Watson, and he found a Mr. G. R. M'Leay also in the field. He found out that the latter was an applicant for the office of a police magistrate, and he in consequence attended the meetings of that candidate, and told the people to vote against him, as he, being an applicant for a Government appointment, his vote would probably be bought in the House. He challenged the hon. member Mr. O'Connor either to prove what he had stated, or to deny what he (Mr. M'Elhone) had said about the card-playing with Mr. Targett, Mr. Levien, and Mr. O'Mara.

Mr. O'Connor rose to speak, but Mr. SPEAKER said, there being no motion before the House he would not be in order. If he moved the adjournment of the House he could make a reply.

Mr. O'CONNOR denied having taken part in a game of cards, as stated by the hon. member.

Mr. M'ELHONE: Let either of the hon. members Mr. O'Mara and Mr. Levien deny it.

Mr. O'MARA: I refuse to introduce anything of a private character into a public discussion. (Hear, hear.)

Mr. LEVIEN rose to make a personal explanation relative to the card-playing with Mr. O'Connor, which he was proceeding to deny, when

Sir John Robertson objected, and

The SPEAKER ruled that the hon. member could only make an explanation by permission of the House. An hon. member having objected, it would be out of order for the member to make his explanation.

Mr. M'ELHONE: What did you tell me about the four queens?

TEMPORARY SUPPLY BILL.

The Speaker announced the receipt of a message from the Governor, giving his assent, in the name of her Majesty, to the Temporary Supply Bill.

MOTION FOR ADJOURNMENT.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON rose to refer to the deliverances of some of the Ministers in the city during the last two days—utterances which were not only not fair, but absolutely false. It had been put forward that Mr. Reid was now before the constituency of East Sydney owing to some failure on the part of the last Government in reference to the appointment of the Minister for Public Instruction; but to say that it was the fault of the former Government was simply a misrepresentation. With regard to their statement that he had been guilty of cowardice in running away from his motion disapproving of their financial proposals, it was the Government which had shown the white feather, and run away from its financial proposals, and not he. He stated, when proposing his resolution disapproving of the financial policy, that he did so with reluctance, and not with any desire to hamper Ministers; and the very next day the Treasurer formally abandoned his proposals. Who, then, had shown the white feather? He (Sir John Robertson) had not shown it. He moved the adjournment of the House.

Mr. BUCHANAN rose to refer to Civil servants being allowed to absent themselves from their offices for the purpose of being present at the nomination of candidates for East Sydney. He failed to know on what principle the Civil servants were allowed to go and idle their time away at the nomination. Not only that, but they were to be allowed two hours' leave to record their votes, but he did not see why they could not record their votes at 8 o'clock. It was destructive of the character of a Government to pander to this class of servants as they did, and he was of opinion that the proper thing to do was to take from Civil servants the right of voting. (No, no.) The hon. gentleman at some length denounced the attitude taken by the press in the present election as being unfair and one-sided, and charged it with putting false issues before the people.

Sir JOHN ROBERTSON, in reply, said that a Minister had charged him with showing the white feather, whereas it was the Government that showed the white feather and abandoned all their proposals. Yet those men were cowardly enough and contemptible enough to make an attack upon the Opposition.

The motion for adjournment was then put, and declared to be negatived. Mr. Fremlin called for a division, which was taken as follows:—

AYES, 14.

O'Mara	Harris	Tighe
Heydon	Poole	Stokes
Garrard	Day	Loughnan }
Olliffe	Moses	Fremlin }
Withers	Chapman	Tellers.

NOES, 41.

Abbott	Smith, T. R.	Buchanan
Stuart	Dibbs	Ross
Robertson	Levien	Barbour
Wright	Campbell, G.	Campbell, W.
Burns	Holborow	Teece
Suttor	Lyne	White
Spring	Cohen	De Salis
Young	Vaughn	Smith, S.
Wisdom	Trickett	Farnell
Garrett	Fergusson, W. J.	Melville
O'Connor	Combes	Quin
Targett	Clarke, W.	Merriman }
Levin, L.	Slattery	M'Court }
Taylor, H.	Copeland	Tellers.

The motion for adjournment was therefore negatived.

PETITIONS.

Mr. Stuart presented a petition from a large number of duly qualified medical practitioners residing and practising in the colony of New South Wales, praying the House not to pass into law the Medical Bill introduced by Dr. Tarrant; but in substitution of such bill to introduce and pass an Act for the purpose of imposing penalties on persons who, not being registered in accordance with existing laws, shall wilfully and falsely pretend to be legally qualified medical practitioners.

Mr. Withers presented a petition from residents of Windsor, Richmond, and other places, praying for the amendment of the Medical Bill, so that it shall not have a retrospective effect.

Mr. T. R. Smith, Mr. Moses, and Mr. O'Connor presented petitions in favour of an alteration of the licensing laws, so as to extend the hours of business for publicans.

Mr. Abigail presented a petition in favour of the withdrawal from the Estimates of the proposed vote of £75,000 for immigration.

The petitions were received.

PAPERS.

Ministers laid upon the table a return showing the names and dates of appointment of present railway surveyors, and correspondence respecting the case of Captain Rossi.

It was ordered that the documents be printed.

WAYS AND MEANS—THE FINANCIAL POLICY.

Mr. COMBES, in resuming the debate on the motion for the House to resolve itself into a Committee of Ways and Means (upon which Mr. Copeland had moved an amendment in favour of the adoption of ad valorem duties), said the last speaker, Mr. Melville, showed him that he had the courage to uphold his opinions; and although his (Mr. Combes) friends were pleased to chaff him with respect to his ideas as to a tariff, he had yet to learn that he was wrong. He had always thought the proper way to raise a revenue was through the Customs, and that that must be the policy of the future. As the subject had been brought before the House by one of the strongest supporters of the Government, he felt he could not remain silent. He was aware that until the last few years free trade had been regarded by most Englishmen as a subject almost too sacred for discussion; but Great Britain was the only country in the world without protection. Two or three years ago a schism set in called fair trade, and some of the English people had found out that the Belgian people were putting up structures near the town of Sheffield. Free trade hung fire for a bit, and fair trade came to the front. People in this colony who held that taxation should come through the Custom House alone were not alone in holding that opinion. With reference to other countries, there was not one European country that did not hold firmly to protection as the limpet held to the rock. He alluded to France, Germany, and Russia particularly as instances of this. Canada was at a low ebb until 1879, when she established a protective tariff, since which time she had been very prosperous. In France, during the Napoleonic wars, sugar went up to 3s. 9d. per lb., and so in 1812 Napoleon promoted the manufacture of beet sugar. The industry flourished so much that in 1837 the sugar produced was able to stand an excise tax of 6s. 9d. per ton, and in 1840 this was raised to 11s., while in 1848 the industry had become so firmly established that the duties were equalised. In 1875 there were produced in France 462,256lb. of beetroot sugar. Similar results had been obtained in Russia and other European countries, but they would not have been obtained had not the Government taken the matter in hand. This industry brought into existence and sustained others, and benefited the country in which it existed. Here, too, the sugar industry was flourishing under protection, as was also the kerosene manufacture, while half the food the working men ate was taxed. When sugar could afford an excise duty he should not be against that; but he should be against taking the duty off, and the same with kerosene and beer. In Canada they had raised their revenue through the Custom House for a very long time, but the first Act of a protective character was passed in 1858. They gradually increased the duties, until in 1879 they had got protection pure and simple. The effect was that in three years they not only had a surplus, but they reduced the public debt by £600,000, and yet the taxation per head was less than it was before the duties were imposed. Let them see what the Treasurer of the Dominion of Canada said in his Budget speech of 1882. Sir Leonard Tilley said: "Now let us see what facts we have been able to gather with reference to the new factories established, and the number of persons employed. I will deal with the general statement first, and then with one or two different localities, showing the improvement that has been produced there by the operation of this tariff. I have statements with reference to wages, but I will take the number of persons employed first. Upon a very partial investigation, because it only extended over a portion of the Dominion, we ascertained that there have been 95 new factories established down to October last since March 1879, employing 7025 hands. The cotton factories that are now in course of construction, and will be probably completed within 12 months, will employ 3000 hands, in addition to those I have already mentioned: 440 odd factories visited, and that were in operation in 1878, less the 95 that I have mentioned as being established since 1878, show an increase of employees, varying from 5 to 30 per cent., and with an average of 17 per cent. in these 350 odd factories. That 17 per cent. on the number of employees, as far as we can gather from the census of 1871, and making allowance for reduction in the number employed between 1871 and 1878, would give 17,850, making 24,875 as the increase of employees since 1878. I will take as an illustration the effect of the tariff on one of the cities of the Dominion to show what its operations have been. I refer to the city of Hamilton. We find in 1881 the value of buildings occupied in that city as factories at that date was 1,074,100 dollars. In 1878 the value of buildings occupied as factories was 705,200 dollars. This shows an increase of 368,900 dollars, or a rate of 51 per cent. The value of plant in 1881 was 1,174,750 dollars; in 1878, 538,100 dollars; showing a difference of 636,650 dollars, or an increase of 113 per cent. The value of goods manufactured in 1881 in Hamilton was 7,478,700 dollars, in 1878 it was 3,857,000 dollars, making an increase of 3,621,700 dollars, or 94 per cent. The number of hands employed in Hamilton in 1881 was 9054, and in 1878 it was given as 3708, showing an increase of 4351, or 117 per cent., as between 1878 and 1881. The average rate of wages per head in 1881 was 1·17½ dollars, and in 1878 1·07½ dollars, or an increase of 9½ per cent., or 10½ cents per head. The number of workshops and factories in 1881 was 78, in 1878 it was 57, showing an increase of 37 per cent. In 1878, 33 workshops were running full time, and 24 short time. In 1881, workshops running short time, 1; full time, 56; overtime, 21; making 78 in all." With reference to the operation of the tariff in lumber, wool, coal, and iron industries, Mr. Tilley concludes as follows:—"I have shown that the farmer has a home market and higher prices, owing to American produce being largely shut out, while the articles he consumes are not higher than they were before. Look at the railway interest. It was thought the operation of the tariff would tend to diminish the amount of their traffic. If we could make a careful account of the manufactured goods carried over the railways we would find the revenue from these sources has largely increased. Comparing what they carried from the seaports in 1877-8 and what they carry from the seaports to-day, and add the manufactures from the various factories that are sending their products all over the Dominion, it will be found that the railway proprietors have a large interest in this new policy. Every interest in the country has been, in my judgment, largely and materially benefited. This policy, supplemented with our legislation securing the rapid construction of the Canadian Pacific Railway, have combined to place us in the enviable position we now occupy—the best position of any people on the face of the earth." He had no intention of speaking on this matter, but it had been forced upon him. Whatever ad valorem duty was proposed he would support. He would have much preferred to see Mr. Copeland keep to his original proposal of having a 5 per cent. ad valorem duty on some specified articles. He must say that, while he would vote for the first proposal, he would not for the second one, because he saw that that was a tax on industry. According to the hon. gentleman's proposal, land worth £10 per acre would be taxed to the extent of 1s. per acre. That was obviously unfair. He failed to see how a land tax could really be made whilst the Crown was the owner of the land. He felt that his hon. friend was wrong in bringing in a land tax of this sort. We would be absolutely taxing the land for a yearly amount at almost one-third of what the Government would give a twenty years' tenure for. Whatever might be the upshot of the case, there need not be a land tax here for many years. There had never been the outcry against the sale of land that hon. members had said there was. He objected to the wholesale disposal of the land like other hon. members did. However, as he had said before, he would vote for the first resolution, but he would oppose the second one.

Mr. QUIN said that the hon. member had referred to the policy adopted in Canada, but he maintained there was no analogy between this colony and the country referred to. He pointed out how the protective policy worked in Victoria. At Ballarat he saw the other day that a foundry company there celebrated the manufacture of the hundredth locomotive at its establishment. Well, that company had not yet paid a dividend, but the same could not be said of Hudson Brothers' establishment in this free-trade colony. He had been informed the other night that raw material was taxed in the colony, and he should like to see that tax taken off, as he was in favour of placing as few restrictions in the way of local manufactures as possible. Referring to the import of coaches, buggies, &c., he said that the duty proposed by Mr. Copeland on these articles would have the effect of making the people pay a higher price for the goods, and in the end destroying the revenue received from these imports, as there were factories in the colony that would supply the demand, and already there was a very large factory of the kind at Hay, where Cobb and Co.'s coaches were mostly manufactured. So far as revenue purposes were concerned, he was in favour of selling lands in a discriminative manner, but he would not sell the lands along the railway lines until the colony should have had some benefit from the unearned increment. He would rather see a well-considered property tax imposed than for duties to be levied through the Custom House. Speaking of the system of drawbacks in Victoria, he gave an illustration of how it worked. Supposing an invoice of goods arrived in the colony of the value of say £500, then 20 per cent. duty made it £600; and add to that the merchant's profit, say £200, it made a total of £800. The drawback was given, not on the £500, the original amount of the invoice, but upon the £800. Why Victoria had been so successful in securing the trade of Riverina was because Melbourne was practically a free port for that district. He contended that if they levied an ad valorem duty in Sydney, even though it were as low as 2 per cent., from that day this port would decline, and of that he was quite confident. There were many things connected with the education vote which might have had the pruning knife well applied. The high class of buildings was quite unnecessary, and it seemed to him an extraordinary thing that the colony, with a population of not more than 900,000, should expend nearly £900,000 on education. He would like to call attention to the fact that if they allowed an ad valorem duty of 10 per cent. to be imposed it might induce industries to start, as had been the case with regard to the paper manufactory, and then if they attempted to remove the ad valorem duty a number of manufacturers would make an outcry against the withdrawal of these duties; and so a very large majority of the people would have to contribute a tax for the benefit of a few manufacturers. He did not think that where industries had been called into existence Parliament should ruthlessly knock off the duties which protected those industries. Railways were sent into the interior, and the improvement of the lands of the interior was due to the construction of these railways. Mr. Copeland's proposal would work in such a way as to be a higher tax than that proposed by the Government. He was not in favour of progressive taxation, which he considered class taxation. Progressive taxation was the thin edge of the wedge to drive away capital. Mr. Gladstone had whenever introducing an income tax apologised for doing so. An income tax led to a great deal of demoralisation. Cases had been known of persons who had for years paid an income tax on £9000, but when their business had been swept away, they claimed compensation upon £48,000, which they represented to be the loss of their profits for the year. He thought that the excise duty on tobacco would not have the effect of reducing the consumption of tobacco. He was only sorry an excise duty had not been put on beer. He would treat any industry which had sprung into existence very tenderly; nevertheless he thought sugar would bear an excise duty of £1 per ton. He regretted that the Treasurer had withdrawn his proposals, as he thought that if they had been submitted in a modified form they would have been adopted.

Mr. HEYDON spoke of the ability with which the hon. gentleman who had just sat down had spoken, and expressed a hope that in answering the arguments of Mr. Quin he would be acquitted of any personal feeling. The hon. gentleman was a squatter. He (Mr. Heydon) asked, what sympathy could a squatter have with mechanics and farmers? Men had natural proclivities given to their minds by the accident of their training. He asked, what interest had squatters in the progress either of farmers or of mechanics? [An Hon. Member: Why they are the principal consumers.] The progress of farmers meant the multiplication of free selectors, which meant the multiplication of their competitors. Certainly, there was no monetary inducement for the squatter to be in love with the agricultural industry. Mechanics formed that very objectionable feature in their eyes, the radical class of electors, who, as in Victoria, might gain strength enough to oppose the political ideas of squatters. There was no ground of sympathy between squatters and mechanics and farmers. But even squatters could sometimes be in favour of a little protection. They were not above having railway rates adapted to their wants. For instance, from Hay to Sydney, a distance of 493 miles, the squatter's wool was carried at £2 6s. 8d. per ton, while other goods were charged at the rate of £6, £7, and £8 a ton. (Hear, hear.) The other night, when it was a question of refusing applications for allowing purchases of land by virtue of improvements, who so ready as the squatter to speak about the iniquity of so persecuting the pioneer into the interior, of so handicapping an industry to which he belonged, and of so refusing it the moderate necessary protection to give it a fair chance of taking root? In other things he did not find that the squatters objected to a little protection. They were fond of a little outlay for rabbit-extermination. [Mr. Burns: They are taxed for that.] The whole community paid for it. [Cries of "No, no." Mr. Burns: They are specially taxed for it. An hon. member: They pay the whole of it.] He was surprised to hear the hon. member advocate the resumption of auction sales of land, and in that he saw the evil fruit of the action of the Colonial Treasurer, who in his opening speech had put it to them that the stoppage of auction sales had caused the deficit, and therefore new taxation was necessary. According to the Treasurer, it was the property tax on the one hand, or the resumption of auction sales on the other. No doubt Sir John Robertson was pleased enough to see the issue put in that way. But the Colonial Treasurer had tampered with the virtue of the country on this point. It was an act of public virtue to refrain from filling the public treasury by parting with the public lands, but by the Treasurer putting the matter in that way he had in one fortnight caused the country to retrograde a whole year. It was not only wicked, but unwise, because the issue put before the country was not true. The constituencies at the last general election did not vote for heavy taxation as the only alternative as against auction sales. The real issue was auction sales as against rents. He now came to the so often denounced caucus of Government supporters. He was there. He had heard the Treasurer put this false issue before the country; but could those who had been elected to bring in a good land bill, could they have ousted the Government on such an issue? Those who wanted a good land bill did wisely at that caucus. There was no member of the Ministry present, and there was no promise from them. There was, therefore, nothing unconstitutional whatever in it. He was proud that in this Parliament there were 50 or 60 gentlemen who could unite to do the right thing for the country. (Hear, hear.) They came to the conclusion that, if they wanted a good land bill, they dared not oust the Government. The fiscal proposals as first introduced were now withdrawn, and he was glad to see that the first thing to go was the £40,000 worth of duties that the Treasurer proposed should be remitted. The tea tax had been withdrawn also; he thought it ill-chosen to put a heavy burden upon those who were already heavily burdened. But the great bulk of the whole proposal was the property tax. They had lately heard that that was a dead horse, and he was quite glad to hear that, though the Treasurer had expressed his hope that it was not dead, but might be revived again. John Stuart Mill had written against a property tax. [Mr. Garrett: Does he go in for ad valorem duties?] No, he did not; he lived in England. If he (Mr. Heydon) lived in England, he would not be in favour of ad valorem duties. They all knew that the whole of the south-west and west of this colony had been practically part of Victoria for all purposes of trade. Victoria had a railway to the border twelve years before we got beyond Goulburn; Victoria had got 60 miles into our territory before we were beyond Goulburn. We had prospered by gradually reconquering it by railway extension, and nothing else. How could free trade have had anything to do with it? He would point out that the Victorians were praying the authorities of this colony to unite Deniliquin with Hay, but the people of this colony disapproved of such a course, and he hoped they would long refrain from adopting it. It was only within a recent period they had reconquered the territory. This had given a wonderful impetus to the progress of Sydney. Melbourne used to draw all the wool from the district, but now New South Wales was securing the greater part, and he hoped they would get more of it. Another cause of their prosperity as compared with that of Victoria, was that although Victoria in the number of her sheep had remained stationary, New South Wales had increased her number from 16,000,000 in 1870 to 36,000,000 at the present time. What had free trade to do with all this? It had rather withered up their progress by clogging their manufacturing and agricultural industries. These had stood still—(cries of "No, no")—and in regard to breadstuffs, they had imported largely increased quantities from Victoria. [Mr. Garrett: The population has increased.] They ought then to grow more wheat. They ought, in fact, to grow wheat as well as wool. Why did they not grow wheat? [Mr. Garrett: Because other things pay better.] He thought it would be more profitable to grow wheat than wool. The fact was that the extension of their railways and the increase in the number of their sheep had caused the prosperity which the colony had been favoured with. These causes, however, would not exist much longer. The colony was pretty well taken up with sheep, and their next progress, of making one acre of land support two sheep instead of one, would necessarily be very slow. In fact, he saw hard times before them for a year or so unless they could secure sources of wealth other than those he had mentioned. They must exert themselves to establish manufactures on a proper basis here. This was no time for promoting immigration. They must have manufactories which would not only provide employment for the people already here, but would attract people here from other countries. The day was not far distant when the colony would follow the examples of other countries settled by people from the mother country—namely, of protecting their industries, that their people might have employment secured to them. Freetraders pointed to England, but he contended that the circumstances of that country and those of New South Wales were entirely different. If there were a policy which would suit this country it was the duty of hon. members to adopt it. He would point to the principles put forward by Richard Cobden, the object of which, in the advocacy of free trade, was to stimulate manufactures, and thereby provide cheap food. If the end of his policy had been to kill manufactures he would not have continued it. That was, however, the end of the policy of New South Wales. It might seem unreasonable that two countries with fertile soil, the same rates, and the same situation with regard to the great centres of trade, would have two policies tried side by side. There was the Dominion of Canada and the United States. In Canada the growth of wheat was doubled in three years under its protective tariff. There had, of course, been advantages on the side of Canada in consequence of its union with England. In 1870 the United States, having always suffered under free trade tariffs, and having experimented five or six times as to which policy was the better, settled down at last with one of the heaviest protective tariffs. He thought this colony should follow in the wake of the United States and other countries which had been peopled by British emigrants.

Mr. BURNS said that the hon. member who had just resumed his seat had stated that a stronghold of free trade was to be found amongst the importers and the squatters. No one who had any acquaintance of business matters would say that the importers paid a tax by ad valorem or otherwise. The tax was charged on their goods, and was paid by the consumer. It did not matter whether the Government imposed taxation to the extent of ten, fifteen, or twenty per cent.; it was all the same to them. The hon. member said the general intention on the part of freetraders was to encourage shipping and to discourage manufactures. Any tax established in favour of the creation of industries was a tax paid by the majority for the benefit of the few. Some years ago Sir James Martin, who was a protectionist, induced his treasurer to embody his views in the financial policy that was then submitted, but a time came when the two systems were fully discussed by the public, and protectionists were compelled to retire or to withhold their opinions. In answer to what had been said by Mr. Heydon, he contended that squatters and owners of stock were specially taxed in order to provide for the eradication of scab and the destruction of marsupials. He thought the member for Yass Plains had better be more careful with regard to the statements he made. With reference to the cost of the carriage of goods by rail, the rates had simply been made with a view to securing custom, and not with a view specially to benefit squatters. If the marsupials were to exist, the Government would not be able to dispose of the runs; and having expended money on the destruction of marsupials the Government added a proportion of that cost to the sum charged for the runs. People would grow that which paid them best. The hon. member told them what protection had done in America and Canada; but in the latter country discussions still took place as to the desirableness of continuing the policy of protection. In America there was one great country under protection; but protectionist members in these colonies urged the adoption of protection in each colony so that the effect would be that they would have one colony protected against another. He thought the colony could not make a better investment than to induce agricultural labourers to come here. He found that between 1838 and 1861, 168,000 persons were induced to immigrate to the colony. He intended to vote against the ad valorem proposals of Mr. Copeland. He quoted from a previous speech of that hon. gentleman, in order to show how inconsistent he was in now advocating the adoption of ad valorem duties. As the Government had withdrawn nearly all their proposals, he did not think the hon. member, as a friend to the Government, should press these amendments, which he did not believe in himself. (Hear, hear.) He hoped the hon. member would withdraw his amendments, because, if he went to a division, he would find himself supported only by the protectionists. The hon. member, Mr. Melville, thought that if we had protection the farmers on the Hunter would produce wheat, but the real fact was that other crops paid the farmer better. It was a fallacy to assert that the colony lost through purchasing wheat, when other crops were more profitable. He only rose to answer the hon. member opposite, and he referred that hon. member to the case of Victoria to show how ad-valorem duties, if once imposed, are sure to be increased. They never found an instance where duties were imposed for the purpose of fostering an industry, that those duties were afterwards taken off. On the contrary, there was always a tendency to increase them. Mr. Bright, in his recent letter, if he had had the case of Victoria in his mind, could not have described the state of things there in better terms. With all the aid that had been given to the woollen industry in Victoria, there was only one of those establishments in that colony that paid a return upon the capital invested.

Mr. TOOTH said he yielded to no one in his desire to promote the best interests of this country. (Hear, hear.) In considering this question of free trade against protection he met with difficulties on the very threshold. He contended that this colony held her own as against other countries, and he did not see why we should turn round and ask for protection. The very word implied that we were weak, and not able to compete with other countries. It was a fallacy to assert, as some of the speakers had done, that increased taxation meant increased prosperity. Take the case of such a simple thing as a coat, and suppose that it can be made, imported, and sold to the working-man at £2. The maker here says he cannot make this coat at less than 50s. Suppose he gets a duty put on, and makes these coats to sell at 50s. It would make no difference to the working-man whether he paid £2 for the coat and gave the 10s. to the maker for the keep of the workmen, or whether he paid 50s. to the maker for the coat at once, and let the 10s. go to the workmen in that way. He maintained that the fallacies of protection were extremely numerous. Protection would not provide capital for industries if these were fostered by duties, and the articles produced must become more expensive than those imported. Besides this, the capitalists would have their profit, and to secure this they must have cheap labour. He maintained that protection would not make wheat cheaper. [An hon. member: We would have dearer bread.] If they had protection for manufacturing, they would have to withdraw labour from other pursuits, and that was a point which protectionists appeared to lose sight of. Victoria had been referred to as an illustration of the benefits of protective duties. Well, in Victoria recently, men were working on relief works at 5s. a day, and they had not seen anything of that kind here. Manufacturing here would be small and dear, while in England it proceeded so extensively that no small producers here could compete with it. Victoria was a protected colony, but as against free trade New South Wales she was unable to hold Riverina, for this colony had taken the trade from her. It was his intention to vote against Mr. Copeland's proposals.

Mr. YOUNG wished it to be understood that he was a freetrader. It did not follow, however, that he was going to swallow the whole of the Treasurer's proposals. His opinion was that no additional taxation was necessary. That which they had was sufficient for their ordinary wants, and the people would not object to public works being paid for out of the proceeds of land sales. If additional taxation were requisite, he would favour its assumption of the form of an income rather than a property tax. He intended to vote against ad valorem duties or increasing taxation through the Custom-house at all. Such duties led to an immense amount of dishonesty on the part of traders. An honest trader had no chance with them, while they enabled a dishonest one to acquire a fortune by defrauding the Custom-house by means of false invoices and by underselling his competitors. It was impossible to get rid of such duties after they had been initiated because of the vested interests which grew under them. Mr. Combes had said that he would put on an excise duty when any industry could bear it. The question was how to find out whether the industry could bear the duty. It was not likely that any person would say that an excise duty should be placed on his particular industry. He agreed that the tobacco manufacturers should be taxed, as he thought they had had a good innings for a long time past. He had already said that he would vote against the resolutions submitted by Mr. Copeland, and he hoped the House would reject them.

Mr. SEE said it seemed to him that this debate had assumed the appearance of a discussion on the merits of free trade and protection, and he was very sorry that it had. With regard to the protective tariff in Victoria, it had had the effect of stimulating the growth of wheat. It was only fair that an excise duty should be placed on sugar grown in this colony. If there had not been a duty on sugar imported into this country we should not have had half the development of that industry here that we had at present. He denied *in toto* that free trade had had the effect of making this country as prosperous as some hon. members would imply. If we had protection here as we had free trade, our great resources would not be affected to any extent. The real resources of the country were neither the effect of free trade nor protection. He was not a rank protectionist, nor did he claim to be a protectionist at all. He wanted fair trade, and he believed in intercolonial free trade. He did not say we should impose a duty on wheat or potatoes in order to make the growing of wheat and potatoes pay in this colony. A duty of 9d. per bushel had been imposed with respect to maize going into Victoria, and the effect of that was to prevent the importation of maize into that colony. If Victoria made a point of imposing prohibitory duties with respect to the produce of this colony, it was time this colony spoke out. He thought it was a good thing for the country that the Government had seen fit to withdraw their taxation proposals. Had the Government insisted upon those proposals he would have voted against the Government. He thought it was a wise thing in a country like this to put the financial matters on a fair basis. In attempting fresh taxation they should avoid anything that would prove inquisitorial. The time was coming when they would have to impose either direct taxation or ad valorem duties. The very large balance which the present Government, when they came into office, found had, it seemed to him, been spent in beneficial works, and to the advantage of the colony. So long as that money had been spent in roads and bridges they had nothing to complain of. It was not wise for any Government to undertake large expenditures, as in the case of the Paling property, without the sanction of Parliament. In all matters of large expenditure the House should first have the opportunity of expressing its approval. It was a dangerous thing to give any Government the right to spend large sums of money before it had obtained the authority of Parliament. He had always supported immigration, and with regard to the proposal of the Government he would give it his support. That improper people had been brought out was not the fault of the system, but of the arrangements connected with sending people from England. He contended that it was a mistake to say that we did not want labour in the colony; for after all what were good men but capital? He would even borrow money in connection with our railways to bring immigrants to this colony. There were in this colony too many of the class of people who liked to find their employment in offices, and a great scarcity of useful men who would work at manual labour. But that did not argue that we did not want a proper class of labour. All the people brought here required food and clothing and houses, so that their very arrival here created work for others. It was to the interest of all that we should bring a proper class of people into the colony. Without immigration the large contractors would have a perfect monopoly. It would be a step in the right direction to bring out immigrants free. He had no sympathy with those who said the country was going to the dogs. (Hear, hear.) It was true that we were passing through a serious drought; but that was a matter that neither the Government nor the Parliament could obviate. A few inches of rain throughout the country would greatly improve our financial prospects. However, he felt sure that we should come out of the difficulty all right. Our present land law was bad, but he did not wish to see the alienation of the public land put a stop to altogether. We could always claim the land for taxation purposes, and all land that was sold was sure to be improved. He was an advocate for cheap communication with the interior; but if the railways did not pay, we should be justified in asking for increased rates. He had no doubt that we should soon find it necessary to have a Minister for Railways. Whether a land tax was advisable was a matter of question; but he thought they were all agreed that something should be done to reach absentee landholders, either by an income tax or a land tax. If we taxed the land and stock alone at 1d. in the pound, we should have a revenue of £300,000 at once. He did not advocate 1d. in the pound, but he was of opinion that we must before long require to have our fiscal position revised and placed upon a sound basis.

Mr. TARGETT moved that the debate be adjourned.

Mr. DIBBS did not oppose the motion, but he hoped the present phase of the debate would close on Wednesday next.

The motion was agreed to.

ADJOURNMENT.

Mr. STUART moved that this House do now adjourn.

Mr. GARVAN suggested that as there was an important election, and the funeral of one of the greatest men of New South Wales, to take place on the following day, the House should adjourn until Tuesday.

Mr. A. G. TAYLOR also hoped the House would adjourn until Tuesday.

Mr. STUART said that he would not have ventured to suggest that the House should adjourn until after to-morrow, as Friday was a private business night. If it had been a public business night, it might have been otherwise. As, however, there seemed to be a strong expression of opinion on the matter, he felt he would be justified in moving the adjournment as desired, not on account of the election for East Sydney, but because he would like to embrace this opportunity to pay an outward act of reverence to that man who had fallen in the midst of them—one of the most gifted of those who had made this country his residence, and had exercised so large an amount of influence on the people here.

Mr. STUART then withdrew his original motion, and moved that the House adjourn until Tuesday next.

The motion was agreed to, and the House adjourned at 28 minutes past 11 o'clock until 4 p.m. on Tuesday next.

Every Englishwoman will remember how useful Hudson's Extract of Soap was in the old country for washing, cleaning, and scouring everything. You can obtain a ½-lb. packet from every storekeeper in the colony. Ask for it, and see that the Trade Mark "Arm and Dolly" is on every packet.—[Advt.]

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SANITARY CONDITION OF PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

The report of Dr. C. D. Clark on the sanitary condition of the Public schools of Sydney and the suburbs was laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday night. The report is as follows:—

"Dr. Clark to the Minister of Public Instruction.

"Sir,—I have the honour to submit to you my report on the sanitary condition of the Public schools in Sydney and the immediate neighbourhood. I shall endeavour here to give the general conclusions I have arrived at, after considering carefully the various conditions observed during my inspections, reserving for a supplementary report detailed descriptions of conditions in any school calling for notice. The points to which I shall call attention are:—1. The site of the schools; 2. The construction and general arrangements of the buildings; 3. The ventilation and cubic space; 4. The desks and forms; 5. The lighting; 6. The condition of the water supply, lavatories, and latrines; 7. the general health of the scholars.

"1. The Site of the Schools.—The majority of the schools are situated in positions which are extremely healthy, away from other buildings, in large playgrounds, and fully exposed on all sides to the prevailing winds. In others, whatever prejudicial influence the crowded character of the neighbourhood might have is obviated to a great extent by the elevation of the site. Only a small minority can be said to be absolutely badly situated, of which that at Palmer-street, Woolloomooloo, may be said to be the worst. It is of course necessary that schools shall everywhere be within a reasonable distance of the homes of the children attending them; and where these are in a crowded, smoky, unhealthy neighbourhood, every effort should be made to neutralise these disadvantages by providing large airy rooms and large playgrounds. Unfortunately in some of the largest schools the playgrounds are very small, as for example at Sussex-street and Cleveland-street. A few schools have been built too near to dusty roads; this is objectionable, because it encourages the shutting of windows in windy weather. The playgrounds of many are objectionable for a similar reason; many are asphalted, and this should also be done where the surface is sandy, as at Waterloo, where the feet sink in at every step. Sandy playgrounds are not an unfrequent cause of ophthalmia. In very few instances have trees been planted or seats provided in playgrounds. In cases where they are, the rest and shade afforded are much sought after, and as children are not naturally given to lounging it may be inferred that on the hot days of summer they supply a real want. Their effect in relieving the monotony of the bare stony playgrounds would be very great.

"2. The Construction and General Arrangements of the Buildings.—The Public schools exhibit considerable diversity of plan, though the principle on which they are built is much the same in all. The temporary leased schools deviate most from the ordinary type, and are generally much inferior. The buildings are ordinarily constructed indifferently of brick or stone, according to the locality, and one appears as good as the other. The temporary wooden buildings are excellent on the whole. The tent schools are I hear to be discontinued. I found them either very draughty or very close in all cases; they are very difficult to ventilate, very hot and close in summer and cold in winter, and very damp on wet days. The light is very bad, and on windy days the whole structure keeps up a continuous flapping, very distracting to both pupils and teachers. The latter spoke invariably of them in terms of disapprobation. The schoolrooms are generally, and especially in those more recently built, lofty, spacious, cheerful, and well-lighted, clean rooms. The walls are usually painted of a light French grey colour, a few are white, but this is not to be recommended—it is too glaring, and ophthalmia has been considered to have been caused by it in England in some institutions. In almost all the schools the walls were dry. In buildings of two stories the staircases are generally well lighted and ventilated.

"3. The Ventilation and Cubic Space.—It was not possible, owing to the large number of schools to be inspected, to make any special analysis of the air of the rooms, but in most cases it was carefully tested by the sense of smell, which it is well known yields very fairly accurate results. If the organic matter in the air be perceptible to the smell, it may be concluded that the rooms is not perfectly ventilated, or that it is overcrowded. I have arrived at the following conclusions with respect to the schools I visited:—1. That where there is a proper construction and arrangement of doors and windows and a sufficiency of cubic space, the rooms on most days of the year can be efficiently ventilated by them. 2. That there are but few days when some windows at least cannot be opened with comfort and safety, the exceptions being the cold windy days of winter and the days on which a hot wind blows in summer. 3. That with the accessory means of ventilation alone (Tobin's tubes, gratings, &c.) the windows being shut and no fire lighted, the ventilation is not thoroughly satisfactory in any school. 4. That when the amount of cubic space is insufficient the air will be close, notwithstanding that the windows are open. 1. The amount of cubic space per head necessary has been differently estimated. In Canada the regulations compel the provision of at least 160 cubic feet per head; in Germany the range is from 120 to 284 cubic feet (Combes). The general opinion is that 300 cubic feet is the standard to be aimed at, though not often reached. The majority of the Sydney schools have less than 200 cubic feet per head, and very few as much as 300. I found that when windows and doors were open the atmosphere was fairly sweet as long as the cubic space exceeded 160 cubic feet, but that the most satisfactory results were obtained where the space exceeded 200 cubic feet. In most instances where less than 100 cubic feet were allowed the air was very close. In calculating the amount of cubic space I have not counted the space above the wall-plate which exists in most of the rooms, owing to the roof being open. It is not sufficient to increase the height of a room in order to increase the cubic space in it. According to Corfield (Dwelling-houses, p. 15), it is unnecessary to regard any height above 12 feet. I have, however, in calculating cubic space, reckoned the height to the wall-plate, which in some instances exceeds, in others falls short of, that amount. Practically I did not find the atmosphere of the rooms with an open roof any better than that of rooms with a ceiling. The reason is that the organic matter given off with the breath does not immediately ascend to the highest part of the room, but is diffused more or less horizontally. No deductions have been made for the furniture of the rooms or the persons of the children. 2. I found, as a rule, school teachers fully alive to the importance of open windows; and, as school hours go on during the warmest part of the day, on average winter days windows could be opened more or less widely. In fact, the question of ventilation is a very different one here to what it is in England, where for several months of the year windows must be to a great extent shut, and consequently more or less artificial methods must be adopted. 3. In almost all rooms visited, when windows and doors were shut, I found the rooms close, even those most recently built, where Tobin's tubes and other inlets are more liberally provided. Parkes states the required area of inlets other than windows and doors at 24 square inches per head, and the same for outlets; but in the best schools here only about half this amount is provided. This, I think, should be sufficient, if fires were lighted when it is absolutely necessary to close windows, and there is no doubt that the ventilation and comfort of all the schools would be very much improved thereby. A limited amount of coal or wood might be allowed with the understanding that it is only to be used on exceptionally cold or wet winter days. Without fires, the only way in which a circulation of air is kept up in the room is by the perflating force of the wind, which is not always sufficient. The best ventilated rooms were those where Tobin's tubes, in conjunction with gratings near the ceilings, are used; the efficiency of the former, however, is diminished in some cases by the aperture in the room being covered over with lids pierced with small holes—often very few. The effect of this is to convert the tube, however large its sectional area, into one of sectional area no greater than that of the combined area of small holes, which, of course, is much less. These lids should not be used under ordinary circumstances. I should recommend that the temporary wooden buildings be furnished with shafts passing through the roof to carry off foul air from the top of the room, in the corners furthest away from the fireplace, of a sectional area at the rate of 1 square inch for every 50 feet of cubic space for the two combined. The windows might be provided with boards about 4 inches wide, for insertion beneath the lower sash when it is raised. A considerable quantity of air would then be projected upwards into the room without causing draught through the space between the meeting bars of the upper and lower sashes. The same principle is carried out at the Prince Alfred Hospital, where, however, the bars of the sashes do not meet, so that even when the window is shut air can pass freely in. The same principle, being very inexpensive and simple, might be adopted in many schools provided with sash windows and an insufficient number of accessory apertures. 4. In a certain number of rooms, even though windows and doors were both open, the air was very bad, chiefly in infants' class rooms. In all these cases the cubic space and the floor space were deficient in quantity. In some cases the former amounted to between 30 and 50 cubic feet, and the latter to between 3 and 4 square feet. At Cleveland-street, which is the worst example, the floor space per head in one of the class rooms is 3·11 square feet, and the cubic space 26·33 cubic feet, whilst the means of ventilation are very defective. I consider that in no room should less than 100 cubic feet of cubic space and 9 square feet floor space be allowed per head, and that the numbers should be reduced in all those rooms where at present a less amount is provided. It will be seen from the table that generally speaking far less cubic space is allowed to the infants than to the other children, owing apparently to the facility with which they can be packed together on forms. Considering the necessity there is for fresh air for carrying on the processes of nutrition, so active at an early age, I should recommend that the quantity allowed them be not less than 100 cubic feet of cubic space and 7 square feet of floor space.

"4. The Desks and Forms.—The same model of desks and forms is used in almost all the schools, the exceptions being in the case of the temporary leased buildings, where older patterns are found. On the average about eight children sit at each. In some schools they are all of the same size, in others there are two or more different sizes. In many rooms there was considerable disproportion between the height of the desk and the seat, and children were thrown into an unnatural position in consequence. In England and America desks for one or two children only are being generally used, and this admits of children being accommodated with desks suitable to their size, which is impossible when a class containing boys of different sizes is seated at a few long desks. It is the unanimous opinion of the highest authorities that it is of great importance that the desks and forms should be proportionate to the height of the pupils, both for the sake of the eyesight and of the figure, and also that the seats should have backs to them. These are provided in many of the infant, but in almost none of the primary schools. I consider the provision of these of the first importance. Although the teachers evidently make every effort to keep the children sitting straight, the backs of the majority of them were much curved, especially of the girls engaged in sewing. In the schoolrooms the children supply their places by leaning against the desk behind them, but this is uncomfortable, and does not meet the part of the back where support is most required. I found the teachers almost unanimous in their opinion of the necessity of backed forms being supplied. I would suggest that in some of the new schools a trial be made of the American single or double desks exhibited at the Engineers' Exhibition, which appeared to me to have all the qualities of an excellent desk and form.

"5. The Lighting of the Rooms.—Most of the rooms are well lighted, especially the new ones. The exceptions are found in the older schools and in the temporary leased buildings, in which the light is often insufficient in quantity or badly directed. In most of the schools the greater part of the light comes from before, the majority of the windows being in one of the long sides of the rooms and the desks being placed parallel to them. This is not the best position, though there is no great fault to be found with it; preferably the light should come from the left and behind. This would be secured by placing the desks at right-angles to the windows. The windows should be carried as nearly as possible to the top of the wall, and there should be at least four feet between the lower sill and the ground. If they are lower the light from the bottom part is intercepted by the boys' backs, and is therefore useless, and when they are opened the head is in a draught. In the new schools the windows are excellent as a rule—those at Bondi especially. The combined area of all windows should be equal to one-fifth of the floor space. The average in the schools will be seen in the table. The chief faults are:—Windows facing the pupils (in which case the light dazzles their eyes); too narrow windows; windows huddled together into one end of a wall, the other part being left bare; insufficiency of quantity; improper glazing, as by diamond panes. Verandahs are erected before the windows of some schools, and on dull days cause considerable loss of light. The windows should, as a rule, be built with a southern aspect, and where this is not possible blinds should be provided for keeping out the sun's direct rays. Venetians are preferable, as interfering least with the ventilation. They are much wanted in several schools, where to keep out the sun the windows have to be shut, and even then the object is only half secured. The long continuance of an excess is known to be as prejudicial to the eyesight as a deficiency of light.

"6. The Condition of the Water Supply, Lavatories, and Latrines.—In the schools in Sydney and the immediate neighbourhood the water from the main Botany reservoirs is used; those in the outlying districts have large underground tanks in which the rain-water from the roofs is collected. In some cases they have been built too near the cesspits. As long as they are in good order this does not matter, but should any flaw occur in the cement there would be a risk of percolation of impure liquid into them from the subsoil. The water, as a rule, is fairly potable, but always more or less contaminated by impurities from the roofs. It would be a great advantage if filters were provided, especially in the larger schools. The lavatories are not much used, as children are supposed to come clean and tidy to school, only those who have dinner at school using them as a rule. Generally speaking, tin basins, movable and filled with water from the pump, are used; but in some of the larger schools there are fixed basins, with permanent water supply, discharging by a waste pipe into a drain. Care should be taken in structures of this kind that the waste pipe be trapped immediately below its point of exit from the basin, and that the waste pipe below this should not discharge directly into the drain, but on to a grating outside the building leading through another trap into the drain. The space beneath the basins should be covered in in such a way that it can be easily got at for purposes of inspection. I do not think that traps are provided to any of these pipes, and at the Fort-street school, where the lavatory is used as a classroom, frequent complaint is made of an objectionable smell being sensible, which is doubtless owing to sewer gas ascending through this channel. The question of systematic ablution before school time of all the children is perhaps rather one of school discipline than of sanitation, but I think the establishment of a 'washing parade' could not but be beneficial. In some schools children's faces and hands had anything but a clean appearance, though this was quite exceptional. The system of excrement disposal is one of the most unsatisfactory features of the Public schools, and in this respect the new ones, perhaps in other respects excellent, are in no way superior or are even inferior to some of a far earlier date. The latrines are, in the majority of schools old and new, built over cesspits, in which the excrement accumulates more or less rapidly, and is removed after periods of months or years. In some cases the bottom of the pit is lined with brick or stone; in others it is formed by the earth itself. In the former case, or if the soil happens to be a clay one, as it is frequently, the liquids are retained in the mass and aid the decomposition, which in this warm climate goes on pretty rapidly. Foul cases are being continuously given off, of which generally the only way of exit is through the seat into an often imperfectly ventilated building. When the subsoil consists of loose sand or some equally permeable material the liquid drains away into it, and provided there is no well near or watercourse to pollute, the system is at its best, for decomposition of the solid does not then go on so rapidly. In almost all these places, however, there was a very disagreeable smell, and in some it was almost unbearable. Besides the possibility of injury being gradually done to the health by breathing this atmosphere, if only for a few minutes every day, there is great risk that they may prove centres of infection for typhoid fever, if used by a child suffering from it in the early stage, as is not unlikely to happen. Some cases which occurred at Botany Public school may have been caused in this way. There is also some reasons for supposing that an outbreak of diphtheria was connected with them. Where, as at Cleveland-street and others, they are built near the main building, they are more objectionable than ever, foul air from them being often blown through the windows into the schoolrooms, and adding very seriously to the impurity of the atmosphere. They have been universally condemned in England, and can only be looked on as relics of a bygone and barbarous age. The expense of cleaning out the large ones (see report on Glebe school) is very considerable. A disinfectant of uncertain composition is used in several, but all that it can be said to do is to mitigate rather than neutralise the evil odours arising from the pit. Water-closets are used at Fort-street, William-street, and a few other schools. Where connection with sewers is possible, they are undoubtedly the most satisfactory method of dealing with the question, and their cleanliness and freedom from smell were in marked contrast with the state of the others. In constructing new ones, however, care should be taken to ventilate the soil pipes, which does not appear to have been done in any of the existing ones. Where, however, water-closets cannot be used, we have to consider what alternative shall be adopted. There is no doubt that when a regular and sufficient supply of dry earth can be provided, and regular removal of the soil carried out, together with strict supervision, the earth-closet system is the best; and though it may present some difficulties, I believe there are none which could not be overcome. The city of Brisbane is, I believe, entirely, or at least in great part, sewaged in this way, and successfully. I should recommend that it be adopted experimentally in a few schools, and if successful—which no efforts should be spared to make it that it be used—in all. In schools in the large suburbs, contractors would probably undertake to furnish a regular supply of earth, and in the outlying districts it might be possible to make arrangements with a neighbouring European or Chinese gardener for the carrying out of the system. Of course, to make it a success, the most careful attention to detail is required, and it may be said that it would be difficult to get either teachers or children to conform to it. Though this might be the case in some instances, I do not think it would in all. Many teachers of their own accord complained of the nuisance caused by the present system, and suggested this as an alternative. The chief difficulty would be with the children. But I submit that, at the present day, when cities are increasing, and the sewage question one of great importance, the inculcation of the principles and of a practical knowledge of sanitary arrangements is of very great moment, and should be made as much a part of school discipline as anything else. It is well known that the greatest impediment to the spread of sanitary knowledge and practice is the ignorance and apathy of the bulk of the population. The child who at school has been habituated to such a system as the present one will probably think it quite good enough for his home afterwards, where it is a far more serious nuisance even than here, and would be equally alive to the advantages of decency and cleanliness if placed in his way. There are, however, no doubt many places where it would be very difficult or impossible to procure the requisite supply of earth. For these I would suggest the trial of the pail system, as used in Rochdale, and described in the report of the medical officer to the Privy Council, new series, No. II. Something of this kind is used at the Manly Beach school, where a rectangular galvanised iron receptacle is placed beneath the seat, and removed and emptied every week. Even this is far superior to the ordinary state of things, and but little smell was noticeable; but it would be far better if they could be emptied daily, and in a large school it would be absolutely necessary to have them changed at shorter intervals than of a week. The disposal of the urine offers some difficulty in either of these cases. In the small country schools, where the number of pupils is small, it could be conducted into a bucket from the urinal, which could be emptied daily away from the house, or it could be used in conjunction with the house slops for irrigating the garden, if there were one, or in large schools it might be collected in an iron tank, which could be emptied at certain intervals and removed, together with the soil. The urinals are almost invariably concrete or stone trenches, accommodating from one to six or eight boys. It would be far better if partitions were provided, for the sake of decency. I have not entered at any length into the question of disinfectants, as with a well-conducted system of earth-closets or pails, removed at sufficiently frequent intervals, they would be but little required, and expense would so far be saved. The privy buildings are in many cases dark and badly ventilated; in the construction of new ones I would suggest that the plan carried out at Camperdown school be followed, as securing the largest amount of light and fresh air. For examples of some of the worst of the present arrangements, reference may be made to the reports on Glebe, Cleveland-street, and Fitzroy-street schools. It cannot be too strongly insisted that the present system is bad in principle and practice, and there can be no doubt that its abolition would be well worthy any reasonable outlay, either on the first cost or the working expenses of a different system.

"7. The General Health of the Children.—The health of the children is on the whole exceedingly good. With the exception of measles, zymotic diseases appear to be not common. Last year (1882) there were 12 cases of typhoid fever at Botany school, the teacher also being attacked, and in the summer of this year several cases of diphtheria occurred among scholars of North Sydney school; in a few others one or two cases of typhoid have occurred within the last two or three years. As might be expected, the children in suburban schools are more rosy and well-looking than those in the city, and there can be no doubt that the appearance of those who are taught in well lighted and ventilated rooms is better than that of those who are in dark or badly ventilated ones. I have, indeed, no hesitation in saying that in the most overcrowded and unsuitable rooms, as at Palmer-street, Cleveland-street, Fitzroy-street, and others, the health of the children was manifestly impaired. Their faces were sallow and pallid, their expression listless and weary; fainting, headaches, bleeding at the nose, having been among the more acute manifestations. It is the almost universal opinion that continued breathing of a vitiated atmosphere causes a gradual deterioration of the constitution, a diminished power of resistance and increased predisposition to the attacks of acute diseases, a diminution of mental and bodily vigour during exposure to it. Allowance must be made for the fact that some of the more crowded schools are situated in crowded and, it may be, unhealthy districts, where the children may have sprung in the first instance from an unhealthy stock, and in their own homes may be subjected to unfavourable influences, such as insufficient or improper feeding; and again, to close and overcrowded sleeping-rooms. It is, however, precisely for such children that the most favourable conditions are most necessary. The most overcrowded rooms, as a rule, are in the infants' departments, and the young children are thus exposed to injurious at a time when they are especially in need of salutary influences. Several cases of sore eyes (granular ophthalmia) were reported from Waterloo schools, due probably to the combined effects of close, badly ventilated rooms and a sandy neighbourhood. A few isolated cases have been noted at others, but as a rule the schools have been remarkably free from this complaint. In many schools there is a greater or less number of children under the age of five years. Many teachers object to receiving them so young, and it is very questionable, in the first place, if at that age the brain is capable of assimilating much; and, in the second, if it is advisable to keep children so young for over four hours in an atmosphere often vitiated, and in a cramped and confined position. Simple extension exercises and drill are practised at all the schools, and apparently with the best possible effects, the children, as a rule, walking and standing erect, though some allowance must probably be made for their being under observation at the time. In one of the large Public schools in England a record is kept of the age, height, and weight of every boy at the time of his entering the school, and the change in the two latter particulars noted from time to time. If this were done in the larger schools here, valuable data for estimating the physical characters of the rising generation would be in time accumulated. The sanitary condition of the Public schools, as far as regards the health of the children, is on the whole very fair. The most urgent requirements are the diminution of overcrowding in certain rooms and the reformation of the latrine system. The former can, of course, only be provided for by increased accommodation, which will necessarily imply the outlay of a good deal of money; the initial or subsequent cost of the latter I do not think should be very great. It may, however, be confidently stated that, whatever the cost of carrying out any necessary sanitary improvements be, the money will be well laid out, and will bring in an ample return in the increased vigour of both the mind and body of the rising generation.

"I have, &c.,

"CHARLES DAGNALL CLARK,
M.B., Lond., M.R.C.S., &c."

Appended to the report are tables showing the area and cubic space of several of the schools, with other particulars. The following is a list of the schools inspected:—Ashfield, Adolphus-street (Balmain), Balmain, Balmain West, Balgowlah, Bankstown, Blakehurst, Botany, Bondi, Botany-street, West Botany, Brisbane-street, Burwood, Camperdown, Canterbury, Chippendale, Cleveland-street, Coogee, Crown-street, Devonshire-street, Darlinghurst, Druitt Town, Double Bay, Dundas, Darlington, Enfield, Five Dock, Fort-street, Fitzroy-street, Forest Lodge, Lower Fort-street, Gladesville, Glebe, Greenwich, Hunter's Hill, Hurstville, Leichhardt, Leichhardt West, Kogarah, Longueville, La Perouse, Macdonaldtown, Manly Beach, Marrickville, Newtown, Newtown North, Paddington, Palmer-street (Woolloomooloo), Petersham, Pyrmont, Parramatta-street, Randwick, Lane Cove, Redfern, Bank's Meadows, Gardener's-road, Rocky Point, Rookwood, Ryde, North Ryde, St. Peters, St. Leonards, St. Leonards North, Summer Hill, Tempe, Ultimo, Watson's Bay, William-street, Woollahra, Waterloo, Waverley, Mossman's Bay, Camdenville; and there are detailed particulars given of the sanitary condition of each.

There is also attached to the report a letter from Dr. Mackellar, in which he expresses great satisfaction at the thoroughness with which Dr. Clark had accomplished the task entrusted to him. Dr. Mackellar agrees with the conclusions arrived at by Dr. Clark, and he concludes thus:—"Considering that the State has now made it imperative that children shall go to school, it should follow, as a natural consequence, that the schools provided should be constructed and maintained in accordance with the dictates of sanitary science, or in such a way as will, at any rate, not be detrimental to the physical welfare of those attending them; and I would point out that the question whether a child shall be permanently endowed with a sound and robust constitution or with a weak and puny frame may be, and, in my opinion, often is, decided in the schoolroom."

THE OUTBREAK OF SCAB IN SHEEP.

The following notice, in terms of the Diseases in Sheep Act, 1866, has been posted in that portion of the Carcoar sheep district which has been quarantined in consequence of the outbreak of scab. It will be useful to persons travelling with sheep, inasmuch as it gives the boundaries of the quarantine:—"I, Joseph Walker West, Inspector for the District of Carcoar under the abovenamed Act, having found that certain portions of the sheep district of Carcoar are infected with scab, do hereby place the same in quarantine, and define the boundaries of such quarantine as follows, namely:—Commencing on the right bank of Belubula River where the railway crosses that river; thence by the railway to the point where the road from Spring Grove to Forest Reefs crosses the railway; thence by that road to Cadia; thence by the northern boundaries of the properties belonging to William Lawson, W. J. Jones, and Thomas Icely, sen., to the north-western boundary of the Carcoar sheep district; thence by that boundary to Panurra rivulet; thence by that rivulet to T. S. Lyster's property; thence by the northern boundary of that property to the Belubula River, and by that river to W. M. Rothery's property; thence by the northern boundary of that property to its southern boundary; thence by that boundary to the north-eastern boundary of the parish of Kenilworth; thence by that boundary to the south side of the Old Lachlan-road; thence by that road to its junction with the Blayney No. 1 road; thence by road northerly to where it crosses the Belubula River, and thence upwards by that river to the point of commencement. JOSEPH W. WEST, Inspector. Carcoar, February 23rd, 1884."

Mr. John Hughes, of Gingkin, writing under date February 25, says:—Sir,—In reference to the late outbreak of scab in sheep, let me remark that the district of Bathurst was formerly notorious for scab, and that my early days were spent among it, and I have seen it in all its stages. The reason that the scab did not show in the Carcoar sheep was through the action of the dry weather. Scab always lies dormant after shearing if the weather is dry. If the American sheep were shorn before they left Sydney there is little cause to fear an outbreak either at Carcoar or Maitland; but any sheep that were handled in the wool at the same time that the imported ones were on view will be likely to cause a lot of trouble. Sheep that were thus handled and since shorn may not show signs till the rains set in, and then the owners may kill those that first show the scab and sell the remainder. That used to be done formerly, and the disease went like wildfire. On the other hand, there is an affection of the skin "in every respect like the scab," less the scart. The blue and yellowish-green spots appear on the thickened skin, and the sheep bite and rub in an exactly similar manner. It shows in the same places—the breast, shoulders, and crutch—and they tear off the wool in mouthfuls. I think it is a sort of prickly-heat, and that it rarely lasts more than three weeks.

The Minister for Mines has appointed Mr. P. Tattersall, M.R.C.V.S., temporarily as an inspector to proceed to Bathurst, in the place of the inspector whose resignation was announced in yesterday's *Herald*.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BLAYNEY, THURSDAY.

Sheep inspectors Messrs. West and Clive are here. They intend starting dipping Mr. Mutton's 500 sheep to-day, and they then go round the district. Inspector Finch started for Cowra yesterday to inquire about a mob of sheep that came from Orange to Cowra, and passed through Mr. Lomax's run. Messrs. Marsh and Tapp's saleyards, where Mutton's sheep were quarantined, will be fired to-day.

PARLIAMENTARY NOTICES.

NEW NOTICES OF MOTION.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY.—TUESDAY, MARCH 4.

Mr. Spring to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House copies of all minutes and other papers in connection with the alleged illegal transfer of the mining claim of Mr. Patrick Hannan, at Temora, by Mr. Margules, the mining registrar.

Mr. Quin to move,—That there be laid upon the table of this House returns showing, as far as can be ascertained, the revenue received from and the amount of money expended by the Government in that portion of the colony west of the 146th meridian of longitude annually during the successive years from 1871 inclusive, such returns to show the revenue received under the following heads:—1. Land—Auction sales, including town, suburban, and country lands, number of acres, amount; conditional purchases, number of acres, amount; improvement purchases, number of acres, amount; amount received as rent from all classes of Crown lands whatsoever; amount not otherwise specified. 2. Customs, including sums paid under convention by South Australia. 3. Revenue received from other sources not specified, including license fees, &c. 4. Returns to show sums spent on railways, river improvements, constructing tanks and wells on stock routes, public buildings, and other public works.

Mr. W. J. Ferguson to move for leave to bring in a bill to amend the Trustees Act of 1852.

SANDER AND SONS' EUCALYPTI EXTRACT.—Surgical Clinic of Prof. M'Intyre, College of Physicians and Surgeons, St. Louis—"Scirrhus of Breast—Excision. Eucalypti Extract employed. No swelling, heat, or discolouration. Cured in 14 days."—[ADVT.]

FRY'S COCOA EXTRACT.—"Having the superfluous much as removed, this perfectly pure and digestible preparation meets the approval of the most fastidious taste."—British Trade Journal. Wood, Adams and Co. are sole agents.—[ADVT.]

PARLIAMENTARY ELECTIONS.

MR. BURDEKIN'S MEETING.

A number of electors assembled last night outside Reddington's Hotel, Woolloomooloo, to hear an address by Mr. Sydney Burdekin, the Opposition candidate. The crowd numbered over 1000 persons. Mr. R. C. Meacle occupied the chair, on the balcony of the hotel, surrounded by a number of Mr. Burdekin's supporters, among them being Messrs. Proctor, M'Elhone, T. R. Smith, J. M'Laughlin, and A. G. Taylor, Ms.L.A.; E. W. O'Sullivan, W. B. Cole, Lees, Corcoran, Goulston, E. Israel, W. M'Anally, Captain Petherbridge, and others.

Mr. BURDEKIN was warmly received. He announced his candidature as actuated by a distinct and positive intention to oppose the Government of the day. In reference to matters connected with the contest, he denied the slander that he proposed to put a polltax of £10 on Irishmen. He dealt with the taxation question at length, and expressed a firm opinion that the real property tax would fall on the shoulders of the people. At the same time proper economy in the administration of the public funds would render all taxation unnecessary. A local government bill should be adopted, which would get at the landed proprietors. He urged the people to resist any approach to a tax on personal property, and went on to deal fully with the wrong of taxing necessaries of life, such as tea. There was nothing in the present condition of the country which could justify such an imposition, and the electors of East Sydney were called on to show the Government that they would not submit to it. The excise duty was also condemned. He was opposed to the Land Bill submitted by the Government, and would oppose expenditure on immigration. He would support the eight-hours system. He urged them to take up a decisive stand against the Government. His remarks were loudly cheered.

Mr. M'Elhone also addressed the assemblage, and delivered a violent speech, the strong expressions of which elicited shouts of approval. He moved a vote of confidence in the candidate, which was seconded by Mr. A. G. Taylor, who made a violent attack on the Government and its actions. Mr. Thomas White followed in the same strain, and the motion, on being put, was carried unanimously.

MR. REID'S MEETING.

A meeting of electors of East Sydney was held at Keary's Woolloomooloo Hotel, William-street, yesterday evening.

Mr. A. J. Riley, J.P., was voted to the chair, and amongst those present were the Hon. J. P. Abbott, Hon. H. E. Cohen, Messrs. W. G. Murray, W. P. Manning, G. E. Russell Jones, G. W. Thornton, S. Baylis, J. G. O'Ryan, J. A. Dowling, T. Skinner, and A. M'Nevin. Mr. Reid addressed the electors from the upstairs window of the hotel overlooking the lane, where the electors were densely crowded, and the mass of people extended a considerable distance into William-street. There could not have been fewer than between 2000 and 3000 persons present, amongst whom were a number of youths, who contributed to the interruptions of the proceedings. The meeting was orderly throughout, although the candidate was frequently interrupted by cheers, groans, and interjections. On the whole, he received an excellent hearing.

Mr. REID, who, on coming forward, was received with mingled cheers and groans, after the subsidence of the uproar, said the main business of the evening was to make arrangements for the very hard fight on Friday, and he hoped that, after the few remarks he had to make, those who wished to help would come into the hotel and give their names. One of the greatest difficulties he had to contend with was that there was no definite issue in the election. He could not understand why there was so much bad blood over the affair, and why the contest could not be conducted coolly. All sorts of statements had been made for the purpose of injuring him. One was in reference to a motion brought forward in the Parliament some months ago for giving free railway passes to children when attending Public or private schools. It was stated that he voted against the motion, but the fact was that he voted for it. A gentleman, whom he would not name in his absence, made a long speech against the motion, and he (Mr. Reid) followed him and made a very long speech in its favour, and stated that he thought it would be contemptible for the State to distinguish between the children travelling on the railway to one school or another. They would find the record of it in *Hansard*. A great deal had been said about the retrenchment of the Government in the matter of public works; but if they referred to the first estimates brought in this year, they would find £1,120,000, a bigger sum than was ever put down for public works before; and when the Government had withdrawn its taxation proposals, the reduced estimate provided for no less a sum than £1,070,000 for public works—as big, if not a bigger, sum than ever proposed before. With reference to immigration, he would not be a party to bringing people here to cause distress; but while admitting that in some trades in the city employment was not as brisk as it should be, the man who said there was distress in all trades slandered the colony. The fact was that people sent home for their friends, and was it likely they would do so if there was no employment for them? The reduction in the vote would only enable the Government to introduce 4000 human beings. The speaker referring, to the Land Bill, said that if the measure were passed, and they got a fair return from the 150,000,000 acres of public lands, they would not need to talk about taxation. To show that he had not been idle when in office, they could see in Sussex-street a great Industrial College, where 550 youths were attending classes for instruction in their various trades, and in another direction they had made the way open for any poor but talented child right through to the University. He considered that the acts of the present Government would bear very favourable comparison with those of any of their predecessors. Another of the false reports circulated about him was that he had been guilty of a breach of faith in connection with Sir George Wigram Allen and the Speakership of the Assembly. He was asked if he would support several gentlemen named to him in opposition to Sir George Wigram Allen, and he replied that he would not oppose him for the mere sake of putting him out of office, unless a better man came forward; and when Mr. Barton, a brilliant young Australian, consented to take the chair, he determined to support him, and proposed him for the Speakership. His action had been justified by the ability, firmness, and impartiality displayed by Mr. Barton as Speaker, and he (Mr. Reid) was proud of his action in reference to that election. The speaker also traversed many points referred to in his addresses, which have been already reported.

Three cheers were given for the Queen, and the meeting terminated.

IRON BRIDGE GIRDERS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Your correspondent "Civil Engineer No. 1" is nearly correct as to the length of united wheel base of the drivers of two-tank engines, placed back to back, being 27 feet; it is in fact 28 feet 2 inches. I fail to see how it was possible to avoid having the two end loads of 16 tons each on the haunches of the girder, with the load distributed over 28 feet of a 40-feet span. There was a nearly central load of 32 tons on a supposed wheel base of 7 feet 6 inches, and another 16 tons seven feet away made 48 tons on a supposed wheel base of 14 feet 6 inches.

Another 16 tons, 13 feet 6 inches distant on the other side of the centre, made the total load of 64 tons on a supposed wheel base of 28 feet; therefore, there was no stack of rails nearer to the supports than would have been the case with the driving wheels of the engines.

Our tank engines don't usually run back to back, but in case they should so disport themselves, a bridge formed of these girders will be quite capable of carrying them.

Your correspondent is quite right in again assuring your readers that these girders are "some 40 per cent." lighter than those constructed at home for use out here; but the weight of these girders is quite in accordance with home practice, and your correspondent "C. E. No. 2" says they are needlessly heavy. The Tay Bridge failed by reason of its having no horizontal bracing or wind-ties—depending for lateral stiffness upon the connections of the cross girders, as all our existing bridges do. No stack of rails covered a length of girder of more than 3 feet. The points of support in the girders are 3 feet apart, and the weight imposed by the driving-wheel of an engine at a single point would, by reason of the stiffness of the rail and 6 inch by 12 inch longitudinal girders, be transmitted to the girders with much the same intensity as when the same weight is spread over 3 feet of surface; for the rail and longitudinal sleeper, though rigid for a length of 3 feet, with a weight of 8 tons would bend appreciably in a distance of 6 feet.

"Engineer" does not admit that the strain upon these girders at Redfern, "with the load distributed as 'C. E. No. 1' describes it to be at present," amounts to 3·65 tons per inch, but with the load as it really was, which, by concentrating 48 tons into the short span of 14 feet 6 inches, brought a far more severe strain upon the portions of the girders so loaded than could possibly be imposed by any engine or engines known. Even the notorious 45-ton tank engines used on the St. John's Wood Railway, for the purpose of overcoming the heavy gradient of 1-27, were on a wheel base of 14 feet, and were 30 feet long.

Though the whole load of 64 tons was placed upon a supposed wheel-base of 28 feet, 16 tons belonging to one engine space was purposely placed seven feet six inches from the nearest axle load of the next engine, instead of 15 feet, as it would have been had the two engines been really standing on the span, because by so placing it a greater load would be concentrated in a given space, and more nearly on one-half of the girder. For the same purpose the centre of the length of the two engines was placed beyond the centre of the span, so as to get the heavy concentrated load as far from one end as was possible, without placing the other end off the bridge altogether. I hardly need point out to a person signing himself "Civil Engineer" that the load concentrated on one half the span in the manner described brings a far more severe strain on the diagonals of the girders than the same load would have done had it been equally distributed on each half of the span. The girders in question are calculated to carry a line load of 90 tons on six axles, each axle 6 feet 6 inches apart, and when so loaded will be within the Board of Trade regulations of five tons strain per inch, for that rule allows five tons per inch indiscriminately, irrespective of whether the iron so strained is in tension or compression, whereas in these girders the strains under the above load would be five tons in tension, four in compression in the top boom, and three in the compression diagonals.

If "C. E. No. 1" were not blinded by an evident desire to condemn these girders in public opinion, he could hardly have failed to have noticed the excessive strength of the various parts, and that the decrease of weight is due to the great proportional depths of the girders, while the load having been allowed to remain on for 11 days proves the confidence of the designer in his work. I am, &c.,

February 26. INQUIRER.

SYDNEY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

A meeting of the finance committee of the Sydney Municipal Council was held at the Town Hall yesterday, at which the Mayor occupied the chair, and the attendance of aldermen was small. Alderman J. Young presented a petition from residents of Nelson-street for an extension of water in that thoroughfare. Alderman Playfair presented a petition for the removal of rubbish from Fort-street North. It was authorised that wages be paid as follows:—City works, £1425 15s. 9d.; water works, £393 14s. 11d.; sewerage works, £171 11s. 9d.; Sydney common, £14 4s.—total, £2005 6s. 5d. The city architect reported that the flooring of the Exhibition Building was in a bad condition in consequence of its being cut up by those who used the building. It was ordered that repairs be effected at a cost of £250. The Mayor reported his having ordered some of the wooden flooring to be repaired, the posts to be painted, and the fountain removed. Alderman Harris drew attention to the fact that the fittings of immigrant vessels were being sold in the city, to the possible danger, as he apprehended, of the health of the citizens, and it was resolved to draw the attention of the city health officer to the matter, with a view to his deciding whether such fittings should be destroyed or not. The town clerk submitted a statement showing expenditure incurred in watering streets during the year 1883, and the rates necessary to raise from the several streets to cover the outlay. It was resolved to submit the same to a meeting of the council. An application was received from Norman Selfe for payment of the sum of £142 10s., being commission at the rate of 2½ per cent. on an estimate of the cost of a proposed bridge at William Henry-street. The town clerk stated that the applicant had not been engaged by the council in the matter, and the meeting decided that the application could not be acceded to. Some applications were received for compensation from persons who alleged that they had been injured in consequence of the negligence of the council in not fencing in certain holes. It was resolved that they should be dealt with by the Mayor or city solicitor. A report was received from the city engineer, regarding the shortness of the water supply. It stated that the store of water in No. 4 dam at Botany was entirely consumed. This dam and the engine-pond formed the great stand-by of the supply. No. 4 dam contained, when full, 187 million gallons, and the engine-pond 100 million. The engine-pond contained at present under 30 million gallons, and the millpond under 20 millions, with about 10 millions in No. 1 dam, or a total of 60 millions in store. The stream would yield at the rate of 22 millions for eight or 10 weeks, and the weekly consumption amounted to 34 millions, or an excess over product of the stream of 12 millions per week. This demonstrated that in five weeks the community would have to rely upon the stream alone for their supply, or it might be in less. There seemed no inclination on the part of citizens to abate the consumption by refraining from plunge baths; therefore, if the present extravagant consumption were persisted in, and no rainfall took place, an intermittent system of supply would have to be inaugurated. Meantime, if the simple plan of adopting shower or sponge baths were taken advantage of universally, this alternative might be averted, and it would be for the council to consider seriously whether they would not enter consumers' houses and shut off pipes connected with plunge baths. He was satisfied that 12 million gallons per week were consumed in this luxurious indulgence. A short discussion ensued upon the receipt of the report, in which some of the aldermen alleged there was no necessity for instant alarm, whilst others suggested that in order to avoid a water famine steps should be taken to secure economy in the consumption of water. It was ordered that an advertisement should be published, calling upon the public to respond to the call made upon them by the city engineer.

The following is a statement of the financial position of the council for the week ending 27th February:—Balances: City fund, Dr., £9269 5s. 5d.; water fund, Cr., £6836 16s. 3d.; sewerage fund, Dr., £9180 2s. 11d.; Sydney common fund, Cr., £2223 1s. 1d.; cattle saleyards, Cr., £5055 4s. 1d.; Town Hall loan fund, Cr., £5542 19s. 2d.; bank balances, Dr., £18,449 8s. 4d., Cr. £19,658 0s. 7d.; Town Hall loan fund, fixed deposit, Cr., £27,000; water fund, fixed deposit, Cr., £20,000; Government guarantee sewerage fund, retired by Government, and due to city fund, Cr., £75,000; sinking fund, cattle saleyards, Cr., £3048 3s. 9d.; sinking fund, cattle saleyards, invested, Cr., £2000; sinking fund, Town Hall loan, Cr., £3253 19s.; sinking fund, Town Hall loan, invested, Cr., £7000.

THE NORTH SHORE.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—Within the last few weeks I have noticed a number of letters and comments in the public press about the action, or rather the inaction, of the Government in regard to the requirements of the North Shore; and if you will pardon me for taking up so much of your valuable space, I think a short *resumé* of what has taken place during the last twelve or fifteen months might be welcome and instructive to those most interested in the above locality.

It is now a little over a year ago since we had a very spirited electoral contest, and great promises were held out by each candidate as to what he would do should he be the successful competitor for Parliamentary honours. On the hustings each put his best foot foremost, and reiterated with all his powers of eloquence his various statements made at previous public meetings; but while each, I feel certain, felt convinced that he had made a favourable impression upon his auditory, all their fervency of language and earnestness of declamation sank into insignificance when the towering and majestic form of the now Honorable Mr. George Dibbs stood forth with his fine panoramic view of the bridge which he was to get carried forthwith across the harbour—and his words, indeed, were so powerful and convincing that his hearers felt sure that the thing was as good as done, and began to imagine themselves walking or driving over the magnificent structure, and looking down, *en passant*, at the blue waters of our harbour and the crowded shipping thereon. Next we were to have railway communication from the main line at Pierce's corner right down to our northern shore, and we could almost see with our mind's eye the long line of wharfs crowded with vessels and alive with the busy hum of traffic, such as is to be witnessed daily on the opposite side. And while, in addition to these two great achievements, we were to have the whole district intersected with a system of tramways, so that we could step into a tramcar and run down to Manly for a bathe and a stroll before breakfast, we were also to have a never failing supply of delicious fresh water brought to our very doors, and the heart of every parent throbbed with delight at the thought of this wholesome beverage for his little ones; even the old maids for once smiled pleasantly at the prospect of the improved flavour of their afternoon cup of tea, while the old bachelor chuckled and smacked his lips in anticipation of his extra glass of grog mixed with such pure crystal liquid. But to put the finishing touch to these bewitching day dreams, there was to be a most perfect system of sewerage, so that there would be no longer any foul exhalations to taint heaven's breath, as it blew softly through our midst, laden only with the sweet perfumes from the neighbouring orange groves or the health-giving odour of the eucalyptus. What a glorious picture! What a delicious dream!—if only it could be realised. But what is the stern reality? Mr. Dibbs and Mr. Holtermann were duly elected, and Mr. Dibbs was re-elected on his accepting the Treasurership, when he repeated his promises of good to the North Shore; and though from his position some effort might have been made to carry out a portion at least of these great designs, there does not appear to have been the slightest attempt, either on his part or that of his colleague, to help us in the smallest degree, except that some surveys have been taken, I believe, for a tramway, and tenders have been invited for large steam punts, neither of which schemes are now, I hear, to be carried out under the reduced Estimates that have been brought forward. Yet while all this apathy on the part of the Government and our members has been shown towards our wants—I should say, necessities; large sums of money have been voted and given away in every direction without scruple, and we who form almost a part of the metropolis have been as hitherto left to shift for ourselves, uncared for and forgotten.

How long might I ask is such a state of affairs to continue? What is the use of letter writing and desultory complaints unless some united action be taken, and that without further delay?

Why will not the inhabitants of this neglected district unite to a man and insist boldly and fearlessly on their rights? Why will they not, if necessary, assemble together, and go *en masse* to the very doors of the Legislative Assembly and there demand the justice, that has been so long, so culpably, and so notoriously denied them? Our administrators would then know that a large, influential, and industrious community such as ours, is to be trifled with no longer, and they would be compelled to make at least an honest start to carry out without further delay the most urgent of our many absolute requirements. I am, &c.,

PHILIP F. RICHARDSON.

Vernon Park, Gordon, North Shore, Feb. 29.

TAXATION.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE HERALD.

Sir,—This is my scheme for raising seven million pounds this year for our revenue. Repeal all duties on tea and sugar, coffee, and cocoa, and let other present duties stand. Double or treble all duties on spirits, wines, &c., and tobacco and opium; smugglers to be entitled to five or seven years' penal servitude and a money penalty if rich; give the informer half proceeds of value. Double the license on public-houses, auctioneers, &c. Make labour agents, brokers, and attorneys, architects, and many others take out a license—others too numerous to mention. Don't sell any more land (a great mistake from the first) except town allotments. If it must be sold, apply the proceeds to emigration of domestic and farm labourers. Increase the fees on squatters, upon terms such as long holding, &c. Put a poll tax on all persons of 18 years of age and upwards having an income of, say, £200 or £300, and a penny in the £ up to 6d. on all incomes. Then, if this will not produce enough, as necessity has no law, we must have recourse to ad valorem. Tax harps, pianos, jewellery, and the like luxuries, but spare raw articles and mangles. Weed out the drones, retrench, economise, and teach thrift. This was written the day after the Property Bill appeared, and I have not copied or revised a word. I had my own reason for not sending you this before.

I am, &c., B. C. RODD.

P.S.—I should very much like to see the poll tax of £10 on Chinaman repealed. This odious and unjust tax is a sore blot on our common Christianity, so it seems to me. Prohibit them if you like altogether, that would be better than robbery, the view I and others take of it. I don't pretend to say our worthy Treasurer is infallible, but I think great allowance should be made for his peculiar and difficult position. B. C. R.

B. M., Five Dock, February 27.

TRADES AND LABOUR COUNCIL.

The usual fortnightly meeting of the Trades and Labour Council of New South Wales was held at the Royal Hyde Park Hotel last night. The vice-president, Mr. John Talbot, occupied the chair, and the following trades were represented—Masters and Engineers, Typographical Association, Ironmoulders, Journeymen Butchers, Tinsmiths, Sheet-iron Workers, Hunter River Miners, Coopers, Seamen's Union, Glassmakers, Quarrymen, Operative Masons, United Painters, United Plasterers, Sydney Wharf Labourers, Amalgamated Journeymen Tailors, Amalgamated Plumbers, Progressive Carpenters, and Shipwrights. After the reading of the minutes and some correspondence by the secretary, the president called for a report from the committee appointed to arrange matters in connection with the Trades Hall. Mr. West, on behalf of the committee, reported that they had carried out their instructions with regard to interviewing representatives of the various societies, and that it been decided by the trades that they would take the matter up themselves; they had appointed their own secretary and officers, and he thought the scheme would now be carried out in a satisfactory manner. He moved that the committee should be discharged. Mr. Talbot said he wished it to be understood that he totally disagreed with the action taken by the committee, and he thought their labours would prove unsatisfactory. By the steps the committee had taken they were simply making the Trades and Labour Council a second or third rate institution, and it would have no voice in the matter. The committee had been elected in the council, and had gone outside and invited a foreign body to take the matter up, and by this means had offered a great insult to the delegates on the council. If they had made the request the committee could have been enlarged, with power to add to their number: by so doing the council could have dealt with the question, and the thing would have been carried out in a satisfactory and legitimate manner. It was not for them to say they would form an institution of their own, over which they would be the rulers and kings, and he thought that was the intention of some of those who had been elected upon the Trades Hall committee. He was in favour of the erection of a Trades Hall, but he certainly objected to the manner in which the committee had gone about the work. After some discussion, the motion discharging the committee was carried. Mr. West called attention to the coopers' strike, and moved that delegates should be appointed for the purpose of interviewing the employers with the view of arranging a settlement between the parties. The motion was carried, and Messrs. Talbot, West, and Wright were entrusted with the duty. Mr. Abbott said he had been instructed by the Typographical Association to bring under the notice of the council the fact that a number of the compositors employed in the Government Printing Office were put to a very great inconvenience through having to wait a month before they received their wages. He thought the matter was a very serious one, as he knew for a fact that many of the men were compelled to place themselves in the hands of money-lenders, and obtained money at high interest in order to satisfy demands. In Brisbane the men were paid fortnightly, and he contended that either a weekly or fortnightly system should be adopted in Sydney. He moved the following resolution:—"The Trades and Labour Council having become acquainted with many and various inconveniences and grievous hardships to which 'temporary' and 'casual' compositors in the Government Printing Offices are subjected through the prevailing system of monthly payments, hereby expresses an earnest hope that the authorities will be pleased forthwith to order that in future payments shall be made fortnightly; and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded by the secretary to the Hon. the Colonial Treasurer." After some discussion, in which a weekly or fortnightly pay was advocated, the motion was agreed to. Mr. Abbot then stated that he had been given to understand that on the nomination day for East Sydney the members of the temporary staff employed in the Government Printing Office were driven out of the office at about 11 or 12 o'clock, being told that there was no work for them, and in consequence they were compelled to lose the time whilst the permanent hands were paid for their holiday. After some discussion, a suggestion made by Mr. Carlaw, to the effect that a member of Parliament should be asked to bring the matter before the House, was accepted. Mr. Horan was admitted into the council as a delegate from the Tailors' Association. After a discussion with regard to the resumption of the adjourned debate upon the question of sending delegates to the Trades Congress to be held in Melbourne, the matter was allowed to stand over. The council then adjourned.

BOROUGH COUNCILS.

CANTERBURY.—Meeting held on 20th February. Present—The Mayor, Aldermen Davis, Roberts, Sharp, Slocombe, and Williams. Minutes of special meeting held on 15th instant read and confirmed. Alderman Sharp stated, in reference to the sale of allotments in George and Church streets, that he was not authorised in going beyond the sum of £150, and therefore did not purchase the land for the council. Correspondence: From the municipal treasurer, intimating that the balance-sheet for the half-year ending February 4th had been audited, which he would now lay before the council, with a statement showing the financial position of the council, which was done, reading a report from the auditors that they had audited the accounts of the municipality and found them to correspond with the balance-sheet, and complimenting the council-clerk on the plain and business-like system in which the books were kept. Moved by Alderman Slocombe:—"That a vote of thanks be accorded to the municipal auditors for the energy they have shown in auditing the accounts." Alderman Sharp, in seconding the motion, would also include the council clerk, for the manner in which the balance-sheet had been prepared, which was endorsed by the whole council and carried unanimously. From the Mayor, Randwick, re municipal endowments. Received. From Marrickville Council, re drainage of a portion of Canterbury-road, between Duntroon and Garnet streets, and enclosing copies of correspondence on the matter between their council and that of Petersham, resulting in the suggestion by the Petersham Council that Canterbury would have to take the water down Duntroon-street in place of Kroombit-street. Received, and the Government be written to, requesting that the money allowed for this road be handed over to the council. Reports: The fortnightly report from the clerk of works on municipal works, and also on the application of Mr. William Bennett for an awning in front of his premises, George-street. Received and adopted. The report from the inspector of nuisances was received; and also on the complaint made by Mr. A. A. Leycester, re pollution of the river. Received, and copy to be sent to Mr. Leycester. Questions:—Alderman Sharp: In what stage is the proposed division of the south ward? No steps have been taken during the past municipal year.—What has been done up to date re trustees for the park? Nothing has been done since the names of gentlemen were submitted. Alderman Sharp moved without notice,—"That Alderman Slocombe be nominated a member of the Park Trust, in the place of Mr. J. H. Legge, who is leaving the district, and that the Government be written to on the subject." Carried. Alderman Slocombe: Has any application been made to this council for the erection of a tannery? None. Alderman Sharp moved,—"That a letter be sent by this council to the parties said to be erecting premises on or near Milford-street, Campbell's Estate, for a tannery, calling attention to part 5 of bylaws of this council." Carried. Alderman Williams: Any reply been sent to Messrs. Higginbottom and Co. as to the division of wards? None necessary. Alderman Roberts: Has the chairman of last year's works committee sent in report on Dunstaffne-street? No.—The treasurer and general committees for the current year were appointed; report of finance committee recommending payment of wages amounting to £17 10s 6d, and sundry amounts to £100 18s 2d was adopted; office hours were fixed for the receiving of rates and transaction of other business, Tuesdays, 6 to 9 p.m., Thursdays and Saturdays, 9 a.m. to 1 p.m. Moved by Alderman Roberts,—"That the finance committee be instructed to prepare and submit to this council an estimate in accordance with section 164 of the Municipalities Act of 1867 of the probable amount which will be required for the now current year, in addition to any tolls, &c." Carried. Moved by Alderman Slocombe,—"That legal proceedings be instituted for the recovery of all rates in arrears against the estate of the late William Redman and all others whose arrears of rates on landed property exceed £2." Carried. Moved by Alderman Sharp,—"That this council, with a view of collecting over-due rates, do now appoint a bailiff, said bailiff to be paid per diem when employed." Amended, "and that the Mayor be empowered to appoint such officer." Carried. Moved by Alderman Sharp,—"That a committee be appointed, and is authorised by this council to take such steps as they may consider necessary to abolish the tollbar now standing on George-street, Canterbury." Carried.—H. M. INNES, Council Clerk.

REDFERN.—Meeting held on the 22nd February. Present—The Mayor (the Hon. F. A. Wright, M.L.A.), with Aldermen Stanley, Williamson, Lander, Crowe, Berry, Hume, Graham, Andrew, Sharpe, O'Connell, and M'Lachlan. The finance committee's report recommending payment of accounts amounting to £342 18s. 5d., was adopted and payment ordered. Report from the works committee was adopted. D. Burdett complained of the state of the drain at the rear of his houses in Shepherd-street. Referred to the works committee. G. Hudson offered £8 for the right to remove sand from the bank off Wilson-street, and agreeing to reduce the bank to the level of the roadway. Referred to the works committee. From the Mayor of Randwick, requesting the attendance of a representative at a meeting to be held at the Town Hall, Sydney, to arrange preliminaries for a deputation to the Colonial Secretary re endowment to municipalities. Received, and Alderman Williamson was appointed to attend. P. Hand complained of a nuisance in Wilson-street, which was referred to the works committee. From the Under Colonial Secretary, requesting the attendance of the Mayor on Monday for the purpose of consulting with regard to the election of a member to represent the suburban municipalities upon the Fire Brigades Board. The Mayor was requested to attend. From the Town Clerk, Sydney, intimating that there does not appear any objection to the work of extending the culvert in Dowling-street being carried out by this council provided they prepare the necessary plan, &c., to be submitted for the approval of the city surveyor. Received, and it was resolved that a plan be prepared as required by the overseer. The Odourless Night Soil Company applied for copy of specification for the removal of soil. Received, and resolved that the company be informed that the specification can be seen at the office. The inspector of nuisances applied for written authority to prosecute a certain nuisance under the by-laws. Granted. The inspector reported on an encroachment caused by a fence in Regent-street. Referred to the works committee. Alderman Berry moved,—"That the works committee report on the advisability of re-forming, ballasting, and metalling Pitt-street, from Turner to East street, at a probable cost of £65." Carried. Alderman Lander moved,—"That the works committee report upon the advisability of forming and ballasting Calder-road, from Ivy to Shepherd streets, at a probable cost of £100, and pipes laid at the intersection of Calder-road and Ivy-street at a probable cost of £12. Carried. The business of forming committees was then entered upon. Alderman Williamson moved a vote of thanks to the retiring finance committee. Carried.

THE POPULATION OF SWEDEN.—According to the last census returns, the population of Sweden has increased from 1,763,000 in 1750 to 4,572,245, the most populous provinces being those in the south, as they have 38 inhabitants per square mile, while the northern provinces have only 33. Next to Stockholm, which has a population of 176,745, the largest towns are—Gothenburg, 78,313; Malmo, 39,512; Norrkoping, 27,231; Gefle, 18,528; Carlscrona, 18,276; Jonkoping, 17,109; and Upsal, 16,346. The increase of the population would be much greater but for the number of emigrants from Sweden, the average for the last few years being over 60,000. At the same time there has been a considerable immigration into the country of late, and the refusal some years ago of the Riksdag to repeal the law which forbids foreigners to own land in Sweden without special permission of the Crown is attributed to the fact that 8200 Germans were settled in the country, and to an apprehension that they meant to buy up a lot of property.

SHIPPING.

ARRIVALS.—February 28.

Gunga (s.), 1257 tons, Captain R. Ballistier, from Port Douglas 19th instant, via ports. A. S. N. Company, agents.

Weser, German barque, 698 tons, Captain J. Harde, from Hamburg November 9. Passenger—Mr. Jobst. Rabone, Feez, and Co., agents.

Cairngorm (s.), 1790 tons, Captain William Jack, from Levuka 17th instant, and Suva 20th instant. Passengers—Messrs. Inchboard, G. Humphrey, Agnew, Looney, Sounal, Harden, J. M'Gowan, Foldi, and Howell. Metcalfe, Siddeley, and Co., agents.

H.M.S. Miranda, 6 guns, Commander W. A. C. Acland, from Hobart 23rd instant.

Irresistible (s.), 116 tons, Captain C. Stewart, from London October 25, St. Vincent November 12, Albany 15th instant, and Melbourne 25th instant. James Halstead, agent.

Rodondo (s.), 1119 tons, Captain E. Johnson, from Townsville, via Brisbane, 26th instant. Passengers—Messrs. E. C. and W. C. Parkes, Morton, J. Byrne, M. C. Zahili, Captain W. Fortune, D. Durack, M. Durack, J. Durack, Master P. A. Durack, Taylor, Mr. and Mrs. Prior and child, Miss Thomas, Mrs. Swanson, Mrs. and Miss Wilyear, and 40 in the steerage. W. Howard Smith and Sons, Limited, agents.

Helen Nicoll (s.), 384 tons, Captain R. A. Fraser, from Clarence River 27th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Collett, Mrs. King, Mrs. Power, Mrs. Brown, Miss Taylor, Miss M'Kenzie, Messrs. King, Power, Norkman, Duckle, Barris, Howard, Eyles, M'Donald, Anderson, Wright, Anderson, M'Cormack (2), Nickison (2), Rev. Burges, Smith, Caffing, Foley, and 15 in the steerage. Nipper and See, agents.

City of Melbourne (s.), 836 tons, Captain C. J. Nightingall, from Brisbane 26th instant. Passengers—Mrs. A. Cox, Mrs. A. Barker, Mrs. L. Henderson, Mrs. Morley and child, Miss Donelly, Miss W. A. Cooksley, Miss N. Nettleton, Miss Shiel, Miss Henderson, Rev. A. Kay, Rev. W. A. Smith, Hon. W. Gregory, Messrs. O. H. Wood, W. A. Dodd, J. W. Dowling, Ford, F. Crompton, G. Higgins, S. Wolff, J. Witkowski, Kelmany, W. H. Richards, V. L. Townley, W. Williams, V. Bancroft, G. Mills, W. Fox, W. A. Lethbridge, Captain Williams, and 26 in the steerage. A. S. N. Company, agents.

Sophia Ann (s.), 164 tons, Captain J. G. Atkinson, from Port Macquarie 27th instant. Passengers—Mrs. Pickering and family (3), Mrs. R. Wheeler, Messrs. R. Wheeler, J. Cram, and A. Bowden. Jennings, Pickering, and Co., agents.

DEPARTURES.—February 28.

R.M.S. Zealandia, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu.
Salazie (s.), for Noumea.
Te Anau (s.), for Auckland and New Zealand ports.
Alexander Newton, barque, for Mauritius.

February 29.

Naples (s.), for Hongkong, via Queensland ports.

PROJECTED DEPARTURES.—February 29.

Changchow (s.), for Hongkong, via ports; Wentworth (s.), for Brisbane and Northern ports; Buninyong (s.), for Melbourne; Moreton (s.), for Brisbane and Northern ports; Platypus (s.), for Richmond River; Rosedale (s.), for Manning River.

CLEARANCES, February 28.

R.M.S. Zealandia, 3200 tons, Captain Henry Webber, for San Francisco, via Auckland and Honolulu. Passengers—For San Francisco, from Sydney: Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Nicholas, Mr. Murray Mumford, Mr. and Mrs. George Kelly, Messrs. J. W. Ruskin, C. M. Kenworthy, J. E. Gardner, F. Chapman, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Lees, Mr. C. Stephen, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Neale, Mr. L. Neale, Hon. J. H. Neale, Mr. C. D. and Misses Fenwick (2), Messrs. E. N. Bissell, J. G. and K. M. Clark, Mr. and Miss Everard, Messrs. P. Sorokoumousky, W. F. De Salis, T. D. M'Kay, Z. Dragkilcoiz, Miss M. Dragkilcoiz, Miss Earle, Messrs. W. P. Hoag, Otto Busch, Mr. and Miss Walker, Mr. V. A. V. Delarue, Mrs. K. K. Kennedy, Mrs. Shore, Mrs. Dixon, Mrs. Ryman, Rev. J. B. Chataigner, Judge Dowling, Mr. J. K. Newton, and 45 in the steerage. From Melbourne: Messrs. J. H. Kulemkampff, F. Bateman, A. Lennard, F. and P. Chabrier, L. Van Laak, T. Mulcahy, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Armstrong, Mr. J. Thwaites, Mr and Mrs. F. Newton, Mr. H. N. Proctor, Mrs. B. Salway, Miss B. M. Latham, Mr. and Mrs. E. Latham, Mr. F. Latham, Mr. and Mrs. R. Aitkins, Mr. J. Halstead, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Jud, Mr. F. Betz, and 4 in the steerage. From Brisbane: Mr. E. R. Cardell. From Adelaide: Mr. and Mrs. A. Simms, Messrs. E. and F. Barrett, R. H. Robertson, L. F. Harrold. For Honolulu: Mr. P. H. Henry, and 3 in the steerage. For Auckland: Mr. and Mrs. M'Millan nurse and 3 children, Messrs. Donald Manson, W. C. Goddard, C. A. Robey, and 2 in the steerage.

Te Anau (s.), 1652 tons, Captain T. M'Gee, for Auckland and Southern ports of New Zealand. Passengers—Mr. and Mrs. Poulton, Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Browne, Mrs. J. Hay, Mrs. Williamson, Mrs. H. Kellett and two children, Miss E. O. Connell, Sir G. T. Whitmore, Rev. Dr. Kelynack, Messrs. Jennings, A. Emerson, J. F. Cook, W. Gunn, E. Price, Day, H. A. Fry, H. Schatz, J. A. B. Fry, G. George, Raymond, J. L. Field, F. W. Blackburn, J. J. Walters, Hanna and friend, G. Tracey, F. Kelly, F. Bornstein, and 30 in the steerage.

Salazie (s.), 4850 tons, Captain H. Mace, for Noumea. Passengers—Mrs. North, Mrs. Jeromine, Mrs. Badaffe, Misses Jeromine (4), Sister Mary St. Clair, Sister Mary Theresa, Messrs. Gooch, Berthelm, Bailey, B. Gaspard, Braley, Taboul, Caller, H. Forbes, S. Ahrenson, A. Holmes, Reuter, L. Gabri, L. Palard, J. Camen, J. Baylard, A. Ballande, A. Woodroffe, Hoffmann, Mourin, Laracle. From Marseilles: Mrs. Rolanda and 2 children, Messrs. Leclos, Naulin, Anthemer, Charon, Graham. From Reunion: Mr. Meenil. From Melbourne: Mr. Desperrois.

Naples (s.), 2239 tons, Captain Jas. Thom, for Port Darwin and Hongkong, via Queensland ports. Passengers—Messrs. F. and T. Summers, J. Cameron, and 13 in the steerage.

COASTERS INWARDS.—February 28.

Maid of Australia, from Broken Bay, with sundries; Samoa, from Wreck Bay, with 60,000 feet timber; Ino, from Tomakin, with 15,500 feet timber; Alert, from Newcastle, with 444 tons coal; Menschikoff, from Newcastle, with 250 tons coal; Havilah, from Port Kembla, with 340 tons coal; May Jennings, from Tomakin, with 40,000 feet timber; Victory, from Richmond River, with 100,000 feet timber; Escort, from Newcastle, with 180 tons coal; Vision, from Kiola, with 13,000 feet timber; Flora Bell, from Cape Hawke, with 20,000 feet timber; Alice May, from Manning River, with 30,000 feet timber, 1 engine; Agnes Rose, from Port Stephens, with 17,500 feet timber; Santa Cruz, from Newcastle, with 120 tons coal; Pearl, from Bateman's Bay, with 20,000 feet timber; Beagle, from Beagle Bay, with 32,000 feet timber; Coonanbara (s.), from Newcastle, with 80 cases soap, 90 bags antimony ore, 12 bags lucerne seed, 150 bags coke, 18 cases furniture, 270 hides, 25 calves, 6 horses, 11 casks wine, 15 baskets fish, 6 basket prawns.

COASTERS OUTWARDS.—February 28.

Maid of Australia, for Broken Bay; Samoa, for Wreck Bay; Ino, May Jennings, for Tomakin; Menschikoff, Alert, Escort, for Newcastle; Havilah, for Port Kembla; Victory, for Richmond River; Vision, for Kiola; Flora Bell, for Cape Hawke; Alice May, for Manning River; Agnes Rose, for Port Stephens; Pearl, for Bateman's Bay; Beagle, for Beagle Bay.

IMPORTS.—February 28.

Cairngorm (s.), from Fiji: 400 tons molasses, 50 tons sugar, 3000 bunches bananas, and 100 tons general cargo, consisting of cotton cocoanut fibre, and cocoanuts.

Rodondo (s.), from Queensland ports: 1 package books, 39 cases pines, 22 bales wool, 268 hides, 1 case, 12 casks beef, 17 casks tallow, 200 hides, 5 bales sheep-skins.

Weser, from Hamburg: 6 cases guns, 290 cases iron tacks, J. Scharff; 27 cases lithographic stones, F. T. Wimble; 10 casks spirits, Elliott Brothers; 12 bales, Gibbs, Shallard, and Co.; 3 cases, J. Frazer and Co.; 1 case, J. Davis and Co.; 70 cases hollowglass, Holdsworth, M'Pherson, and Co.; 8 cases toys, earthenware, &c., Lazarus, Rosenfeld, and Benjamin; 7 cases pianos, William Ezold; 2500 cases schnapps, 100 cases ale, 270 cases beer, 15 cases milk, 20 cases glucose, 800 cases starch, 3000 barrels cement, 27 cases pianos, 7 cases pictures, 41 cases furniture, 34 cases muskets, 150 cases dynamite, 24 cases hollowglass, and 3 cases, Order. For S. S. Islands: 3 boats, 14 boat keels, 290 oars, 39 grindstones, 1 case fireworks, 1 chronometer, 273 casks, 2 rolls, 93 bales, 4 packages, 109 demijohns, 95 bundles, 15 coils, 50 cases powder, and 1438 cases general merchandise.

City of Melbourne (s.), from Brisbane: 189 bags tin ore, 94 ingots tin, 81 hides, 5 bundles hides, 17 bales wool, 20 empty kegs and cases, 7 cases preserved meat, 2 cases harness, 2 cases electro-plated ware, 1 parcel, 1 truss, 1 package leather, and a quantity of sundries.

Ex Arthurstone: 4 cases saddlers' ironmongery, 2 casks chain work and buckles; 1 bale woollen white serge; 2 bales woollen collar cloth—John Rourke, West Maitland.

EXPORTS.—February 28.

R.M.S. Zealandia, for San Francisco, via ports: 113 boxes opium, 40 cases paint, 48 cases dried fruit, 3025 ingots tin, 161 hides, 69 casks soap stock, 10 cases brandy, 20 cases whisky, 1 case oil, 3 packages drapery, and 7 packages sundries.

Salazie (s.), for Noumea: 72 packages wines and spirits, 13 boxes tea, 150 bags potatoes, 20 bags bran, 20 bags flour, 16 bags sugar, 22 cases fruit, 5 cases beads, 15 bars iron, 8 packages butter and cheese, 10 packages salt, 10 boxes candles, 132 cases meats, 20 boxes soap, 18 packages drapery, &c., 50 packages oil stores, 100 sheep, and sundries; also, original cargo from Marseilles.

Te Anau (s.), for New Zealand ports: 412 pockets, 142 gunnies, 340 mats sugar, 58 boxes tea, 30 cases peel, 25 cases brandy, 37 cases fruit, 4 cases marble, 1 case jewellery, 7 packages books and stationery, 11 cases periodicals, 35 packages rope, 1 engine, 7 iron girders, 4 cases cakes, 3 cases drugs, 1 anchor, 1 omnibus, 2000 spokes, and about 100 packages sundries.

Naples (s.), for Hongkong, via ports: 20 cases starch, 6 cases whisky, 327 cases meats, 255 packages fungus, 1 box coin (£400), 25 packages machinery, 16 pieces timber, 968 packages merchandise, and 1600 tons coal.

Custom House.—Entered Outwards: February 28, Defiance, schooner, 199 tons, Captain J. Johnston, for Auckland.

Shortly after 3 p.m. yesterday the Pacific Company's mail steamship Zealandia cast off from her moorings in Lavender Bay, and proceeded on her voyage to San Francisco. Every inch of passenger accommodation was occupied, the list being an unusually heavy one even for the Zealandia, and amongst the passengers were his Honor Judge Dowling, Hon. J. H. Neale, Mr. T. D. Mackay (of San Francisco), Mr. Donald Manson, &c. The steamers Prince of Wales, Maggie, and the Government steam launch Nea, having a considerable number of patrons on board, accompanied the vessel down the harbour; and as the afternoon was fine and the breeze fresh, the outing must have been an enjoyable one. The Zealandia was spick and span as a new ship both inside and out, and as her engines have, as usual, received special attention, there is no doubt that the work she did on her inward passage will be equalled if not surpassed on that she has just commenced. The mails despatched by the Zealandia consisted of 101 bags, exclusive of 66 sealed mails from other colonies, particulars as under:—New Zealand, 1065 letters, 19 books, 1151 newspapers; Tahiti, 11 letters, 14 newspapers; Honolulu, 187 letters, 5 books, 235 newspapers; San Francisco, 1514 letters, 72 books, 1184 newspapers; other ports of America, &c., 1661 letters, 35 books, 1199 newspapers; Canada, 415 letters, 22 books, 94 newspapers; Vancouver's Island, 29 letters, 2 books, 1 newspaper; Liverpool, 1289 letters, 1 book, 295 newspapers; Dublin, 1138 letters, 21 books, 944 newspapers; Glasgow, 1140 letters, 75 books, 1456 newspapers; London, 3980 letters, 180 books, 5900 newspapers; Birmingham, 812 letters, 98 newspapers. Total, 13,194 letters, 432 books, 12,271 newspapers.

The steamer Gunga left Port Douglas at 8.30 p.m. on the 19th instant, and anchored off Townsville at 4 p.m. on the 20th; left again at 9.10 p.m. on the 21st, and came to an anchor off the Anchor Islands at 6 p.m. on the 22nd, remaining there until 7.30 a.m. on the 23rd, when she proceeded. High Peak Island was passed at 8.40 p.m. same date, Sandy Cape at 8.35 p.m. on the 24th, and Moreton Bay was reached at 5.30 p.m. on the 25th. The passage was resumed at 4.45 a.m. on the 26th, South Solitary passed at 1.40 a.m. on the 27th, and the Heads were entered at 4.35 a.m. on the 28th, the Company's wharf being reached at 5.30. The Gunga experienced fine weather from Port Douglas to Townsville; thence to High Peak Island, strong easterly wind with furious squalls and incessant heavy rain; thence to Sandy Cape, fine weather and smooth water. After passing Sandy Cape wind freshened to a gale from E.S.E., with hard squalls, heavy rain, and a high head sea, gradually moderating towards arrival in Moreton Bay. From the latter port he had a northerly wind and fine weather to South Solitary; thence to arrival, fresh to moderate easterly winds with occasional squalls and head sea.

The steamer Helen Nicoll left Grafton on the 27th instant at 5.30 a.m., and crossed the Clarence bar at 12.10 p.m. the same day. She experienced light S.E. wind and heavy sea to Seal Rocks, thence light N.E. to arrival yesterday evening. Cargo: 398 bags maize, 140 hides, 5 pigs, 4 coops poultry, 11 cases eggs, 2 bags horns, 2 bags bones, 317 bunches bananas, 15 hogsheads molasses, 29 cedar logs, 3 calves, 1 boat, 1 bundle sheepskins, 13 bales wool, 157 bags sugar, 554 pieces cedar, 54 bags tin ore, 6 casks tallow, 8 bags oysters, 27 sundries.

The lifeboats of the Royal National Lifeboat Institution during the past year (says *Mitchell's Maritime Register*) saved 726 lives. Thirty vessels were also, through their instrumentality, saved from becoming total wrecks. Besides this the lifeboats were launched 149 times in reply to signals of distress; but either from the signals having been made in error, or other causes, the lifeboats returned to shore, the crew having risked their lives to [illegible] rescuing 230 lives by means of shore boats and fishing boats, so that a total of 956 lives have been saved through its operations in the last 12 months. Since its formation it has contributed to the saving of 29,628 lives. To carry on this good work the committee appeal to the public for increased support. The institution has a fleet of 274 lifeboats under its management, the maintenance of which in a thoroughly efficient state necessitates a large annual expenditure.

Cable advices report that the steamer Gulf of Suez, hence to Boston, U. S. A., via Melbourne, with wool, arrived at her destination on 25th instant.

Captain S. Brown, of the steamer Civility, reports as follows, under yesterday's (Thursday) date:—"When on my passage from Kiama to Sydney, at about 8.30 a.m. this morning, saw schooner Summer Rose with ensign flying in main rigging as a signal for assistance; bore down on her, and found her in a most perilous position, being very close to the rocks, between Long Nose and Cape Solander. At the request of her captain I at once gave the schooner my towline. I then sent my chief officer and crew on board to help to weigh her anchor, as I thought from the strain on the chain that her own crew unassisted could not weigh it. At the time that I got hold of the vessel there was very little wind, but a very heavy sea. My chief officer having reported to me on his return from the distressed vessel that she was bound to Botany, I towed her into a place of safety in Botany Bay, leaving her at 10.15 a.m. Had the schooner's chain parted where she was, with such a sea running, nothing could have saved her from becoming a total wreck."

The steamer Rodondo, from Townsville, via Brisbane, left the latter port at 9 p.m. on the 26th instant, cleared Moreton Bay at midnight, passed South Solitary at 6.15 a.m. on the 27th instant, Smoky Cape at 9.50 p.m., Tacking Point at 1.15 a.m. on the 28th, and entered the Heads at 4.30 p.m. Fresh N.E. winds and fine weather prevailed throughout the passage.

The German barque Weser, which visited this port in 1881, entered another appearance yesterday, having come from Hamburg with a full general cargo. She took her departure from Cuxhaven on November 9, and had strong northerly and westerly winds in the German Ocean, and light northerly winds down the English Channel. Start Point was passed on November 15, and strong westerly winds and unpleasant weather prevailed from there right to the N.E. trades, and during one of the blows the maintopsail was carried away. The trades, found in 24° N., were light, and were parted with in 8° N., whence light variable winds were had to 5° S., where the S.E. trades were encountered. Crossing the Line on December 25, in 32° W., the Weser carried steady trades down to 18° S., the island of Fernando Noronho being previously sighted on December 27, and that of Trinidad in January 3. After losing the trades the barque had variables until meeting with the westerly winds in 32° S. Fine steady breezes, veering from N. to W., were carried right along to the Cape, the meridian of which was crossed in 45½° S. on January 21. The easting was run down between the parallels of 46° and 47° S., with winds from N. to W. and from W. to S., and thick foggy weather. The wind at times increased to a moderate gale, but there was no heavy weather, and the voyage was uneventful until the 12th instant, when during a squall from S.W. the barque's mizen topmast head was carried away. Tasmania was rounded on the 19th instant, and then three days of light variable winds delayed the vessel's progress. On the 23rd the wind came away strong from S.E., and blew a whole gale for about four hours, attended by a very heavy sea, in which the Weser received a good deal of buffeting about and took on board a great deal of water, but received no damage. After that light variable winds prevailed to port. The Heads were entered at 7 o'clock yesterday morning, and the barque was towed by the steam tug Port Jackson to an anchorage below Garden Island, having dynamite and powder on board. Part of her cargo is for Apia, and as soon as the Sydney portion of her freight is discharged she is to leave for that place.

The Invincible, the new harbour steamer built for Mr. James Halstead, by Mr. Rock Davis, was taken for a preliminary trial trip yesterday with most satisfactory results. She will commence work next week.

Yesterday there was launched from the company's own yard, Waterview Bay, a new steamer for the Balmain Ferry Company. A large number of spectators was present to witness the ceremony, which took place at about half-past 9, amongst those present being Messrs. Heselton (chairman of the board of directors), J. Taylor, Perdriau, and Briggs (manager). The launch passed off most successfully, and as the vessel left the ways she was gracefully named the Waterview, by Miss Taylor, daughter of one of the directors. A description of the Waterview has already been published in the *Herald*. She will be in every way a superior boat to the last one, the Balmain, and her appearance on the ferry will no doubt be warmly appreciated by passengers to and from Balmain and Sydney. When the launch was concluded wine was opened, and Mr. Selfe, Government engineer, proposed "Success to the Waterview and Prosperity to the Balmain Ferry Company." He said the company deserved credit for their efforts to keep pace with the times. They had only had the control of the ferry for a period of two years, and had added two fine vessels to the fleet, the last being that they had just witnessed launched, which was a distinct improvement upon any of her predecessors. Mr. Heselton, in responding, said the directors had made certain promises when they took charge of the ferry, and that they had fulfilled those promises was shown in the Balmain and the Waterview. Mr. Taylor then proposed the "Health of the Manager, Foreman Shipwright (Mr. Sinclair), and the Men," and Mr. Briggs responded. He said he hoped the new boat would be running on the ferry in about six weeks' time. The proceedings then terminated. The Waterview was then towed over to Mort's Dock, where she is to be supplied with compound surface condensing engines, which are expected to drive her at the rate of least 11 knots an hour.

The barque Alexander Newtown sailed for Mauritius yesterday afternoon.

The Union Co.'s steamship Te Anau left yesterday afternoon for Auckland and Southern ports of New Zealand.

The M.M.S. Salazie left at 6 o'clock last evening for Noumea.

The President of the Marine Board has received a telegram from the pilot at Cape Hawke stating that the bar and crossings are getting very shallow, there being only 5 feet on the bar at high water, and 5 feet 6 inches on the crossings. There are three channels, but the one to the northward is the only safe one for loaded vessels as it is straight, the other two being very crooked.

The R.M.S. John Elder, of the Orient line, is due here this afternoon.

The steamer Naples returned to port yesterday afternoon from Newcastle, and berthed at the Grafton Wharf. She sailed again early this morning for Port Darwin and Hongkong, via Queensland ports.

The Irresistible, Mr. Halstead's new harbour steamer, arrived yesterday, from London, via St. Vincent, Albany, and Melbourne, after a rather lengthy passage. Seeing, however, that she is only a small vessel, that she was under sail a great part of the time, and that only one of her boilers was used, the time is not so bad. A description of the Irresistible, together with an account of the voyage as far as Melbourne has already been published. She left Melbourne at 10 o'clock on Monday night, with a strong S.W. wind, thick weather, and a heavy sea. Before reaching the Promontory there was a hard gale, with thick rain, and the engines had to be slowed for 6 hours. Wilson's Promontory was passed at 6 a.m. on Tuesday morning, the weather continuing as bad as ever. Gabo was passed on Wednesday morning, and Montague Island at 8 p.m. same day. The storm then began to moderate, and the wind gradually hauled round to N.E. Thick rainy weather, however, with N.E. winds followed to the Heads, which were entered at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The Irresistible steamed to an anchorage in Lavender Bay.

The steamship Cairngorm, which arrived yesterday from Levuka, is the first steamer of a direct service between London, Suva, and Levuka. She is quite a new ship, having been launched in August last year from the yard of John M'Millan and Sons, Dumbarton. She was constructed to the order of Messrs. Robertson and Co., of Newman-court, Cornhill, London. Originally intended for the China trade, the Cairngorm has an altogether superior appearance to most of the cargo carriers of the present day. Her hull is of iron, is straight-stemmed, and has an elliptical stern, and her rig is that of a schooner. The dimensions of the Cairngorm are:—Length, 285 feet; beam, 36 feet; depth of hold, 24 feet; which gives her a net register of 1166 tons, and a gross measurement of 1790 tons. She is double bottomed from stem to stern, and there is provision for water ballast to the extent of 350 tons. Mr. David Rowan, of Glasgow, supplied the engines, which are compound surface condensing, with inverted cylinders of 30 inches and 60 inches respectively, and a stroke of 42 inches. They are of 200 horse power nominal or 1300 indicated, and drive the ship long at a speed of nine knots. This is not a very high rate of speed, but when it is remembered that this speed was maintained from London to Fiji on a consumption of 14·4 tons of coal per day, it will be at once admitted that the Cairngorm is an economical if not a fast ship. She has bunker space for 420 tons. The engines worked exceedingly well throughout the whole voyage, and the workmanship put into them is indicated in some degree by the fact that they were not once stopped during the voyage for repairs. There are two steel multitubular boilers, which have been tested to an 80lb. pressure, and there are three furnaces in each. The engine-room is 40 feet long, and seems a compact and thoroughly well arranged compartment. Over this is the bridge, from which the ship is commanded. Underneath this are the officers' quarters, galley, &c., and adjoining it is the donkey-house. There are four large hatches, and every appliance in the shape of steam winches, &c., for the rapid discharge and loading of cargo. Steam is also utilised for steering the vessel, and for other purposes. The saloon is aft, and is an exceedingly tastefully arranged apartment, though quite devoid of anything in the shape of gorgeous ornamentation. Berths are provided for 10 passengers only, but there is ample rooom for this number, and accommodation of the most comfortable kind. The panelling of the doors is of bird's-eye maple, with teak and other borders; and there is every provision for ventilation. The captain's cabin—a very cosy nook—is on the port side of the saloon, while the starboard side is utilised by the steward. The poop deck must be a very attractive spot at sea. Altogether the Cairngorm is an excellent specimen of the shipbuilder's art, and her first voyage has, so far as the ship herself is concerned, been an undoubted success. Captain William Jack is in command, Mr. W. Mills is in charge of the engine room, and Mr. Alexander is chief officer. The Cairngorm's cargo for Fiji consisted of 1500 tons of sugar machinery for the Colonial Sugar Company, and 500 tons of general cargo. The despatch received at Fiji by the Cairngorm is justly complained of, as she was no fewer than 30 days there; and it is doubtful if the line would pay if hampered by such a style of doing things as at present obtains amongst the Levukans. It is hoped, however, that with the advent of such steamers as the Cairngorm the appliances for loading and unloading vessels will greatly improve. The Cairngorm left Levuka on the 17th instant and Suva on the 20th, and had south-easterly winds and a nasty sea throughout the passage. She entered the Heads at 7.30 yesterday morning, and anchored down the bay until later in the day, when she was berthed at the Central Wharf.

The steamer City of Melbourne left the company's wharf, Brisbane, at 7.30 a.m. 27th instant, cleared the new cutting at 10.10 a.m., passed Cape Moreton at 0.45 p.m., Richmond Heads at 9.10 p.m. same day, Smoky Cape at 6.30 a.m. on the 28th, Seal Rocks at 2.20 p.m., entered Sydney Heads at 10.40 p.m., and arrived alongside the company's wharf at 11 p.m., having made the passage in 39½ hours from wharf to wharf. Experienced thick foggy weather in Brisbane River, thence light variable winds with fine weather to Crowdy Head, and to arrival moderate winds from S.E. to E. with fine weather.

The barque Royal Tar was yesterday towed from Walker's Wharf to Rowntree's Dock.

To-day the ship Stirlingshire is to be berthed at Dalton's Wharf, and the barque Weser at Dibbs' Wharf.

RETURN OF H.M.S. MIRANDA FROM HOBART.

H.M.S. Miranda, Commander Acland, returned to port yesterday afternoon. She left this for Hobart on January 9, and had an uneventful passage until getting inside the Iron Pot, when she was assailed by a strong southerly "burster," which gave her all she could do to make headway, even with a full head of steam. She remained in Hobart until the 23rd instant, in company with the rest of the men-of-war on the station (excepting the Espiegle and the Lark, which were in New Zealand). Not a great amount of work was done, but a good deal of amusement was indulged in, the principal being the contests at the Hobart regatta and a service regatta, in both of which the Miranda's boats, though not victorious, got respectable places. The Miranda left Hobart on the 23rd instant, and 24 hours afterwards fell in with a strong gale veering from W.N.W. to S.W., attended by a very rough sea, which did some damage. One wave toppled on board and damaged the galley, besides twice washing in one of the upper deck ports, and damaging a portion of the netting in the fore part of the ship. When the storm had subsided, at the end of 48 hours, target practice with the big guns and torpedo practice were gone through, and then the ship underwent a 12 hours' steam trial, the average speed attained being 8½ knots. The latter part of the passage was favoured with fine weather, but the winds were contrary. The Miranda entered the Heads at 5 o'clock, and came to an anchor in Farm Cove at 6.15. The Nelson, Diamond, and Raven were at Hobart when the Miranda left. The Dart left the same day as she did for the Sweetwater River, about 17 miles from Hobart, for the purpose of performing some surveying work. She will probably return to Sydney in about three weeks time. The flagship is to arrive in Sydney by the middle of March, and it is likely that the Diamond and Raven will reach here before that time.

TELEGRAPHIC SHIPPING NEWS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

Brisbane.—Arrivals: February 28, Katoomba (s.), and Warrego (s.), from Cooktown; Maranoa (s.), Derwent (s.), Elamang (s.), from Sydney. The Ranelagh (s.), for Rockhampton, and Burwah (s.), for Sydney, left Maryborough this morning. The Balmain (s.), for Sydney, left Bundaberg this morning. The Edina (s.), from Sydney arrived at Rockhampton at midday. The Quiraing (s.), left Rockhampton this morning for Sydney, via ports. The Roma, R.M.S., for London, via ports, arrived at Keppel Bay yesterday afternoon. The Alexandra (s.), for Cooktown, left Townsville last night. The Victoria (s.), from Port Douglas, for Sydney, arrived at Townsville last night, and sailed this morning. The Archer (s.), for Cooktown, arrived at Port Douglas this morning. The Euxine (s.), from Hongkong to Sydney, left Cooktown early this morning. The Governor Blackall (s.) sails to-night at 10 for Cooktown, via ports, with English mails for transmission by the Roma.

Newcastle.—Arrivals: February 28, Linlithgowshire and Rapido, from Brisbane; Lismore (s.), from Richmond River; Magpie, from Port Stephens; City of Brisbane (s.), Morpeth (s.), Saxonia (s.), Murray (s.), Queen of the South (s.), from Sydney. Departures: February 28, Naples (s.), Chang Chow (s.), Catterthun (s.), for Hongkong, via Sydney, with 5160 tons coal; West Australian, for Albany; Eden, for Haiphong, with 502 tons coal; Philippine and Lochnaw, for Noumea, with 642 tons coal, 130 tons coke; Karaweera (s.), for Adelaide; City of Delhi, for San Francisco, with 1722 tons coal; Lyra, for Valparaiso, with 865 tons coal; Queen of the South (s.), for Clarence River; Murray (s.), for Manning River; Conference, for Bluff; Western (s.), Tasmania (s.), Saxonia (s.), Maitland (s.), City of Brisbane (s.), Marie, Isabelle, Norman, Lalla Rookh, Buninyong (s.), Lady St. Aubyn, for Sydney.

Gabo Island.—Passed: February 28, Birkgate (s.), west, at 5.30 p.m.; and Taramung (s.), in sight at 7 p.m., bound west.

Melbourne.—Arrivals: February 28, M.M.S. Sydney, from Sydney; Paterna (s.), from Launceston; Adelaide (s.), from Adelaide; Rotomahana (s.), from New Zealand Ports; Leura (s.), from Sydney. Departures: Rosetta, R.M.S., for London, via Adelaide; Keilawarra (s.), for Townsville, via Sydney; Waihora (s.), for New Zealand Ports; Rachel Cohen, schooner, for Sydney; D'Arcy Pratt, schooner, for Newcastle.

(FROM BOARD AT TELEGRAPH OFFICE.)

Ballina.—Passed: February 26, four-masted steamer Duke of Buckingham, north, at 3.20 p.m.

Camden Haven.—Departures: February 28, Ettalong, for Sydney; Formosa, for Newcastle.

Clarence Heads.—Arrivals: February 28, City of Grafton (s.), Australian (s.), and Mist. Passed: February 28, a large four-masted steamer, black funnel, north, at 11.30 a.m.

Manning Heads.—Departure: February 28, Rosedale (s.), at 11.55 a.m.

Macleay Heads.—Departure: February 28, Coraki (s.), for Sydney, at 9.30 a.m. Passed: February 28, Sophia Ann (s.), north, at 7.45 a.m.

Port Macquarie.—Passed: February 28, Glanworth (s.), north, at 10.45 a.m.; Coraki (s.), south, at 2.10 p.m.

Forster.—Arrival: February 27, Dewdrop. Departures: White Cloud, Active, and Ability.

Seal Rocks.—Passed: February 28, City of Melbourne (s.), at 2.40 p.m.; Rosedale (s.), at 3.10 p.m., south.

Port Stephens.—Departures: February 28, Caledonia, Dolly Walmsley. Passed: February 28, Wheatsheaf (s.), at 10.10 a.m.; Helen Nicoll (s.), at 10.20 a.m., south.

Shoalhaven.—Departure: February 28, Meeinderry (s.), for Sydney.

Eden.—Departure: February 27, Mangana (s.), for Hobart, at 9 a.m.

Jervis Bay.—Passed: February 28, Coorong (s.), north, at 5.25 p.m.

Green Cape.—Passed: February 27, City of Adelaide (s.), south, at 6.50 p.m. 28, Birkgate (s.), south, at 1.40 p.m.

Gabo Island.—Passed: February 27, Sydney (s.), at 9.10 a.m.; Mangana (s.), at 0.30 p.m.; Leura (s.), at 3.30 p.m., west.

Wilson's Promontory.—Inwards: February 28, Sydney (s.), at 9 a.m., Leura (s.), at 8.40 a.m. Outwards: February 28, three steamers at daylight, Gazelle (s.), at 7 a.m.

FOREIGN SHIPPING.

(THE MERCHANT SHIPPING AND UNDERWRITERS' ASSOCIATION, LIMITED.)

MANILA, via Cooktown.

Arrived.—January 20, Jupiter, barque, from Newcastle November 23.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORTS.—February 29.

South Australia.—Generally fine and warm, with few scattered clouds; fine in the interior from Tennant's Creek to Hawker; cloudy on S. coast, with fresh northerly winds, falling barometers and smooth sea. Still raining in Northern Territory—Yam Creek, 3·60, 3½ inches of which fell in 1½ hours; Daly Waters, 0·99.

Victoria.—Cloudy, light E. winds, falling barometers, and smooth sea on coast; no rain.

New Zealand.—Showery in S. Island, winds light from N.W. and S.W., and calm.

New South Wales.—Cloudy on coast and generally to S. of Sydney and Young; barometers steady; smooth sea and light N. winds and calms on coast. For rain see weather map. At Sydney a very light rain fell in night, with one or two showers in the morning, but the total rain was only 0·25.

Queensland.—Generally cloudy on coast, with light S.E. winds and moderate sea. Rainfall: Townsville, 0·80.

3 P.M. OBSERVATIONS.

Victoria.—Melbourne, N., 14, fine, temperature 80°; Cape Otway, N., 8, cloudy, slight sea, temperature 80°; Portland, N.N.W., 34, fine, smooth sea, temperature 81°; Wilson's Promontory, N.E., 18, dull, smooth sea, temperature 73°.

New South Wales.—Menindie, calm, fine, temperature 79°; Wentworth, calm, fine, temperature 97°; Deniliquin, N.W., fine, temperature 80°; Albury, S.E., cloudy, temperature 75°; Moruya, N.E., 14, dull, smooth sea, temperature 73°; Newcastle, N.E., fine, smooth sea, temperature 74°; Port Macquarie, N.E., fine, smooth sea, temperature 83°; Forbes, calm, fine, temperature 72°; Goulburn, N.E., fine, temperature 71°.

STATE OF RIVERS.

Murrumbidgee: At Wagga, 2 inches above summer level; at Hay and Balranald, below summer level. Murray: At Albury, 6 inches above summer level; at Euston, 3 feet 2 inches above summer level. Darling: At Pooncarie, Menindie, Wilcannia, below summer level; Bourke, 1 foot above summer level.

ASTRONOMICAL MEMORANDA FOR FEBRUARY 29.

Sun rises at 5.48 a.m., sets at 6.37 p.m.; Moon, 8.24 a.m., 7.52 p.m.; Mercury, 4.6 a.m., 5.40 p.m.; Venus, 8.47 a.m., 6.15 p.m.; Mars, 4.58 p.m., 2.48 a.m.; Jupiter, 4.14 p.m., 2.14 a.m.; Saturn, 12.30 p.m., 10.46 p.m; Full moon, 11th; new moon, 27th.

High water at Fort Denison, February 29: 9.57 a.m., 10.16 p.m.

MONETARY AND COMMERCIAL.

Thursday Evening.

In the Stock and Share market to-day business was quiet, and the course of sales indicates no change in prices, except that Band and Albion Gold are rather lower. The following transactions were reported:—Mercantile Bank, £5 11s.; Mont de Piete, 15s. 3d.; Wallsend, 33; Nymagee Copper, 35s. Closing quotations were:—

BANKS.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Joint Stock	16½	—	New S. Wales	58	59
City	13½	13½	N. Z., Syd. reg.	23	23½
Commercial	110	113	Ditto, N. Z. reg.	22	22½
Federal	30/6	31/3	Queensland Ntl.	8½	8½
Mercantile	5½	5½	Union	71	71

STEAM.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Australasian	—	18½	Illawarra	7½	8
Balmain Ferry	17/	17/6	Newcastle	18/3	19/
C. & R. Rivers	6½	—	N. Shore Ferry	34/	37/
Ditto, preferent.	12	—	Port Jackson	—	68/
Hunter River	10½	11			

INSURANCE.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
General	—	96/	New Zealand	75/6	77/
Australn. Mutual	14/3	16/	Pacific	69/	72/
City Mutual	9d	1/1	Sydney Marine	41/	45/
Mercan. Mutual	2/4	2/6	United	55/	60/

MINES.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Bulli	10½	11½	New Mount Hope	57/	61/
Vale of Clwydd	28/	29/	Brickwood	9/	10/6
Wallsend	32½	33½	Wesley	9/3	10/
Waratah	12½	13½	Barmedman	—	—
Great Cobar	70/9	—	Hidden Tr'asure	—	—
Nymagee	35/3	36/	Band and Albion	35/	43/

COLONIAL GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
N. S. W. Funded	—	—	Debn., due 1901	—	109

MISCELLANEOUS.

	Buyer.	Seller.		Buyer.	Seller.
Austn. Gas	12½	—	Shale and Oil	15/3	16/
Do., new, 30/ pd.	63/	65/	Exchange	11½	12
C'tlm'ne Brew'y	—	23/6	Syd. Freehold	21/	23/6
City Carrying	—	8/6	Volun. L. Order	—	17/5
Com. B. & In.	59/	61/	Mont de Piete	15/3	15/6
Hudson Bros.'	12/	12/3	Perkins' Brewery	18/6	19/3
Saywell's	15/9	16/3			

In the Import markets another very quiet day has been passed. In breadstuffs there is very little doing. Bakers are buying only from hand to mouth at lately current quotations. Growers are not sending their wheat to market very freely, the deliveries by rail this week having been only 72 tons, which with 328 tons of flour, give a total of 400 tons of breadstuffs received from the country within the past seven days. Very little business in tea came under notice. The sugar market is decidedly dull. One or two good lines of colonial at about £26 were placed. Over 50 tons came to hand from Fiji to-day. An auction catalogue this morning failed to draw competition, and everything was withdrawn for private sale. Indeed, all descriptions of groceries were in very limited request, the prices obtained publicly being small. For 100 tons of Liverpool coarse salt 70 days out 65s. was offered, but at this figure the salt was withdrawn. A few currants, fair fruit, in cases, found a purchaser publicly at 5d., but there was no disposition to buy more at the figure. In fish we hear of business in quarter sardines at 5s., and in halves at 8s. 4½d., which may be regarded as quotations for ordinary trade parcels. For prime ling the best offer at auction was 4½d. Privately a quantity of kippered herrings was placed at a very low figure. Oysters were sold at 5s. 10½d. Lobsters are scarce, stocks being concentrated in few hands, and fancy prices rule. Candles are cheaper, 9½d. being a full quotation for 100-box lots of Five-medal, some having been forced off at a lower figure. There was considerable inquiry for and good sales of cigars; importers, however, complain that the prices obtained are unremunerative. In liquors a good line of Dagger stout was taken for export at agents' quotations; M'Ewan's bottled and bulk ale to arrive were both noticed at current rates; and among other business we note sales of Sorin's very old brandy at 8s. 6d., and ordinary at 6s. 6d. The metal market discloses no new feature, very little business being done. Stocks of low test American oil have become reduced, and sales are making, to arrive, at up to 1s. 7d. Cement is still scarce; sales were made to-day for spot lots at 20s. and 21s.

Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co. catalogued 417 bales wool at their sale to-day. There was a good attendance of buyers, and competition was brisk, considering the quality and condition, the bulk of the catalogue being comprised of low wools. Among other brands sold were—J. Plummer, 6 bales at 9½d., 10 ewes at 7½d.; Austral, 28 at 5d.; Hy, 6 at 7½d.; TT, 9 at 8d.; S over O, 22 at 8d.; G Gordon, 8 lambs at 5½d. Scoured: Acton, 6 first skin at 18d.; 6 bellies at 10½d.; SB over Riverman, 7 firsts at 16½d., 6 seconds at 15d., thirds at 10½d.; R in diamond, 10 crossbred at 11½d.; ET, 8 locks at 8½d. Sheepskins ruled firm at from 1½d. to 3d. for pelts, 8½d. to 4½d. for short, 5d. to 6d. for full-woolled.

Mr. F. L. Barker reports offering a catalogue of wool and sheepskins to-day. Prices for the former were much lower on all descriptions, especially low qualities, and only about one-half of the quantity offered found buyers. Sheepskins were a little firmer, and all forward met with ready sale, best realising to 6d. per lb. No superior lots were offered.

The Weser (s.) arrived to-day from Hamburg, via Adelaide and Melbourne, with a general cargo.

The R.M.S. Zealandia sailed this afternoon for San Francisco, via ports, with 113 boxes opium, 40 cases paint, 48 cases dried fruit, 3025 ingots tin, 161 hides, 69 casks soap stock, 10 cases brandy, 20 cases whisky, 1 case oil, 3 packages drapery, and 7 packages sundries.

From the New Zealand Loan and Agency Company's London Circular of the 18th January we take the following table, showing the imports, exports, and other particulars of copper shipments in the years named:—

—	Imports of all kinds.	Exports of all kinds.	Stocks on 31st Dec.	Estimated quantity on passage 31st Dec.	Chili Charters advised during year.
1880 ...tons	92,703	59,482	46,518	9,278	40,454
1881 ...tons	88,227	61,689	38,743	11,120	40,245
1882 ...tons	93,575	55,668	35,127	11,460	41,382
1883 ...tons	99,146	59,350	34,843	8,860	40,321

The imports show larger figures than in previous years, stocks being larger than last year, but the estimated quantity on the way home showed some reduction on the figures for 1882. Still, however, our cablegrams report a very low price ruling for copper. The stock of tin at London on the 1st of January was 5709 tons, an increase of 1100 tons for the month, and 226 tons less than the quantity held at the beginning of 1882.

The following is a return of produce received at Darling Harbour station, per rail, for the week ended February 28:—

Wheat, 72 tons 10cwt.; flour, 328 tons 18cwt.; maize, 11 tons 4cwt.; potatoes, 18 tons 4cwt.; bran, 69 tons 10cwt.; pollard, 10 tons; hay, 101 trucks; straw, 60 trucks; chaff, 17 trucks; wool, 1258 bales; sheepskins, 96 bales; butter, 298 kegs, 264 cases; cheese, 19 cases; bacon, 8 bags, 62 sides; eggs, 189 cases.

The following table shows the declared value of the Imports and Exports at the Sydney Customs from January 1 to February 23, 1883 and 1884:—

—	1883. Imports.	1883. Exports.	1884. Imports.	1884. Exports.
To Jan. 5 ...	£406,580	£608,097	£445,676	£387,178
„ 12 ...	238,284	174,343	299,704	453,826
„ 19 ...	218,163	354,036	553,500	222,250
„ 26 ...	519,368	623,837	193,667	220,160
To Feb. 2 ...	400,017	140,380	278,118	482,563
„ 9 ...	458,040	357,203	350,391	404,914
„ 16 ...	445,048	174,944	467,005	440,092
„ 23 ...	350,747	177,699	474,276	241,856
Total ...	£3,034,247	£2,538,789	£3,060,335	£2,852,860

The value of the Imports at the port of Sydney for the week ended 23rd February, 1884, amounted to £474,276, of which the principal items are:—

Apparel and drapery, £120,129; hardware, £67,080; tin ore, £8549; tin ingots, £12,640; beer, £4517; brandy, £4217; boots and shoes, £8100; candles, £2530; dried fruit, £2858; flour, £3220; iron rails, £4027; live stock, £6580; malt, £5247; tobacco leaf, £1814; tobacco and cigars, £1897; rum, £2220; skins and hides, £1595; tea, £1500; timber, £5680; wine, £4545; whisky, £1591; wool, £5478; sugar, £7066; gin, £3908; gold, £37,203.

The value of the Exports for the same period amounted to £241,856, of which the principal items are:—

Wool, £171,178; flour, £7778; tin, £7834; shale, £6156; drapery, £5783; boots and shoes £4613; hides, £2789; leather, £2191; pearlshell, £1724; hardware, £1579; spirits, £1455; coal, £1267; cotton, £1160; preserved meats, £1127; tallow, £970; books and stationery, £965; fish, £837; fruit (green), £778; live stock, £772; earthenware, £644; machinery, £536; drugs, £525; fancy goods, £501; sugar, £452; tobacco, £444; galvanized iron, £414.

The Customs duties received to-day were as follows:—

Spirits, £1244 15s. 1d.; wine (still), £145 7s. 6d.; wine (sparkling), £10; ale, porter, and beer (in wood), £62 10s.; ale, porter, and beer (in bottle), £126 9s. 9d.; tobacco and snuff, £129 12s.; cigars, £39 7s. 6d.; tea, £50 5s. 6d.; coffee and chicory, £1 2s. 6d.; sugar (refined), £32 12s. 6d.; sugar (unrefined), £23 9s. 11d.; molasses, £1 2s. 6d.; dried fruits, £73 9s.; malt, £4 1s.; specific duty, £970 17s. 5d.; fisheries royalty, £13 18s.; pilotage, £81 9s.; harbour and light dues, £33 2s. 4d.; total, £3043 11s. 6d.

FAT STOCK MARKET.

At the Homebush fat stock sales to-day 677 head of cattle were yarded. The market was rather better for prime quality, other descriptions selling at about Monday's rates. The best lot of bullocks, which were from Warrah, averaged £9 9s. 9d., others from £3 7s. About 21,000 sheep were penned. Prime maintained late rates, but other qualities were cheaper. One lot of merino wethers from Camden sold at 12s. 3d. to 13s. 4d.; other lots sold from 3s. 4d. A lot of crossbreds averaged 14s. 9d. to 14s. 10d. At the city yards, calves were rather dearer, best selling at from 40s. to 50s. Fat lambs sold at late rates. The following sales were reported:—By Messrs. Pitt, Son, and Badgery.—Cattle: 126 bullocks (A. A. Co.), £9 9s. 9d; 19 cows (J. Hogan), £4 6s.; 1 bullock (J. Hogan), £5 4s.; 7 cows (T. C. Brennan), £2 11s.; 2 bullocks (T. C. Brennan), £3 7s. 61 fat calves for J. Chisholm, 39 for F. Badgery, and 37 for Nicholson and Cosgrove. 100 fat lambs from Bega, at top rates; 49 from Camden Park, 100 from Yass, and 300 from the South. Sheep: 190 wethers (A. W. Holt), 10s. 8d. to 11s.; 100 crossbred wethers (M. W. Hillas), 10s. 5d.; 200 merino wethers (M. W. Hillas), 10s. to 10s. 1d.; 856 wethers (A. A. Company), 10s. 1d.; 2000 wethers (A. A. Company), 8s. 8d. to 9s. 1d.; 97 crossbred ewes (W. Webb), 10s. 2d.; 835 wethers (Phillaway), 9s. 6d.; 152 wethers (Walhollow), 9s. 6d.; 100 wethers (W. H. Wheatley, 8s. 6d.; 338 wethers (J. S. Emanuel), 8s. 3d.; 440 wethers (E. Davis), 7s. 4d. to 7s. 6d.; 138 wethers (culls) (E. Davis), 5s. to 5s. 1d.; 160 ewes (E. Davis), 5s.; 100 wethers (F. Poidevin), 7s. 1d.; 1200 wethers (J. Cunningham), 7s. 2d. to 7s. 3d., 102 wethers (J. Spicer), 7s. 6d.; 110 wethers (Southern agents), 6s. By Messrs. T. Sullivan and Son: 110 bullocks, averaging £6 0s. 2d., and 27 cows averaging £5 13s. (on account of James Tyson). By Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co.: 300 wethers for W. Skuthorpe, at 8s. to 8s. 5s.; 300 wethers for H. Humphries, Mayfield, at 7s.; 110 ewes for J. D. Mayers, Tarana, at 6s. 3d., wethers at 6s., lambs at 5s. 11d. to 6s. 4d.; 100 wethers for P. Johnstone, Yass, at 9s. 1d.; 57 wethers for C. Boyd, George's Plains, at 10s. 8d., ewes at 10s. 3d., lambs at 9s. 4d. to 9s. 8d., also for same owner, 49 ewes at 9s. 9d., 56 lambs at 9s. to 11s; also on account of Messrs. Oliver, Davis, and Co., Kennilworth, 920 wethers; 85 bullocks for R. Skuthorpe, Gulargambone, at £6 15s. 8d., 21 cows at £4 13s. 4d.; 53 bullocks for T. W. Webb, at £6 17s. 1d. By Harrison, Jones, and Devlin: 152 bullocks (P. H. Osborne), Illawarra, at £6 15s. 6d.; 30 calves (W. H. Ranken), at £2; 44 lambs (W. H. Ranken), at 8s. 9d.; 240 lambs, by rail, at 3s. 6d.; 600 wethers (J. Marsden), at 12s. 3d. to 13s. 4d.; 700 wethers (J. Quilter), at 6s. 8d. to 6s. 11d.; 700 wethers (J. Shepherd), at 8s. 4d.; 309 (H. and A. Cusack), at 9s. 4d. to 9s. 5d.; 295 wethers, crossbreds (R. Glasson), 14s. 9d. to 14s. 10d.; 300 wethers (G. Elliott), at 10s.; 465 ewes and cross-breds (F. Campbell), at 12s.; 300 wethers (J. A. Gardiner), at 10s. 7d. to 10s. 9d.; 125 wethers (C. Boyd), at 9s. 8d. to 10s. 8d.; 27 ewes (C. Boyd), at 10s. 3d.; 109 wethers, part cross-bred (Douglas), at 4s. 11d. to 11s. 1d.; 100 ewes (P. Hoise), at 7s. 6d.; 100 mixed (P. Ryan), at 7s. 4d. to 7s. 8d.; 903 wethers (Oliver Dale and Co.), at 4s. 6d. to 4s. 9d.; 186 mixed (Myers), at 6s. to 6s. 3d.; 300 wethers (Humphries), at 7s.; 104 wethers (P. Johnson), at 9s. 1d.; 100 mixed (J. Spicer), at 7s. 6d.; 300 wethers (Cantrell), at 4s. to 4s. 4d.; 100 wethers (Loomes), at 9s. to 9s. 1d.; 100 wethers (Hades), at 8s. 7d. to 8s. 8d.; 80 wethers (M'Kenzie), at 5s. 2d.; By Messrs. Griffiths and Weaver.—On account P. H. Osborne, 1000 wedders at 9s.; on account Messrs. Sawers and Wilson, 2793 wedders (very wasted), at quotations. By Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender.—Fat cattle: (Outside), 150 bullocks, for Messrs. P. M'Pherson and Co., Parka. Fat sheep: 1550 merino wethers, for Messrs. Dight and Mackay, Bulgandramine, at from 7s. 3d. to 7s. 10d., and 300 ewes for W. Matthews, at 10s. 4d. Fat lambs: 100 for W. Mathews, at from 7s. to 7s. 10d. By Mr. R. P. Simpson: on account of Mr. Frederick Campbell, 600 merino wethers at 12s.; also on account of same owner, 473 cross-bred ewes at 12s.; also on account of Messrs. G. A. and P. Mein, 348 mixed cattle, delivered outside, at full market rates. By Messrs. Ellis and Co.: Milch cows, from £3 3s. to £10 10s. each; fat cows, 16 from £5 to £6 19s.; fat calves (M'Phee's), from 9s. 6d. to 51s.; 40, various owners, from 10s. to 44s. each; fat pigs, 44 (Connell), 6s. to 30s.; 50 (Ramsay), from 20s. to 60s.; 50 (Keylor), 20s. to 35s.; 65 (various owners), from 20s. to 58s. each; fat lambs, 60 (Tickner), at quotations; 40 (Blane), from 10s. 9d. to 12s.; fat sheep, 130 (Stanfield), from 7s. to 8s. 4d. each; By Messrs. William Inglis and Son.—Fat Cattle: 21 cows (Sydney Yards), £3 6s. to £6 17s. Sheep: 400 ewes (Garry) at 6s. 9d. Milch Cows: 46 from £2 15s. to £15 15s. Dry Cows: 19 from £1 15s. to £4. Calves: 20 (Vicary), 15s. to 30s.; 19 (Bolger), 10s. to 26s.; 15 (Dawson), 20s. to 35s.; 28 (Cummins), to 21s.; 33 others, 6s. 6d. to 26s. Lambs: 50 (Griffiths), 9s. 9d. to 12s. 3d.; 20 (Warby), 9s. to 9s. 9d. Pigs: 60 (Cootamundra), 17s. to 46s.; 40 (Moss Vale), 19s. to 50s.; 82 (the coast), 20s. to 61s.; 65 (Picton), 19s. to 36s.; 45 (Goulburn), 22s. to 53s.; 60 store pigs, 13s. 6d. to 20s.

STOCK SALES.

Wilkinson, Graves, and Lavender report having this week sold 6000 young wethers for Messrs. R. and A. M'Farland, Thelangerini; 150 fat bullocks for Messrs. P. M'Pherson and Co., Parka; and through the Homebush yards, 1550 merino wethers for Messrs. Dight and M'Kay, Bulgandramine, at from 7s. 3d. to 7s. 10d.; 300 for Messrs. Mackay and Copland, Pomingalarna, at from 8s. 10d. to 9s.; 300 ewes for W. Mathews, Esq., at 10s. 4d.; and 100 lambs at 7s. to 7s. 10d. for same owners.—[Advt.]

STATION SALE.

Messrs. Macdermott, Loughnan, and Scarr report having sold, on account of R. Lyons, Esq., about 2000 square miles of country on the Liverpool River, north of the Roper River, Northern Territory of South Australia, at a highly satisfactory price.—[Advt.]

LATEST COMMERCIAL TELEGRAMS.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAM.)

LONDON, Feb. 27.

Scotch pig iron, f. o. b. in Clyde, 45s.

Tin: Straits and Australian, £82.

Tallow: Best Australian beef, 38s.; best Australian mutton, 41s. 6d.

Wheat: Adelaide, ex warehouse, 44s.

At the wool sales to-day 6800 bales were offered. The market is steady, but not active.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

MELBOURNE, Thursday.

Victorian Mining Stock.—Sales: Band and Albion, 47s. to 42s. 6d.; Egerton, 31s. to 31s. 6d.; Hopewell, 6s. 9d.; Long Tunnel, £52; Long Tunnel Extended, £8 2s., £8 5s.; Lord Harry, 80s., 81s.; Loughlins, 41s. 6d.; New Chum and Victoria, 24s.; South St. Mungo, 36s.

Flour is moving off steadily in trade parcels at £8 5s. to £8 10s. Wheat had moderate attention at 3s. 11d., ex station: 10,000 bags were taken up for shipment at current rates. A good business is reported in sugars, whites being especially in favour at from £30 10s. up to £32 for best. There is a good demand for hops; 100 bales of the new Victorian crop sold at from 1s. to 1s. 3d.

ADELAIDE, Thursday.

The exports for the week were:—3132 tons of wheat, and 2467 tons of flour.

There is no alteration in the wheat and flour market. 11,000 packages of Natal sugars were offered at auction. Medium dry white realised £28 5s., and yellow crystals £26 10s.

THE MAILS.

Mails will be made up at the General Post Office for the undermentioned places as follows:—

For Melbourne.—Overland, this day, 4 and 7 p.m.

For Adelaide.—Overland, via Melbourne, this day, at 3.30 p.m.

For Hobart and Launceston.—Overland to Melbourne, and thence per steamer, this day, at 7 p.m.

For Ulladulla and Clyde.—By the Kameruka (s.), this day, at 9 a.m.

For Richmond River.—By the Platypus (s.), this day, at 10 a.m.

For Brisbane and Northern Ports.—By the Wentworth (s.), this day, at 3 p.m.; and by the Quiraing (s.), on Tuesday, at 3 p.m.

For Townsville, Cooktown, Thursday Island, Port Darwin, and Hongkong.—By the Changchow, this day, at 4 p.m.

For Gosford.—By the Promise (s.), this day at 9.30 p.m.; and by Jenny Lind (s.), on Saturday, at 9.30 p.m.; and by the Promise (s.), on Monday and Tuesday, at 9.30 p.m.

For Merimbula and Eden.—By the Bega (s.), on Saturday, at 11 a.m.

For Brisbane.—By the Ly-ee-Moon (s.), on Saturday, at 11 a.m.

For Brisbane, Maryborough, and Rockhampton.—By the Keilawarra (s.), on Saturday, at noon.; and by the Burwah on Tuesday, at 4 p.m.

For Grafton.—By the Helen Nicoll (s.), on Saturday, at 3 p.m. and by the City of Grafton (s.), on Tuesday, at 8 p.m.

For Macleay River.—By the Coraki (s.), on Saturday, at 8 p.m

ABSTRACT of SALES by AUCTION THIS DAY.

C. MOORE and CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Toilet Glasses, Cheval Glasses, Chimney Glasses, &c.

CADOGAN and CRANE.—At their Rooms, at 11, Holloware, &c.

KELLETT and ALFORD.—At their Rooms, at 11, Books, &c.

S. C. and W. C. CO-OPERATIVE CO.—At their stores, at 12, Butter.

WELLS and GREENHALGH.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c., at 9, Hay, &c.; at the Royal Oak Yards, at 2, Dairy Produce.

DENT and PERRY.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c., at 9, Hay, &c.

J. BRIDGE.—At his Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.

G. WELLS.—At Hunter River Company's Wharf, at 11, Hay, Maize, &c.

TATE BROTHERS.—At their Stores, at 10.30, Butter, &c.; at 12, Maize, Oats, Chaff, Straw, &c.

H. L. DUNN and SON.—At 19, Wentworth-street, at 10.30, Furniture and Effects; at their Rooms, at 10, 12, and 2, Unredeemed Pledges.

HAINS and PHILLIPS.—At No. 11, Golden Grove-terrace, Darlington-road, at 11, Furniture and Effects.

J. BODD.—At the Rooms, at 11, Fancy Goods, Glass, Cutlery, Ironmongery, &c.; at 12.30, Tea, Tobacco, &c.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN.—At their Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at 11, Wheat.

HILL, CLARK, and CO.—At their Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.

MORT and CO.—At their Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at their stores, at 11.30, Bark.

F. L. BARKER.—At his Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.

RICHARDSON and NIXON.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 8, Hay, &c.; at their Yards, at 2, Poultry, Dairy Produce.

HARRIS and ACKMAN.—At their Mart, at 11, Furniture, Mirrors, Pianofortes, &c.

FRASER and CO.—At the City Mart, at 11, Fancy Goods, Breakfast and Tea Services, &c.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.—At their Rooms, at 11.30, Houses and Land.

ELLIS and CO.—At their Yards, at 1, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 1.30, Dairy Produce; at 4, Tallow, &c.

G. KISS.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, &c.

T. COSGROVE and CO.—At the Bazaar, at 12, Horses, &c.

W. INGLIS and CO.—At the Bazaar, at 11 and 12, Horses, &c.

THE N. Z. L. and M. A. CO.—At their Stores, at 12, Oats, Fruits, Butter, Salmon, &c.

S. PROCTER.—At Newtown, at 7, Wood, &c.; at Darling Harbour, at 8, Wood, &c.; at 9, Hay, &c.; at 12, Calves, &c.; at 2, Dairy Produce.

GRAY and CO.—At 319, Crown-street, Surry Hills, at 11, Furniture and Effects.

P. O. A. and A. Co.—At their Rooms, at 11, Pictures, Fancy Goods, &c.

LAVERACK and CO.—At their Rooms, at 11, Fancy Baskets, Clothing, Jewellery, Plant of Confectioner, &c.

W. INGLIS and SON.—At their Yards, at 12, Calves, Lambs, &c.; at 2, Dairy Produce.

BRUNKER and WOLFE.—At their Stores, at 10, Hides, &c.; at 2.30, Tallow, &c.; at H. R. Co.'s Wharf, at 11, Hay, &c.; at the Corporation Yards, at 2.30, Pigs, Calves, &c.

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Special Advertisements.

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 157, PITT-STREET.

THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 a.m.,
EXTENSIVE and HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION
of
61 CASES LONDON-MADE FURNITURE,
MIRRORS, OVERMANTELS,
ELEGANT PIANOFORTES, &c.,
Ex Thirlmere, from London,
under instructions from
Messrs. W. SABER and SONS.

*** The attention of Buyers is PARTICULARLY INVITED to this FINE SHIPMENT, most of the lines being of EXCEPTIONAL QUALITY.
INSPECTION INVITED. ON VIEW PRIOR TO SALE.
Catalogues on application.
HARRIS and ACKMAN,
AUCTIONEERS,
157, PITT-STREET.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.
LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
THE ORIGINAL AND GENUINE WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE
Bears the autograph signature of LEA and PERRINS on a red label. Sold wholesale by the Proprietors, Worcester; and Crosse and Blackwell, London.

LEA AND PERRINS' SAUCE.
Of Grocers and Oilmen throughout the world.
To be obtained of Messrs. MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO., JOHN FRAZER and CO., and DAVID COHEN and CO., Sydney.

RHEINGOLD CIGARS.
Try them. Try them. Try them.

CAMEO GLASSWARE.
THOMAS WEBB and SONS
have
OPENED
a few more
CHOICE SPECIMENS
of the above Artistic Ware,
and invite inspection.
Address—269, George-street,
next but one to Mercantile Bank.

MAURITIUS SUGARS.—FINEST WHITES AND BREWERS' CRYSTALS, HOPS, New Kents and Nelson's.
MONTEFIORE, JOSEPH, and CO.

FOR SALE, DOUBLE-SEATED AMERICAN BUGGY, with hood and sides complete, a bargain. Tattersall's Bazaar, Hunter-street.

THE FEW CHOICE SPIRITS WHO CONSTITUTE what we may call the medical jury of the country, were right in their verdict about Wolfe's Schnapps, and time, the greatest and highest tribunal, confirms the decree.

MURRAY AND LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER.—We earnestly urge every purchaser to ask for that which is prepared by Messrs. Lanman and Kemp, New York, who are the sole proprietors of the true perfume. All other so-called Florida Waters are only ordinary Colognes.

Special Advertisements.

GOODLET AND SMITH, TIMBER, GALVANISED Iron Plate, and Sheet Glass Merchants, 498, George-street.

TELEGRAM FROM JOHN BRINSMEAD AND SONS, London. See musical column.

The Sydney Morning Herald.

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29, 1884.

In the Legislative Council yesterday,

The President reported the receipt of a message from the Governor assenting to the Temporary Supply Bill No. 3.

Mr. Norton presented a petition from 89 residents of Balmain against the Mort Bay Improvement Bill.

The petition was received.

The House went into committee for the further consideration of the Dubbo Cattle Saleyards Bill.

The remaining clauses, the schedule, preamble, and title of the bill were passed, and the bill was reported to the House with amendments.

Mr. Jacob moved that the report be adopted.

Mr. Darley asked for the President's ruling as to whether it was within the power of the House to introduce into the bill the amendment which had been inserted in the 6th clause, providing for the levying of a rate or charge on all saleyards within a mile of the municipality of Dubbo.

After discussion the point of order was withdrawn so that it might be brought forward again next Thursday, and the motion for the adoption of the report from the committee was made an order of the day for Thursday next.

The debate on the motion for the second reading of the Butchers' Sunday Closing Bill was resumed, and the motion was passed on division by 18 to 8.

The House adjourned at seven minutes past 7 until 4 o'clock p.m. on Wednesday next.

In the Legislative Assembly yesterday,

Ministers answered numerous questions.

Mr. Stuart presented a petition in opposition to, and Mr. Withers presented a petition in favour of, the Medical Bill.

Ministers laid on the table copies of papers in the case of Mr. Rossi, and a return respecting railway surveyors, and it was ordered that it be printed.

Mr. Abigail presented a petition from Bulli against assisted immigration.

Returns were ordered, on the motion of Mr. Copeland and Mr. Loughnan, in reference to (1) the traffic at Uralla station, and (2) the claim of Mr. Stephen Cole.

Mr. M'Elhone said he was glad Mr. Melville had moved for the papers respecting the appointment of Mr. J. H. Handsaker, as he could prove he had never received a shilling for the appointment.

A message was received from his Excellency the Governor notifying that the Royal assent had been given to the Temporary Supply Bill.

Sir John Robertson, on a motion for the adjournment of the House, said it was not true, as had been alleged by members of the Government, that Mr. Reid had lost his seat through the neglect of the previous Government; and he explained that he would have pressed his amendment on the motion for going into Committee of Ways and Means if Mr. Stuart had not practically abandoned the taxation proposals of the Government.

Mr. Buchanan considered that the Government should not have given the Civil servants a partial holiday for to-day, and that the Civil servants should be deprived of the franchise.

Mr. Fremlin called for a division, and the motion for the adjournment was negatived by 41 to 14.

Three petitions were presented praying the removal of certain restrictions from the Licensing Act.

On the motion that the House go into Committee of Ways and Means,

Mr. Combes argued that the easiest way to raise revenue was through Customs, and he felt that ad valorem duties must be the policy of the future. He advocated the introduction of a protectionist policy, and contended that such a policy was best calculated to advance the best interests of the colony. He referred to the prevalence of protection in France, the United States of America, and Canada, where, he said, it had proved advantageous. It was his intention to vote for the first resolution, but could not vote for the land tax, which, in his opinion, would be a tax on industry.

Mr. Quin opposed the introduction of ad valorem duties, which he said were demoralising to mercantile traders, and would lead to protection with all its attendant evils. He had observed the working of protection in Victoria, and denied that it had produced the good which had been claimed for it. Free trade New South Wales was more prosperous than Protectionist Victoria, and wages were higher in the former than in the latter colony. He was in favour of selling public lands in moderate quantities for public improvements, the reduction of the vote for education, and hoped the immigration vote would not be further reduced. He supported a well-conceived property tax, and thought sugar could bear a slight excise duty.

The adoption of a protectionist policy was further advocated by Mr. Haydon, and was opposed by Mr. Burns, Mr. Tooth, and Mr. Young. Mr. See supported the introduction of intercolonial free trade, and was of opinion that it was wise to assist immigration of a good class. He also thought Crown lands should be sold annually to a reasonable extent.

On the motion of Mr. Targett, the debate was adjourned till Wednesday, and Mr. Dibbs said he hoped a division would be taken on that day.

The House adjourned at 11.29 p.m. to 4 p.m. on Tuesday next.

In addressing the electors of East Sydney on Monday, Mr. Reid gave an answer to the cry that the Government has put an end to public works. We have not heard exactly that cry yet, but already, both within the House and outside, there have been indications that something closely resembling it will probably be raised. One hon. member who has occupied a somewhat prominent position on the Government benches, has crossed the chamber for the purpose of trying to force the Government to restore a series of proposed votes in which he and his constituents are interested, but which were withdrawn when the reduction of public expenditure was resolved upon. If every member in the House were to take a similar course, the remainder of the session might easily be occupied in discussing these proposals. But that would amount in effect to a general demand that the Government should again reconsider the Estimates and submit a third set. It would be a more straightforward course for the dissatisfied to concentrate the expression of their dissatisfaction, and bring forward another motion of censure.

What force there is in complaints about the stoppage of public works was pointed out by Mr. Reid by the use of a few figures:—"The reduced Estimates provide for public works to the extent of no less than £1,070,000. The last vote—that for 1883—was for £1,120,000, so that, in spite of the reduction of our Estimates, we have only reduced that enormous total by £70,000, and we have only reduced it because there were sums on the Estimates which we could not possibly spend within the current year if they were voted to-morrow." Mr. Reid was probably misheard in the midst of the confusion and noise, for the appropriations for 1883 were £1,142,000; but that sum leaves the reduction as proposed in the revised Estimates for this year roughly as he stated it. As compared with the first set of Estimates, the reduction is £170,000; but let it be remembered that that sum is struck off a total of £1,241,000. If we take the amount of the reduced estimate for public works—£1,070,000—it represents something like £1 5s. per head for every man, woman, and child in the colony. Is that putting an end to expenditure on public works?

One of the chief reductions in the expen-

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diture of the Public Works Department is to be found under the head of roads and bridges. On main roads other than the main Northern, Western, and Southern lines, there is a reduction of £3625, and under the head of roads and bridges generally there is a reduction of £67,148, the two making up something more than £70,000. But it is worthy of note that £40,000 of that reduction is on the item of minor roads under Department, as per schedule. The difference is caused by bringing down the estimate to the exact amount voted for 1883—£310,000. To those who complain of neglecting the wants of the interior, it is nothing that we should continue this large expenditure at the liberal rates of last year's votes; it is everything that the Government should withdraw an increase upon them to the extent of between one-eighth and one-seventh that had been proposed injudiciously. The seven-eighths actually in possession and enjoyment are ignored. The withdrawal of the suggestion that one-eighth additional should be granted is treated as a neglect of the public rights and interest.

If the Government had not proposed to increase the vote for scheduled minor roads from £310,000 to £350,000, the ground would not have been laid for complaints about this so-called reduction. We see here an illustration of the mistaken policy in the general framing of the original Estimates. There have been plenty to say that in view of the loss of the land sales receipts there should have been retrenchment instead of fresh taxation. But no sooner does the Government propose to contract its expenditure, or even in some cases to confine it within the old limits, than men start up to insist upon its expansion. The fact that a sum was set down for a particular purpose on the original Estimates is assigned as a reason why that sum should be restored, now that the Government, in obedience to the cry for retrenchment, has withdrawn it. The object of effort, the very means of living, in a political sense, with some members, seems to be to get sums placed on the Estimates. But of little worth is the support any Government can purchase by yielding to the pressure of such people. Let a Government repent of its folly, and withdraw a misleading vote of £2000 for a purpose that £20,000 would not accomplish, and the support is at once changed to opposition. The worst feature of the case is the demoralising influence which transactions relating to the Estimates exercise upon the politics of the country. Ministries, members, and constituencies suffer by it. The settlement of questions of broad public interest is disturbed by it. A thoroughly effective system of local government that would remove these matters from the range of Parliamentary action would be the most hopeful means of giving tone to public life. But the very fact that under such a system some of the men who now flourish in public life would find the atmosphere too rare for breathing may partially account for the hitherto studious exclusion of the question from the province of practical politics in this colony.

There is yet another point to be considered in connection with this matter. Mr. REID remarks that there is more money on the Estimates now than could be spent within the year if it were all voted to-morrow. If there be any truth in the remark—and probably it is substantially correct—how can there be such a direful loss in refraining from fruitlessly voting more money? But that is not all. There is no doubt that the cost of public works is greatly increased by attempting to carry out too many of them at one and the same time. If the Estimates are unnecessarily crowded with votes, an unnecessary pressure will almost certainly be put upon the labour market, and the natural result will be that the money actually spent will not bring in the value it ought to bring. A hundred and fifty pounds will be spent, and there will only be a hundred pounds' worth of work to show for it. That this is really the consequence of over-eagerness in pushing on simultaneously an excessive number of public undertakings was officially acknowledged before the present Ministry came into power. But surely it is inexpedient to waste money after this fashion at a time when by the action of the Government, and with the approval of the House, the public revenue has been considerably reduced. At such a time it is especially desirable that public expenditure should be regulated, not merely on the principle of postponing works that are not urgently required, but also with the view of getting something like fair value for the money that is spent.

In the South Australian Assembly, the resolution in favour of adopting the Federal Bill of the Convention—and which was taken separately from the annoxation resolutions—has been got rid of by a count-out. This may only be a temporary stoppage, even for the session. As a method of dealing with the whole question it is unsatisfactory, and, we may add, unworthy. The only justification for a count-out is to prevent a minority from posing as a majority. If the larger part of the Assembly at Adelaide was honestly in favour of the Federal Bill, they should have stuck to their seats till the debate was exhausted and the division-bell rang. If they were not in earnest, then they should not have appeared to be so. The resolution was the most important matter that came before the Parliament in the session that closed yesterday, not excepting the fiscal proposals, and a definite decision should have been come to.

One thing is quite certain—Federation itself cannot be counted out. Cowardly attempts to run away are of no use. The whole question has to be fairly faced. Is it wise to make any change at all in our constitutions, and if so, how much?

If the count-out merely meant that the subject was too important to be dealt with at the fag-end of a session, and that it deserved a very close and careful consideration, we should not quarrel with such a decision. The principal fault we have to find with the Convention is that it tried to settle the matter up too quickly and too secretly. A natural Federation movement ought to grow out of a felt necessity. But feeling should find its expression through the popular and Parliamentary channels, and the work of a convention should be to give form and shape to the general desire. But our Convention tried to lead, and not only to lead, but so to lead that it should be difficult not to follow. It sought to create, and not to express, public opinion, and to bind the colonies before they were willing to bind themselves. All that the Convention was really competent to do was to bring the matter before the colonial Parliaments, and to promote discussion in a practicable shape. The framing of a bill for the Imperial Parliament to adopt was a premature measure, and was anticipating part of the proper work of the local Parliaments. No time has been gained by such procedure. It is possible that some has been lost.

The Bank returns show pretty clearly that the money market could not have been otherwise than stringent at the close of last year. In round numbers the aggregate advances were £27,087,000, being £2,000,000 in excess of the figures for the closing quarter of 1882. The banks made these additional advances despite the fact that £7,735,916, the amount of their deposits at call at the end of 1882, was reduced by £595,000. They were enabled to make them by borrowing £1,790,000 at rates of interest ranging from 4 to 6 per cent., thus increasing their interest-bearing deposits to £16,598,300. It may seem strange that while the banks only return £1,394,000 as the increase of their borrowings, and £2,000,000 as the additions to their lendings, they yet should have coin and bullion to an amount within about £120,000 of what they possessed at the end of 1882, the total amount at the latter date being £2,764,475. The increase of their capital was only £65,000, and that was more than used up in the additions to their landed properties, amounting to £75,109. Of course the explanation is that the banks have been drawing money to the colony from outside, the amount so brought being apparently about half a million sterling. And they are liable for that amount in addition to what they may have previously received from abroad, which also does not appear in the colonial returns. If we examine the figures in conjunction with the revenue accounts, we shall see that the chief customer for bank funds was the Government, and that its unusually heavy drafts have been the main cause of the impecunious position of the banks.

In Victoria and New Zealand the sworn banking returns show in separate columns the state of the Government account, and it is to be regretted that we have to go to other sources to enable us to make an analysis which our returns might very properly disclose. According to the revenue tables, the Government account at the Bank of New South Wales, which at the beginning of 1882 was in credit to the extent of £236,597, was at the end of the year in debt to the tune of £1,000,372. The Government was thus responsible for more than half of the additional advances made during the year, while it also diminished the deposits in the Bank of New South Wales to the extent of £236,597, and the special deposits by £84,365. The financial operations of the Government thus practically weakened the banks by the sum of £1,400,000. To provide for this as well as to meet the requirements of their private customers they had to borrow money in the colony and elsewhere, but failing to do so to the full extent, their position was barely so strong at the end of 1883 as at the close of 1882. Perhaps, however, this is more apparent than real, as the diminution of deposits at call reduces the risk of a run, while over a million of debt by the Government forms an asset more certainly realisable than ordinary advances. But in any case, the Government account has been a very disturbing element in banking operations during the past year. The drought and the extensive land purchases were no doubt responsible for the additional private banking accommodation required. The ordinary discounts for commercial transactions were probably smaller in amount, for the heavy stocks of merchandise held at the beginning of the year were considerably reduced, and to some extent the money lent on them was paid off. At any rate it was not increased, for bank managers exercised a very salutary check on the excessive commercial speculations which to some extent developed the stringency in the money market. Whilst the proceeds of the wool clip should now tend to lessen the monetary strain, there is too much reason to fear that if the drought continue the next quarterly returns will not be more reassuring than those of the past. The graziers and agriculturists are again borrowing very freely.

Mr. BURDEKIN distinctly affirms that he is opposed to Mr. REID, not as a private member, but as a member of the Government. He has a perfect right to take up that position. It is an accident that Mr. REID is before his constituency, and under the circumstances even Mr. BURDEKIN may sympathise with him. But if, since his election, the present Ministry have done things which have made them unworthy of confidence, and if Mr. REID has gone fully with his colleagues, he must take the consequences. Sympathy with him as a man cannot altogether condone his faults as a Minister. If the entire policy of the Ministry is wrong they must be turned out of office, and Mr. BURDEKIN thinks he is the man to do it. He says plainly that, if placed in the position of a representative, he will very soon force a Cabinet crisis. This is a plain issue; and that there are many who are similarly disposed is beyond doubt. No matter who may be in office, there will be persons "desirous of letting other men in to govern the country." It is hardly worth while to ask who are these anxious citizens; it is more to the point to ask, who are the "other men" who are to govern? About 99 per cent. of disaffected people could not say more than Mr. BURDEKIN did, "There must be as good fish in the sea as ever were caught." Of course there are; but the question is, What fish would be sure to be caught just now? As the leader of the Opposition, Sir JOHN ROBERTSON might be sent for. He might want a new House, because he certainly would want to carry his old policy. He says, and he believes it, that the present House does not represent the country. In his judgment bigotry and beer carried the last elections. Another general election this year might fare no better. There is as much bigotry in the country as ever, and probably as much beer. If Sir JOHN could command their help next time he might not complain; and if he could, and a new Parliament were formed, as a matter of course he would return to the old regime, and bring up his latest land law. It is not long since a Parliament very much under his influence and that of Sir HENRY PARKES, rejected that last effort of his. It is quite lately that the present Parliament without division rejected his motion of want of confidence. Is it probable that on Mr. BURDEKIN'S return over Mr. REID his presence would turn the scale in numbers, in influence, in conviction, or in any other way? Those who talk of putting the Ministry out should forecast what they are going to put in, and what would be gained or lost by the change.

Mr. GEORGE COPPIN appears as leading spirit in a Melbourne building scheme, which is worthy of the consideration of those who are conversant with present city wants and disposed to philanthropic efforts. The intention is to provide decent house accommodation for the poor of the city, and apparently on a self-supporting basis. A company is floated to build a lodging-house and 39 four-roomed dwellings. Shares are to be taken up and, it must be supposed, rent charged which will yield fair interest upon the capital value of the shares. Unfortunately subscribers do not come in so freely as was anticipated, and there is danger that the cottage-building will have to be deferred. In any Australian capital, with its large, unmarried, and homeless population, the lodging-house may be the more important matter. Our single men and women who cannot pay high rates are miserably housed, and suffer in health and morals through lack of proper air space and decent sanitary conveniences. The model lodging-house was a step towards supplying their wants, and we need many more lodging-houses upon a similar model; but a glimpse at some of the homes of married people in the lower quarters of this city, or of Melbourne, will convince any doubter of the absolute necessity of improving the circumstances which really master and mould many people not disposed to make a very stubborn fight for themselves. The building societies come to the aid of those tolerably well-to-do; but there are many who cannot avail themselves of the building societies' offers, who can never aspire to the actual ownership of a house, and would be well content and much benefited by a clean, healthy, well-provided dwelling at a rental proportionate to their weekly earnings. The pressure of poverty and necessity has not compressed humanity here as in Europe. Our suburbs grow rapidly, and with a little thrift the ordinary tradesman is able to rent, purchase, or build a cottage in a healthy locality, and rescue himself from the inconvenience, danger, and pollution of the city slums. We have but a very few people absolutely and not wilfully helpless; but if they be not helped and saved now, they will grow with every year, and with a rapidity which characterises most of the evil influences of the world. Imitating Mr. COPPIN'S project, our philanthropists might come to their rescue at once, and by so doing render much assistance to the City Improvement Board, and spare the future that problem, at which England now stands almost aghast, of re-housing and reforming a population bred in hovels and styes.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

THE principal business in the Legislative Council yesterday was a discussion upon a point of order raised by Mr. Darley with regard to the Dubbo Cattle Sale Yards Bill. While in committee on the bill the sixth clause was amended by the insertion of words which empower the Dubbo Municipal Council to levy a rate on all saleyards within a mile of the municipal boundaries, and this Mr. Darley considers to be something which it is beyond the power of the Legislative Council to do. The point was not decided, and will be brought forward again next Thursday. The motion for the second reading of the Butchers Sunday Closing Bill provoked a rather long discussion, but the motion was ultimately passed on division by 18 to 8.

VERY soon after the commencement of the sitting of the Legislative Assembly yesterday, the adjournment of the House was moved for the ventilation of private grievances. When the question was put "That this House do now adjourn," Mr. Fremlin called for a division, in order to protest against the waste of time. The motion was negatived on a division of 41 to 14. The discussion on Mr. Copeland's proposition in favour of ad valorem duties was continued at considerable length; but was eventually adjourned until Wednesday. Mr. Garvan suggested that as there would be an important election on Friday, and many members were desirous of attending the funeral of the late Dr. Badham, it would be better to adjourn until Tuesday. After a little discussion the suggestion was agreed to, and the House adjourned accordingly.

IN reply to a question asked on the 7th February by Mr. M'Elhone, in the Legislative Assembly, the following particulars respecting mineral land in which Mr. Thomas Garrett is interested, have been given in the shape of a return:—2500 and 1600 acres of mineral land held by Mr. T. Garrett and Mr. W. F. M'Kenzie, near Mount Victoria, were applied for on the 18th September, 1878, and 17th November, 1879. Authority was granted under the 28th section of the Mining Act, subject to a royalty of 6d. per ton, but no rent. The total area of mineral land in which Mr. T. Garrett appears to be interested, either by himself or with others, was 68,890 acres, of which 4648 acres were in the county of Northumberland, 2500 acres in county Cook, 42,640 acres in county St. Vincent, and 10,102 acres in county Cumberland.

THE funeral of the late Dr. Badham will take place this afternoon, the procession leaving the University at 2 o'clock precisely, and proceeding to Fort Macquarie, from which point the hearse and other vehicles will be taken across the harbour to St. Leonards, in the cemetery of which suburb the remains of the deceased scholar are to be interred. A young daughter of the deceased, who died some years ago, is buried in the St. Leonards cemetery, and it is near her grave that Dr. Badham's remains will rest. The members of the Ministry, with the Vice-Chancellor, the Senate of the University, and the students, together with numbers of the admirers and personal friends of the great scholar, will be present. Yesterday the following *Gazette Extraordinary*, published with a deep black border, was issued:—"Colonial Secretary's Office, Sydney, 28th February, 1884. His Excellency the Governor announces to the colony, with feelings of sorrow, the death of Professor Badham, of the University of Sydney, which took place on the 27th instant. The funeral procession will leave the University at 2 o'clock to-morrow, the 29th instant; and his Excellency, with the desire to show respect to the memory of so distinguished a public servant, directs that the Government offices be closed at noon on that day, to enable officers of the Government to attend. By his Excellency's command, ALEX. STUART, Colonial Secretary." We understand that the last hours of Dr. Badham were perfectly calm and painless. He had been so reduced and enfeebled by want of nourishment that he was for several hours almost motionless. Up to within a few hours of his death his intellect was as calm and pure as at any period of his life. He arranged all his affairs some days before his death, and we believe that on Saturday morning last he wrote with his own hand a letter of farewell in Latin, in the most touching terms, to the illustrious Professor Cobet, of the University of Leyden.

A LIFE-SIZE, nearly half-length, portrait of the late Dr. Badham, taken by Mr. J. Hubert Newman, is now on view at Mr. Paling's establishment, George-street. It is one of those autotypes for which it is claimed that they never fade, and the excellence of the likeness and expression will be at once apparent to any one who had the privilege of knowing the grand old scholar who has just passed away.

THE report of Dr. Clark on the sanitary condition of the Public schools of the colony was laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly on Wednesday, together with tables and appendices, and a letter from Dr. Mackellar, the health officer and medical adviser to the Government, expressing satisfaction at Dr. Clark's report, and endorsing his views. We reprint the report in full in another column.

WE understand that Mr. T. K. Abbott, police magistrate at Maitland, is to receive the appointment of stipendiary magistrate, to fill the vacancy caused by the retirement of Mr. Dillon. Mr. Abbott will take the position of junior magistrate. The position of chairman, which Mr. Dillon has occupied, will be given to Mr. Buchanan, who, is next to Mr. Dillon in seniority.

THE tender of Messrs. D. and W. Robertson has been accepted by the Minister for Works for the roofs of the Eveleigh Workshops, tenders for which were opened at the Department of Public Works some days ago. The amount of the tender is £15,000.

THE teaching staff of the Bathurst Public School, according to a return laid on the table of the Legislative Assembly, consists of the following:—Boys' Department: Principal teacher, at £400 per annum; first assistant teacher, £250; second assistant, £150; two pupil teachers at £12, and one at £36. Girls' Department: Mistress at £300; assistant at £168; two pupil teachers at £48, one at £36, one at £24; work mistress at £144, and assistant work mistress at £60. Infants' Department: Mistress at £300; first assistant, £168; second assistant, £120; one pupil teacher at £18, and three at £30. The following is the teaching staff of the Penrith Public School:—Boys' Department: Principal teacher, £252 per annum; assistant teacher, £150; one pupil teacher, £36; one pupil teacher, £12. Girls' Department: Mistress, £204; pupil teacher, £36; pupil teacher, £24; work mistress, £84. Infants' Department: Mistress at £204; assistant teacher, £114; pupil teacher, £36; pupil teacher, £30.

OUR special correspondent at Calcutta has furnished some particulars of certain proceedings in connection with the Ilbert Bill—a bill intended to confer judicial powers on native magistrates and County Court Judges, so that they can hear cases in which Europeans are concerned—showing how unpopular that measure was among the Anglo-Indian population. Some further information in reference to the Calcutta Exhibition is also supplied by our correspondent, whose letter will be found in another column.

IN another column we give a very interesting description of the island of Banjoewangie—a name well known in connection with the Australian and European telegraph service—written by the Rev. J. E. Tenison-Woods.

THE Colonial Secretary has approved of a recommendation made by the Inspector-General of Police that the sum of £25 be awarded to Railway-guard Watson for the prompt and courageous assistance he rendered on the occasion when Constable Hodgkinson was shot in the train, on the way to Picton, by the youth Albert Dennesen, who at the time was in the custody of the constable on a charge of horse-stealing.

THE Postmaster-General advises persons, when applying for letters at the General Post Office, to hand to the delivery clerk a card or piece of paper with their names legibly written thereon, as it is believed that cases sometimes occur in which persons fail to obtain their letters through the delivery clerks not catching the right name of the applicant.

THE rain, which set in about 2 o'clock yesterday morning with such appearances of a continuance, ceased soon after daylight. Throughout the day the weather remained cloudy and muggy, the atmosphere being extremely humid and oppressive, though the temperature was not high. The report of the city engineer, read at yesterday's meeting of the municipal council concerning the water supply, is sufficiently suggestive. It is evident that unless rain falls soon, or the citizens economise the water to a greater extent than is now being done, the city will be put on short commons. In regard to the rainfall, it seems to have been confined to a small part of the coast districts. Out of the large number of meteorological stations throughout the colony which reported to the telegraph office at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, not one reported rain. At only a few places was it cloudy. With these few exceptions, every station reported fine weather.

IN the Banco Court yesterday, an application was made for a new trial in Friend v. Smith, a slander action, in which a verdict was given for the defendant. The application was based on the ground that the verdict was against evidence, but the Court discharged the rule without costs. A rule *nisi* for a new trial in the action Cohen v. Lloyd (official assignee), recently tried at the District Court, in which plaintiff got a verdict for conversion of goods, was moved for, and refused for reasons which are given in our law report. Mr. Justice Faucett concluded the hearing of the Equity suit Turley v. Caldwell and another. The plaintiff sought to have the estate of his deceased father administered by the Court, the testator having died in 1852. His Honor held that the defendants had committed a breach of trust in allowing the real property to be swallowed up in maintaining an unprofitable business; but as the plaintiff admitted that he had seen accounts at the latest in 1863, he was then in a position to have taken action if the course pursued by the defendants had not met with his approval. The accounts of the estate were filed in 1859, but were never brought before the Court in order that they might be passed. His Honor ruled that the fact that the plaintiff had seen these documents in the court shortly after they were filed saved the defendants from any liability in respect to their neglect of the law. The statement of claim was dismissed, with one set of costs to the defendants.

YESTERDAY the hiring of immigrants who arrived here by the Peterborough and the Sterlingshire was proceeded with at Fort Macquarie. Generally the immigrants appear likely to make useful colonists. Those by the Sterlingshire are principally Scotch, and are healthy, robust, and well dressed. Engagements were made for Parramatta, Maitland, Capertree, Bega, Illabo, Gundagai, Narrandera, Grafton, Moss Vale, Murrumburrah, Bermagui, Wallerawang, Mulgrave. A large number of immigrants proceeded to friends at Newcastle, Campbelltown, Bathurst, Singleton, Dubbo, Clarence Town, Armidale, Richmond River, Wollongong, Penrith, Albury, Shoalhaven, Dubbo, Whitton (near Hay), Orange, Mudgee, Maitland, Picton, Marulan, Wollongong, Brush Grove, Broadalbane, Werris Creek, Wardell, Wolumla, and Wallandbeen. It is considered, therefore, that the two shiploads are distributed very generally throughout the colony. The rates of wages obtained ranged from £35 to £40 for single men, and up to £75 per annum for married couples, rations being included in each instance. A few very serviceable looking men remained unengaged at noon yesterday, and some made the complaint common to those who do not instantly obtain employment, namely, that they thought they had made a mistake in coming here. In all probability they will find engagements in the course of a day or so, and their impressions regarding a possibility of their having made a mistake will disappear as rapidly and completely as did those of their predecessors. The demand for single girls still remains largely in excess of the supply.

YESTERDAY an interesting return was laid before a meeting of the aldermen at the Town Hall, which had relation to the collection of rates during the currency of the year 1883. It was prepared by the city treasurer, and it showed primarily that the following valuations had to be written off for the reasons specified: £10,550 in consequence of buildings being burnt, pulled down, condemned or superseded by new ones; £32,581 unpaid on land, but which had been placed in the hands of the city solicitor for recovery; £20,304 in consequence of special exemptions connected principally with corporation property, such as the Town Hall and markets; £7884, doubtful. The total of these valuations was £105,319, which at a rate of 1s. 6d. in the pound represented £7898 18s. 6d. The general valuation for the same year was £1,711,328, which at an anticipated revenue of 1s. 6d. in the £ should have realised £130,599 12s. as a city rate. The amount of cash received at the Treasury, however, amounted to £122,722 3s. 1d., and if the amount £7898 18s. 6d., which was applied to be written off, were added to that amount, it would prove that the difference between estimated and actual revenue for the year 1883 was only £21 9s. 7d.

THE New South Wales Fresh Food and Ice Company, Limited, formerly established by the late T. S. Mort, have recently erected a new ice machine on an experimental scale and a new principle, which turns out about one and a half ton of ice per day. The ice, instead of being frozen in small moulds as under the old system, is formed in large blocks measuring some four feet square by eight inches thick, in tanks of water against vertical iron cells through which passes the freezing medium. In view of the enormous demand for ice during the past season, which at one time overtaxed the power of production, the company contemplate erecting during the ensuing winter a large machine on the new principle, capable of producing from 15 to 20 tons of ice per day. The demand on the Fresh Food and Ice Company during the past summer was about 10 tons per day, and when the present plans are carried out the power of production will be from 20 to 25 tons. In addition to the ice business the company in question are doing a large business in milk and butter, their deliveries of the former amounting to some 1400 gallons per day, while of the latter they have over 20 tons in their cold rooms. The whole of the milk supply is drawn from stations on the southern line beyond Campbelltown.

THE regulations for the guidance of the Sydney and suburban municipal councils in the conduct of the proceedings for the election of members to serve on the Fire Brigades Board under the Fire Brigades Act will probably be confirmed by the Executive Council to-day. The election of the member to represent the Municipal Council of Sydney will take place on Monday, 10th March, at the Town Hall, and the election of a member to represent the other municipalities on Wednesday, 19th March, at the same place. Mr. William Day, J.P., will be the returning-officer at the latter election.

THE annual excursion in connection with St. Patrick's Christian Doctrine Confraternity took place on Tuesday at Athol Gardens. Three steamers were kept busy plying throughout the day, conveying the children and their friends to the scene of the festivities. The attendance numbered about 2000, 800 of whom were children. On arriving at the grounds various games were indulged in, the children's races being carried out with great zest. Dancing was the chief attraction for the visitors, to the strains of the Young Australian Band, and two pipers provided the music for those who preferred the national steps. The clergy and committee were untiring in their efforts to please both children and visitors, great care being taken to prevent any objectionable characters obtaining admission to the steamers. All were safely landed at Circular Quay by half-past 6, nothing having occurred to mar the day's enjoyment.

A BYLAW, recently adopted by the council of the borough of Woollahra, requiring all sewage matter to be filtered before passing into the street gutters, has given rise to some agitation amongst the ratepayers, and a meeting has been called respecting the matter for to-morrow (Saturday) evening, at the Council-chambers.

IN consequence of the illness of Mr. Buchanan, S.M., Mr. Addison performed relief duty in the Water Police Court yesterday, in the Charge and Licensing Courts, after which he proceeded to the North Shore and presided at that court. On the previous day he took the court at Balmain, after disposing of the Water Police Court business.

THE eminent musical firm of Ricordi, which has branches at Milan, Roma, Florence, Naples, and London, is issuing a series of complete operas for pianoforte solo, and a special edition has been prepared for the United Kingdom, the British colonies, and America. The prices charged are surprisingly low, seeing that in "Roberto il Diavolo," for instance, the pianist obtains for eighteen pence 196 pages of music, the complete opera in fact, with a portrait and biographical sketch of the composer Meyerbeer. The work is in quarto form, and the music is very clearly lithographed.

A NUMBER of employees in the Tramway Department met at the railway station, Redfern, on the 27th instant, and presented Mr. A. C. Hobart, late traffic foreman, with a gold watch and purse of sovereigns as a mark of the esteem in which he was held by his fellow employees.

IN reference to certain advertisements published in the *Herald* yesterday, and interestingly asserting that Mr. Burdekin is contesting the present election as the nominee of Mr. John Davies, C.M.G., Mr. Davies writes:—"I think it is due to Mr. Burdekin and myself to give the statements contained in such advertisements, as also others made by Mr. Reid at his meetings, my positive denial, as I have not taken any part in the present contest other than exercising my free right as an elector of East Sydney in attending meetings of both candidates." He adds that he thinks Mr. Reid's cause must be very weak when chicanery like that displayed in the advertisements is resorted to for the purpose of securing the election of a Minister of the Crown.

I WOULD very much like to know, asks "A Merchant," upon what principle the jury lists are compiled, or rather how the jurymen are summoned? "For the last five or six years," he says, "I have been summoned at least twice, and one year as often as four times, to attend at the Supreme Court and the Criminal Court. Now why should I be picked upon so often when I know men who have never yet been summoned, and who make a boast of it. It appears to me that the Sheriff has a certain number of names and they have to do duty always. Cannot some remedy be found? Out of a population like Sydney and suburbs one would imagine that once in four or five years would be as often as a person would be wanted."

THE Metropolitan Quarter Sessions were commenced at the Darlinghurst Courthouse yesterday. Mr. P. J. Healy prosecuted on behalf of the Crown. A number of prisoners pleaded guilty to the offences with which they were charged, and were remanded for sentence. John Butler, who had had a long acquaintance with the interior of Victorian and New South Wales gaols, was found guilty of larceny, and was sentenced to penal servitude for five years. Ann Ford was convicted of bigamy, and was sentenced to be imprisoned and kept to hard labour for two years. Robert Black, against whom there was a record of charges of a serious nature, was found guilty of having uttered a forged cheque, and was sentenced to penal servitude for seven years. John Williams who is known to the police under the aliases of "Hooten" and "Dido," was found guilty of robbery with violence, and sentenced to penal servitude for 12 years. On the 29th May, 1878, Williams, on a charge of garotting, was sentenced to five years' imprisonment, and to receive 25 lashes. In connection with his recent capture a pawnbroker named Mr. Kerry rendered valuable assistance to the police, and for the courage and determination which he displayed was commended by the Judge.

A YOUNG man named William Rice was arrested yesterday afternoon, at Surry Hills, and charged with the wilful murder of another man named James Griffin or Byrnes, in a house in Phelps-street, occupied by them and a woman named Sophia Holmes, about whom, it is stated, the men had a quarrel. Griffin was shot dead by two bullets through the heart. Details of the tragedy are published in another column.

LAST evening Mr. A. B. M'Kenzie, of Hunter's Hill, had a narrow escape from losing his life. He was a passenger by the Port Jackson Company's steamer Prince Alfred, from Manly, and when the steamer was approaching the company's jetty at the Circular Quay he jumped up and walked overboard. He had been asleep, and the orders being given by the captain waking him he got up, thinking that the Prince Alfred was alongside the wharf. Fortunately he is a good swimmer, and prompt assistance being at hand he was rescued, apparently none the worse for his unexpected bath.

A MAN named Benjamin Halley was admitted into the hospital yesterday suffering from a lacerated leg. He was working at Dalton's Wharf, and was in the act of throwing an old charge of dynamite into the water when it exploded, lacerating his right leg in a most painful manner. He was placed under treatment in the accident ward.

A MAN named James Sindey narrowly escaped being drowned last evening. He was on board one of the steam tenders at Circular Quay, when he slipped from the gangway and fell into the water. Fortunately, however, one of the men on board the vessel witnessed the accident, and jumped overboard and rescued him. He was afterwards taken to the hospital, where he was admitted in an exhausted state, and was placed under treatment.

AN accident occurred yesterday afternoon in Paddington by which a young married woman was killed on the spot in a shocking manner. The affair took place near the corner of Victoria and William streets, Paddington, in the immediate vicinity of a building now in course of demolition. The deceased was named Margaret Bennett, aged 24 years, and she lived with her husband, William Bennett, a labourer, in a tenement immediately adjoining the building above mentioned. At about 3 o'clock in the afternoon she was engaged in washing clothes in her yard, close to the wall of the house which was being pulled down, when a number of large stones fell upon her and crushed her to death. The workman engaged on the building at the time was one Hodkin, of Fourth-street, Woollahra, and from his statement it appears that while he was knocking away some stays from under the roof of the building the roof fell in, and in so doing pulled down a portion of the gable. The detached portion of the gable fell outwards and struck the unfortunate woman below. Dr. Barkas examined the body soon after the accident, and the particulars were reported to the City Coroner. The deceased was taken into her house to await an inquest.

THE Balmain Coldstream Brass Band will perform to-morrow (Saturday) afternoon, at 3 o'clock, at Elkington Park, White Horse Reserve, the following programme, under Bandmaster E. Kearns:—March, "Golden Autumn;" fantasia, "Amito;" valse, "Stolen Kisses;" mazurka, "Styrienne;" quadrille, "Inspiration;" schottische, "Florine;" polka, "Summer Flowers;" galop, "Cupid's Arrows;" "God save the Queen.

MR. GARRARD, M.L.A., requests us to say that on Saturday last, at the anti-immigration meeting at Balmain, instead of saying that it was the Parkes-Robertson Administration which had been the first to put money down for immigration purposes, as he was reported to have said, his remark was to the effect that that Administration was the first to obtain the vote of £150,000 for that purpose

LATEST INTELLIGENCE.

[BY ELECTRIC TELEGRAPH.]

OUR SPECIAL TELEGRAM:

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

THE GUNBOAT PROTECTOR.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

The trial trip of the South Australian gunboat Protector takes places about the middle of April. She will sail for Australia soon afterwards. The guns have already been officially tested and pronounced excellent.

THE BISHOP OF RIVERINA.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

The Rev. J. Linton, Bishop-designate of Riverina, will be consecrated on the 1st of May.

RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

It is stated that Russia has formally joined the Continental League inaugurated by Prince Bismarck. Considerable importance is attached to this event throughout European diplomatic circles.

The Russian Grand Duke Michael and General Gourko (one of the heroes of the Russo-Turkish War) have just visited Berlin, and have been accorded a warm reception.

(REUTER'S TELEGRAMS.)

TROOPS FOR EGYPT.

LONDON, FEB. 27.

Two battalions of infantry stationed at Aldershott, which were ordered to Malta and Gibraltar respectively, embarked to-day. The second battalion of the 56th foot, stationed at Gibraltar, proceeded from that place to Alexandria, to strengthen the troops remaining in Egypt.

FRENCH ADVANCE ON BACNINH.

PARIS, FEB. 27.

The latest intelligence from Tonquin states that the French troops have been massed, and everything is now in readiness for an immediate advance upon Bacninh, orders for which are daily expected to be issued.

THE FRENCH COMMAND AT MADAGASCAR.

PARIS, FEB. 28.

The Government has decided to supersede Admiral Galiber, Commander-in-Chief in Madagascar waters. He will be replaced shortly by Admiral Miot. This step is regarded as a pacific indication on the part of the Ministry.

IMPEACHMENT OF A MEMBER OF THE NORWEGIAN PARLIAMENT.

CHRISTIANA, FEB. 28.

The trial of M. Selmer, Minister of State, before the Rigsret, or Upper Chamber, on charges brought against him by the Odelsthing, or Lower House, by whose orders he was impeached and imprisoned, has been brought to a conclusion. It has resulted in the Minister being deprived of all his offices under the State, and in his being condemned to pay all the costs of impeachment.

THE S.S. MERKARA.

SUEZ, FEB. 27.

The British-India Company's s.s. Merkara left here to-day, homewards.

INTERCOLONIAL NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

VICTORIA.

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

Mr. E. W. Scott, of New York, superintendent of the Equitable Life Assurance Society of the United States, has arrived here, and purposes establishing a branch, with a local directorate consisting of prominent citizens. The movement is regarded as an important one.

An inquiry was commenced this morning by the Steam Navigation Board into the grounding of the ship Sir Jamestjee Family off Cape Otway. It was adjourned for the evidence of the mate.

Two officers of the Hotham contingent of the Salvation Army were to-day proceeded against at the local court for marching in procession without permission from the Mayor, contrary to provisions of a bylaw passed by the Council. Mr. Maddocks, for the defence, argued that the Council had no power to make a bylaw entirely prohibiting processions. The Legislature had given to the municipality power to regulate traffic, but total prohibition of processions was *ultra vires*. The bench upheld this view, and dismissed the case.

The R.M.S. Rosetta sailed this afternoon, taking treasure valued at £87,080.

A syndicate has been formed in Melbourne to plant Western Port Bay with oysters.

The Minister for Public Works has ordered the recent report of the Water Supply Board, recommending the immediate connection of Silvery Creek with the Wallaby scheme, to be carried out, and tenders will be at once called for.

The will and codicil of the late Mr. Thomas Aitken, brewer and distiller, was proved to-day for £93,689.

Among the passengers by the M.M.S.S. Sydney, which leaves for Marseilles to-morrow, is the Rev. J. K. Macmillan, of Hamilton, who is going to attend the general council at Belfast as representative of the Presbyterian Church of Victoria.

The Chief Secretary has been spending a few days in the Upper Yarra district, in the course of which he visited the Coranderrk aboriginal station.

The Secretary of the Education Department, the Inspector-General, and Assistant Inspector-General, approve generally of the recommendations made by the conference of state school inspectors, and the report will next be gone through with the Minister.

Mr. Berry and Colonel Sargood have undertaken to represent the Ministry at a banquet to be given in honour of the Government at Bairnsdale, on Saturday, the 15th of March.

The Commissioner for Public Works has dismissed from the service Captain S. Lapthorne, of the Government steamer George Rennie, who was recently fined at Geelong for fighting with the engineer Hiddle; the latter has been severely reprimanded.

The Court of Directors of the Royal Humane Society of Australasia have appointed Captain Payne secretary to the Society, in the room of Mr. J. H. Haydon, who has resigned. The directors have decided to present an address to his Excellency the Governor before he leaves the colony, in which recognition will be made of the special interest which was always taken by him in the society.

Miss Bloxham, the successful candidate for Sir W. J. Clarke's presentation scholarship at the Royal College of Music, was tendered a benefit concert by the tonic sol-fa-ists, and presented with a purse of sovereigns.

Mr. Matthew Burnett has arrived in Victoria, en route to Tasmania, for temperance work there. He claims that since 1863 he has induced 100,000 people to sign the pledge.

Messrs. Hughes and Harvey refuse to accede to the demand of the United Tinsmiths' and Ironworkers' Society for shortening the hours of labour.

At the adjourned inquest, held at Hamilton to-day, respecting the death by shooting of Michael Murphy, at Pierrepoint, the man named M'Sweeney appeared in custody. Nothing very important was elicited. Inspector Drought said there were analyses to be made of the things found, and on his application the inquiry was further adjourned.

The Minister for Public Works has considered the report of the board appointed to inquire into the charges preferred against Mr. J. Eladon, inspector of the Coliban system at Castlemaine. The only accusations proved to the satisfaction of the board were Mr. Eladon's refusal to co-operate with the engineer of the district in the introduction of a new system of gauging, and as to his discourtesy to the

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officers of the Department. Mr. Deakin will content himself with reprimanding Mr. Elsdon for these faults.

A notorious horse-stealer, named William Mellet, has been arrested at Merino. There are 11 charges against him.

QUEENSLAND.

BRISBANE, THURSDAY.

A deputation from the Brisbane Brokers' Association waited on the Minister for Works this morning requesting him to instruct the Mines Department to take immediate steps to obtain maps of the goldfields at Gympie, Charters Towers, and other prominent fields, showing all the gold-mining leases and claims now in existence, and issuing lithograph copies to the public at a nominal cost. Mr. Miles said he was favourably impressed with the idea, and would have it carried out if not too expensive.

At the police court to-day 13 publicans were fined £2 each for Sunday trading.

A telegram from Tambo states that the country west of Northampton Downs is a perfect desert, and the road is impassable for sheep. Good rain has fallen at Tambo.

Some specimens, containing a thousand ounces of gold, were obtained from the Wilmot extended mine, Gympie, yesterday.

The Australian Eleven were entertained to-night at a complimentary ball, under the patronage of his Excellency the Governor and Lady Musgrave and leading citizens.

The weather is fine.

SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The Rev. Osric Copeland has tendered his resignation as pastor of the North Adelaide Congregational Church.

The body of a youth named Wooly, who was drowned at Point Pirie, was found yesterday afternoon at Mangrove Point by a fisherman.

During the six months ending December 31 the Vermin Board destroyed 526 dogs, 7704 kangaroos, 3838 wallabies, 35,779 rabbits, and 235 eaglehawks, at a cost of £1785.

The Adelaide Co-operative Society made a profit of 25 per cent. on the amount invested during the past half-year.

A trial has been made of Anderson's proposed method of transferring trucks from a narrow to a broad gauge railway, and *vice versa*. The alteration was effected on a turn-out of 170 feet in length. It has a guardrail inside and outside the ordinary rail. The axles work telescopically; settnuts hold the wheels at the required distance. The trial was fairly successful; but there is thought to be an element of weakness in connection with the settnuts.

At a meeting at the Town Hall refreshment-room this afternoon, the Mayor presiding, it was resolved that the annual regatta should be held on Torrens Lake about Easter. A large and influential committee was appointed. His Worship said he intended to dredge the river. The City Surveyor has been ordered to prepare a report thereon, when the Council will take action.

A party of gentlemen visited the Agricultural College at Roseworthy to-day. Professor Custance said he should be able to fill the college with students as soon as the building was furnished. The professor said, regarding the wheat experiments, that he had been misrepresented by Wasleys Club, who refused him permission to make an explanation in reply to the charges preferred against him. Regarding the purchase of wheat from the farm, he said that all the wheat sold from the farm was for milling purposes. He scouted the idea of a sample being dirty, and entered into a long defence against the charges made by Wasleys Club.

The Locksley Hall arrived to-day at Port Victor, from England, with a cargo of railway iron.

Sailed: Fleur de Maurice and Wisteria, for Algoa Bay.

Miss Burnett gave her second pianoforte recital at the Town Hall this evening. She met with a gratifying reception.

The election to-day, of a member for the central district, to the Legislative Council, resulted in the return of Mr. Simms, who polled 2365, against Mr. Santo, who polled 2058.

NORTHERN TERRITORY.

PORT DARWIN, THURSDAY.

A very important work has been completed here. The Menmuir (s.) arrived on Saturday with two blades of her propeller broken off, making it dangerous to proceed to Hongkong without repairing. No divers were procurable, and there was no course but to beach the steamer. This was successfully accomplished yesterday afternoon, and the repairs were effected. The steamer sailed for China to-night. Considering that the Menmuir is 1247 tons register, and was laden with 2000 tons of coal, the undertaking was of considerable moment. No difficulty was experienced in beaching her, the steamer being laid perfectly even, and bedded in 2 feet 6 inches of mud. No strain was sustained. Captain Helms and chief engineer Loventzen are deserving of the highest congratulations.

SOUTH AUSTRALIAN STOCK INSPECTOR'S REPORT.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The annual report of the Inspector of Sheep, published in the *Gazette*, says that scab has not appeared in the flocks, and that fluke is not more prevalent. The lambing was 10 per cent. better than for last year. Pleuro-pneumonia has not appeared in the south-eastern districts. Some losses have occurred from the disease at Wellington. The general health of the cattle of all descriptions is good. The excess of imports over exports was 294,579 sheep, 31,751 cattle. The imports both of cattle and sheep showed a large decrease upon last year. The value of stud sheep exported was between £70,000 and £80,000. In accordance with the power vested in the inspector, 37 imported dogs had been examined; three were quarantined. There had been 35 convictions under the Brands Act of 1879. The inspector recommends that all slaughterhouses should be examined to test the meat as to its freedom from tuberculosis. The past season was the best the country has been favoured with for years in what is termed the settled districts. In the north, north-east, and north-west, stockowners are suffering heavy losses from drought.

MINING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

MUDGEE, THURSDAY.

Bond and party have struck extraordinary rich quartz in their new shaft at Hargraves, at a depth of 95 feet. In a patch of specimens obtained yesterday, good judges estimate there are 1000 ounces of gold.

The mining manager of the Prince of Wales and Old Poverty Company reports:—"Shaft sunk 15 feet for the week, or 27 feet for the fortnight; total depth, 227 feet. The plunger chamber has been cut to its depth, but is not yet fully timbered up. Erection of blacksmith's shop progressing satisfactorily."

OVERLAND PASSENGER TRAFFIC.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

ALBURY, THURSDAY.

The following passed through to-day:—

For Sydney (by express): Mr. and Mrs. R. Morisson Stewart and child, Rev. Joseph Oram, Mrs. Oram, Miss A. Murray Oram, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Vickers, Mr. and Mrs. W. Beaumont, Miss Beaumont, Messrs. Percy Clay, E. Plummer, W. B. Marks, S. Ormerod, W. Parkinson, W. Johnston, H. Butler, John D. Mackay, J. Bamber, C. M'Alister, E. J. Brown, C. J. Barnes.

For Melbourne (by express): Mrs. Blomfield, Mrs. A. Andrews 3 children and nurse, Dr. Foucart, Messrs. H. Blomfield, C. Blomfield, Cyrus Mason, J. J. Alcock, J. Waxman, A. Kurtz, E. Smith, B. Marks, A. Kosminsky, C. J. M'Caffery, J. Abrahams, G. Craib, A. Piggin, W. Pritchard, D. Scott, M. Offerel, F. Kellerman, W. Nichols, F. Bull, H. Carkee, E. B. Forrest, J. Anlezark, D. Gilmour.

For Sydney (by ordinary train): Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Handcock and 2 children, Messrs. J. M'Kee, J. Crawford, F. Bull, W. Smith.

For Melbourne (by ordinary train): Mr. and Mrs. N. Richardson and 3 children, Mrs. J. Wilson, Mrs. Williams, Mr. and Mrs. J. Keogh and children, Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Warby and 3 children, Messrs. S. D. Heap, A. Denduyts, R. Oliphant, J. Childs, J. Fogarty, J. Nesbitt, J. F. Cashion, J. Stirling, T. Mason, J. Weinrabe, W. Hayward, D. Costello, J. Trayl, T. Sutherland, A. White, M. Adams, T. Higgins, J. M'Mahon, J. M'Donald, D. Cameron, F. M'Walter.

PARLIAMENT OF SOUTH AUSTRALIA.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ADELAIDE, THURSDAY.

The Legislative Council met at noon to-day. The Commissioner for Public Works obtained the suspension of the standing orders, and re-introduced and passed through all its stages the Land Bill which was passed by the Legislative Assembly in November last, and discharged from the Council notice-paper. It is a measure for extending the concessions under the Act of 1882 to March 31. An unsuccessful attempt was made to extend them to August 31. The bill was sent down to the Assembly without amendment, and thus duly became an Act. Mr. Cotton moved that no land should be alienated in the Northern Territory till the meeting of the new Parliament, but the motion was negatived.

The Federal Council debate was resumed last night in the Legislative Assembly, by Mr. Symon, who spoke eloquently for two hours against the Government resolutions. Several attempts were afterwards made to divide the House, so as to shelve the question; but the Chief Secretary replied vigorously to the arguments of his opponents. At the close of the latter's speech, Mr. Ward called attention to the state of the House, and as there was not a quorum, the House adjourned abruptly, the motion being thus swept off the notice-paper. The Assembly met to-day at the usual time. A resolution was passed with a view to changing the Railways Select Committee into a Royal Commission, which the Government intend shortly to appoint. A resolution was carried requesting the Government to prepare, during the recess, a report upon and estimate of the cost of a dry dock at Port Adelaide, of sufficient size to take in the largest vessel likely to visit the colony.

At 4 o'clock the prorogation of Parliament took place in the Council Chamber. The Governor was received by a guard of honour, and was attended by Captain Jervois and Captain Howard. His Excellency assented to various bills, and read the prorogation speech, which was unusually brief and uninteresting. Congratulation was offered the Parliament on its release after a protracted and laborious session. Relative to the Federal Council Bill, the speech remarked:—"It afforded me much gratification to observe that the desirability of constituting a Federal Council of Australasia was unanimously agreed to at the Intercolonial Convention held in Sydney in November and December last. I hope that the proposals adopted by the representatives of the various Governments (which have already been affirmed by the Legislative Council of the province) will meet with favourable consideration when submitted to the several Parliaments of the Australian colonies." In addressing the Assembly the Governor hoped that the consideration given by the House to the bills providing taxation upon property, and the conservation of water, and the general amendment of the land laws, would facilitate legislation on those important questions at the next Parliament. Parliament was then declared to be prorogued until March 31.

The session has been unusually protracted in consequence of the taxation debate, which was begun on May 31 and continued to the end of November; it was recommenced four weeks ago. Altogether the Assembly sat 89 days. It is understood that writs for the new elections will be issued almost immediately. The session has been singularly barren of useful legislation.

PARLIAMENT OF QUEENSLAND.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

BRISBANE, THURSDAY.

To-day the Assembly, after disposing of some private business, went into Committee of Supply, and proceeded with the Colonial Treasurer's Estimates. Good progress was made.

The Council passed a motion approving of the resolutions adopted by the intercolonial convention. The Appropriation Bill of £150,000 passed through all its stages. The consideration in committee of the Polynesian Bill was resumed, and eventually passed without alteration. The Chinese Bill was read the second time after a short debate.

COUNTRY NEWS.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

NEWCASTLE, THURSDAY.

A boy about 15 years of age, named Thomas Milton, working at Messrs. Rogers' foundry, Blane-street, Newcastle, died this afternoon from injuries received through being drawn into a rolling machine. Both legs and arms were broken. At the inquest the jury returned a verdict of accidental death. No blame is attached to any person. Deceased was spoken to a few minutes before the accident.

Seven foreign seamen were sent to gaol for 14 days this afternoon for deserting from the American ship Annie M. Small. They alleged ill-treatment as the cause.

Last night Dr. S. T. Knaggs gave his fifth ambulance lecture to the railway employees, at the City Hall. To-morrow he lectures to ladies only, in connection with the St. John's ambulance classes.

There are no signs of rain.

GLEN INNES, THURSDAY.

Two hundred and ninety acres have been conditionally selected at the local lands office here to-day.

At a meeting of the municipal council last evening, it was decided to form a fire brigade, and an engine has been sent for.

The weather is very hot.

ARMIDALE, THURSDAY.

John Gordon, proprietor of a threshing machine, had just finished threshing a farmer's wheat when the straw by some unknown means caught fire, and burned the new threshing machine and 12 bags of wheat. Fortunately, the remainder of the wheat—200 bags—had just been removed to the barn, some distance away.

The weather continues dry. New England is fully stocked by thousands of sheep and cattle from the western districts, which must otherwise have starved. Water is getting rather scarce.

WEST MAITLAND, THURSDAY.

P. Ryan, a labourer employed at the waterworks, was seriously injured to-day by a fall of earth. He was taken to the hospital for treatment.

COWRA, THURSDAY.

It is cloudy this evening, and like rain.

ORANGE, THURSDAY.

Judge Candell has sent an exhaustive written judgment in the appeal case heard at the last Quarter Sessions, against the fine inflicted upon certain bakers for having tin, cottage, and other shaped loaves in their possession, short weight. He quashes the conviction on the ground that such loaves, requiring greater care and skill in manipulation and baking, came under the denomination of fancy bread.

BLAYNEY, THURSDAY.

The weather is still dry.

CARCOAR, THURSDAY.

Complaints as to the bad state of the roads in this vicinity are constantly being made by the farming class and others. Dissatisfaction is expressed at the delay in calling for tenders for the works which were promised upon this road nearly three months ago. The delay in opening the road to fall timber, surveyed 15 months ago, is also much complained of.

The weather continues dry, at times showing indications of a change. The nights lately have been cold.

GOULBURN, THURSDAY.

Messrs. F. D. Badgery, J. Shepherd, T. Marsden, J. T. Burcher, and John Cropper, were to-day chosen sheep directors, and Messrs. W. C. Harris, C. Cooper, and L. Faithfull directors for large stock under the Pastures and Stock Protection Act.

A farmer named Saville, residing at Munsnell, whilst returning home yesterday, fell from his horse and was killed.

Great disappointment is expressed by the citizens at the action of the Government in regard to the endowment of municipalities.

ULLADULLA, THURSDAY.

Splendid rain fell during the whole of last night.

WAGGA WAGGA, THURSDAY.

A large bush fire took place at Ariah run, in the occupation of Mr. Wellesley Welman. It appears to have commenced on Saturday afternoon at a spot about four miles from the homestead, and with some intermissions it has continued to date. 4000 acres grass have been consumed, besides a mile of fencing. It was with great difficulty that the woolshed was saved, the grass being burnt all round it.

The Demonstration Committee have prepared a programme of sports for Monday, which includes six horse races and six foot races, for liberal prizes.

ALBURY, THURSDAY.

It is proposed to convene a public meeting at Albury to agitate for the revocation of the Ournie goldfield reserve.

Constable Gilroy, while interfering in an altercation at the Chinese camp, was knocked down and seriously cut on the head by an unknown assailant. He had to be removed to the hospital.

NOTES in INDIA and the EXHIBITION.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, JAN. 22.

The prolonged and bitter struggle between the Anglo-Indian and purely official sections of the community, or rather that section of the latter represented by the Viceroy and his immediate counsellors, has happily terminated. That is to say, there has been a compromise, but how far the grave questions at issue have been settled cannot yet be ascertained. Up to the last moment the Viceroy persevered in his attempt to pass the obnoxious measure now known as the Ilbert Bill, and even after it had gone forth that a compromise had been agreed to, there was an endeavour to alter the understanding arrived at. All Calcutta was in an excited and dangerous state, and the afternoon of Sunday, 6th of January, 1884, will be long remembered in the capital of India as an important crisis in its history. The Supreme Council was sitting all day, and as disquieting rumours respecting the intentions of the Viceroy and his supporters were circulated, groups of angry Europeans formed in the principal streets, and an open rupture was clearly imminent. The slightest thing would have precipitated matters, and a riot such as India has not seen since the days of the mutiny would most assuredly have followed. Fortunately oil was thrown on the troubled waters just in time, and the announcement that the bill had been adopted with modifications—framed on the promised concessions to the popular voice of the Europeans was sufficient to dispel the gathering storm. The recent agitation has had a disquieting effect on Europeans and natives alike, and there is less disposition than ever on the part of the latter to regard themselves as a conquered race. Anglo-Indians, well versed in such matters, contend that already British prestige has received a severe blow; and certainly, in outward forms at least, the native population show very little respect for their rulers. In the city especially Europeans receive scant courtesy, and in the street the behaviour of the Baboos (or educated classes) is arrogant and overbearing in the extreme. There is a good deal of friction in the relations of the Europeans and natives at present, and on several occasions lately illustrations have been given of the dangerous feeling abroad. Only last night during the performance at Wilson's Circus a slight disturbance arose, which almost instantly assumed the character and proportions of a rising. The circus was crowded—nearly 5000 natives alone being present. After the first act, a young man—apparently an Eurasian—in resuming his seat, was insulted by a Baboo, and an interchange of compliments—in which the native vocabulary is particularly rich—took place. They were speedily quieted, however, and the performance proceeded. In returning after the second interval the young man in question was struck from behind by a stick and he immediately "went for" the Baboo. Instantly there was a rush of natives to the spot, and, before anybody could interfere, the whole place was in an uproar. All the Europeans started from their seats, and made ready for a fight. The most intense excitement prevailed, the sparks having apparently been applied to the mine unawares. A number of English soldiers and policemen forced their way to the scene of the struggle, and seized the Baboo and some of his friends, conducting them outside in the most unceremonious fashion, amidst the shrieks and yells of all the natives present. Mr. Wilson, the burly proprietor of the circus, forcibly ejected a couple of the most insolent himself, and on some wealthy Parsees objecting to the proceeding, told them to mind their own business, or else they would be served in the same way. He was cheered and applauded by every European present in a manner which showed the deep feeling underlying the surface of our relations with the native classes. While the scene lasted numbers of ladies abruptly left the circus, and for the remainder of the evening the actual performance lost its interest. The concession of Lord Ripon to the European section came so late, and with such a bad grace, that it is utterly devoid of any claim on the friendship or sympathy of his countrymen here, and the feeling against his administration is just as strong as ever. He rarely appears in public outside the walls of Government House, and that he has alienated himself from the European section of the empire is only too painfully evident.

Although the exhibition is half over, the work of receiving and setting up exhibits has not terminated. So far the attendance has been very fair, but probably far short of Mr. Joubert's sanguine expectations. That portion of the exhibition in which the Indian and machinery courts are situated has been rendered very attractive, and is consequently the best attended and most popular, somewhat to the detriment of the British and Australian courts, which are on the opposite side of a broad and busy thoroughfare, and have little beyond their intrinsic merit to recommend them. In the eastern section everything has been done to make it a pleasant resort. The grounds are tastefully laid out, and military bands perform in the open air every afternoon. There are numerous tea pavilions and refreshment stands, small buildings and tents for the display of special exhibits, all of which furnish attractions to visitors. It is most unfortunate that all the courts were not placed together. As it is, the exhibition is divided into two parts, and the least attractive naturally suffers. Otherwise the Australian colonies cannot complain, as much attention has been drawn to their resources by the creditable display made in their respective courts. A fair trade has been already done in the exhibits brought over, and cards announcing that they have been disposed of are very numerous in the New South Wales and Victorian courts. Hides are in good demand, and orders have, I understand, been given for large parcels both by the Indian Government and by local tanners. The largest tanning establishments are in the hands of the State in India, and in many other branches of industry the Government is directly interested.

The work of adjudication, which at first hung fire, has now been commenced in earnest, and already several classes have been dealt with. The Australian representatives were particularly anxious that no delay should be allowed in the appointment of jurors, and it is mainly owing to their representations that anything has been done in the matter. Much difficulty was experienced in finding suitable men, and in consequence the objectionable element known as professional jurors has been introduced in several classes. One enterprising foreigner is on no less than eight juries, and although at one of the Australian exhibitions he occupied the distinguished position of a juror's clerk, it is difficult to find on what grounds his claims to be considered a superfine expert on all kinds of exhibits rest. His name, for instance, figures as chairman of three juries, and his judgment is sought on such charmingly diversified subjects as cement and aerated waters, wines, and oil paintings, ivory carvings and bottled beers, jams and natural history. There are a few first-class juries—composed of men of known integrity and good position in society; but the trading and mercantile classes have held aloof, contending that their time is far too valuable to be devoted to the culminating scene of Mr. Joubert's show. The executive committee have no doubt exercised some discretion in the appointment and control of juries; but great care will have to be taken to prevent the adjudication furnishing ground for a scandal, in which case it will be said of the exhibition, as of the ill-fated Marguerite, "Begun in folly, ended in shame."

Calcutta is very full of visitors, and the streets are thronged with natives from every part of the Empire. All kinds of Oriental costumes, some of them picturesque in the extreme, are to be seen in the vicinity of the exhibition, which, whatever its origin or purpose may have been, has certainly succeeded in taking a firm hold on the native mind. The results will, on the whole, be beneficial not only to the classes usually interested in such undertakings, but to the Indian people themselves. Railways, canals, and other innovations in modes of travelling have already broken down many caste prejudices, and the exhibition has made a further breach in old-fashioned customs. Hindoo ladies of high caste, who only a year or two ago would rather have died than exposed themselves to the vulgar gaze, now attend in numbers at the exhibition, and lordly rajahs stalk through the courts, attended by their 12 or 15 wives, as unconcerned as if in the private recesses of the zenana.

FRY'S COCOA EXTRACT.—"Having the superfluous richness removed, this perfectly pure and digestible preparation meets the approval of the most fastidious taste."—British Trade Journal.—[ADVT.]

SKINNY MEN.—"Wells' Health Renewer" restores health and vigour, cures dyspepsia, debility.—[ADVT.]

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENTS.)

THE V. R. C. AUTUMN MEETING.

MELBOURNE, THURSDAY.

At Flemington this morning the touts who turned up before break of day were rewarded with a sight of some of the best gallops ever done on the training tracks of the Victorian turf headquarters. Countryman was about the first to be put through his Newmarket Handicap facings, and he fairly excelled any of his previous performances, for he covered six furlongs in the fast time of 1 minute 19 seconds, some watches making it a tick or two less. Commotion was indulged with half-pace work over a couple of miles, but the great gun is full of health and wanted his head all the way. Guesswork was one of the cantering division, but The Drummer and Archie had a brush up together, in which the old one tailed off long before the finish of the mile and a-half, which was not by any means fast, seeing that the time consumed was 2 minutes 52½ seconds. Coolabah was sent over the Newmarket distance, half a mile of which he did in 55 seconds. Soldier Boy also went a rattling good three quarters of a mile in 1 minute 18½ seconds; and Fryingpan did a round of the sand track in the fine time of 2 minutes 32 seconds. Unfortunately, the colt split one of his fore feet, and has been struck out of his V. R. C. engagements in consequence. Navigator is looking the very picture of health, and the different points of a good gallop were recorded, thus:—Once round, 2 minutes 35 seconds; a mile and three-quarters, 3 minutes 15 seconds; 2 miles, 3 minutes 50 seconds. Baron Von Mueller and Anglesey strode out in company, doing the last mile in 1 minute 56 seconds; and Hypatia, along with Glencoe, covered three-quarters of a mile in 1 minute 23 seconds. Ironhand did a spin of about a mile, with Power in the saddle, the first six furlongs taking 1 minute 21½ seconds; but Victress excelled this in in 1 minutes 19 seconds, or 54½ seconds for half a mile. Le Grand and Venetian were slipped together, but the filly was soon outpaced, and the big Queenslander did the six furlongs in 1 minute 22 seconds. Segenhoe, Bargo, and Salvo went off in company for three-quarters of a mile, half a mile of which was run in 55 seconds, and the whole journey in 1 minute 22 seconds; Segenhoe in the last furlong going as strong as a steam-engine. Lord Wilton provided one of the best, if not the very best Newmarket spin, of the morning, all things considered. Starting off with Prince Patrick, he accomplished six furlongs in 1 minute 19½ seconds, or 53 seconds for the half-mile to wind up with. Some astute judges thought this good enough, and lost no time in "getting on." Martini-Henry and Morpeth as usual started off together, doing a mile and a half in 2 minutes 48½ seconds, the round in 2 minutes 35 seconds, and the first six furlongs in 1 minute 25 seconds. Morpeth did not earn golden opinions,—in fact, seemed to gallop the reverse of kindly. Sweet William and Wallangra went together for a fast round, at one part of which the old gentleman took it into his head to run off the track. To wind up a very interesting morning's work, Priestess and Napier worked on the course, and galloped six furlongs in 1 minute 23½ seconds.

The following scratchings were posted to-day at the V. R. C. offices:—First Hurdle Race: Matador. Ascot Vale Stakes: Dargo, Mozart, Duplicity, War Cry, Falkirk, The Boy, Silver King, Cairngorm, Mehetee, Nappicalliro, Gipsy's Warning, Coir, Lamorna colt, Steersman, Italia colt, Cracker colt, Bando, Tremando, Salvo, King of the Gipsies, Auchendarroch, Litta, Agnes, Willania, Cultee, The Maid, Antoinette, Bonne Fortune, Venetia, Sour Grapes Filly, Superba, Iolanthe, Peut-etre, Hecuba, Tarpeia, Rachel. St. Leger: Plato, Dukedom, Kambrook, The Prior, Aberfoyle, Alphabet, Warwick, All Silk, Bon Bon, Botanist, Privateer, Waxlight, Cupidon, Melanie, Sunshine Colt, Achilles, Mitcham, Umberto, Lambro, Douannier, Leichardt, Lord Wilton, Golconda, Queen of the Sea, Lady Beatrice, Merry Fennella, Polly Amelia, Victoria, Blue and White, Aaiapara, Dorothy, Olga, Copra, Monsoon, Fedalma. Newmarket Handicap: Fryingpan, Morpeth, Glencoe, Waterloo, Dirk Hatteraick, Santa Claus, Here's Luck, Copra, The Exeter (late Exeter), Liberator, Kathleen, Howlong, Stationer, King's Head, Beaumont, Priestess, Black Diamond, Country Boy, Umberto, Paganini, Ishmael, and Pailleroo. Hopeful Stakes: Berkley and Cultee. Brunswick Stakes: Morpeth, King of the Vale, Despot, Queen, Hobart, and Vergy. Sires' Produce Stakes: Sea Breeze filly. Corinthian Cup: Queen and Hobart. Australian Cup: Commotion, Navigator, The Drummer, Guesswork, Martini-Henry, Segenhoe, Glencoe, Merman, Boscawen, and Hobart. Bourke Handicap: Despot, Welcome Jack, Howlong. Autumn Handicap: Queen and Hobart. Champion Stakes: The Drummer, Segenhoe, Despot, Dukedom, Warwick, Archie, Aberfoyle, Achilles, Dirk Hatteraick, Duenna, and Amelia Victoria. All-aged Stakes: Welcome Jack. Free Handicap: Despot, Queen, and Hobart.

At Caulfield this morning there was a fair amount of good work got through by several horses. Mr. Connelly being the first to commence. He sent Santa Claus and Lalla Rookh for striding exercise over a couple of miles. Attaché alone was doing good work twice round the ground. Timon was treated to some half-pace exercise, and Friendless, who goes well, was brushing along twice round for strong work; Mameluke doing ditto. Invictus was cantering, and the colt ran strongly over half-a-mile. Orlando doing useful pace work on the sand, where Zona was striding along at three parts speed for a circle. Mr. Haines had Doncaster with Aide-de-camp, the pair running a strong gallop over a mile and three-quarters, The Ghost leading them for a mile. The mile and three-quarters occupied 3 minutes and 27 seconds; the last half-mile was got over in 1 minute 1 second. When Coriolanus and Sting appeared on the track, both horses looking in rare trim, they cantered round to the sod wall, when they set going, and ran about a mile and three-quarters; the last round was done in 2 minutes 24 seconds, and the hurdles being some yards from the inner running, makes the mile of the track about 60 or 70 yards over a mile and a quarter, so that the last mile and a quarter was run in 2 minutes 19 seconds, which is a good gallop. Pollio cantered round the track, and afterwards strode another one at half speed. Ishmael and Triplet were doing good exercise, and Merri, in company with Mr. Harker's Stampede, were doing some good work. Cupola, Polly, and John Gilpin were doing nice pace exercise in company for a mile and a half; and Mr. Watson's Ptarmigan and Berwick were doing good work. Liberator was having long cantering. Mr. Duffett was doing some capital work with Black Jacket; the colt Norfolk who was cantering, joined the steeplechaser in the last half-mile, running home strong. The pair of King Cole mares were treated to some fair pace work, as also were Souvenir and others of the team. Batty was on Yately, and, with Ontario, he popped over two or three hurdles. Afterwards Yately strode along a couple of miles from half to three-parts pace. Mr. Heywood was cantering Welcome Jack, Jackdaw, Sir Charles, and Leporello. The filly Duenna, after cantering, ran a brisk gallop over six furlongs. Mr. Leek's Colstoun was doing long slow exercise, and Heptaboe some half-pace work. F. Long had Petrel and Evelyn working mildly, and Napoleon, in company of Raillery, was cantering. Mr. Davis' team worked in the afternoon, they having done some exercise on the preceding day; the Newmarket mare Camerine running seven furlongs in 1 minute 34 seconds, which was a capital gallop, David accompanying her a part of the trip. Dargo and Ditto were treated to some good work. Mr. Robertson had Liddington cantering, and the colt Precious Stone, after doing a canter, ran a brisk gallop about six furlongs. The son of Tubal Cain was working well, and he went well.

The rooms of the Victorian Club were crowded this evening, but business was very quiet; most of the transactions of any note having been done during the day. The principal wagering occurred in connection with Malua for the Newmarket Handicap, a commission having been put into the market on the previous evening. Commencing at 100 to 14 the colt was at last touched at 100 to 8, and altogether over £10,000 has been booked off behalf of the stable alone. Lord Wilton also, on the strength of his gallop in the morning, advanced from 100 to 5 to 100 to 7, when he became easier, and 100 to 6 at last was on offer. Napier was likewise supported to win a little money at 100 to 4, and 100 to 4 and 100 to 3 were taken about Victress and Iron Hand. The betting on the Australian Cup is very erratic, hardly any horse being able to maintain its position on account of the supply of money being greater than the demand. In proof of this, 8 to 1 found no takers about Morpeth. Le Grand was backed to win £1000 at 10 to 7.

The following is the latest betting:—Newmarket Handicap: 150 to 15 against Countryman (offered), 10 to 1 Segenhoe (taken and offered), 100 to 9 Precious Stone (taken and wanted), 100 to 8 Malua (taken), 100 to 8 Coolabah (taken and offered), 100 to 7 Claptrap (offered), 100 to 7 Camerine (offered, 100 to 6 wanted), 100 to 6 Lord Wilton offered, 20 to 1 Le Grand taken, 20 to 1 Soldier Boy offered (25 to 1 wanted), 25 to 1 Victress taken, 25 to 1 Emilius offered, 100 to 3 Ironhand taken, 100 to 3 Saionara offered. Australian Cup: 7 to 1 against Morpeth offered, 100 to 13 Sardius offered, 100 to 12 Ringwood taken and offered, 100 to 11 Coriolanus taken, 10 to 1 Sweet William taken, 10 to 1 Vergy taken, 10 to 1 First Demon taken. Champion Stakes: 5 to 4 against Martini-Henry offered (6 to 4 wanted), 5 to 2 Commotion taken and offered.

ALBURY RACES.

ALBURY, THURSDAY.

The following are the acceptances for the Albury Handicaps:—

HURDLE RACE.

Belle Brandon	Fireman	Lancashire Witch
Rosewood	Shamrock	Grenville
Kewell	Sportsman	Shylock
Mazeppa	Manumission	Bulimbar
Sultan	Juggler	Outlaw.

ST. PATRICK'S DAY HANDICAP.

Bonnie Bee	Young Australian	Granville
Ferryman	Verdi	Pall Mall
Belle Brandon	Favor	Bendemere
Spaniard	Infidel	Olivette.
Friendship	Rival	

ALBURY CUP.

Ferryman	Young Australian	Favor
Bonnie Bee	Friendship	Bendemere
Belle Brandon	Verdi	Olivette.
The Spaniard		

STEEPLECHASE.

Napoleon	Fireman	Mazeppa
Rosewood	Juggler	Bulimbar.
Shamrock		

GUNDAGAI JOCKEY CLUB.

GUNDAGAI, THURSDAY.

The Gundagai Jockey Club races commenced to-day at the racecourse. The weather was fine, and there was a fair attendance. The "talent" mustered stronger than usual, but good order was observed. There was a good muster of horses, and the various events were well contested. The following is the result:—

MAIDEN PLATE, of 30 sovs.

Mr. Leary's Infidel	1
Mr. C. A. M'Donnell's Foxhall	2
Mr. W. Walsh's Letitia	3

GUNDAGAI JOCKEY CLUB HANDICAP, of 50 sovs.

Mr. R. Potter's Miss Wye	1
Mr. P. J. M'Alister's Rejected	2
Mr. L. Hyland's Lucifer	3

HACK SELLING RACE.

Mr. Phillips' Eileen	1

MILE HANDICAP, of 10 sovs.

Mr. J. S. Smith's Adventurer	1
Mr. M'Donnell's Foxhall	2
Mr. M'Lean's Canary	3

GRAND STAND HANDICAP, of 20 sovs.

Mr. J. Leary's Infidel	1
Mr. C. Guy's Drummer Girl	2
Mr. G. Woodbridge's Uncle Ned	3

YASS RACING CLUB.

The following are the handicaps for the Yass Plains Handicap and Town Plate:—

YASS PLAINS HANDICAP.

	st.	lb.
Mr. H. B. Hales' blk h Hilltop	8	10
Mr. J. Wilson's br h Freehold, aged	8	4
Mr. H. B. Hales' b g Oscar	8	2
" " b h Reindeer	8	0
Mr. J. M'Kenzie's b m Kathleen Mavourneen, 6 years	8	0
Mr. J. Brassil's ch g Rival	8	0
Mr. Monaghan's Snaveller	7	10
Mr. R. B. Harrison ns br h Merricumbene	7	10
Mr. John Preston's b g Favourite	7	10
Mr. J. Leary's b g Mystery, 6 years	7	10
" " ch m Prudence, 5 years	7	7
Mr. W. Davis' g h Sutton, 5 years	7	7
Mr. W. Cosgrove's, jun., br c Minorca	7	5
Mr. E. B. Hume's b h Surplice, 5 years	7	5
Mr. G. G. Donaldson's ch h Rataplan, 6 years	7	5
Mr. O. Poplin ns b m Alice Hawthorn	7	0
Mr. T. M'Alister's ch m Louie	6	10
Mr. J. Leary's b g Infidel (late Sting, late Budelight)	6	7
Mr. W. Davis' ch g Want, 6 years	6	7

TOWN PLATE.

	st.	lb.
Mr. H. B. Hales' blk h Hilltop	8	7
Mr. J. Wilson's br h Freehold, aged	8	2
Mr. H. B. Hales' b g Oscar	8	0
" " b h Reindeer	7	12
Mr. J. M'Kenzie's b m Kathleen Mavourneen	7	9
Mr. J. Monaghan's Snaveller	7	7
Mr. R. B. Harrison ns, br h Merricumbene	7	7
Mr. J. Leary's ch m Prudence, 5 years	7	5
" " b g Mystery, 6 years	7	5
Mr. J. Brassil's g m Coquette	7	5
Mr. W. Cosgrove's, jun., br c. Minorca, 3 years	7	0
Mr. E. B. Hume's b h Surplice, 5 years	7	0
Mr. G. G. Donaldson's ch h Rataplan, 6 years	7	0
Mr. O. Poplin ns b m Alice Hawthorn	6	9
Mr. T. M'Alister's ch m Louie	6	7
Mr. W. Davis' ch g Want, 6 years	6	7

MURRUMBIDGEE TURF CLUB.

WAGGA WAGGA, THURSDAY.

A meeting of the committee of the Murrumbidgee Turf Club was held last night at the Australian Hotel. A letter was read from the secretary of the Maitland Turf Club stating that the Maitland autumn meeting had been fixed for the 30th April and following day, and requesting the Murrumbidgee Turf Club to alter their dates so as not to clash. After some discussion it was decided that the Murrumbidgee Turf Club meeting should take place on Wednesday and Thursday, 7th and 8th May.

CRICKET.

ORIENTAL AND SURRY UNITED (COMBINED) V. MAITLAND DISTRICT.—This match was played on the cup wickets, Moore Park, on Tuesday last, which resulted in a drawn game, greatly in favour of the combined team. The following were the scores:—

COMBINED.

Luland, b Barnes	52	Donnelly, thrown out	9
Croker, c and b Barnes	30	M'Crea, c Hack, b Bramble	0
Beveridge, b Barnes	35	Gould, c Christian, b Bramble	9
Elliott, c Cheeseman, b Barnes	1	Dunn, c and b Barnes	2[illegible]
Brewster, c Smith, b Christian	0	Sundries	13
Meares, st O'Neill, b Barnes	0	Total	212
Mason, not out	40		

MAITLAND.

Barton, b Donnelly	0	Bramble, not out	23
Cheeseman, c Dunn, b Meares	5	James Barton, c Meares, b Elliott	16
Smith, st Croker, b Gould	32	F. Holmes, not out	0
Christian, b Donnelly	4	Sundries	7
Austin, c Dunn, b Gould	9	Total for 9 wickets	119
O'Neill, c and b Gould	19		
Barnes, b Donnelly	0		
Hack, c and b Gould	4		

A friendly match was played last Saturday on Mr. John Dawson's ground, Burwood, between the Burwood Benedicts and Redmyre Bachelors, which resulted in favour of the Benedicts by 51 runs.

BENEDICTS.

Thompson, b Robberds	3	Wedderburn, hit wicket	17
Blaxland, b Robberds	12	Wilkinson, l b w, b Robberds	7
C. Lindeman, b Pearson	2	Bard, run out	0
Rose, st Cottee	37	Broughton, not out	3
Owen, run out	5	Byes	19
Lloyd, b Robberds	7		
Kent, b Lindeman	22	Total	132

BACHELORS.

R. M. Sly, c Blaxland	25	H. Wilshire, b Lindeman	3
Friend, b Blaxland	7	H. Lindeman, not out	3
C. Robberds, run out	2	Buzacott, b Lindeman	0
R. Wilshire, b Lindeman	0	Collee, b Lindeman	6
H. Thompson, c Broughton	0	Byes	10
B. Robberds, b Lindeman	12		
G. Pearson, c Lindeman	10		81

BOWLS.

BALMAIN V. PARRAMATTA ROSE HILL.—A match was played at Parramatta on Saturday last between the above clubs, and after a well contested game resulted in a win for the former by 11 points; the match was a six-rink one. The following are the scores:—

Rose Hill.		Balmain.	
No. 1 Rink.		No. 1 Rink.	
Mr. Salter, Mr. Walker, Mr. Trend, Mr. Baillie	25	Mr. Ruffley, Mr. Toogood, Mr. M'Kinlay, Mr. Cohen	20
No. 2 Rink.		No. 2 Rink.	
Mr. H. Fulligar, Mr. W. Tunks, Mr. G. Gilbert, Mr. Kinghela	16	Mr. Way, Mr. Dryden, Mr. Robinson, Mr. Akhurst	37
No. 3 Rink.		No. 3 Rink.	
Mr. Henderson, Mr. Barnett, Mr. Harper, Mr. Sweeney	28	Mr. Self, Mr. Perdriau, Mr. Shankland, Mr. Young	18
No. 4 Rink.		No. 4 Rink.	
Mr. M'Donald, Mr. Wickham, Mr. Menser, Mr. Ellison	22	Mr. Read, Mr. Elliot, Mr. Davidson, Mr. Hughes	27
No. 5 Rink.		No. 5 Rink.	
Mr. J. Ferris, Mr. H. Hughes, Mr. Hilton, Mr. Shepherd	22	Mr. Gray, Mr. Grant, Mr. Johnstone, Mr. Davies	20
No. 6 Rink.		No. 6 Rink.	
Mr. A. H. Gee, Mr. Artlett, Mr. Denshire, Mr. Johnstone	32	Mr. Austen, Mr. Hawkins, Mr. Long, Mr. Cruickshank	24
Total	145	Total	156

INTERCOLONIAL EIGHT-OAR RACE.

The following are the gentlemen finally selected to row in the intercolonial eight, viz.:—Messrs. Gaden, Johnson, Seale, Martin, Pickering, Bourke, Walker, Webster, with Robertson as emergency. The crew will proceed up the river on Saturday to the Sydney Rowing Club sheds, to commence their training. We may mention that Mr. W. G. Brett is unable to accept the seat in the eight offered to him through pressure of private business.

AMUSEMENTS.

Miss Eva Thompson, an Associate of the Royal Academy of Music, London, gave a concert at the Masonic Hall last night, which was attended by an unusually large audience. Such poor patronage has been bestowed on the concerts given of late in Sydney, that Miss Thompson, who, it is stated, intends to follow the musical profession here, is to be congratulated on the success of her undertaking—success which she certainly proved herself worthy of. She is both pianiste and vocalist, and excels more as the former than as the latter, for her voice, a pleasant and true mezzo-soprano, is not very full. The pianoforte solos she played last evening were—Mendelssohn's "Variations Sérieuses," Schumann's "Arabeske," Chopin's "Nocturne," Kitner's "Danse Moreske," one of Mendelssohn's "Lieder ohne worte," and the prelude from Bach's "Suites Anglaises." Every one was correctly performed, and the crisp, firm touch, facile, accurate manipulation, and clever, expressive style displayed, gained the young player abundance of applause, and one or two recalls. Her first and two last selections were not played from memory, which is a rather unusual circumstance with solo pianists, but the other three were played from memory, and played with such bright spirited appreciation that they were the most appreciated of all her performances. Miss Thompson sang Cowen's "Spinning" song and Donizetti's "In Questo Semplice," and sang them both with such pleasant expression, and such artistic management of voice, that they delighted her audience. Herr Francik performed two violin solos—"Artot's "Souvenirs de Bellini" and Beriot's "Concerto"—excellently, his bowing being very artistic, and his stopping facile and correct. He was heartily applauded for each performance. Madame Marius sang Gounod's recitative and cavatina "La Reine de Saba," and a pretty ballad, "The Milkmaid," the words of which occur in Tennyson's "Queen Mary," and the music of which was composed by Osgood. She also took part with Mr. T. H. Rainford in the duet, "La ci darem," from Mozart's "Don Giovanni." She was as usual in good voice, and her excellent school and arch expression were universally admired. Mr. Rainford sang splendidly, and his selections—Elliott's "Hybrias the Cretan," and the Figaro song from "Il Barbiere"—were very effective, the singer being recalled for the latter. Mr. H. Pier sang "There is a flower that bloometh," but did not sing it as well as he usually sings. Mr. C. Huenerbein and Mr. H. H. Maclean conducted the concert very efficiently.

ULLUDULLA AGRICULTURAL AND HORTICULTURAL ASSOCIATION.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]
(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ULLADULLA, THURSDAY.

To-day is the second day of the Ulladulla 15th annual show. The attendance was double that of the first day. The chief feature of attraction was the judging of lady riders and ladies' and gentlemen's hacks, in which there was keen and numerous competition. The judges were Messrs. P. W. Hell and Jas. Lamond (Shoalhaven), and G. Tate, J.P. (Moss Vale). In the class for gentlemen's hacks there were 16 competitors. F. M'Mahon's (jun.) bay gelding Victor took 1st prize; the same exhibitor's bay gelding Hastings took 2nd prize; C. Lamond's hack was commended. In the class for ladies' hacks there were 15 competitors—F. M'Mahon, 1st; C. Lamond, 2nd. In the class for lady riders there were 14 competitors—Mrs. Shotten, 1st; Miss Lenehan, Pyree, 2nd; Mrs. R. Cook, 3rd; Misses Tate, 4th and 5th. Hunter: F. M'Mahon, jun., 1st; D. Lamond, 2nd. High Jumper (W. Antler's special prize): F. M'Mahon, jun. Judges' Horse: James Simmons, 1st; G. Tate, J.P., 2nd. Buggy Pair: W. C. Dunster, Shellharbour, 1st; D. J. Bong, 2nd. In drawings Michael J. Wilson's works were much admired, and took the chief prizes. At the judges' luncheon Mr. John Miller, J.P., presided, Mr. D. Kennedy being in the vice-chair. The principal speakers were Messrs. J. F. Cole, Kiama; R. Miller, J.P., Sandywha; Anderson, Burgalia, D. Kennedy, and the chairman.

COMMERCIAL.

WOOL SALES.—THURSDAY.

By Messrs. Hill, Clark, and Co.—Wool: Grease, J. Plummer, 6 bales hoggets at 9½d, 10 at 7½d; Austral, 28 at 5d; Hy, 6 at 7½d; WWF over Merena, 9 at 7½d; TT, 9 at 8d; Arton, 6 at 13d, 6 bellies at 10½d; NZ over Q, 5 at 13d; OAY, 6 at 6½d; Gordon, 8 lambs at 5½d, bellies at 3½d; 8 over O, 22 at 8d, bellies at 4½d. Scoured: Sd over River Mac, 7 scoured first at 16½d, 6 seconds at 13d, thirds at 10½d; R in diamond, 10 crossbred at 11½d, 5 at 9d; KT, 8 locks at 9½d.

LONDON WOOL AND PRODUCE SALES.

Wool.—Under date January 16, Messrs. Willans, Overbury, and Co. report:—Since the opening of the new year business in this market has been very restricted. The slight demand experienced has proceeded almost exclusively from the home trade, and the transactions resulting therefrom have been quite insignificant in amount. In this country as well as on the Continent the consumption of wool continues large, but the suggestion of possible offerings to the extent of 400,000 bales at the first series of the year has exercised a somewhat depressing effect on the dealers' business, deterring consumers from doing more than supply their most pressing requirements. Trade in the manufacturing districts of England and Scotland has not opened out so well as was expected. Though fully occupied in the execution of old orders, frequent complaint is made that new business comes in slowly. It may be, however, that this state of things will pass away and greater confidence be felt, when, at the opening of the next auctions, market values shall have been thoroughly established.

Tallow, &c.—From the New Zealand Loan and Mercantile Agency Company's land circular of the 18th January we extract the following:—For the two public auctions held since the date of our last circular, 7031 casks Australian and New Zealand were catalogued, and 1541 of these were sold under the hammer. On both occasions a good inquiry prevailed for all descriptions, but more especially for mutton, which was in short supply. The improved rates current at the close of last year have been well maintained for all ordinary qualities, while for the finer qualities of both beef and mutton an advance of 3d to 6d. per cwt. has been secured. The home melt is gradually becoming more plentiful, but, on the other hand, colonial sorts are by no means abundant, and the market closes quiet but firm at our quotations. We quote:—P. Y. C., new, 51s 6d per cwt.; Australian mutton, fine, 15s to 45s 3d per cwt.; Australian mutton, medium, 44s 6d to 44s 6d per cwt.; Australian beef, fine, 40s to 40s 6d per cwt.; Australian beef, medium, 38s 6d to 39s 6d per cwt. The estimated stock in warehouse is 6100 casks, of which 470 are Russian.

Importations for the fortnight ended 12th instant amounted to 2957 casks. We now furnish the usual annual table of imports, the figures for which were not available for inclusion in our circular No. 245. The total number of packages received from all quarters during 1883 was 4172 less than in the preceding year, the quantity imported from Australia showing a decrease of 6069 casks, while the receipts from New Zealand exhibit an increase of 6169 casks:—

From		1883.	1882.	1881.	1880.
St. Petersburg	casks	200	3,124	2,571	2,577
Hongkong and Calcutta	"	1,092	255	—	15
Black Sea	"	40	—	20	25
Australia	packages	41,006	47,075	69,465	54,617
New Zealand	"	20,840	14,671	13,221	18,449
Falkland Islands	"	1,133	164	485	745
China	"	115	152	20	—
South America	"	—	50	14	161
North America	"	522	1,610	2,441	7,564
Bermuda	"	103	121	118	167
Cape	"	20	106	195	98
Continent	"	124	635	24	181
		65,262	69,434	88,414	84,364

Leather, Hides, &c.—Leather: At the opening auctions of the year, held on the 11th instant, 5651 sides were catalogued and 5297 sold. An improved demand was experienced for most descriptions at prices equal to the preceding sales, while for the heavier weights ½d per lb advance was occasionally secured. Stocks are low, and the market closes steady. We quote: Fair to good sides, heavy, 11½lb to 17lb, average, 10½ to 11d per lb; fair to good sides, light, 10½lb to 11lb, average, 10d to 11d per lb; fair to good sides, extra heavy, 17½lb to 25½lb, average 9½d to 11d per lb; fair to good sides, seconds, 14lb to 15½lb average, 9½ to 10d per lb. Importations for the fortnight ended 12th instant amounted to 1441 packages. Basils: On 11th instant 99,926 skins were offered in public auction, and of these 72,616 were disposed of under the hammer. For the better class there was a good inquiry at full prices. Common and greasy sorts, however, failed to elicit satisfactory competition, and were mostly bought in, the portion sold realising last sales' rates to a slight decline. We quote:—Best strained skins, averaging 9lb to 25½lb, per dozen, 13½d to 16½d per lb; seconds, averaging 9½lb to 19½lb per dozen, 9½d to 13d per lb; unstrained, averaging 8½lb to 18½lb per dozen, 7½d to 11½d per lb. Salted Hides: At the public sales held on the 10th instant, 10,348 hides were brought forward, but only 4123 found purchasers. The demand was restricted, and though for the portion disposed of about previous rates were obtained, the biddings for the unsold parcels were fully ½d per lb under recent currencies. The market closes quiet with a slightly downward tendency. We quote:—Sydney heavy ox, 5½d to 5½d per lb; ditto light ditto, 4½d to 4½d per lb; ditto seconds, 4½d to 4½d per lb; ditto cow, 4½d to 4½d per lb. The present stock is 50,148 hides, against 12,340 on 31st instant.

Annexed is a tabulated statement of imports into London, sales, &c., of Australasian leather, basils, and hides, for the past four years:—

	Leather.		Basils.		Hides.		
	Imports. Bales.	Sales. Bales.	Imports. Bales.	Sales. Bales.	Imports.	Sales.	Stock at 31st Dec.
1880	13,583	10,602	2121	3120	196,440	181,521	24,986
1881	15,557	13,547	1159	4093	124,078	147,447	43[illegible]
1882	18,058	13,041	4624	4122	172,450	123,566	49,327
1883	15,803	16,154	5042	5171	105,731	230,212	12,500

Preserved Meats.—Although rather more inquiry has recently prevailed for all sizes of boiled mutton, no improvement in values as yet can be reported. Beef has been slow of sale, transactions having been of a retail character, at prices tending in favour of buyers, but without quotable alteration. We quote:—Boiled mutton: 2 lb. tins, 5½d to 5½d per lb.; 4 lb. tins, 5d to 5½d per lb.; 6 lb. tins, 4½d to 4½d per lb. Boiled beef: 2 lb. tins, 5½d to 5½d per lb.; 4 lb. tins, 4½d to 4½d per lb.; 6 lb. tins, 4½d to 4½d per lb. Importations during the fortnight ended 12th instant amounted to 6668 cases from Australasia and 4151 cases from New York. As will be seen from the subjoined table, the imports into London during 1883 exhibit a marked increase over those of the three preceding years:—From Australia: 1880, 157,570 cases; 1881, 202,591 cases; 1882, 232,187 cases; 1883, 275,851 cases. From New Zealand: 1880, 16,654 cases; 1881, 8869 cases; 1882, 52,410 cases; 1883, 56,631 cases. From New York: 1880, 148,844 cases; 1881, 152,860 cases; 1882, 73,443 cases; 1883, 135,616 cases.

Frozen Meats.—The past fortnight has witnessed a continuation of the depression reported in recent circulars, the slightly improved tone noticeable in the first weeks of the current month having given place to one of increased dulness. Unseasonably mild weather has prevailed, supplies of mutton of all descriptions have been considerably in excess of current requirements, and home produce has been sold at lower prices than any recorded during the past two years. The progress made in the disposal of colonial consignments has been as follows:—Australasia (s.), from Sydney: All sold at an average of not quite 5d per lb. British Queen (s.), from Lyttelton, cleared at prices ranging from 5½d to 6d per lb. Fresh Arrivals: Chimborazo (s.), from Sydney, arrived in dock on 3rd instant, with 4534 carcases mutton in good condition, but none of these have been placed on the market up to the present. Teviotdale (s.), from Sydney, reached dock on same day with 9163 carcases. These have turned out in excellent order, having been carefully selected, butchered, and refrigerated. The price realised has been from 4½d to 5½d per lb., according to quality. Ionic (s.), from Wellington and Lyttelton, arrived on 7th instant, having on board 11,529 sheep and 29 lambs. A large number of these were more or less seriously damaged by a fire which occurred in the hold about ten days after the steamer sailed from New Zealand, but the exact quantity has not yet been ascertained. About 4,000 carcases have been sold at 5½d to 6d per lb. for the sound portion, according to quality. The next expected arrivals are the Cuzco (s.), from Melbourne and Sydney, due within a fortnight; and Liguria (s.), from Sydney, expected on 13th proximo; Dunedin, from Port Chalmers, now due; Tongariro (s.), British King (s.) and Victory (s.), from the New Zealand ports, to arrive in February and March in the order named. To-day's quotations are as follow:—Prime English mutton, 4s 8d to 5s 4d per stone of 8lb.; prime Scotch mutton, 5s 4d to 5s 8d ditto; prime English and town-killed, foreign beef, 4s 8d to 4s 10d ditto; prime Scotch beef, 4s 10d to 5s 4d ditto. Rabbit Skins.—There are no transactions to report. Recent quotations are unaltered.

Late Advertisements.

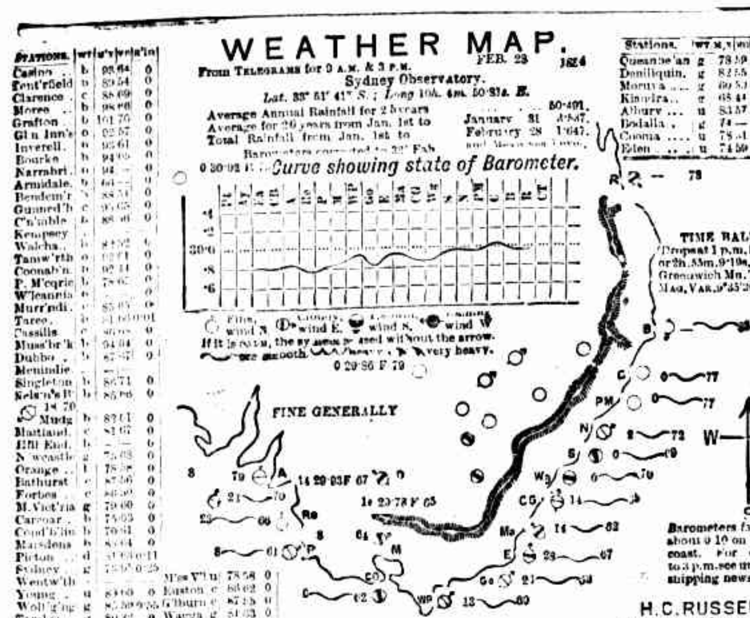
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ELECTORS are warned against the unscrupulous attempts of some of Mr. REID'S OPPONENTS TO-DAY.
Gentlemen from HASLEM'S CREEK are warned against making their appearance at the Polling-booth to-day, as some of "the talent" will be on the side of law and justice, to prevent PERSONATION.

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AUTUMN, 1884

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FOR SALE, Cutunder OPPENHEIM, double seat, hood, lamps; in first-class order. Angus and Son, Castlereagh-street.

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TROLLY HORSES.—For SALE, Pair, greys, bays, and black; grand pullers. 54, Macleay-street.

STALLION for SALE, grey, grand puller. To be seen 54, Macleay-street.

KEAREY BROTHERS, CARRIAGE MANUFACTURERS, and IMPORTERS OF AMERICAN BUGGIES, WAGGONS, &c., have now on SALE—
Four-seat extension top Cabriolets
Oppenheim jump-seats, top and no top
Corning Buggies, top and no top (a very popular style)
Two and three spring Ladies' Phaetons
Cutunders and turnout seats
Piano Boxes, Concords, Trays (Abbott style), and Express Waggons
Harness: Double, shifting, single, breast collar, and Concord Express, with improved "Dolly Varden" Winkers
Hampshires, £35. Cutunder and Buggy Sociables, Express and and Surveyors' Waggons, in great variety.

SHOWROOMS and FACTORY, 252, PITT-STREET.

BUGGIES of all kinds, Hansom Cabs, 6 patterns; cab and buggy Harness. T. Moore and Son, 207, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, a nice new single and double-seated Village CART. Geo. Marryatt, stables, Glebe Point.

HORSE, Harness, and Van, for SALE, cheap. 6, Egan-street, Newtown.

FOR SALE, Harness and Saddle HORSE; any fair trial given, with or without harness; quiet, and stand tram; having two, and only require one. Apply 610, George-street, Brickfield-hill.

FOR SALE, new square safety CAB. W. L. M'Laughlin, 110, Albion-street, S. H.

NEW Pagnel Carts, £16; New Springcarts, £12; New Express Waggon, with Pole and Brake, £30. M'Carty.

VAN, £5; Hawker's Cart, £12; strong Single Buggy, £18; Hooded Single Buggy and Harness, £30. M'Carty & Co

NEW Springcart, Horse, and Harness, £26; neat double-seated Waggon, 2 seats, warranted, £35. E. M'Carty and Co.

SECOND-HAND Cart, £9; Double-seated Buggy, £40; Family Sociable, £50; Abbott Tray Buggy, £25. M'Carty.

WAGGONETTE, carry 8 passengers, in good order, £20; Piano-box Buggy, brake, lamps, £20. M'Carty.

NEW Buggy Harness, £5; Springcart Harness, £4; Safety Harness, £5; Waggon Harness, £7. M'Carty and Co.

BAY quiet Buggy Horse, £12; Grey good Hack, £10; Van Horse, £12; several useful Horses, cheap. M'Carty.

E. M'CARTY and CO., Horse Repository, 161, Castlereagh-street; Buggy Builders, 210½, Pitt-street, Sydney.

SPRINGCART, £9 15s; Pagnel Cart, cash or easy terms. Goldsmid and Co., Oxford-street, Paddington.

SPRINGVAN and Harness, £16; Horse, Springcart, and Harness, £14. KNIGHT, 179, Castlereagh-street.

GROCER'S Cart, 3 springs, quiet Horse, and Harness, £24; Springcart, £7. KNIGHT, 179, Castlereagh-street.

LIGHT Sociable, with brake, lamps, &c., £40; double hooded Buggy, brake, £25; Tray Buggy, £15. KNIGHT.

NEW Hawker's Waggon, £35; double-seat cutunder Buggy and Harness, £25; Waggon & Harness, £12. Knight.

A BARGAIN.—Single-seat Abbott Hooded Buggy, Springcart, Pony, Fruit Trucks, Corner Pitt & Goulburn sts.

FOR SALE, New CAB, Horse, and Harness; also two Second-hand Cabs, Horse, and Harness. The above can be had on easy terms. W. P. Small, 740, George-street, Haymarket.

FOR SALE, Light Pony CART, cheap. 262, Palmer-street.

A HORSE, Van, and Rug for SALE. Apply 28, Denham-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED to Purchase good second-hand SPRING-VAN. State price and where. Iron, Herald Office.

Miscellaneous.

ENGLISH SKYLARKS and GOLDFINCHES, 2s 6d each. HY. BILLS, 12, George-street Markets.

FOR all kinds of BIRDS and CAGES, go to HY. BILLS, 12, George-street Markets.

BULL TERRIER PUPS, well-bred, for SALE. HY. BILLS, 12, George-street Markets.

A FEW splendid young GALAHS that I can recommend for talking, for SALE. HY. BILLS, Markets.

TO BE SOLD, cheap, 250 English SKYLARKS Goldfinches, and Thrushes, at Mr. Eastway's, George-st.

COW.—Wanted, young and quiet newly-calved COW, milk 14 to 16 quarts per day. Box 621, G.P.O.

FOR SALE, pure-bred Retriever PUPS, by imported dogs. J. West, Evans-street, Balmain.

FOR SALE, a first-class SEAT, covered in velvet, bargain. 547, George-street.

LEFT-OFF Clothing and old gold Jewellery wanted, large or small quantities. Dawson, 135, Bathurst-street East.

MR. PHILLIPS, 482, Elizabeth-st., gives the highest prices for all kinds Left-off Clothing. Letters attended to.

FOR SALE, 40 first-class Antwerp PIGEONS and Box, cheap. Apply T. J. Post Office, Sydney.

FOR SALE, Bar COUNTER and Fixtures, with glass doors, and outside Lamp and Screen. 85, Liverpool-street.

OILSKIN Clothing; Oilskin Covers, all kinds, factory prices. Goldstein's Oilskin Factory, 215, Lower George-st.

STEAMER LUSITANIA.—Cheap complete Outfits, Bedding, Tinware, &c. Goldstein's stores, 215, George-st.

TENTS, of superior make, at factory prices. Goldstein's Tent Factory, 215, Lower George-street.

FURNITURE BOUGHT, every description; highest price given. H. Churchill, 525, Harris-street, Ultimo.

MANLY BEACH.—ALLOTMENT wanted, within few minutes of Post-office. Boyd and King, 95, Pitt-st.

VOLUNTEER LAND ORDER.—Wanted, One. State price to Box 621, G.P.O.

CASH PURCHASER wants to Buy a neat 5 or 6 roomed House, neighbourhood Surry Hills, or a terrace of 3 or 4 decent-sized 5 or 6 roomed Houses in good street. H. E. Shorter, conveyancer, Victoria-chambers, Phillip-street, close King-st.

LEASE of 2 SHOPS, 6 rooms, &c., for SALE, cheap, low rent. Apply 218, George-street North.

WANTED, FARM, fruitgrowing, within 10 miles of railway; plenty of water. A. D., Herald Office.

WASTE PAPER for SALE. Apply Mr. Judson, Herald Office.

WANTED, a few Loads of good garden SOIL. J. A. Brown, 79, Victoria-street.

WANTED to Buy, Double-seated FORM, suitable for boot shop. Apply Frederick, Herald Office.

WANTED, LAND, suit small ironworks, eastern suburb. Apply A. Thomson and Son, Hay-street.

WANTED to BUY, Muffin PLATE, Bakehouse, Board, and Baking Tins. Y. Z., Herald Office.

WANTED to Purchase a five or six roomed COTTAGE, within easy distance of town. State particulars, M., Box 222, General Post Office, Sydney.

WANTED to Purchase 3 to 5 Acres of LAND, with or without dwelling, within 15 miles of Sydney. State lowest price and terms. H. Sullivan, Wardell-road, Marrickville.

WATER SPANIEL.—For SALE, thoroughbred DOG, age 2 years, can be seen near Herald Office. Apply to Sapphire, Herald.

WANTED to Buy, small ORCHARD, with plenty water, house, &c., within 10 miles of Sydney by road. Address, by letter only, giving fullest particulars, price, title, and terms, J. Parry, 470, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

THE SHIPPING.—Arrival Departures, Mails Outwards, Commercial, &c., &c.,

THE ECHO, AN EVENING JOURNAL, Price One Penny.

Houses and Land for Sale.

SALE ON THE GROUND, NEXT SATURDAY, MARCH 1, at 3 o'clock.

PADDINGTON HEIGHTS.

7 ELIGIBLE BUILDING SITES STEWART and BENT STREETS.

Terms, ½ cash, balance in 6 months. No interest.

HARDIE and GORMAN, Auctioneers.

TO-MORROW, on LANE COVE-ROAD, near Russell's Hotel, HARDIE and GORMAN will sell beautiful orchard land, the CHATSWOOD ESTATE, in building plots. Plans are ready. Special conveyances will run. Apply early at the Salerooms, 133, Pitt-street. Torrens' title, and only 10 per cent. deposit.

PICKED BUILDING SITES AT PADDINGTON will be sold by HARDIE and GORMAN TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock. Frontages to Stewart-street, next to Glammis Hall, and to Bent-street, next to Portview House, and opposite Glammis House. Lithos. ready. Call for one.

NEW PROPERTY CIRCULAR.

EXCELLENT INVESTMENTS.

My new Property Circular, containing a splendid list of Orchards, Farms, Bush and Cleared Land, Family Residences, Cottages, Building and Business Sites, large Blocks for subdivision on the railway line, large Parramatta River Blocks, will be ready in a few days.

Good opportunity to secure a bargain.

W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

FARMS and ORCHARDS, close to Parramatta, from 2 acres upwards, with Residences. For particulars apply W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

PARRAMATTA AND GRANVILLE.

I have on hand for SALE a splendid list of FAMILY RESIDENCES, COTTAGES, BUILDING and BUSINESS SITES. Easy terms.

W. A. BRODIE, Parramatta.

LARGE COUNTRY BLOCKS, fully improved, with splendid Family RESIDENCE, everything that could be desired for gentleman's home. Several in excellent positions for Private SALE.

W. A. BRODIE, Parramatta.

TO BUILDING SOCIETIES, SPECULATORS, and OTHERS.

CLOSE to the PROPOSED LINE of RAILWAY, St. Peter's to Liverpool.

FOR PRIVATE SALE.

680 ACRES fronting GEORGE'S RIVER, close to RAILWAY St. Peter's to Liverpool.

EXCELLENT INVESTMENT. VERY SUITABLE FOR SUBDIVISION.

Price, £25 per acre. Terms, one-fifth cash, and balance 5 years 6 per cent.
Further particulars may be obtained on application to W. A. BRODIE, Auctioneer, Parramatta.

NORTH SHORE, overlooking Harbour.—2 semi-detached brick HOUSES, 5 rooms, kitchen, garden, &c., rentals £104 year; only £1000, easy terms. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, Hunter-street and Milson's Point.

ROOKWOOD, 2 minutes from station.—Corner Block, 112 x 120, £3 foot. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

NORTH SHORE.—New W.B. detached COTTAGE, hall, 3 rooms, kitchen, verandah, &c., nice harbour view, and close to Lavender Bay ferry; £250, £75 deposit, balance 10s week. OATLEY and CAHILL, Hunter-street and Milson's Point.

ENMORE.—Corner Block, 107 feet frontage, close to tram, £300. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

PARRAMATTA.—Splendid level Allotment, close station, 45s foot. Oatley and Cahill, auctioneers 40, Hunter-st.

COOGEE.—Allotment overlooking the ocean, from 25s foot. Oatley and Cahill, auctioneers, &c., 40, Hunter-street.

PETERSHAM.—Allotments, crown of the hill, off Parramatta-rd., splen. position. £4 10s foot. Oatley and Cahill.

SUMMER HILL, 2 minutes from station, new detached brick COTTAGE, hall, 4 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, verandah, garden, &c.; £480, £180 deposit, balance 15s week. OATLEY and CAHILL, Property Auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

NORTH SHORE.—2 new W.B. detached COTTAGES, close ferry, harbour view, rentals £65 year, never empty; only £450; freehold; terms. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, &c., Hunter-street and Milson's Point.

MOORE PARK.—Brick RESIDENCE, 6 rooms, washhouse, copper, bath, back entrance, gas and water, large yard, £440, £150 deposit, balance 22s 6d week, Title, 99 years' leasehold. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

NORTH SHORE.—New Brick RESIDENCE, hall, 5 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, copper, garden, balcony, verandah, gas, &c.; nice position, and not far from ferry; £675. Easy terms. OATLEY and CAHILL, 40, Hunter-st. and Milson's Point.

WAVERLEY.—COTTAGE, close to tram; good position; always let to a good tenant at £31 year; price only £210; easy terms. OATLEY and CAHILL, Auctioneers, 40, Hunter-street.

RANDWICK.—For SALE, a 10-roomed VILLA, new, brick on stone, slate roof, &c., hall, drawing, and dining rooms, folding doors, parlour and breakfast room, 5 good bedrooms, kitchen, laundry, bathroom—fitted with shower and plunge baths, gas laid all throughout, enriched cornices, marble mantels, and ornamental tiled hearths, marble fenders, &c.—and everything of the best and latest style. The view can't be built out, overlooking Coogee, Waverley, city, and the ocean. The above is for positive sale, at a ridiculous low price—viz., £1775, well worth £2300. Extraordinary easy terms, say, £50, £100, £4 0, or £375 down, balance at interest. The key can be had at Mr. Foster's, Turn-street, Bishopcourt, little beyond Waverley tram terminus. For all particulars apply to Glengyle Cottage, Burns-street, off Brighton and Railway streets, Petersham.

FOR SALE, an ALLOTMENT of LAND, 23 feet frontage, 105 depth in Macdonaldtown, Campbell-street, between Newtown-road and Illawarra Railway Line; cash or terms. Apply to Mr. C. Smith, butcher, George and John street, Waterloo, butcher shop.

WAVERLEY.—10 Lots, Greville and Cooper streets, near Bishopscourt, £2 12s 6d. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

SPRINGFIELD-TER., Grafton-street, Waverley, returning £259; price, £2050. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

CARSHALTON-ST., Croydon.—COTTAGE, built of brick, 5 rooms, £290. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

NO. 25, GLEBE-ST., Glebe.—To close accounts.—COTTAGE, suit cabman. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

ROSE BAY.—ALLOTMENTS, £10 to £20; Torrens' title. C. T. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

FIVE-ACRE BLOCKS, near Railway-station; £12 10s per acre. Burfitt, 418, George-street.

MOORE PARK, Paddington, close tram.—Terrace 6 faithfully-built Brick Houses, 6 rooms, balconies, &c.; rental, £257 per annum; price £2330, or £1200 for half. H. E. Shorter, 7, Victoria-chambers, Phillip-street, close King-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, seven ALLOTMENTS, Guildford Heights, nr. station. F. Williams, baker, Parram'ta-rd., P'm.

ALLOTMENT, 80ft. x 60, freehold, close Military barracks, £3 foot. 7, Victoria-chambers, Phillip-street.

THERE'S LOTS OF MONEY in PLUMPTON PARK.

Experience has proved "That there is no better investment than Land."

Thousands squander in little amounts what, if properly invested in land, would lead to certain fortune.

PLUMPTON PARK is situated at ROOTY HILL, close to the Station, and adjoining the New Plumpton Coursing Grounds.

THE LAND is elevated, of the best quality, and the very best pick of the orange and fruit growing country, 200 feet above sea level.

HIGHEST POINT BETWEEN SYDNEY AND THE BLUE MOUNTAINS.

FREE DEEDS will be given to buyers of more than one lot who shall have paid the full amount of purchase money within 12 months from date of purchase.
THE COMPANY will assist persons to improve the land by liberal advances to build and fence.

The prospects of increasing value are not a question of speculation, for the rapid increase of population all along the Western Line, together with the tendency of large manufacturers to seek sites along the Railway Line for the erection of extensive workshops, are sufficient to forecast what the value of this land will be in the future. Besides, the Government, in order to meet the rapidly increasing traffic, have duplicated the railway line to Rooty Hill.

THE TITLE is under TORRENS' ACT.

THE PRICE IS ONLY £20 FOR EACH ALLOTMENT.

Buy an Allotment for your children.

REMEMBER less than 1s 3d per week will pay for it.

There is no other country in the world where such SPLENDID OPPORTUNITIES ARE WITHIN THE POWER OF THE WORKING CLASSES.

Every Allotment has 100 feet frontage by 265 feet deep. Two Allotments will make a capital little farm.

The Deposit for one lot will be £2; for two lots will be £3 the two; for four lots will be £4 the four; so that while the man who buys one lot will have to pay £2 deposit, the man who buys four lots will only have to pay £1 per lot deposit.

REPAYMENTS.

After the deposit has been paid the balance principal and interest is payable by instalments of 5s per month per lot, or less than 1s 3d per week.

Don't lose the opportunity, but BUY AN ALLOTMENT at PLUMPTON PARK ESTATE, ROOTY HILL, on the MAIN GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY LINE.

The agent of the Company meets every train arriving at Rooty Hill, and will show intending purchasers over the ground.

For plans and any further information, apply to the AUSTRALIAN MUTUAL INVESTMENT and BUILDING COMPANY, Limited, 309, PITT-STREET, SYDNEY.

FRANK MARSHALL has for Sale, SHOP, &c., Brickfield Hill, cheap. Call early, 110, Elizabeth-street.

FRANK MARSHALL, 110, Elizabeth-street, has for SALE—LAND, Meadows Estate and Smith's Orchard, Granville, Marston Park, Riverstone, and at Canley Vale. Particulars on application.

HERMITAGE ESTATE, NORTH SHORE.

WATER FRONTAGE SITES, CAREENING COVE.

VILLA LOTS, fronting CARABELLA-STREET and FITZROY AVENUE.

LIBERAL TERMS. LITHOS. READY.

SUBDIVISION SALE on the Ground, at 3 o'clock, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 1st March, by RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

NORTH SHORE RESIDENCE.

TREMAYNE HOUSE and GROUNDS, in CARABELLA-STREET, formerly occupied by F. B. Lark, Esq.

AUCTION SALE on the Ground, at 3 o'clock, TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 1st instant.

On very liberal terms. Cards to view.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

WATER FRONTAGE Subdivision at North Shore, TO-MORROW. Richardson and Wrench.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

SUMMER HILL, near station, south side, Edward-street.—For SALE, a very substantial Brick Cottage RESIDENCE, known as Pittfield, containing 4 good-sized rooms, wide hall, kitchen, washhouse, copper, bathroom, &c., verandah back and front, detached wide side entrance, ornamental trees and flower garden, land 48 x 148; Torrens' title. This property will be kept vacant for the purpose of inspection by intending purchasers. Key next door. Apply G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade-chambers, Pitt-street.
PETERSHAM, Wardell Hill.—For SALE, 2 grand ALLOTMENTS, elevated position, very healthy, only £4 per foot, 50 x 132; beautiful sites for new villas. Apply G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade-chambers, Pitt-street.
LEICHHARDT, near the Park.—For SALE, a good WATER FRONTAGE, 307 feet to John-street, by 120 feet deep to high water, £620. Easy terms may be arranged. This is a good villa site, commanding views over Iron Cove Bay, and is only 10 minutes from tram or 'bus. G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade-chambers, Pitt-street.
PETERSHAM, Palace-street, 200 yards from station.—For SALE, LAND, 40 x 60, price £5 per foot; easy terms. Also small Allotment, 20 x 116, £70, £20 deposit. G. R. SWYNY, 61, Royal Arcade, Pitt-street.

CLIVE ESTATE.

RIVERSTONE.

ALLOTMENTS, 25 x 125, 45s EACH.

PAMPHLETS and PARTICULARS on application to BOYD and KING, 95, Pitt-street.

ALLOTMENTS for SALE, Randwick, St. Mark's Glebe Estate, 190 feet frontage, 212 feet deep; 2 frontages, cheap. Apply Edwin Firth, Reddy-street, Rushcutter Bay.

ROCKYMOUTH, CLARENCE RIVER.—For SALE, the Premises known as the CRITERION STORES, HOTEL, Saddler's Shop, Cottage, and Wharf, lately the property of Mr. M. Rush, together with the Stock-in-trade of the Criterion Stores. Also, to LET, for a term of years, the POST OFFICE STORES, Harwood Island (C. R.). For particulars apply A. Cameron, Imperial Hotel, Wynyard-square, this day, 10 to 11 a.m., or to S. Macnaughton, Rockymouth. N.B.—Principals only.

PETERSHAM.

For Private SALE, GRANTHAM, a large Family RESIDENCE, built of brick on stone foundations, containing 8 large rooms (three 27 x 16), stables, coachhouse, outhouses. The land is laid out into garden, lawns, tennis ground, &c. The whole standing on a block of land having 150 FEET FRONTAGE to HERBERT-STREET, by a depth of 132 FEET, being on the highest portion of the WARDELL HILL ESTATE, and within convenient distance of RAILWAY STATION. Price, £2250.
Also large BLOCK of LAND, 550 x 132, immediately opposite, laid out as garden, &c. Price, £3 10s per foot. Title, Torrens' Act. For cards to view apply MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

FOR PRIVATE SALE, North Shore, Thrupp's Point, valuable Estate, with 300 feet frontage to deep water, about 2 ACRES; private wharf on property; N. J. Steamship Company's Wharf joins the property; HOUSE, brick and cement, 2 stories, balconies on four sides, 8 feet wide, 12 rooms, hall (13 feet), ample cellars; lease, 50 years to run, at £10 per annum. Apply MILLS and PILE, 130, Pitt-street.

MOUNTAIN AIR, ONLY 40 MINUTES from SYDNEY, 20 MINUTES by RAILWAY, and 20 MINUTES' DRIVE.

For POSITIVE SALE, one of the most complete suburban COTTAGE-BUILT FAMILY RESIDENCES to be met with; grand situation on the highest land between SYDNEY and BLUE MOUNTAINS.
The HOUSE is in first-class order, and contains 9 rooms, kitchen, scullery, pantry, bathroom, &c., fine wide front verandah 80 feet long, conservatory, and back verandah 8 feet wide; good water supply, 25,000 gallons in underground tanks, besides other tanks, coachhouse, 3-stall stable, man's room, stores, sheds, poultry sheds, &c.
The GROUNDS comprise 12 acres, and have TWO FRONTAGES of 1584 feet to chain wide roads. They are tastefully laid out in flower beds, with choice plants, shrubs and trees, croquet ground, lawn, &c., orchard with about 150 choice young trees, fine vinery, and vegetable garden, &c.
The whole is surrounded by a substantial hardwood paling fence.
Early possession may be had.
For further particulars apply H. PALMER, 113, Pitt-street.

MUST BE SOLD, to CLOSE PARTNERSHIP ACCOUNT, SEVERAL CHOICE BLOCKS of LAND, AUBURN PARK, CHEAP. See plan at Rooms. H. PALMER, 113, PITT-STREET.

MANLY.—For SALE, 6 ALLOTMENTS, each 30 x 330, fronting Foster-street; within 20 minutes from steamer; only £20 each; terms, £4 deposit, balance £1 per month, no interest. Apply E. Evans, grocer, Manly.

GOULBURN.

For SALE, large and commodious PREMISES, centrally situated at the corner of two of the principal streets, well situated for a first-rate Hotel; position one of the best in town; easy terms. Apply BETTS and CARTER, Solicitors, Goulburn.

WATER Frontage.—Corner Block, No. 19, 187 x 80. Chiswick, 30 mins. fr. Sydney, brgn.; Torrens' J. L. C., Hrld.

ASHFIELD.—For SALE, ETHELVILLE, Cecil-st., containing drawing, dining, and 3 large bed rooms, kitchen, servants' room, pantry, bathroom, washhouse with copper, &c. Freehold; Torrens' title; in first-class order; land, 50 x 400. Apply H. Appleton, T. Renn and Co., Kent-street.

CHEAP LAND.—17 Trains run Daily from Granville—the Birmingham of Australia—to Fairfield, its future suburb. —You can now buy Blocks on AVOCA PARK ESTATE, 129 feet frontage of cleared ground—rich orchard land, splendidly timbered—for £30 cash, or 48 monthly payments of 15s, including interest. Torrens' Title. All allotments pegged and numbered. Streets 66 feet wide are being carefully formed. The foreman on the ground will point out unsold lots. This is the cheapest land to be bought in Fairfield. Each block equals in size eight ordinary allotments. R. NOTT, 313, George-street.

SURRY HILLS.—Grand TERRACE, always let, clear 10 per cent.; leasehold. Staples and Co., 143, King-street.

TERRACE of 4 new HOUSES, substantially built of brick on solid stone foundations, and all well-finished, neat, and compact. Each house contains 4 rooms, kitchen, city water, first-class drainage, Venetian blinds, balcony, gardens in front, back entrances. All let to very respectable tenants. Attached to same is a large drying ground, 73 x 50. Rental, £124; price, £1100. Apply 163, Pyrmont Bridge-road, near bridge.

A CHANCE SELDOM MET WITH.

For SALE, new Brick HOUSE, 8 large rooms, verandah, washhouse, fowlhouse, 3000-gallon tank, splendid garden soil, land 1½ acre, near railway station, only 45 minutes from Sydney, with frequent trains; price, £850 cash, or £150 and 10 years' terms; Torrens' title. Further information from BONA-FIDE, Herald Office.

RAILWAY TO CANTERBURY via KINGSGROVE, &c.

TO HOTELKEEPERS and OTHERS.

For SALE, in the rising suburb of Canterbury, a fine elevated corner BLOCK, having 217 feet frontage to George-street, by a depth of 148 feet to Close-street; also deep-water frontage to Cook's River, and adjoining the new bridge. This is really a fine site for an hotel, store, or private dwellings, and is situate close to the old sugar works, which are to be converted into a manufactory of hardware, and employment given to 300 hands.
C. F. LEE, Scott's-chambers, 96, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, a 5-roomed HOUSE, close to ferry, £400; high, healthy position. House, Herald Office.

WANTED to Buy small FREEHOLD, society's terms, back entrance, Surry H. G. P., Temperance Hall.

Machinery.

ELECTRIC BELLS and LIGHTNING CONDUCTORS.

The undersigned are prepared to give Estimates for supplying, Fixing, or Erecting the above in any part of New South Wales. RENNICK, KEMSLEY, and CO., 38, Clarence-street, Sydney.

GARDEN HOSE, from ½ to 3 in. diameter, Bicycle and Tricycle Tyres, all sizes. Perdriau and Co., 4, Erskine-st.

INDIARUBBER DOORMATS for offices, banks, bath rooms; gas, draft, worsted, and fancy tubing. Perdriau.

BOILER-DOOR Joints, Insertion Sheet, Cloth and Wire Insertion, Tuck's Packing, Asbestos Packing. Perdriau.

CIRCULATING and Air-pump Valves, from 6 in. to 36 in. diameter, Oil-resisting Rubber. Perdriau and Co.

FOR SALE, 10 h.p. Land Tubular BOILER and Engine, Small Donkey Pump, Large Pump and Fittings, 5-head Stamper and Battery, with columns for 10-head. Further particulars apply GRESLEY LUKIN and CO., Bank of Australasia-chambers, George and Jamison streets.

WANTED to Purchase second-hand double Royal Litho. PRESS. Apply Gordon and Gotch, George-street.

BICYCLES, Tricycles.—Singer's celebrated, in Sydney and to arrive, to W. J. PATERSON, Sole Agent.

PREMIER BICYCLES, 48 to 56 inch ball bearings, £11 5s. Boys' Bicycles all sizes, Perambulator Fctry., Pitt-st.

FOR SALE, a MORTAR MILL, cheap, Marble Flooring Tiles, Marble Slabs, &c. C. GIFFORD, Mr. Young's Marble Yard, Cowper Wharf.

CHILIAN MILL wanted to PURCHASE. State lowest price and full particulars to Box 636, G. P. O.

TEN-HORSE power horizontal Engine, 12-horse Boiler, Circular Saw, Bench, and Band Saw, £300 the lot. Perdriau and Co., 4, Erskine-street.

ALL Kinds of Sodawater MACHINERY, new and second-hand, for SALE. Hume and Peerum, 107, Regent-st.

ENGINE and BOILER wanted, 4 to 6 horse, new or second-hand. Address, with full particulars, STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

WANTED, 10-h.p. Multitubular Boiler, new or second-hand. Apply by letter, C. Twemlow, 408, George-street.

WANTED to Buy, BOILERS, engine or without, from 2 to 4 h.p. Apply to G. B., 98, George-street N.

General Merchandise.

PURE ISLAND LIMEJUICE, in bottles, cases, and casks, all sizes. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place.

WHITE BEANS, just landed, ex Australia. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place.

REAL YORK HAMS, ENGLISH BACON, English, Bodalla, and Dutch Cheese, Californian Canned Fruits, Preserved Game, Sausages, Meats, Soups, Vegetables, and Fish of all kinds. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place.

AUSTRALIAN WINE.—Carmichael's Porphyry, equal to best imported Hock, in cases, 3 dozen pints, 12s 6d dozen; 2 dozen quarts, 21s dozen. H. S. BIRD and CO. Removed from Pitt-street, Circular Quay, to Macquarie-place.

CHOICE SOUTH AUSTRALIAN WINES (dinner and dessert.—Frontignac, Tokay, Grenache, Muscat, Port, Sherry, Chablis, Madeira, and Reisling, from 2 gallons or 1 doz. upwards. H. S. Bird and Co., Maquarie-place, removed from Pitt-street.

CLARETS.—A de Luze's, Preller's, and VD, all numbers. CHAMPAGNE—Krug's, Roederer's, Moet and Chandon, Mumm's, Monopole, &c. SHERRY and PORT—Choice qualities. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place.

ALES.—Foster's, Inde Coope's, Anglo-Bavarian, Tennent's, Bulldog, Flensburg. STOUT.—Pig, Boar's Head, Foster's. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place, removed from Pitt-street, Circular Quay.

SPIRITS.—Whiskies of all kinds; Glenlivet, 6 years old; Brandy, and other spirits, of every brand; from 3 gallons or 1 dozen upwards. H. S. BIRD and CO., Macquarie-place.

TANKS.—Best London make on SALE. J. T. and J. Toohey, Standard Brewery, Elizabeth-street.

TANKS.—200 and 400 gallon Ships' Iron Water Tanks, cheap. W. Robison, 67, Sussex-street.

AITCHISON'S EDINBURGH PALE ALE

Prize Medals, PARIS, Amsterdam, and London. Shipment of new brew, to arrive, now on SALE by ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., 22, Bridge-street.

WILLIAM YOUNGER AND COMPANY, ABBEY and HOLYROOD BREWERIES, EDINBURGH.

The celebrated BEERS brewed by the above firm are now for SALE, to arrive in bulk and case, by ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., Agents, 22, Bridge-street.

CLARET.

CAVES DU GRAND HOTEL, PARIS,
St. Julien
Medoc
Medoc, superior
Chateaux Margaux.
ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., Agents, 22, Bridge-street.

CHAMPAGNE.

BRAND—CHAS. FARRE, REIMS. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., Agents, 22, Bridge-street.

ANDREW USHER and CO.'S OLD VATTED Registered Trade Mark GLENLIVET WHISKY. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., Agents.

NEW SEASON'S TEAS, EX CATTERTHUN, from FOOCHOW. Half-chests and Boxes. Finest First Crop Congou. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO.

EX ZEALANDIA, Boneless CODFISH, in 30lb. boxes. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., 22, Bridge-street.

HERRINGS IN HALF-BARRELS. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., 22, Bridge-street.

SWEET and HOT SLICED CHUTNEE.—Clarke, Son, and Co.'s Mango brand is a delicious condiment.

CURRY POWDER — Lackerstein's Indian Curry Powder is prepared from the finest ingredients.

SELLING OFF all our PLATEDWARE and Cutlery at 20 per cent. discount, in consequence of retiring from the trade, our wirework trade having increased to such an extent that we require all the room we have. This is a great chance to publicans, boardinghouse keepers, and others, as you can get your Table Knives, Dessert Knives, Spoons, and Forks, at prices 20 per cent. under whatever they have been sold before. Come and see for yourselves. EASTWAY BROTHERS, 413, George-st.

IRON Travelling TRUNKS at reduced prices. Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

TIN HAT BOXES at very low prices. Eastway Brothers, 413, George-street.

ASK for HOCKING'S High-class WINES, aged and reliable; drink no others. 143, Pitt-street.

M'EWAN'S EDINBURGH PALE INDIA ALE, Bulk and Bottle.
Orders for the new brew (to arrive) now being booked.
WHOLESALE AGENTS— PEYTON, DOWLING, and CO., Waltham-buildings, Bond-street.

ON SALE by the undersigned, ex various ships,
Hennessy's 1878 pale brandy, in hogsheads and quarters
Vine-growers' 1877 pale brandy, ditto ditto
Kopke's old tawny port, in pipes
Fine West India rum, in hogsheads and quarters
Martinez' ports and Gonzales' sherries, in ditto ditto
Moreau and De Neuville's champagne, pints and quarts
Heidsieck's dry Monopole, quarts, in 1-dozen cases
Sundry consignments of pale brandies and whiskies, in bulk and case.
PEYTON, DOWLING, and CO., Wholesale agents for M'Ewan's pale India ale, Martinez, Gassiot, and Co.'s ports, &c., &c.

KILL THE FLIES!—They enter the Crystal Fly Traps and die in thousands. It is clean and elegant, and is fit for the drawing-room or kitchen. Price, one shilling. WASHINGTON H. SOUL and CO., 177, Pitt-street, one door from King-street; and 268, opposite the Temperance Hall.

ORE BAGS, RICE BAGS, FLOUR BAGS, on hand or made to order. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, Geo.-st.

AMERICAN WALNUTWOOD and OAK, Do. in planks. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-street.

THE BANNER JELLY TUMBLERS, 8, 10, 12, and 16 oz., for preserves. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-st.

WASHING MACHINES, ENGLISH and AMERICAN.—The HOME WASHER, MANGLE and WRINGER combined, price £7 15s; the DOLLY ditto ditto, £6; the KEYSTONE WASHER, to fit any ordinary tub, 30s; the PEOPLE'S WASHER, on same principle, 20s.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street, Sydney.

THE newest idea in Mangles and Wringers is the PHOENIX. It is made of tubular iron, very strong, but light. It has an improved gearing and spiral springs. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

THE NEW AMERICAN ICE CUPBOARDS.—The CLIMAX. Please call and inspect. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street.

AMERICAN FRUIT PICKERS will reach 15 feet, price 10s. Peach Parers, Apple Parers, and Canning Ladles. These are all of the best make, and answer well. HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street, Sydney.

THE EASY LAWN MOWER, a new American make; has special advantages. Hebblewhite, 416, George-street.

AMERICAN Fruit Preserving Bottles, Masons and Lightning, pts., qts., and ½ gal. Hebblewhite and Co., Geo.-st.

CORN-SHELLERS, the genuine A.B.C.—A fresh stock just in. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, George-st., Sydney.

SEND for ILLUSTRATED PRICE LIST of Household appliances, p. free. Hebblewhite and Co., 416, Geo.-st.

IRON SAFE DEPOT.
Milner's Fireproof Safes
George Price's celebrated Safes
Herring's American Champion Safes
London Excelsior Safes
Chubb's Bonker's Safes
Jewellers', Bankers', and Merchants' Safes.
EDWARDS, DUNLOP, and CO., 46 and 48, York-street.

CURCIER and ADET have on SALE—VD Claret, Burgundy, Steinwein, Tannic Wine (for invalids), Orange Wine, Sauterne, Chablis, Vermouth, Port (1848 vintage), Sherry, Sardines, Truffles, Mushrooms, Preserved Peas and Beans, Corks

IRON SAFE, nearly new, cheap; drawer and shelves complete. Apply at once, 218, George-street North.

TRY P. SMITH for quality and cheapness Tools, Ironmongery, Earthenware, Brushware, Lamps. 761, George-st.

A LARGE TANK for SALE. Apply Mrs. Brown, Wemyss-street, Stanmore.

Building Materials.

BALTIC TIMBER.

FLOORING and LINING BOTH SCOTCH and DRAMMEN DRESSED; also, OREGON, 14 x 14. ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., 22, Bridge-street.

BORTHWICK'S for rich and beautiful Paperhangings and Picture Frame Mouldings. 281, George-street.

BORTHWICK'S for low price PAPERHANGINGS and all sorts of Brushes. Opposite Hunter-street.

BORTHWICK'S for BRITISH PLATE and all kinds of GLASS. Shipments continually arriving. 281, George-st.

BORTHWICK'S for WHITE LEAD and OILS, COLOURS and VARNISHES. 281, George-street.

BORTHWICK has the best assorted stock of Painters' and Artists' MATERIALS.

GOODLET and SMITH, Timber, Galvanised Iron, Plate and Sheet Glass Merchants. 492, George-street, 9, Parramatta-street, and Victoria Sawmills, Pyrmont.

PITCH PINE, PITCH PINE.—GOODLET and SMITH have a large stock of PITCH PINE, from Savannah—
4, 5, and 6 inch T. and G. Flooring, 1¼ and 1 inch
9, 10, and 12 inch Planks, 3, 4, and 6 inch
10 x 10 and 12 x 12 Beams, up to 50 feet.
492, George-street; 7, Parramatta-street, and Victoria Sawmills, Pyrmont.

MARBLE Mantelpieces, Tiles, Grates, Fenders, &c. Odling Brothers, Custom House-buildings, Circular Quay.

SLATES, Slates, Slates.—Best Welsh Bangor, all sizes, at reduced prices. G. E. Crane and Sons, Pitt-st., Cir. Quay.

GALVANISED Cor. IRON, all lengths and brands, at greatly reduced prices. G. E. Crane and Sons, Cir. Quay.

MARBLE MANTELPIECES and Register Grates, Marble Fenders and Tiles. G. E. Crane and Sons, Cir. Quay.

CEMENT, Cement.—Star Brand, in stock and landing. G. E. Crane and Son, City Cement Stores, Circular Quay.

SAWN HARDWOOD, best northern, all sizes
PITCH PINE, Oregon and Baltic Deals
REDWOOD, Clear Pine, Shelving and Colonial Pine
FLOORING and LINING BOARDS, all kinds
Girders, 10 x 10 to 16 x 16.
STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

HICKORY PLANKS, assorted sizes, cheap SPOKES, well seasoned; NAVES, FELLOES, &c., &c. STREET BROTHERS, Sussex-street.

MALT.—SUPERIOR SAMPLE on Sale. THOS. J. STUTCHBURY and CO., 5, Wynyard-street.

CEMENT.—Best PORTLAND on Sale. THOS. J. STUTCHBURY and CO., 5, Wynyard-street.

CEMENT, CEMENT.—250 barrels for SALE; cheap. G. and H. Simpson, Burwood.

CEMENT, CEMENT.—250 barrels for SALE; cheap. G. and H. Simpson, Burwood.

VARIOUS CHOICE WOODS and MARBLES, in the form of TRANSFERS, can be applied by Varnish to any article at all. Send for Samples and prices. H. H. GROTH, Oil and Colour Merchant, 330, George-street.

PAPERHANGINGS. New and Choice Designs, H. H. GROTH, Oil and Colour Store, 330, George-street.

PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, &c. Wholesale prices. H. H. GROTH, Wall Paper Warehouse, 330, George-street.

BUILDING Material and Builder's Plant for private SALE, at Sycamore Hotel, Botany-rd. and Raglan-st., Wat.

KAURI PINE, N. Z.—500,000ft. 6 and 4 x 1 T. and G. Flooring, seasoned. G. F. MASON, Patent Slip Wharf.

KAURI PINE, N. Z.—600,000ft. ½, ¾, 1, 1¼, 1½, 2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 6, 6, 7, 8, 9 in. to 40 in. wide, seasoned. G. F. MASON.

FOR SALE, about 20 feet of PALISADING and two Glass DOORS, cheap. E. CHRISTIE, 241, Oxford-street.

IRONBARK GIRDERS.—Now landed and for SALE, first-class quality, about 30 of them 12 x 12, lengths from 13 to 42 feet; also a few 14 x 14, and 150 pieces 9 x 6 and 12 x 6, 17 feet long; sawn ironbark. Delivery can be given at once, to make room for others. ROBERT GRANT, foot of Market-street.

MANTELPIECES, &c.—General Workers in Marble, Slate, and Stone. Patten Brothers, 302, Pitt-street.

SLATE TREADS and HEARTHS, very cheap. Patten Brothers, Marble and Slate Works, 302, Pitt-street.

Produce, Provisions, &c.

FLOUR.—Superfine, fine, household, and seconds, manufactured at our BATHURST and SYDNEY MILLS; also various country and Adelaide brands. Bran, pollard, cornmeal, cornflour, barley, oats, maize (whole and cracked), on SALE by M. BOYLSON and SONS, The Sydney Flour Mills, Grafton Wharf.

JAMES PEMELL and CO., Millers, George-street, opposite Railway Station, Sydney, Silk-dressed, Superfine, Fine, and Seconds Flour, Wheat Meal, Maize Meal, Patent Meal, Bran, Pollard, and all other Mill Produce. Best quality, lowest prices.

THE GREAT MODERN APPETISER FOR ALL SEASONS is necessary in the Kitchen, at the Picnic, in every Cruet-stand, and at every meal. It causes the development of muscle in the Cricketer, the Sculler, the Pedestrian, the Artisan, the Seaman, the Public Writer, as well as every Minister, Clergyman, and Doctor; in fact, "All Use It" who wish to become or to remain healthy. It is the AUSTRALIAN RELISH, sold everywhere at One Shilling per bottle, and by the only manufacturer, Washington H. Soul and Co., at "Ye Signe of Ye Bottle," 177, Pitt-st., Sydney; also at 268, Pitt-st., opposite Temperance Hall.

TO MAKE LIGHT BREAD and PASTRY, use the celebrated A. SOYER'S (of the Reform Club) BAKING or YEAST POWDERS; warranted free from alum or any other deleterious article. Price, 6d per tin. Sold by all storekeepers. Wholesale or retail by WASHINGTON H. SOUL and CO., 177 Pitt-street; also at 268, Pitt-street, opposite Temperance Hall.

PICKLING ONIONS.—Consignment now landing, lowest price. W. H. DALRYMPLE, 68, Sussex-street.

HAMS, 10½d, no extra price for cooking; Irish Hams and Bacon; Pork, 2d. Orange Butter Company.

BUTTER, 1s; Cheese, 4d; Lard, 6d; Eggs, 1s; Rashers, 6d; Jowls, 3d. Orange Butter Co., 711, Geo.-st.

FISH.—Salt Salmon, 5d; Ling, 4d; Herrings, &c. Orange Butter Company, 711, George-street South.

PRIME NEW ZEALAND FEED and TARTARIAN SEED OATS, PURE CAPE BARLEY EARLY ROSE SEED POTATOES SUPERIOR BONEDUST. P. R. LARKIN, Produce Merchant, 778, George-street South.

BAKERS and Others.—THOS. LUBY, 111, Liverpool-street, has for Sale, 75 tons of FLOUR, at £5 per ton.

GENERAL NOTICE.—The HERALD can be obtained from the following newsvendors, who are authorised to receive advertisements:—

TOWN.

Gordon and Gotch	353, George-street
W. B. Lee	George-street, opposite Royal Hotel
F. Barker	85, Sussex-street
C. Bowtell	204, Devonshire-street
G. Wallace	William-street
J. Crotts	95, William-street
Mrs. Fleming	Post-office, Pyrmont
J. E. Spragg	Oxford-street
F. Pemberton	80, Central Oxford-street
George Hill	794, George-street
William Nash	1, Campbell-street, near A. J. S. Bank
R. Iredale	140, Oxford-street, next Commercial Bank
J. J. Cooper	Opposite Wesleyan Chapel, Glebe Road and Railway Bridge, Parramatta-street
Bookstall Company	Railway and other Stations
H. W. Foster	144, William-street and Castlereagh-street
J. L. Berghoefer	319, Pitt-street
A. J. Ashdown	127, Bathurst-street
W. Calnan	537, Harris-street, Ultimo
B. Ingram	21, Goulburn-street, off George-street
J. R. Estherne	21, Sydney Arcade
W. J. Mantle	131, Quarry-street, Ultimo
M. Brown	Corner of Market and Elizabeth streets

COUNTRY.

Adelong	And. Smith
Araluen	A. Vider, junr.
Appin	E. and W. Fieldhouse
Albury	George Hunter
Ballina	Edmund Ross
Bathurst	J. H. Berney
Bathurst	W. J. Maish
Bowenfels	M. Lynch
Baulkham Hills	J. Kelly, Parramatta
Berrima	G. E. Makin
Bowral	James Taylor
Braidwood	A. Vider
Burragorang	D. Doust
Blandford	N. Asser
Bombala	A. G. Flavelle
Bega	A. G. Flavelle
Campbelltown	E. and W. Fieldhouse
Camdewarra	S. Matthews
Camden	D. Doust
Carcoar	J. A. Moss
Cootamundra	Messrs. Matthew Bros.
Cowra	R. Stevenson
Clarence River	Messrs. Dean and Co.
Cobar	S. E. Collon
Delegate	A. G. Flavelle
Dubbo	Julius Caro
Dapto	Hewlett Bros.
Eden	A. G. Flavelle
Gunning	F. W. Connolly
Goulburn	W. Martin
Ditto	J. Walsh
Gosford	H. C. Wheeler
Gundagai	M. Norton
Glen Innes	Marshall and Vincent
Gulgong	S. T. Bishop
Grafton	A. J. Cubitt, Messrs. Dean and Co., G. E. Sver
Hartley	Maurice Lynch
Inverell	R. S. Millington
Jerringong	T. J. Fuller
Jamberoo	T. J. Fuller
Junee	Miss King, Bookstall, Railway Station
Kangaroo Valley	S. Matthews
Kempsey	Otho Dangar
Kiama	S. Hobbs and Co.
Little Hartley	Maurice Lynch
Liverpool	C. A. Scrivener
Lambton	T. Grierson
Lithgow	M. Lynch and J. G. Moller
Mudgee	W. Hall
Moss Vale	James Taylor
Muswellbrook	W. Clendining
Morpeth	.. Keating
Macleay River	Otho Dangar
Marulan	H. Montgomery
Moruya	R. Dansey
Milton	H. C. Blackburn
Maitland, East and West	R. Blair
Merimbula	A. G. Flavelle
Montefiores	R. A. Stace
Molong	W. Coomber
Menangle	E. and W. Fieldhouse
Newcastle	F. Alcock
Nattai	H. W. Edwards
Narrellan	D. Doust
Nelligen	A. Vider
North and South Grafton	Dean and Co.
Nymagee	S. E. Collon
Orange	Messrs. Lescelis & Sons
Parramatta	C. E. Fuller
Ditto	J. J. Beukers
Penrith	A. Judges
Picton	W. Coull
Port Macquarie	James Butler
Panbula	A. G. Flavelle
Queanbeyan	W. G. O'Neill
Ryde	Mrs. Pope
Richmond	R. H. Ducker
Raymond Terrace	W. K. Shaw
Rocky Mouth	E. C. Madgewick
St. Mary's, South Creek	Mrs. Montague
Smithfield	J. Manfield
Singleton	J. Wright
Ditto	W. Mavis
Soone	N. F. Asser
Sutton Forest	Taylor Bros.
Sofala	J. Fulton
Tamworth	Blackall and Hunt and J. Grewston
Tenterfield	C. Cavanough
Tumberumba	Mrs. Langford
Tumut	L. Casperson
Ulladulla	H. C. Blackburn
Wollongong	Hewlett Bros.
Windsor	Mrs. Neilson
West Maitland	C. W. Clark and R. Blair and W. Poulton
Wagga Wagga	L. S. Joseph
Ditto	W. C. Hunter
Waratah	W. Harris
Wallerawang	W. Windsor
Wellington	H. Pike
Yass	W. Hughes
Young	G. F. Oil

THE SYDNEY MAIL and NEW SOUTH WALES ADVERTISER,

ACKNOWLEDGED TO BE THE BEST, as it is the oldest, WEEKLY JOURNAL in New South Wales.

The arrangements for 1883 assure continuous improvement on previous years.
BEAUTIFULLY PRINTED ON GOOD PAPER. It is therefore always readable and presentable.

COMMANDS THE COMPLETE NEWS-COLLECTING AGENCIES of the greatest Newspaper Office in the colonies.

Weekly Summaries: PARLIAMENT, COMMERCE, SHIPPING and MINING.

NUMEROUS AND COSTLY ENGRAVINGS depict subjects of current colonial interest.

The AGRICULTURAL, PASTORAL, and SPORTING DEPARTMENTS are entrusted to experienced editors.

SEVERAL HIGH-CLASS STORIES will be published in 1884; and, in order to sustain the literary reputation of the paper, have retained the services of some of THE ABLEST WRITERS IN AUSTRALIA.

Parliamentary Elections.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

POLLING PLACES.

The following will be the POLLING PLACES, at the HUSTINGS, Hyde Park, for taking the POLL on FRIDAY, the 29th day of February, instant :—
AB, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
CD, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
EFG, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
HIJK, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
LM, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
NOQPR, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
ST, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park
U to Z, Room at the Hustings, Hyde Park.

The polling will commence at 8 a.m., and close at 4 p.m. of the same day.
WILLIAM DAY, Returning Officer.

ELECTORAL DISTRICT OF EAST SYDNEY.

DECLARATION OF POLL.

The Declaration of the Poll will be made at the Hustings, Hyde Park, THIS AFTERNOON, at 4.30 o'clock, or as soon after as possible.
WILLIAM DAY,
Returning Officer.
East Sydney, February 29, 1884.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen.—I have the honour to announce to you that it is my intention to offer myself as a Candidate for your suffrages at the ensuing Election.
Your faithful servant,
SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

SYDNEY BURDEKIN'S COMMITTEE ROOMS;
Hodge's Commercial Hotel, King and Castlereagh streets;
and
Punch's Albion Hotel, Market and Elizabeth streets.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

Gentlemen wishing to enrol themselves on the Committee to secure the return of the abovenamed gentleman, will kindly call at Committee Rooms.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

Electors are requested to take notice that all advertisements issued by Mr. Burdekin's Committee are signed by the Joint Secretaries.
R. N. SADLEAR, Chairman.
Central Committee Rooms,
23rd February, 1884.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS.

ALL CHURCHES AND CHAPELS
are particularly requested to
VOTE for
SYDNEY BURDEKIN.
He will do all he can by upholding the Sabbath Day
for you.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

ALL THE I. O. G. T.'S
are reminded by remembering what
SYDNEY BURDEKIN
did for voting for
FULL LOCAL OPTION.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

BANDS OF HOPE AND ALL SUNDAY-SCHOOL TEACHERS,
use all your influence in getting
SYDNEY BURDEKIN
Elected by serving you faithfully respecting the Sabbath.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS.

THE ROYAL ORDER OF ANTEDILUVIAN SOCIETY OF BUFFALOES.

Dont forget SYDNEY BURDEKIN to put him in.

He will not forget you.

THE ROYAL ORDER OF OWLS are respectfully requested to vote for SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

He will put you on the top.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS.

Rechabites, Sons of Temperance, Alliance Men, Local Option Leaguers, are respectfully requested to go straight for SYDNEY BURDEKIN.

NOTHING Like Square Measurement.—Vote for REID. Dress-cutting Association (1st floor), 622, Geo.-st.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

TRADE DEFENCE ASSOCIATION.

The Licensed Victuallers of Sydney
are hereby informed that the
CIRCULAR PURPORTING TO BE ISSUED
by the
"Licensed Victuallers' Association's"
Central Committee,
Oxford Hotel,
King-street,
asking the members of the trade
NOT TO VOTE FOR MR. G. H. REID,
is
INTENDED TO MISLEAD.

Thus, by confounding that Association,
which comprises very few of the trade residing outside of the city
and who have interest in common with the Licensed Victuallers generally),
WITH THE TRADE DEFENCE ASSOCIATION,
the members of which are
PLEDGED TO SUPPORT
that gentleman's candidature.

Mr. Reid's "Central Committee"
DOES SIT AT THE
OXFORD HOTEL,
whilst the Licensed Victuallers' Association
HAS NO COMMITTEE ROOM THERE.
W. J. HENNINGHAM,
General Secretary.
28th February, 1884.

NOTICE.
IT IS PERFECTLY CORRECT,
as stated above,
that the
"LICENSED VICTUALLERS' ASSOCIATION"
HAS NO COMMITTEE ROOM AT MY HOTEL.
J. HUNT,
Oxford Hotel.
28th February, 1884.

EAST SYDNEY.—The Cat out of the bag. Ye gods and little fishes.
The opposition to Mr. REID originating in the Infirmary Syndicate means a lot. Vote to a man, and push on the Government in spite of themselves in the direction of honour and a fair distribution of public burdens.

TO THE ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

Gentlemen,—As one who has the good of my country at heart, I ask you to stand to your friend Mr. Reid, and register your votes in his favour. He has done nothing to offend you since you elected him at the head of the poll. He got turned out of office through a mere technicality—one of those unfortunate quibbles in law which never ought to be allowed. Do not permit passion and prejudice to stand in your way, but show the world that you are patriots and men of feeling, who have the good of the country at heart. Now's the day and now's the hour, see approach proud Davies' power, see the front of battle lower, Reid and chivalry!
Yours faithfully, GEO. M. PITT.
Holbrook, February 28, 1884.

TO THE CIVIL SERVICE.

You supported G. H. REID 14 months ago. Then rally round him now to a man on Polling Day. The cry has been on every side PROPERTY men, and ALL who thought their own pockets would be touched though ever so little by the proposed new taxation, "CUT DOWN THE SALARIES OF THE CIVIL SERVANTS." G. H. REID has refused to pander to this cry, to put a CLASS TAX on men who have no power of resistance, and who already pay taxes the same as any others in the community. He has stuck to you, and not a salary on the Estimates has been reduced. Show, then, your sense of his action towards you by recording your votes for him on Friday. Let not a man keep back.
Remember also that Reid and the Government have prepared and introduced a measure which Sir Henry Parkes and other Ministers have promised you for so many years, but never given, viz., a CIVIL SERVICE BILL, which will place the service on a sound and equitable footing, and secure to you a just system of promotion and other rights never before enjoyed by you.
Civil servants, remember this. Be true to him and yourselves. Roll up, all of you, on Friday, and help to place him at the HEAD of the POLL.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

DRAPERS,
remember G. H. REID advocated your claims at the Protestant Hall on the occasion of your monster public meeting re early closing.

VOTE FOR HIM.

THOS. CAUDY, General Secretary,
Drapers' Association of New South Wales.

CIVIL SERVANTS should remember G. H. Reid's promises last election about a Civil Service Bill. Where is the bill? It is drafted, say the Ministry. And so it will remain, looming before you a Shadowy Promise, never to be fulfilled by by this Government, held out to secure your votes.
Our Civil Service, in its iniquitous bestowal of positions to buy votes, compares unfavorably with that of any country in the world. Of what use is long service, hard work, or merit, when youngsters fresh from school are placed over the heads of those who have perhaps all these three qualities, which should secure recognition!
It matters little what Government is in, but secure every member's return who will keep his word, not break it, and who will try to get a Civil Service Bill brought in.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTORS.—Recollect, measures, not men. Our Government traitors tried to impose ruinous direct taxation for their own benefit, and that of foreigners—to make poor farmers pay higher railway rates than rich, all for complete foreign free trade. Vote for Burdekin, indirect and ad valorem Customs duties, and Australian free trade.
H. S. S. BOND.
Elizabeth Bay.

ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.

VOTE for REID and stoppage of Public Works.
Vote for Reid and don't take away his £1500 per annum.
Vote for Reid and he will promise you everything.
Vote for Reid and he will not keep his promises.
Vote for Reid and cheap labour.
Vote for Reid and Quong Tart.
Vote for Reid and hunting.
Vote for Reid and truckling tricks.
Working men of East Sydney, Vote for Reid and la-de-dah High Schools.
ELECTORS OF EAST SYDNEY.
Don't allow the Hon. G. H. Reid to throw dust in your eyes; he is nominee of this vacillating Government, whilst
Mr. BURDEKIN IS YOUR FRIEND.

VOTE FOR BURDEKIN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

In reply to a paragraph in last night's Evening News, the J. West as reported being present on Monday night at Mr. Burdekin's monster meeting was J. WEST, Esq., a retired builder of Elizabeth-street, in the electorate!
J. LAWLER } Hon.
W. COCHRAN } Secs.

G. H. REID FOR EAST SYDNEY.

COMMITTEE ROOMS,
OXFORD HOTEL, KING-STREET.

GEO. W. THORNTON } Hon.
SAMUEL BAYLIS } Secretaries.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR REID
and
COMMON SENSE.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR REID
and
HONESTY.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR REID,
who is out through no fault of his own.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR REID,
the
BEST MAN.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

VOTE FOR REID,
who has served you
HONESTLY and FAITHFULLY.

EAST SYDNEY ELECTION.

TRADE DEFENCE ASSOCIATION.
At a largely attended meeting of PROPERTY OWNERS, MERCHANTS, and HOTELKEEPERS, held on Friday, the 15th instant, it was UNANIMOUSLY RESOLVED to SUPPORT the Hon. G. H. Reid in his candidature at the forthcoming election.
W. J. HENNINGHAM,
General Secretary.
February 26, 1884.

Calls on Shares.

HIDDEN TREASURE GOLD-MINING COMPANY, Limited,
COPELAND.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

The Directors have made a final CALL of 6d per Share, payable at the Office, 130, Pitt-street, Sydney, on or before 7th March, 1884.
H. M. DEAKIN,
Legal Manager.

Tenders.

AUSTRALIAN GAS LIGHT COMPANY.

WROUGHT IRON WAGGONS.
TENDERS addressed to the Secretary will be received at this Office until noon of MONDAY, the 3rd proximo, from persons willing to construct 20 Wrought Iron Waggons as per sample and specification, to be seen at the Gasworks, Darling Harbour.
For further particulars apply to the Engineer, at the Works.
W. JOHNSTON, Secretary.
Company's Office, Sydney,
26th February, 1884.

BERRY'S ESTATE, NORTH SHORE.

Written TENDERS are invited by the undersigned up to FRIDAY, 29th February, from persons willing to contract for the following work to be done on the Eastern portion (63 acres) of this Estate :—
1. Cutting down to ground level all timber and scrub on the roads (as per plan).
2. Underscrubbing and cleaning off the balance of the land all scrub, &c. (to be burnt in heaps), but no trees to be cut or destroyed.

Plan of the estate as subdivided can be seen and measurements obtained at the office of Mr. C. A. ATCHISON, C.E., Surveyor to the Estate, 141, PITT-STREET.
HARDIE and GORMAN,
Auctioneers to the Estate,
133 and 135, Pitt-street.

BOROUGH OF MARRICKVILLE.

TENDERS are hereby invited up to 4 p.m. of MONDAY, the 3rd of March, for the following works :—
Kerbing and Guttering
Asphalting
Printing
Drain Pipes
Culverts
Emptying Cesspits and Earthpans
House Rubbish
Cartage.
Specifications to be seen at the Town Hall, Illawarra-road, Marrickville, on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays, between the hours of 9 a.m. and 4 p.m.
F. H. JOHNSON,
Town Clerk.

BOROUGH OF REDFERN.

TENDERS for the following requirements will be received up to 3 p.m. on FRIDAY, the 7th March next, at the Council-chambers, Pitt-street, viz :—
1. For all Cartage that may be required
2. For supplying Ballast, Rubble, and Gravel
3. For Cleansing Street Gutters
4. For Removing House Refuse
5. For Kerbing and Guttering
6. For Removing Nightsoil
7. For Printing.
Specifications can be seen at the chambers during office hours.
WILLIAM NEALE PARKER, Council Clerk.
Town Hall, Redfern, February 27th, 1884.

BOROUGH OF WATERLOO.

TENDERS wanted from two competent persons to make the Annual Valuation of all the Rateable Property within the borough. Address Mayor and mark "Valuation."
Specification to be seen at the Town Hall. OPEN TILL THE 26th.
WILLIAM EVANS, Mayor.
Town Hall, Elizabeth-street, February 23, 1884.

BRICKLAYERS.—Tenders for House, Enmore-road, Newtown; labour only. Blair, Marrickville-rd., Marr'ville.

CONTRACT FOR SUPPLYING COAL.

TENDERS will be received by the undersigned until MONDAY, the 31st of March, 1884, for the delivery of Sixteen Hundred (1600) Tons of COAL, more or less, for the New South Wales Sugar Manufacturers' Association, on the Clarence River, during the months of May, June, and July next.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Full particulars and information may be obtained on application to the undersigned.
JOHN F. SMALL, Jun.,
Secretary.
Brushgrove, 18th February, 1884.

IN THE ASSIGNED ESTATE
of
S. E. COLLOU,
of Nymagee and Cobar,
NEWSPAPER PROPRIETOR.

TENDERS are invited till the 7th MARCH next for the PURCHASE of the GOODWILL of the NYMAGEE and COBAR STAR newspaper and business, together with double-demy press, news and jobbing plant, almost new, and in splendid working condition.
Also,
The STOCK-IN-TRADE of Paper, Cards, Inks, &c., and OFFICE FIXTURES.

Full particulars on application to
DAVENPORT, MILES, and CO.,
Accountants and Trade Assignees,
Moore-street, February 26, 1884.

ST. PETERS MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS will be received up to 7 p.m., 10th March, from TWO COMPETENT PERSONS, to make a VALUATION of all the Rateable Property in this Municipality, and to perform the other duties connected therewith as set forth in specification which can be inspected here on MONDAY and WEDNESDAY EVENINGS, from 6 to 7.30.
Tenders to be addressed to the undersigned, endorsed "Tender for Valuation."
By Order of the Mayor.
THOS. LEEDER,
Council Clerk.
Town Hall, St. Peters,
27th February, 1884.

TENDERS.—Assigned Estate of Mark Pearson, 190 and 192, Harris-street, Pyrmont.

Time Extended for Receiving Tenders.

TENDERS are invited till MONDAY, 3rd March, at 1 p.m., for the purchase of Stock-in-Trade herein, consisting of Drapery, Boots and Shoes. The stock is in first-class order, and can be inspected at above address.
The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.
Stock sheets can be seen, and all other information at
JOHN WILSON and CO.'S,
Warehousemen,
59, York-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS will be received up to the 7th of March for the erection of GRAND STAND, JOCKEY'S ROOM, COMMITTEE ROOM, &c., &c., on the new Race Course at Parramatta.

Plans and specifications and full particulars may be obtained at the office of
ROWE and GREEN, Architects,
Vickery's-chambers, Pitt-street.

TO BUILDERS.

TENDERS are invited for the Erection and completion of ADDITIONAL BUILDINGS to HOUSE at MANLY BEACH.
Plans and specifications may be seen upon application at the offices of the architects, to whom tenders are to be delivered on or before MONDAY, 10th March.
MANSFIELD BROTHERS, Architects,
121, Pitt-street, Sydney.

TENDER.
TO SINKERS AND OTHERS.
TENDERS will be received until SATURDAY next, the 1st March, from parties willing to Sink a Shaft on Bullock Island for the WICKHAM and BULLOCK ISLAND COAL CO., Limited. Plans and Specifications and all other information can be obtained on application to the Colliery Manager, at the Colliery Office, Wickham; or at the Company's Office, 10, Bridge-street, Sydney.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS will be received until MONDAY, March 17, for Additions, &c., to Villa, Potts Point. Plans, specifications, &c., may be obtained at my office, Bell's-chambers, Pitt-street.
ALBERT BOND,
Architect.

TO BUILDERS.—Messrs. MARTIN and RUSSELL, Architects, request TENDERS for the Erection of a Villa Residence, at Elizabeth Bay.
Plans, &c., may be seen at the offices, 19, Hunter-street, where sealed tenders are to be delivered not later than 4 p.m. MONDAY, the 3rd March.

TENDERS wanted for Carpentering and Joinering of 5 Houses, labour and material. Plans, &c., to be seen at D. Davies' new buildings, corner of Burns and Brighton streets, Petersham.

TENDERS for Plastering Cottage, labour only. Apply J. Houghton, Illawarra and Addison roads, Marrickville.

PICKED BUILDING SITES AT PADDINGTON
will be sold by
HARDIE and GORMAN
TO-MORROW AFTERNOON,
on the Ground, at 3 o'clock.
Frontages to Stewart-street, next to Glammis Hall, and to Beresford, next to Portview House, and opposite Glammis House. Lithos. ready. Call for one.

TO BUILDERS.—TENDERS are invited till the 11th March for the Amendment and Completion of Foundation Walls, school buildings, Thames-street, Balmain.
J. McDONALD, Architect, Thames-street.

TO STEAMER PROPRIETORS.—Wanted, TENDERS for a good comfortable steamboat, for outside fishing, 12 outings a year; tenderer to state name of boat and carrying capacity. G. F. JONES, 426, George-street.

TENDERS are invited till the 10th March for the Erection of a Cottage at Croydon. Plans and specifications at the office of W. WILEY, Land Agent, 91, Pitt-street.

TENDERS wanted for 40,000 Bricks, delivered at Newtown station, for cash. Apply to J. DAVIES, Newtown Market. Also, 20,000 at Burwood station.

TENDERS for Erection and Completion of Billiard-room, Snail's Bay, Balmain. Edward H. Buchanan, Architect, 359, George-street.

TENDERS wanted for Brickwork of Three Shops, labour only. Apply weatherboard cottage, Lackey and Smith streets, Summer Hill, for plans.

TENDERS wanted for trenching 7 acres. Apply to 172, Pitt-street, 10 a.m. J. H. Jones, architect.

TENDERS wanted for Brick Chimneys and Piers. E. CHRISTIE, 211, Oxford-street.

TENDERS for Brick and Stone Work, House, Redfern (labour only). Knowles and Smith, 67, Cooper-street, S. H.

TENDERS for 25,000 H.M. BRICKS, Pitt-street, Redfern. Knowles and Smith, 67, Cooper-street, S. H.

TENDERS for Painting a Cottage and Outsheds. Apply Victoria Hotel, North Annandale.

TO BRICKLAYERS.—TENDERS (labour only), Shop and Dwelling, opposite Steam Laundry, Crown-street.

WANTED, TENDERS for Brickwork of Villa at Enmore; labour only. Thos. Harrison, Rail. Bdge., Nwtn.

Musical Instruments.

W. H. PALING,
356, GEORGE-STREET,

begs to inform his patrons and the public generally that he has placed one of his permanent staff, with many years of Colonial, American, and European experience, in the position to select his

PIANOS and ORGANS

direct from the Makers' Stock for the Australian market, thus preventing any inferior instruments being forwarded to

W. H. PALING,

who is also enabled, through his buyer, to procure instruments much cheaper, as he pays the Makers cash at their factory and secures lowest freights.

It is also one of the buyer's principal objects to investigate any
NEW STYLE
or
IMPROVEMENT
that may be made in
ORGANS and PIANOS,
first hand. If it should be a genuine advantage for this market and climate, it is adopted independently of cost.

HIS FIRST SELECTIONS AND SHIPMENTS
of
PIANOS
under this new system are just being opened
ex
CATHERINE, HALLOWE'EN,
and
SUTLEJ.

W. H. PALING
has been appointed
SOLE AGENT
of
the famous American Piano
by
SIMPSON and CO.,
New York,
which is a specialty in its great carrying power, tone, sustaining quality, and wonderful workmanship. It is unsurpassed for extreme climates, and this is the only piano with PATENT METALLIC ACTION FRAMES.

THE VOGEL PIANO
has not yet been equalled by any upright Grand Piano at the same price.

THE BLUTHNER PIANO.
The last shipments show several great improvements from this celebrated maker.

THE BECHSTEIN PIANO.
Just received, a grand shipment from this world-renowned maker, which is now on view.

THE HERDEN PIANO
has been acknowledged to be the best medium-priced piano made. It excels all pianos at its price.

W. H. PALING.

ALL PIANOS and ORGANS
on the
LOWEST TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

The largest and most varied stock of any retail Pianoforte and Organ Warehouse
in
THE WORLD.

Any Maker of repute may be found at his Warerooms or Stores. They are too numerous to mention in the ordinary way of advertising.

Over 400 Instruments on View.

Over 400 Instruments to SELECT FROM.

Over 400 Instruments to COMPARE.

Over 400 Instruments to TEST.

ANYONE can CHOOSE from 400 INSTRUMENTS.

HIS PRESENT STOCK
of
ORGANS
will be found unequalled for
PRICE, VARIETY, QUALITY OF TONE and WORKMANSHIP.

THE BELL ORGAN
has not been equalled as a substitute of the PIPE ORGAN. Its tone can scarcely be distinguished from that of a pipe. Its mechanism is simple and perfect. The Bell Organ sings its own praise.

ALL INSTRUMENTS ON THE LOWEST TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM.

The
PALACE ORGAN.

Their models are most elegant. The construction is well adapted for the colonies. The great many different styles at all prices put them within the reach of everybody.

EVERY INSTRUMENT WARRANTED.

LOWEST TERMS FOR CASH.

EASIEST TIME PAYMENT SYSTEM
on any instrument.

OVER FOUR HUNDRED (400)
ON VIEW
at
W. H. PALING'S,
356, GEORGE-STREET.

ELVY AND CO.'S
PIANOFORTE and ORGAN GALLERY,
329, George-street.

THE HIGHEST CLASS PIANOS
THE HIGHEST CLASS ORGANS
THE HIGHEST CLASS PIANOS.

NOTE.—EVERY INSTRUMENT IMPORTED BY ELVY AND CO. CARRIES BONA FIDE THE NAME OF THE FIRM WHO PRODUCED IT.

It is well known, after years of trial
THROUGHOUT THE COLONY,
that
ELVY and CO.'S
brilliant-toned and elegantly cased
IMPORTED PIANOS
are the most perfect instruments for
FAMILY USE
in either town or country.

PRICES FROM TWENTY-SEVEN POUNDS.

AMERICAN and CANADIAN ORGANS,
the best models of the highest class for Family or Church Service.

FOR PERFECT VOICING
and for
GRAND SONOROUS TONE
ELVY and CO.'S
Importations are before all competitors.

PRICES ARE LOW.

Music—HALF-PRICE. Music—HALF-PRICE.

ELVY and CO.'S INSTALMENT SYSTEM
is of an equitable character, and has been extensively used for many years.

Inquirers will find that E. and Co.'s terms are as liberal as those of any other house in the city.
To Cash Purchasers we can offer unusual inducements, either for NEW or SECOND-HAND instruments, our stock, present and to arrive, being extensive.

LIPP'S CELEBRATED PIANOFORTES.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB
have received
ANOTHER LARGE SHIPMENT
of
R. LIPP and SONS' celebrated PIANOFORTES
direct from the makers, comprising
TALL GRANDS, LITTLE UPRIGHT GRANDS, SALOON GRANDS, VERY HANDSOME,
and of the
HIGHEST CLASS FINISH,
in
WALNUT and BLACK and GOLD.

WE HAVE NOW THE LARGEST STOCK
IN AUSTRALIA
of
LIPP'S PIANOS
to
SELECT FROM.
WE INVITE INSPECTION,
FOR PRIVATE SALE
at
EXTREMELY LOW PRICES.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
Pianoforte Importers,
O'CONNELL and SPRING STREETS.

PIANOFORTES by STEINWAY.—BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets, have just received, direct from NEW YORK, another shipment of STEINWAY'S world-renowned PIANOS.

HANDSOME Cottage PIANO, quite new, metal plate, iron frame, trichord, check action, double oblique, &c., brilliant and powerful toned, first-class pianoforte, cost £75, price £45 cash, great bargain. 20, Botany-street, Surry Hills.

PIANOS and ORGANS.

SALE EXTRAORDINARY.

FOR TEN DAYS ONLY.

CRAMPTON and BRUCE,
finding their present premises too limited for their constantly increasing business, have taken that
MAGNIFICENT WAREHOUSE, 167, PITT-STREET,
being northern portion of the splendid building recently erected by Harris and Aekman.
To facilitate removal, they will sell up to date of opening, 10th March, all their new and choice stock of
IRON-FRAMED PIANOS and SMITH ORGANS
now in their Showrooms, 281, George-street, at exceedingly low prices for cash, or on most easy terms.

281, George-street, opposite Hunter-street.

THE ESDAILE PIANO.

THE ESDAILE PIANO.

THE ESDAILE PIANO.

GOLD MEDAL — SECOND TO NONE
GOLD MEDAL — SECOND TO NONE
GOLD MEDAL — SECOND TO NONE.

THE ESDAILE PIANO
stands without a rival, and second to none.

The Shipments of the Esdaile Pianos to the Colonies last year amounted to
FOURTEEN HUNDRED AND NINETY-FIVE PIANOS,
exceeding that of any other Piano imported.

THE ESDAILE PIANO.
The demands for this Piano are so great that shipments are sold long ere they arrive; but, to meet the increasing demand, our Mr. H. G. BRINSMEAD left here last December for England to arrange for larger shipments.

THE ESDAILE PIANO
can be bought at our appointed agents', not only in New South Wales, but in almost every port and inland town of the adjacent colonies.

THE ESDAILE PIANO,
for Tone, Finish, and Quality, is not equalled.

Each Piano is Guaranteed for
TEN YEARS.

THE ESDAILE PIANO
at the CALCUTTA EXHIBITION won the GOLD MEDAL and HIGHEST AWARD, competing against the WORLD.

THE ESDAILE PIANO
believes in fair competition, and would never resort to practices adopted by some agents, who don't know the difference between the sounding board and the lid of the case.

FOR THE ESDAILE PIANO, all inquiries please address to
BRINSMEAD and CO., Wholesale Depot,
277, Clarence-street,
Sydney, New South Wales.
BRINSMEAD and CO.,
Collins-street,
Melbourne, Victoria.
BRINSMEAD and CO.,
William-street,
Perth, Western Australia.

BRINSMEAD PIANOS.

CAUTION.

81, New Pitt-street,
Sydney, 28th February, 1884.
We hereby certify that, at the request of Messrs. ROYLE and CO., Bond-street, Sydney, we despatched on 27th instant the following telegram :—
"To John Brinsmead and Sons,
London.
"You are advertised as makers of Esdaile Pianos. Telegraph denial.
(Signed) "ROYLE,
"Sydney."

We also certify that the following reply has been received this morning :—
"To Royle and Co.,
Sydney.
"We are not makers Esdaile Pianos.
(Signed) "BRINSMEAD,
"London."
STEPHEN, LAURENCE, and JACQUES,
Solicitors.

With reference to the above announcement, we, the undersigned, SOLE AGENTS in this colony for JOHN BRINSMEAD and SONS' celebrated PIANOS, hereby give notice that we have this day instructed our solicitors to commence proceedings against certain parties who have been representing that a piano called the Esdaile is manufactured by John Brinsmead and Sons, of London, and we hereby CAUTION others against making any such statements, or calling themselves AGENTS for that FIRM unless specially authorised by us.
ROYLE and CO.,
Bond-street, Sydney.

THE MARVEL OF THE AGE.

The ESDAILE PIANO.
Fifty years in advance of any other.
There must be something remarkable about them
to cause such jealousy.
The ESDAILE.
See and judge for yourself.
On easy terms. Ten years' guarantee.
TURNER and CO., Agents, 578, George-street.
ESTEY ORGANS.
TURNER and CO., 4 doors from Bathurst-street.
ESTEY ORGANS
Lead the world. 578, George-street.
ESTEY ORGANS
hold Patents unexpired.
ESTEY ORGANS.
Easy time payments.
ESTEY ORGANS,
as cheap as the trashy organs in the market.
Don't be misled by gaudy advertisements.
TURNER and CO., Agents, 578, George-street.

HAPSBURG PIANOS.—Sole Importers, Beale and Company, 613, George-street.

PIANO for SALE, half its value, German, overstrung, iron frame, cottage. 363, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

PIANO FOR SALE, great bargain, walnut, iron frame, full trichord, 7 octaves; price £30. Apply Austral Cottage, Wharf-road, Snail's Bay, Balmain.

Medical, Chemicals, &c.

SARSAPARILLA.—Dr. S. P. TOWNSEND'S is now manufactured under the direction of Dr. James R. Chilton, of New York, whose certificate will be found in every wrapper of bottles of the genuine article.
ALBERT A. SMITH and CO., Agents,
22, Bridge-street.

ZOEDONE.

PLEASANT, REFRESHING, INVIGORATING.
The non-alcoholic beverage acts as a brain and nerve tonic, and does not intoxicate.

ZOEDONE
is recommended by the faculty as a substitute for wine, beer, and spirits, as it invigorates without producing any intoxicating effect. In case of debility consequent on a long residence in a hot climate it is of great service, as it acts not only as a nerve stimulant, but also as a permanent tonic to the system.
Price per case containing 10 dozen half-pints, at 21s.
6 dozen pints, 24s.
ELLIOTT BROS., 73 and 74, Pitt-street, Sydney.

JOSEPHON'S OINTMENT.—THIS VALUABLE Patent Medicine has worked wonders in cases of sunburns, burns, scalds, old wounds, and when applied to the chest speedily relieves the most persistent chest coughs and colds.

MARSHALL'S TONIC NERVINE, by its richness in Phosphorous and other powerful vitalising elements, cures alcoholic craving, strengthens the nerves and muscular system, creates brain power, and gives vigour to the whole human organisation. Price, 4s 6d. MARSHALL BROTHERS, M.P.S., Pharmacists, 104 and 106, Market-street, near Hyde Park.

HALL OF PHARMACY, 78, King-street.

Physicians' prescriptions carefully prepared with drugs of the purest quality. Medicines supplied for household and shipping purposes under the personal supervision of the undersigned.
J. HALE, Dispensing Chemist.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
The Great Remedy
For Acidity of the Stomach.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
For Heartburn and Indigestion
For Sour Eructations and Bilious Affections
The Physician's Cure for Gout
Rheumatic Gout, and Gravel.

DINNEFORD'S FLUID MAGNESIA.
Safest and Most Gentle Medicine for Infants, Children, Delicate Females, and the Sickness of Pregnancy.
Sold by all Druggists and Storekeepers.
Messrs. ELLIOTT BROTHERS, Sydney.

BLAIR'S GOUT PILLS.

THE GREAT REMEDY
FOR GOUT AND RHEUMATISM.

The excruciating pain is quickly relieved and cured in a few days by this celebrated medicine.
These Pills require no restraint of diet during their use, and are certain to prevent the disease attacking any vital part.

Sold in England at 1s 1½d and 2s 9d per box; or by any Chemist in the Australian colonies.

ABRAHAM'S PILLS,
the Great Remedy for Liver and Kidneys,
command a Large and Continuous Sale,
strictly vegetable.

They can be thoroughly recommended, being a carefully prepared preparation, and the result of practical experience. The Laboratory, 434, George-street.

REFORM YOUR DRUGGISTS' BILLS.

WASHINGTON H. SOUL and CO., of 177, Pitt-street, have opened a DISPENSING DEPARTMENT. The public can rely upon the purity of the drugs and preparations, in strict conformity with the British Pharmacopœia, and at prices more in accordance with the value of the drugs and the time taken in dispensing. Mr. Thomas Ellis, a member of the Society of Druggists in London, also of the recently formed society in this colony, is the dispenser, with assistants. The Dispensary is open daily from 9 a.m. till 6.30 p.m.; on Saturdays till 9 p.m.; and is closed on SUNDAYS and HOLIDAYS.

COUGH WHILE YOU CAN! Because, after taking Dr. Thompson's American COLTSFOOT COUGH LINCTUS, you will not be able to cough. Price 1s. Sold by all chemists and storekeepers, wholesale by all wholesale houses, and the Sole Agent for the Australian colonies, WASHINGTON H. SOUL and CO., 177, Pitt-street, next to Federal Bank; also at 268, Pitt-street, opposite Temperance Hall.

CLAYTON and CO.'S COUGH LOZENGES are wonderfully curative for coughs, and all bronchial complaints. Price, 18. cents (9d) per box, by post 1s 3d. W. H. SOUL and CO., 177, Pitt-street; also at 268, Pitt-street, opposite Temperance Hall; agent for New South Wales.
Sold everywhere.

CORNS CURED IN A FEW DAYS, WITHOUT PAIN, by Dr. Jones' Magic Corn Paint; price, 1s; by post, 1s 1d. Agent, wholesale or retail, W. H. Soul and Co., 177, Pitt-st., next Federal Bank; also 268, Pitt-st., opp. Temperance Hall.

WATER FRONTAGE Subdivision at North Shore, TO-MORROW. Richardson and Wrench.

Furniture, &c.

HOUSE FURNISHERS should take advantage of present opportunities.

REMEMBER,
The Lowest NET CASH Price placed upon everything.

CHEAP Dining-room Furniture
CHEAP Drawing-room Furniture
CHEAP Bedroom Furniture
CHEAP Library and Office Furniture
CHEAP Nursery Furniture
CHEAP Kitchen Furniture and Utensils.

EVEN if you do not require ANYTHING, just send for OUR BOOK out of curiosity. You have only to write for it, and you get it; no stamped envelope required. It is sent post-free all over the colony.

CAMPBELL BROTHERS,
ROYAL FURNISHING ARCADE,
426, George-street, Sydney, next the Royal Hotel.

FURNITURE SHOW ROOMS.

BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB,
O'Connell and Spring-streets.

HALL FURNITURE, HATSTANDS, and CHAIRS, LARGE ASSORTMENT. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

LIBRARY FURNITURE, CENTRE and SIDE TABLES, BOOKCASES, SECRETAIRES, READING and LOUNGE CHAIRS. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, Furniture Importers, Spring and O'Connell streets.

DRAWING-ROOM SUITES, in EXQUISITE taste, the very latest fashion; well worthy of inspection.

WALL CABINETS for Choice China, &c., VERY ELEGANT, just received. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

NOVELTIES in Boudoir and BOW-WINDOW SUITES. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb, O'Connell-street.

OCCASIONAL TABLES, elegantly finished in TAPESTRY, EMBROIDERY, PLUSH, &c.

CHIFFONIER WHATNOTS, effective designs, just received. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-st.

EASY OCCASIONAL CHAIRS, for BEST DRAWING-ROOM or BOUDOIR, ELABORATELY upholstered in the CHOICEST materials. STYLES NEVER HITHERTO EXHIBITED in SYDNEY. PERFECT WORKS of ART. Inspection invited. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Furniture Importers, Spring and O'Connell streets.

SELF-ADJUSTING HAMMOCK CHAIR (PATENTED).

IT is SUPERIOR to ANYTHING YET INVENTED for the PORCH, VERANDAH, LAWN, GARDEN, CAMP or SEA SHORE, or wherever comfort is desired. Price 35s. BRADLEY, NEWTOWN and LAMB (only). See woodcut in Bulletin.

DINING-ROOM SUITE, COMPLETE,
40 GUINEAS.
DINING-ROOM SUITE, comprising 5-feet EARLY ENGLISH SIDEBOARD, MAHOGANY EXTENDING DINING TABLE with patent screw and 2 leaves, LARGE PIERGLASS, COUCH, GENT.'S and LADY'S EASY CHAIRS, and 6 CHAIRS covered in MARONE LEATHER, complete, only 40 Guineas.

COMMODE CHAIRS, SHAVING STANDS. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB.

DRAWING-ROOM OCCASIONAL CHAIRS. A great variety of NEW STYLES. Prices from 13s 6d.

CHAIR BEDSTEADS, forming CHAIR, LOUNGE, or bed. VERY HANDY and INEXPENSIVE.

TOILET PAIRS, namely Dressing Table, with Swing glass and Washstand, marble top, 80s the pair.

BAGATELLE-BOARDS, portable, various sizes. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

BEDSTEADS, all sizes, at lowest prices. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Importers, O'Connell-street.

BEDROOM SUITES complete, in various woods, and very handsome designs, with 7-feet wardrobes, or with smaller wardrobes for single rooms. Great variety. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, Spring and O'Connell streets.

EIGHT-POUND BEDROOM SUITES.—The Economic Bedroom Suite, comprising wardrobe, chest drawers, washstand, dressing table and glass, and two chairs. The lot for £8. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell-street.

CHEAP FURNITURE.—Whatnots, from 20s; Walnut Loo Tables, from 80s; Open Bookcases, from 35s; Chests Drawers, from 40s; Washstands, from 10s 6d; Tables, from 7s 6d; Wardrobes, from 80s; Dining Tables, from 30s; Cedar Chiffoniers, from 25s; Cedar Sideboards, from 70s; Kitchen Pressers, from 30s; Kitchen Tables, from 10s; Folding Clothes Horses, from 7s 6d. BRADLEY, NEWTON, and LAMB, O'Connell and Spring streets.

JAPANESE BLINDS, for Verandahs, 6 x 8, 9s 6d; 8 x 8, 11s; 10 x 8, 14s. Bradley, Newton, and Lamb.

GENUINE FURNITURE SALE.
ASSIGNED ESTATE of H. LEVY and CO.,
29, 31, 33, Park-street.

A large and varied assortment of Household FURNITURE, fully 25 per cent. under original cost.
This is not a mere puff advertisement, but a genuine sale. Call and judge for yourselves.
Cash, or easy terms.

WHY DO YOU CALL IT THE AUTOMATIC? Because the wonderful and simply-contrived self-adjusting tension does away with all regulating by the operator. The reel of cotton, just as you bought it, is placed on the spool pin, and the thread simply passed under the tension, which rises automatically once for every stitch. This releases just enough thread, and draws in the slack, so as to leave the stitch neither too tight or too loose, no matter what material you change to or what size cotton you use. No wonder, then, this machine is such a favourite with all who use it.
HEBBLEWHITE and CO., 416, George-street,
4 doors north of Royal Hotel,
Depot for Household Requisites.

COME and See our Show of BEDSTEADS, new designs, just opened. Time payments, without deposits.
NEUSTADT and CO.,
154, Oxford-street.

FURNITURE on TIME PAYMENTS, without deposits. No money lenders; no extortionate interest; strictly cash prices.
NEUSTADT and CO., 154, Oxford-street.

FOR SALE, cheap, Office FURNITURE, new and second-hand Suites of Furniture, Showcases, Tanks, Basketware, Perambulators, new and second-hand Carpets. LUCAS and CO., 254, Pitt-street.

FOR SALE, Cedar COUNTER, length 6 feet 6 inches, price 25s. F. Bell, back of Deaf and Dumb Asylum, Darlington.

Businesses for Sale.

ROYAL HOTEL, CROYDON.

The Lease, License, Furniture, and Goodwill of this well-known Hotel. For particulars, apply to J. S. Paris, proprietor, or De Lissa and Phillips, wine and spirit merchants, 8, Barrack-street.

MEDICAL.—£1000 PER ANNUM.

PRACTICE to be Disposed-of in rapidly improving, densely populated sugar district in New South Wales; premium, £350 cash, with first-class introductions. P. H. R., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, BOARDING-HOUSE and Restaurant, in Clarence-street, corner of Barrack-street; 14 rooms and kitchen, &c.; furniture new; doing a good business; a good bargain, must be sold. Apply 86, Clarence-street.

GENERAL AGENCY COMPANY,
THE PREMIER BUSINESS AGENTS,
87, King William-street, Adelaide, South Australia,
HAS FOR SALE,
in the principal street in Adelaide a good paying Music Warehouse, stock at valuation; a lump sum as an investment; the best paying business in the colony. Also, Restaurants, Ironmongery, and other businesses.

GROCERY and Greengrocery, doing £40 week; splendid situation. Staples and Co., 143, King-street.

DAIRY, with 20 cows, horses, carts, &c., in same hands 12 years, good city trade. £250. Staples and Co.

GROCERY, suburban, good lease, splendid opening for a pushing man, £10 goodwill. Staples and Co.

HOTEL, city, £800; Petersham, £650; Five Dock, £450. Staples and Co., 143, King-street.

FOR SALE, the old-established BOARDING ESTABLISHMENT and Laundry, which has been carried on for the last 10 years so successfully by Mrs. Pitt; reason for selling on account of a death in the family. Apply 67, Elizabeth-street North.

DALVEEN and HOGAN, 313, George-street, have HOTELS for SALE, £300, £700, £1000, £1400, £1700, £3000.

FRANK MARSHALL, 110, Elizabeth-street.—Tobacconists, Hairdressers, Boarding-houses, Restaurant, and Wine Shop, Grocery, Hotels, and other Businesses. Please call for particulars.

RESTAURANT for SALE. Apply 92, Bathurst-street. Central.

WOOD AND COAL YARD.—To Persons Wishing to Enter this Lucrative Business.—The undersigned have for SALE a splendid 10 H.P. ENGINE and 14 H.P. Boiler, Saw Bench, Saws, and complete Plant for wood-cutting. The whole has just been erected on a most desirable corner block, on which are built a 4-roomed cottage and new iron shed. The premises may be had on lease for 3 or 5 years, and the engine and plant will be sold for cash or on approved terms to close a partnership account. BRETNALL and TAYLOR, Accountants, Wentworth-court.

FOR SALE, Confectionery and Refreshment Business; good position; long lease, low rent. X. W., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, a LICENSE to retail Fermented and Spirituous Liquors, cheap, Metropolitan Licensing district. Apply Fahey's Hotel, George and Regent streets.

FOR SALE, fine Bootmaking BUSINESS, no reasonable offer refused. Apply early at 142, Cumberland-street.

A PRIVATE BOARDING-HOUSE for SALE; good position, always full; terms low. E. B. H., G. P. O.

FOR SALE, superior single men's BOARDING-HOUSE, central, 20 rooms, 32 boarders, and always full. Address G. J., Herald Office.

FOR SALE, Wood, Coal, and Chaff BUSINESS, plant complete. Co-operative Store, Union-street, Pyrmont.

GARLAND and CO., 331, Pitt-street, near Bathurst-street.—Hotels. Call and see our magnificent list.

MUST be SOLD, to close accounts, the MORUYA STEAM SAWMILLS, in good working order, on waterside; every convenience; no reasonable offer refused. Particulars C. T. Laxton, Enterprise, Bridge-road, and Harris-street.

GRANT and CO., 10, Park-street.—HOTELS, £300, £400, £500, £550, to £5000. Half cash advanced.

FOR SALE, several good Hotel BUSINESSES, and Groceries. Brown and Wood, 163, King-street.

BONNEY and HENRY.—Manufacturing BUSINESS, a splendid position, with increasing trade; price, £250; stock and machinery well worth the money. Safe investment. 77, Market-street.

BONNEY and HENRY have Buyers for Hotels, Businesses, Property, Investments, &c. 77, Market-street.

Horticultural, Farming, &c.

MEMORIAM FLORAL WREATHS and CROSSES TO ORDER.
SEARL and SONS, BOUQUETISTS and FLORISTS,
3 and 5, George-street Markets.

ONE Hundred Thousand CABBAGE and CAULIFLOWER on SALE. Our New FLOWER SEEDS are now to hand, ex Rosetta. SEARL and SONS, 3 and 5, George-street Markets; and Blair Athol Nursery, Petersham.

SEEDS and PLANTS.—ANDERSON and CO., Seed Merchants, 310, and 318, Pitt-street.

Auction Sales.

New Double-seated Buggy, with lamps.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock.
The above new vehicle.

Village Cart.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
A neat light village cart, in good repair.

Six Fresh Country Horses.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from the owner to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
6 very useful horses, all broken to saddle and harness, and some of which would make good van or light draught horses.

On account of Mr. Wm. Jones, Kiama,
Splendid carriage pair and match horse
2 very useful saddle and harness horses.

Handsome Saddle Pony.

GEORGE KISS has received instructions from D. Hetherington, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
A handsome chestnut pony, quiet to ride and has been in harness.

Horses, Vehicles, and Harness.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 244, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
All lots not specially advertised.
And at 12 o'clock,
Advertised lots.
Sales at the Bazaar daily, and at Camperdown as advertised.
Stabling.—Charges moderate, and best forage obtainable.

20 HEAD of HEAVY and LIGHT HORSES.

On account of Sundry Owners.
To be sold at
WILLIAM INGLIS and CO.'S BAZAAR,
THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from sundry owners to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
20 head of heavy and light horses, all in excellent condition.

SOUTH CREEK HORSES.

TWO POWERFUL DRAUGHT HORSES.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from Mr. George Strange, to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
A dapple brown mare, very powerful, 5 years old, staunch, and subject to trial
A brown gelding, staunch, and good in collar, and subject to trial
A cart and harness.

Preliminary Notice.

EIGHT SUPERIOR SHETLAND PONIES,
to be sold
on TUESDAY, 4th March, at 12 o'clock,
at William Inglis and Co.'s Bazaar.

WILLIAM INGLIS and CO. have received instructions from John Bennett, Esq., to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, on TUESDAY next, 4th March, at 12 o'clock,
Eight superior Shetland ponies, perfectly broken, and in excellent condition.
Fuller particulars in future advertisement.

T. COSGROVE and CO. will sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
4 saddle horses
16 useful light harness ditto
8 draught ditto
1 superior hack.
Also,
1 van horse and harness.
Without reserve.

HANDSOME GREY HORSE.
DOUBLE-SEAT CUTUNDER BUGGY AND HARNESS.

T. COSGROVE and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at the Bazaar, 180, Castlereagh-street, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock,
The above superior lot.

On View from 9 o'clock THIS DAY, and well worthy the attention of intending buyers.

BRUNKER and WOLFE will sell by auction, on H. R. Co.'s Wharf, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock,
Bales lucerne and oaten hay.

Terms, cash.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, the 29th instant, 1884, at 2.30 o'clock,
Prime fat pigs
Prime fat calves.

F. L. BARKER will sell by auction, at his Stores, at 10 a.m., Hides; and 2.30 p.m., Tallow.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

HILL, CLARK, and CO. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at 10 o'clock sharp,
Hides, calfskins, kangaroo skins, &c.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.

JOHN BRIDGE will sell by auction, at his Produce Stores, THIS DAY, at 10,
Hides. And at half-past 2,
Tallow.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by public auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at 10 o'clock,
Hides, yearlings, kangaroo skins, &c.
At half-past 2 o'clock,
Casks tallow.

On SATURDAY, at 9.30 a.m.,
Horns, bones, hair, and beeswax.
Terms, cash.

BARK. BARK. BARK.

MORT and CO., Limited, will sell by public auction, at their Produce Warehouses, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11.30 a.m.,
Bags bark.
Terms, cash.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, THIS DAY, Friday,
At their Sale Yards, 827, George-street,
at 12 o'clock sharp,
Calves, pigs, lambs, suckers
150 coops poultry of all kinds.

At 2 o'clock sharp.
The usual weekly supply of dairy produce, comprising roll butter, keg butter, and cheese from the best dairies in the southern districts, superior corn-fed bacon, 100 cases fresh eggs, lard, honey, &c., &c.

FAT LAMBS. FAT LAMBS.

WILLIAM INGLIS and SON will sell by auction, at their Stock Sale Yards, 827, George-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at 12 o'clock,
40 prime fat lambs, from Jerry's Plains.

SEAFORTH PROCTER will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Newtown Station, at 7 o'clock,
Billet wood, foot wood, posts, rails, bark.
At Darling Harbour, at 8 o'clock,
Billet wood, bundle and foot wood, spokes, stocks.
At 9 o'clock,
Oaten and lucerne hay, straw, potatoes, and pumpkins.
At his Mart, 715 and 727, George-street, at 11 o'clock,
Fat pigs, suckers, lambs, calves
100 coops turkeys, geese, ducks, fowls.
At 2 o'clock, roll and keg butter, from Camden, Menangle, and Moss Vale; honey, cheese, bacon, hams, fowls, 150 cases superior hen and duck eggs, hair, horns, hides, bones, tallow, and sundries.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell, at Newtown Station daily, at 7, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell, at Darling Harbour daily, at 8, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell This Morning at Darling Harbour, at 9, Hay, corn, chaff, straw, pumpkins.
Poultry, Sucking Pigs, Eggs, Butter, Cheese, Bacon, Fruit, &c.

RICHARDSON and NIXON will sell, at the Yards, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock sharp,
100 coops poultry, turkeys, fowls, geese, ducks, &c.
130 cases butter and eggs
All kinds of summer fruits, grapes, oranges, &c.
Also, a large quantity of cheese and bacon.
RICHARDSON and NIXON, Auctioneers,
Engine-street, Haymarket, Sydney.

Hay, Straw, Chaff, Maize, Pumpkins, Potatoes.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, This Day, at 9 o'clock,
Hay, straw, chaff, maize, pumpkins, potatoes.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Newtown Station, THIS DAY, at 7 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails.

DENT and PERRY will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, at 8 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails.

To Parties Furnishing, Dealers, Furniture Brokers, Dealers, and others.

SALE of very Superior HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS of a handsome and costly description, SEATON HOUSE, No. 319, Crown-street, Surry Hills, opposite Public School, THIS DAY (Friday), February 29, 11 a.m. sharp.

GRAY and CO. will sell by public auction, on the Premises, THIS DAY, 11 a.m. sharp,
The whole of the above, comprising handsome parlour suites, costly dining-room and bedroom furniture, carpets, oilcloth, cutlery, crockery, bedsteads, bed linen, &c., kitchen utensils, &c. Without reserve. Terms, cash.

SATURDAY, March 1, at half-past 10 o'clock.

At 132, GEORGE-STREET West, near St. Benedict's Church.

LAVERACK and CO. are instructed to sell by auction, as above,
SUPERIOR HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and Effects, comprising dining-room suite in morocco, handsome pier glass, valuable oil paintings; walnut chiffonier, plate-glass back and doors; valuable bronzes, vases, carpets, oilcloth, electro-plate, ELECTRO-PLATE PLANT and CHEMICALS, electric bath, lathes, irons, &c.

Terms, cash.

THOS. LUBY, 111, Liverpool-street, near George-street, will sell by auction, on SATURDAY, without reserve, under bill of sale,
Cedar tables, chairs, washing stands and sets
Dressing tables, meat safe, large harmonium (8 stops)
2 sewing-machines, 2 brass scales and weights, steelyards
Saddles, guns, iron beds, curtains, several blankets
Counterpanes, feather beds, preserved onions, and a lot of sundries, &c., &c., &c.

TO-MORROW, on LANE COVE-ROAD, near Russell's Hotel.
HARDIE and GORMAN will sell beautiful orchard land, the CHATSWOOD ESTATE,
in building plots.
Plans are ready. Special conveyances will run.
Apply early at the Salerooms, 133, Pitt-street.
Torrens' title, and only 10 per cent. deposit.

Auction Sales.

BUTTER. BUTTER. BUTTER.

100 KEGS (more or less).

THE SOUTH COAST AND WEST CAMDEN CO-OPERATIVE COMPANY, Limited, will sell by auction at their Stores, Sussex-street, TO-DAY, Friday, at 12 noon, 100 kegs (more or less) New South Wales butter.

No Reserve.

ROYAL OAK SALE YARDS, 699, George-street.

WELLS and GREENHALGH will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 2 o'clock, at the above Yards, Poultry, eggs, butter, bacon, cheese, Potatoes, onions, fruit, &c.

WELLS and GREENHALGH will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at Newtown, at 7 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails, &c.
At Darling Harbour, at 8 o'clock, Wood, posts, rails, &c.

WELLS and GREENHALGH will sell by auction, at Darling Harbour, THIS DAY, 9 o'clock, Hay, straw, chaff, maize, potatoes, pumpkins, &c.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, at Corporation Yards, THIS DAY, half-past 2 o'clock, PIGS and CALVES, Lambs and cows.

GEORGE WELLS will sell by auction, at the HUNTER RIVER STEAM COMPANY'S WHARFS, THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock, Lucerne hay, oaten hay, and maize.

BRUNKER and WOLFE have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, the 29th instant, at 10 o'clock, Hides, yearlings, &c.
At Half-past 2, Casks tallow.

FAT PIGS. FAT PIGS.

ELLIS and CO. have received instructions to sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street South, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock sharp, 100 prime corn-fed porkers, per rail.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

ELLIS and CO. will sell by auction, at their Yards, 791, George-street, THIS DAY, at 1 o'clock, 100 prime corn-fed porkers, per rail. Fat calves, lambs, pigs, suckers, and a large quantity of poultry of every description.
At half-past 1 o'clock, Roll and keg butter, cheese, bacon, eggs, honey, lard, fruit, &c.
At 4 o'clock, Hides, tallow, wool, sheep-skins, &c.

WEEKLY PRODUCE SALE.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, Circular Quay, THIS DAY, Friday, the 29th instant, at 10 o'clock sharp, Hides, calf-skins, &c.
And at 2.30 p.m., Casks tallow.

Terms, cash.

WHEAT. WHEAT. WHEAT.

HARRISON, JONES, and DEVLIN, Limited, will sell by auction, at their new Wool Stores, Macquarie-place, THIS DAY, Friday, at 11 o'clock sharp, Bags of wheat.

Terms, cash.

7000 STORE WETHERS, ARMIDALE.

F. BACON and CO., in conjunction with Gawthrop and Crossman, will offer for SALE by auction, at Show Grounds, Armidale, on SATURDAY, March 1, at 11 o'clock, 7000 superior Riverina breds 4-tooth wethers, August shorn, cut 7lb. wool, one mark. In lots to suit purchasers.
F. BACON and CO., Sheep and Cattle Salesmen, Gunnedah; or, GAWTHROP and CROSSMAN, Armidale.

BUTTER. BUTTER.

FEED and SEED OATS.

THE NEW ZEALAND LOAN and MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY, Limited, will sell by auction, at the Stores, 22, Erskine-street, THIS DAY, at 12 punctually,
K, 14 kegs prime N. Z. butter
T, 19 ditto ditto
TM, 11 ditto ditto
500 sacks stout feed oats
250 ditto seed ditto.

AMERICAN CANNED FRUITS and SALMON.

Peremptory Sale to Close Consignments.

THE NEW ZEALAND LOAN and MERCANTILE AGENCY COMPANY, Limited, will sell by auction, THIS DAY, at 12 punctually,
192 cases apricots
12 cases 1lb. salmon.

FRIDAY, February 29, at half-past 10 o'clock.

At the Butter Stores, 114, Sussex-street.

BUTTER. BUTTER. BUTTER.

250 Kegs, from New Zealand and Victoria.

Just landed.

TATE BROS. will sell by auction, at their Produce Stores, 114, Sussex-street, THIS DAY, at half-past 10 o'clock, The above consignments, in lots to suit purchasers.

FRIDAY, February 29, at 12 o'clock.

At the Grain Sale Rooms, Sussex-street.

TATE BROS. will sell by auction, on account of the Manning River Farmers' Association, THIS DAY, at 12 o'clock, Bags maize
Also
Bags seed and feed oats
Bags oaten and straw chaff
Bags bran and pollard
Bales straw.

THIS DAY, Friday, 29th instant, at 11 a.m.

Imperative and Highly Attractive Sale by Public Auction of Superior and Substantial HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising magnificent Pianoforte, by Bishop

Music Stools

Elegant Drawing-room Suite, in crimson velvet

Superior Set Holland Suite Covers

Massive Sideboard, plateglass back

British Plate Pier Glasses, Toilet Glasses

Horsehair Dining-room Suite

Cedar Sideboards, Child Safes, Occ. Tables

Beautiful Inlaid Walnut Loo Tables
Ladies' Bell-shaped Work Tables
Superior Electroplated Ware, Cutlery
Hand-painted Dinner Services, Dessert Sets
Breakfast Services, Glassware, Bronze Vases, Carpets, Oilcloth, and Stair Carpet, Double and Single Tubular Bedsteads and Bedding
Walnut Duchess Toilets and Ware, Marble Slab Washstands, D. Tables, Toilet Tables, Cedar Washstands
Austrian Chairs, Carpet Chairs, Easy Chairs, Cornice and Curtains, Fender and Irons
Oil Paintings, Oleographs, Engravings
Kitchen Utensils, Sundries, &c.

TO PARTIES FURNISHING, PRIVATE BUYERS, DEALERS, COMMISSION AGENTS, and OTHERS.

MESSRS. HAINS and PHILLIPS have been favoured with instructions from the proprietor, on account of a death in the family, and in consequence is compelled to sell every article without any reserve by public auction, at No. 11, Golden Grove-terrace, Darlington-road, back of Deaf and Dumb Institution, Old Newtown-road, THIS DAY, Friday, 29th instant, at 11 a.m. sharp.

THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock, on the Premises, 19, Wemyss-street, off Goulburn-street, HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND EFFECTS, comprising—
H. H. SUITE, PIER-GLASS, PLATED WARE
AUSTRIAN FURNITURE, Carpets, and Oilcloth
Cedar Sideboards, Lustres, Ornaments
Loo, Dining, and Occasional Tables
Dinner Ware, Glassware, Cornices
4-Post and Tubular Bedsteads
Single and Double Half-Testers
Palliasses, Mattresses, and Bedding
Cedar Chests of Drawers, M. S. Toilet, Glasses
Double Washstands and Toilet Ware
Kitchen Dresser, Household Requisites, and Sundries.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, on the premises, 19, Wemyss-street, off Goulburn-street, THIS DAY, Friday, at half-past 10 o'clock, Household furniture and effects, as above.

Unredeemed Pledges.

H. L. DUNN and SON will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 275, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, The unredeemed pledges pawned with Mr. Lewis Samuels, of George-st. North, consisting of clothing, boots, &c., at 10 o'clock; Sundries, at 12 o'clock; and first-class Jewellery, at 2 o'clock.

WEDNESDAY, March 12, at 2 o'clock p.m., at Melbourne Exchange.
To Merchants, Shipowners, and others.
The splendid A1 Iron Barque GLASLYN,
For Absolute Sale.
372 tons register
154 feet 4 inches length
28 feet 1 inch breadth
13 feet 2 inches depth.

LORD and HUGHES are instructed to offer for sale by public auction, at the Melbourne Exchange Auction Room, on WEDNESDAY, 12th instant, at 2 o'clock, The splendid vessel GLASLYN, for absolute sale, by order of the Mortgagees.
This vessel is of light draft of water, a large carrier, and is well and favourably known in the colonial and Cape trade.
This is a splendid chance for any person wanting such a vessel to obtain a first-class one at a reasonable price. She is now open for inspection at Sandridge Railway Pier.
For full particulars and inventory, inquire at Office of Auctioneers.
LORD and HUGHES, No. 6, Mutual Provident-buildings, Collins-street West.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

HUNTER'S HILL.

SATURDAY, 11 a.m.

FOR SALE, at ROCKLEA, Household Furniture and Effects. Also, a very fine Boat, Sails, &c., &c., and a very handsome Cottage Piano, nearly new.

W. J. DOYLE has received instructions from J. C. Bingle, Esq., to sell the above by auction.

Terms, cash. No reserve.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp.

TO FURNITURE WAREHOUSEMEN, DEALERS, &c.

A very Choice Shipment of
GILT and BLACK and GOLD GLASSES, 30 x 18 to 50 x 40
Ditto Ditto Ditto, 60 x 48 and 74 x 50
OVERMANTELS, in new designs
GIRANDOLES, TRAY and MARBLE TOILETS
BEVELLED TOILETS and CHEVAL GLASSES, &c.

Ex Thirlmere and Halloween.

CHAS. MOORE and CO. have been instructed by the manufacturers to sell by auction, at their Rooms, 183, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock sharp,
A very choice shipment of the above, comprising—
Carved gilt chimney glasses, 30 x 18, 36 x 24, 40 x 50
Ditto ditto ditto, 50 x 40 and 54 x 44
Black and gold ditto, ditto
Ditto ditto ditto, 30 x 18, 36 x 24, and 40 x 30
Mahogany and walnut ditto, 40 x 30 and 44 x 34
Very choice gilt piers, 50 x 40 to 70 x 50
Black and gold ditto, ditto
Overmantels in new designs, bevelled plates
Girandoles in gilt and black and gold, walnut, &c.
Cheval glasses, in mahogany, birch, and walnut
Plain and moulded tray toilets, marble slabs and bevelled plates,
&c., &c.

Terms at sale.

THIS DAY, 29th instant, at 11 o'clock.

TRIAL SHIPMENT of BLUE ENAMELLED HOLLOWARE, comprising
BAKING, PIE, and VEGETABLE DISHES
Tea-kettles, Coffee-pots, Milk Cans
CUPS, PLATES (curved and flat)
Stewpans, Fillys, Frypans
Gridirons, Footbaths, Wash Dishes
MUGS, TOILET SETS, SLOP PAILS, WATER JUGS
Latches, Bell Springs, Bolts, Brass Locks, Harmonium Handles, &c., &c.

CADOGAN and CRANE (successors to H. Vaughan) have received instructions to sell by auction, at their New Rooms, 142, King-street East, The above.

SATURDAY, 1st MARCH, at 2.30 o'clock.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS.

PIANOFORTE
Tables, Chairs, Couches, Pictures, Books
Wardrobes, Chest Drawers
Bedsteads, Bedding, Bedroom Furniture
Crockery and Kitchen Utensils
NEW PATENT MANGLE.

CADOGAN and CRANE (successors to H. Vaughan) have received instructions to sell by auction, on the Premises, Waverley Villa, Waverley-crescent, Waverley, The above.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

ORDER OF SALE.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 197, PITT-STREET.

THIS DAY, 29th February. — Magnificent shipment of 81 cases High Art London Made Furniture, Mirrors, Overmantels, Pianoforte, ex Thirlmere, from London, under instructions from Messrs. W. Saber and Sons.

ON AN EARLY DAY. — 15 cases Splendid Pianofortes, the celebrated Simon on the Lipp model, ex Peterborough, from London. By order of the Importers.

HARRIS and ACKMAN, Auctioneers, 197, Pitt-street.

THE NEW AUCTION MART, 197, PITT-STREET.

THIS DAY, FEBRUARY 29th, at 11 a.m.

EXTENSIVE and HIGHLY ATTRACTIVE SALE BY AUCTION of 81 CASES LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, MIRRORS, OVERMANTELS, ELEGANT PIANOFORTES, &c.

Landed in splendid condition.

Ex THIRLMERE, from London.

Under instructions from Messrs. W. SABER and SONS.

THIS SPLENDID SHIPMENT comprises

DRAWING-ROOM FURNITURE.
ELEGANT SUITES, in FINE WALNUT, upholstered in Embossed Velvets and Rich Coloured Reps and Silks
BLACK SETTEE SUITES, in Tapestry and Plush
WALNUT HEAVY BANISTER BACK SUITES, in Tapestry and Plush
BLACK and GOLD SETTEE SUITES, in Rich Tapestry and Crimson Plush
CHIPPENDALE SUITES, in Crimson and Gold, &c., Silk Brocatelles
EBONISED E. E. SUITES, upholstered in Tapestry and Crimson Plush, with Fringe Borders and Corded Edges
WALNUT Inlaid Pillar Front CHIFFONIERES, with P.G. Backs and Marble Tops
E. E. CHIFFONIERES, in Walnut and Ebonite
INLAID WALNUT LOO TABLES (oval), on Pillar Standards &c.
WALNUT Davenport Whatnots
BELL WORK TABLES, Black and Gold Gipsy Tables
P. G. Back Walnut Inlaid Whatnots
Ebonised Enclosed Whatnots, with Mirrored Backs
OCCASIONAL TABLES—square, oval, and oblong
Richly-decorated BLACK and GOLD CABINETS
Walnut Inlaid Card Tables
EBONISED E.E. CABINETS, Ormolu mounted, and Inlaid Amboyna and Tulip Wood, with Bevelled Mirrors
Walnut, Oak, and Ebonised Coal Vases
Patent Nursery Chairs
Black and Gold Card Tables
Amboyna Cabinets, with Ormolu and Ebonite mounts
MUSIC CABINETS and Canterburies, richly inlaid
Square and Corner WHATNOTS, inlaid Walnut, on castors
Folding Chairs, with leg-rests (in American cloth)
Morocco-covered Music Stools, Spider Music Stools
INLAID COFFEE TABLES
Black and Gold Willow-seat Chairs
Hammock Chairs, White Spindle Croquet Chairs
FOLDING CHAIRS, in Birch, Walnut, Black Willow, &c.

DINING-ROOM FURNITURE.
SPLENDID SUITES, in OAK, FERN FIGURED, STUFFED BACKS, in Maroon Morocco
WALNUT STUFFED BACK SUITES, in Green Morocco
HEAVY CARVED OAK Stuffed Back Suites, in Crimson Morocco
MAHOGANY EASY CHAIRS, in Horsehair and in Leather; also Fancy Cretonnes
Open-back Suites and Cromwell ditto, covered in Morocco
OAK STUFFED BACK SUITES, in Crimson French Morocco
LIGHT and BROWN OAK SUITES, Stuffed Backs, in Buff French Morocco
MAHOGANY SPOON-BACK SUITE, Half-spindle Tops, covered Leather
MAHOGANY CYLINDER BOOKCASES
FINE PEDESTAL SIDEBOARDS, in OAK, with Bevelled Mirrors
Cover-top MASSIVE SIDEBOARDS, in Dark Walnut, with Bevelled Glass
E.E. DESIGN OAK SIDEBOARDS
Ditto in WALNUT and MAHOGANY ditto
MAHOGANY SECRETAIRE BOOKCASE, with plate-glass doors
CYLINDER WRITING-TABLES in SPANISH MAHOGANY
Dwarf Cylinder Bookcases, in Oak, Mahogany, and Walnut
Venetian LETTER CASES, with cylinder fronts
MAHOGANY CORNER CABINETS.

HALL FURNITURE.
GLOVE-BOX, HAT STANDS, in Mahogany and Oak
OAK and MAHOGANY turned-leg HALL CHAIRS
OAK CABRIOLE ditto.

BEDROOM FURNITURE.
MAGNIFICENT EXHIBITION WARDROBE in Walnut and Satinwood, with triple dome top, richly carved
WALNUT CARVED BEACONSFIELD SUITES, with bevelled mirrors
Suites in fine walnut, complete
BREAKFRONT WARDROBES, in Walnut, carved dome tops
DECORATED BEDROOM SUITES, with bevelled mirrors
CHEVAL TOILETS, in fine Italian Walnut and Spanish Mahogany
MAHOGANY and WALNUT TOILET CHESTS
BURR WALNUT 6-feet column BEDROOM SUITE complete
"GLADSTONE" BEDROOM SUITE, in CARVED ASH, with bevelled mirrors complete
BEST WALNUT PEDESTAL TOILETS, shaped fronts, tiled backs, and marble tops
Half-circle Toilets, in Mahogany, Birch, and Walnut
EUGENIE COUCHES (Bedroom Lounges), in French Cretonne
LARGE DIVAN CHAIRS, in French Cretonne
Box, Fluted, Serpentine, and O. G. COMMODES
Regular Cane-seated Chairs.

MIRRORS, &c.
OVERMANTELS in WALNUT Frames
BLACK and GOLD OVERMANTELS, Coved Tops
"Season" MIRRORS in Gilt and Ebonite
PIER GLASSES in Black and Gold Frames.

PIANOFORTES
By Erhardt, Nicolle, Rubinstein, Kirkman, &c.
Hair
Feather Pillows
Packing Cases.

To Furniture Warehousemen, Shippers, Upholsterers, Ladies and Gentlemen Furnishing, Connoisseurs, Country Buyers, &c., &c.

HARRIS and ACKMAN have been favoured with instructions from Messrs. W. SABER and SONS to arrange for SALE BY AUCTION, at the NEW AUCTION MART, No. 197, PITT-STREET, THIS DAY, 29th FEBRUARY, at 11 o'clock,
THE ABOVE MAGNIFICENT SHIPMENT of LONDON-MADE FURNITURE, MIRRORS, PIANOFORTES, &c.

Landed, ex Thirlmere, from London.

ON VIEW THURSDAY, 28th FEBRUARY, also MORNING OF SALE.
DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUES are in course of preparation, and will be obtainable at the ROOMS of the AUCTIONEERS, 197, PITT-STREET.

LUNCHEON PROVIDED.

TERMS, LIBERAL, AT SALE.
NO RESERVE.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 29, at 11 o'clock.
IMPERATIVE UNRESERVED CLEARANCE SALE OF PICTURES and FANCY GOODS.
THE OWNER LEAVING THE COLONY.
To Parties Furnishing, Hotelkeepers, Brokers, Dealers, and Collections, &c.
Unequalled Collection of OIL PAINTINGS in magnificent MASSIVE FLORENTINE FRAMES, and
A most recherché assortment of OLEOGRAPHS, consisting of DEVOTIONS, MAGDALENES, BOAR HUNTS, IN DISGRACE, HUNTING, COURSING, YACHTING, LANDSCAPES, &c. Also,
10 Cases Assorted Fancy Goods, embracing Purses, Knives, Scissors, Cruets, Brushes, Walking Sticks, Mechanical Toys, Boxes in Nests, Cash and Bonnet Boxes, Baskets, Bags, &c.

P. O. A. and A. COMPANY will sell THIS DAY, Friday, WITHOUT RESERVE, at their Rooms, 114, Pitt-street, at 11 o'clock,
The whole of the above goods.
N. B.—The owner leaving the colony has instructed to sell the whole of the above to the highest bidder, without reserve.

THIS DAY, at 11 o'clock.

LAVERACK and CO. are instructed to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 208, Pitt-street,
FANCY BASKETS
Toys, glove and handkerchief boxes
Silver Jewellery, &c.
Children's hats, clothing, &c.
Also the PLANT OF A CONFECTIONER, comprising moulds, rollers, tools, sundries.
Terms, cash.

BURWOOD.

SATURDAY, March 1, at 2 o'clock, at the Residence of R. BEDFORD, Esq., corner of LUCAS-ROAD and PRINCES-STREET, opposite the late residence of Rev. LUMSDAINE, BURWOOD.
Attractive SALE of ELEGANT HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE and EFFECTS, comprising,
Handsome DRAWING-ROOM SUITE, in Cretonne
ELEGANT Walnut Sideboard, Plate Glass Back
Inlaid Walnut Centre Table, Whatnots
Handsome Pier Glasses, choice Vases, Lustres
Brilliant-toned Cottage PIANOFORTE
Dining-room Furniture, Bookcase
TUBULAR BEDSTEADS, Bedding
Pair Handsome TOILETS and Ware
Chests Drawers, Linen Press
Washstands and Sets, Toilet Tables and Glasses
Austrian Chairs, Kitchen Utensils, &c.
Also, 2 Horses, Hooded Buggy, and Harness, Milch Cow, Poultry.

LAVERACK and CO. are instructed by R. Bedford, Esq., to sell by auction, as above,
The whole of his furniture, &c.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

ANDREW ALLAN has received instructions from H. Prescott, Esq., to sell by auction, at his residence, Gleamore-road, Rushcutter Bay, on SATURDAY, at half-past 2 o'clock,
The building materials of a brick house of 8 rooms.
The building is all in good order.
The partitions are all solid brick.
The doors and windows are all in perfect order.
The doors, locks, and window sashes and glass are all sound.
Lot corrugated iron, verandah posts.
Chandelier and gas piping.
17 room doors, galvanized-iron bath.

Terms, cash. No reserve.

Office—143, King-street.

BUILDING MATERIALS, on the Ground, at the corner of Victoria and Orwell streets, Upper Woolloomooloo.
To be sold to make room for the erection of first-class HOUSES, on MONDAY next, March 3.

W. PRITCHARD has received instructions to sell by auction, on the Ground, Victoria and Orwell streets, Upper Woolloomooloo, on MONDAY next, March 3, at 11 o'clock,
A large quantity of building materials, consisting of
Hardwood joists and scantling, flooring boards, doors, sashes, window frames, ironwork, battens, &c., &c.
These materials are the accumulation of a builder's yard.
Terms, cash.

THIS DAY, February 29.

INVOICES and OPEN STOCK of
FANCY GOODS
PIPES, &c.
GLASS and E.P. WARES, &c., &c.
CUTLERY
IRONMONGERY
STATIONERY, &c.

JAMES RODD will sell by auction, at the Rooms, 7, Wynyard-street.
Invoices of the above.

At 12.30,
TEA, TOBACCO, &c.

TO CLERGYMEN, LITERARY STUDENTS, Library Collectors, Booksellers, and Others.

Important Sale of a CHOICE LIBRARY of a Literary Gentleman.
Without any Reserve.

KELLETT and ALFORD are favoured with instructions to sell by auction at their Saleroom, 14, Barrack-street, TO-DAY, at 11,
A very fine collection of books, comprising—
PHILOSOPHICAL
THEOLOGICAL
SCIENTIFIC
HISTORICAL
POETICAL and
CRITICAL WORKS,
including—
TRANSLATIONS of German Commentaries
HEBREW and GREEK Concordances
Alison's, Macaulay's, and Prescott's Histories
Chaucer's and other poems, &c., &c.
Also,
A quantity of new HISTORICAL and BIOGRAPHICAL works, just landed.
No reserve.

TO DRAPERS AND STOREKEEPERS.
The Balance of BANKRUPT STOCK, from Northern Township,
And
28 CASES NEW SEASONABLE DRAPERY in
MANCHESTER GOODS
FURNISHING GOODS
MEN'S CLOTHING
COTTON and WOOL HOSIERY.

KELLETT and ALFORD have a large shipment of GOODS as above, now opening up, some of them consignments direct from London, with instructions to sell by auction WITHOUT ANY RESERVE.
Sale, TUESDAY NEXT, at 11 sharp.
By order of Messrs. MASON BROTHERS.

THIS DAY, 29th February.

To Gentlemen Furnishing, the Trade, Furniture Dealers, &c.

Open Stock of Dinner, Dessert, Toilet, Breakfast, and Tea Services, General Fancy Goods, and an accumulated lot of Samples.

FRASER and CO. will sell by auction, THIS DAY, 29th February, at the City Mart, at 11 o'clock,
The above, being balances of consignments to close accounts previous to the transfer of the business of Mason Brothers, to Mason Brothers, Limited.

WATER FRONTAGE Subdivision at North Shore, TO-MORROW. Richardson and Wrench.

NEXT SATURDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 1, 1884.
CHATSWOOD,
NORTH WILLOUGHBY.
TO ENGLISH FRUIT-GROWERS FOR THE SYDNEY MARKET.
A CAPITAL SUBDIVISON of EXCELLENT ORCHARD LAND,
situate on the LANE COVE-ROAD, just beyond the NORTHERN HOTEL, adjoining the property of Thomas Dalton, Esq., M.L.A., on one side, and of John Brown, Esq., on the other, and opposite Mrs. Fuller's residence, and close Fuller's estate recently subdivided.
31 ALLOTMENTS, situate fronting
LANE COVE-ROAD,
VICTORIA AVENUE,
THOMAS-STREET, and
DALTON-STREET.
THE PROPERTY has been so judiciously subdivided as to allow from two to three rows of fruit trees in full bearing to each allotment.
Upon the Lane Cove-road frontage is erected a commodious W.B. Store, recently known as the "Chatswood Post Office." This will be included in the sale.
LITHOS, READY.
TITLE, FREEHOLD.
NOTE THE VERY EASY TERMS:
10 per cent. deposit, and the balance in 3, 6, 9, and 12 months.
NO INTEREST.
There is an Excellent Service of omnibuses plying frequently to and from Milson's Point during the day.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction,
ON THE GROUND,
AT CHATSWOOD,
ON SATURDAY AFTERNOON NEXT, March 1, 1884,
at 3.30 precisely, in 31 LOTS,
The above-described subdivision of excellent orchard land, situate fronting the LANE COVE-ROAD at CHATSWOOD, NORTH WILLOUGHBY.
Special Omnibuses will run on the day of sale.

WEDNESDAY NEXT, MARCH 5.

No. 96, CLEVELAND-STREET, DARLINGTON.

A BLOCK of LAND, having 20 feet frontage, by 76 feet deep, to a Lane at rear, upon which is erected an iron Shed, at present occupied by Mr. Goldspring as a Coach Factory. The LEASEHOLD, lease having about 12½ years to run, at a ground rent of £6 per annum.

FOR POSITIVE UNRESERVED SALE.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock, on WEDNESDAY NEXT, March 5,
The above-described property.

On WEDNESDAY, MARCH 5.

BY ORDER of the MORTGAGEE.

NORTON-STREET, SURRY HILLS.

TWO COMFORTABLE COTTAGE RESIDENCES, being Nos. 7 and 9, LITTLE NORTON-STREET, between Fitzroy and Foveaux streets, built of brick on stone, with slate roof, each containing 3 rooms, water laid on, and the property is connected with the sewer. The land has 28 feet frontage to Little Norton-street.

For particulars as to title apply to Messrs. JOHN DAWSON and SONS.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 o'clock on WEDNESDAY NEXT, March 5,
The above-described property, at present producing £57 4s per annum, and situate close to the Crown-street tram.

TO-MORROW, on LANE COVE-ROAD, near Russell's Hotel,
HARDIE and GORMAN will sell beautiful orchard land, the CHATSWOOD ESTATE, in building plots.
Plans are ready. Special conveyances will run.
Apply early at the Salerooms, 133, Pitt-street.
Torrens' title, and only 10 per cent. deposit.

CAPRERA.

ELIZABETH BAY.

THE CHARMING RESIDENCE of THOMAS ROWE, Esq.

CAPRERA is grandly situated, being in the charming neighbourhood of ELIZABETH BAY, overlooking the beautiful valley with its rich and varied shades of foliage, from the old trees of the Macleay Estate, commanding as it does an exquisite view of the bay, affording good anchorage for yachts, &c. This VALUABLE PROPERTY can be approached from the main road which encircles a reserve, and again from ITHICA-ROAD across a reserve, along the bay to the garden front, stabling and coachhouse. Access can also be obtained from the wharf by steamer or boat.
This magnificent property is within the boundaries of the city, and has the advantages of quiet retirement, in the centre of city life, while overlooking our beautiful harbour.
The accommodation is as follows:—
LOWER FLOOR, overlooking lawn—spacious kitchen, two servant's bedrooms, store room, coal hole, hall, and laundry.
THE GROUND FLOOR is lofty and spacious, the porch tiled, hall 9 feet wide, drawing-room 25 x 18, dining-room 21 x 16, library 12 x 9, breakfast-room 17-6 x 14-6, and two pantries, with fine front and back verandahs.
FIRST FLOOR consists of six (6) lofty bedrooms, bathroom, closets, tower room, and balcony.
The Stabling consists of two stalls, loose box, double coachhouse, and man's room, &c.
The house is built of brick, cemented, on stone foundation, roof slated, joiner's work cedar, carpenter's work of hardwood, are all good, and of a substantial kind.
The GROUNDS are most tastefully laid out, being terraced in a most expensive and most substantial manner, and finished with balustrading. Every advantage has been taken of the natural beauties of the original rocks, by the beautiful arrangement of the numerous steps and terraces. The whole is well enclosed with noble entrance gates and piers of stone, dwarf walls and brick walls, &c., producing a most attractive and comfortable residence.
CAPRERA is surrounded by the highly-improved properties of W. E. SPARKE, G. C. WESTGARTH, E. B. HOLT, J. GILCHRIST, JOHN HUGHES, and J. F. HOLLE, Esquires.
TITLE, THE MACLEAY ESTATE, the residue of a 99 years' lease.

HARDIE and GORMAN have received instructions from the owner, THOMAS ROWE, Esq., who is shortly leaving for Europe, to sell by public auction, at their Rooms, 133, Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m., on WEDNESDAY, MARCH 12, 1884,
The above-described FAMILY RESIDENCE, distinguished and known as CAPRERA, ELIZABETH BAY.

Full particulars in a future advertisement.

Cards to inspect MUST be obtained from the auctioneers' offices, 133, Pitt-street.

PICKED BUILDING SITES AT PADDINGTON will be sold by HARDIE and GORMAN TO-MORROW AFTERNOON, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock.
Frontages to Stewart-street, next to Glammis Hall, and to Bent-street, next to Portview House, and opposite Glammis House.
Lithos. ready. Call for one.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

TO-MORROW.

RANDWICK.

ON THE GROUND.

6 CHARMING VILLA SITES.

5 having 40 feet frontages 150 feet in depth.

WENTWORTH-STREET, running through to WAVERLEY-STREET, and abutting on SYDNEY-STREET.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from the Proprietor to sell by public auction, on the Ground, TO-MORROW, at 3 p.m.,
The above-described choice building blocks, situated at Randwick, fronting Waverley-street and Wentworth-street.

Lithographs now ready.

Liberal Terms. MILLS and PILE.

A 4-horse 'bus will leave the Rooms at 2 o'clock, to convey buyers to the sale.

TO-MORROW, RANDWICK.

ON THE GROUND.

ST. MARK'S GLEBE, RANDWICK.

GRAND OCEAN VIEW LOTS.

In the centre of the GRAND MANSIONS recently erected in this superb locality.

9 CHOICE LOTS.

MILLS and PILE have received instructions from the proprietor to sell by public auction, on the Ground, TO-MORROW, at half-past 3 p.m.,
Lots 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 31, 32, 33, 34 of St. Mark's Glebe. Leasehold Lots.

5 lots front Dutruc-street, and 4 front St. Mark's-street, 50 feet frontages and over.

Terms at sale.

A 4-horse 'bus will start from the rooms at 2 o'clock, to convey buyers to the

LAND SALE—TO-MORROW.

THURSDAY, 6th MARCH.

GRAND CITY BLOCK.

Extending through from YORK to CLARENCE STREET, opposite to Messrs. LASSETTER'S and BRISCOE, DRYSDALE'S, and surrounding Messrs. Briscoe, Drysdale's large Iron Store on two sides, and JOINING the QUEEN'S THEATRE SITE, having about THIRTY-SIX FEET FRONTAGE to YORK-STREET, 172 FEET DEPTH and 104 FEET FRONTAGE to CLARENCE-STREET.

One of the FINEST CENTRAL CITY BLOCKS ever placed IN THE MARKET, and a CHANCE ONLY MET ONCE IN A LIFETIME to SECURE SUCH A GOLDEN POSITION.

A sure fortune by the mere ownership.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed by the trustees to sell by auction, AT THE SYDNEY AUCTION MART, on THURSDAY, MARCH 6, at half-past 11 o'clock, the abovementioned SPLENDID CITY BLOCK, extending through from YORK-STREET to CLARENCE-STREET, between KING and MARKET STREETS. Bounded on the East by 36 feet frontage to York-street on the South by the Queen's Theatre Site, 172 feet, on the West by 104 feet frontage to Clarence-street, On the North by a line east, about 86 feet to Briscoe, Drysdale's Iron Store, and again East by the back of these stores, about 64 feet, and again North by these stores, about 115 feet to York-street, and SECOND to NO POSITION yet offered in the open market as a SITE for STORES or WAREHOUSES.

TITLE FREEHOLD.

TERMS VERY LIBERAL. MILLS and PILE.

SATURDAY, 15th MARCH.

PARRAMATTA JUVENILE EXHIBITION.

IMPORTANT SALE of the WHOLE OF THE BUILDING MATERIAL.

SALE ON THE GROUND.

700,000 Feet of Timber
600 Pair of Sashes, stock sizes
30 Tons Galvanised Iron
14 Pair Box Frames, complete
6 Pair Double Doors, with Hanging and Rollers complete
Wrought Verandah Posts
2000 Fancy Pickets and Turned Balusters
3000 Feet Spouting and Ridging
Entrance Gates, Wrought Posts
12 cwt. Bolts and Nuts
Entrance Lodge, 2 rooms.
1 Portable Cottage, 4 rooms and passage, made on the latest principle to pack up for removal to the country.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed by HUDSON BROTHERS and CO., Limited, to sell by auction on the GROUND, PARRAMATTA PARK, on SATURDAY, MARCH 15th, at 2 o'clock sharp,
The whole of the materials of the Exhibition Buildings, fencing, and enclosures.

The whole will be packed and sorted in lots to suit all buyers.

TRADE TERMS.

SATURDAY CHEAP TRAINS TO SUIT THE COUNTRY BUYERS.

WATER FRONTAGE Subdivision at North Shore, TO-MORROW. Richardson and Wrench.

SATURDAY NEXT, MARCH 1.

CAMPERDOWN.

COTTAGES and LAND.

UNIVERSITY-STREET.

COLLEGE-STREET.

MILLS and PILE have been instructed by the proprietors to sell by public auction, on SATURDAY NEXT, on the Ground, the following CAMPERDOWN PROPERTIES.

At 3.30,
UNIVERSITY-STREET.—2 semi-detached cottages, built of brick and hardwood, with iron roofs; one containing 4 rooms, and the other 3 rooms; side entrances, water laid on, good drainage; built on a block of land having 40 feet frontage, by 69 feet depth, and being Nos. 23 and 25 in this street.
2 semi-detached cottages, containing 3 and 4 rooms respectively, being Nos. 27 and 29 in this street.

At 4 o'clock,
COLLEGE-STREET.—Lot 1. An allotment of land, situate in College-street, having a frontage of 12 feet 6 inches, by a depth of 62 feet wide to a wide lane in the rear.
Lot 2. Cottage of 4 rooms and kitchen, adjoining lot 1, having a frontage of 23 feet 6 inches, by a depth of 62 feet to a lane in the rear.
Lot 3. An allotment of land adjoining the cottage, having 15 feet frontage and 62 feet depth to a lane.

These properties are fenced.

Torrens' Title.

Also,
A NEAT BRICK COTTAGE, containing 2 rooms and kitchen, having 15 feet frontage to College-street by a depth of 60 feet to a lane in the rear.

Terms at sale.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22.

ANNANDALE.

ANNANDALE.

GREAT SALE of ALLOTMENTS in the NORTH ANNANDALE ESTATE.

SATURDAY, MARCH 22.

CHOICE BUILDING ALLOTMENTS.

WIDE and WELL LAID OUT STREETS.

WATER FRONTAGE. LONG DEPTHS.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH have received instructions from the directors to sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, MARCH 22, at 3, 150 really splendid sites.

Lithos. and free tram tickets at 458, George-street.

CLEARANCE SALE.

150 CHOICE VILLA and BUSINESS SITES.

COOGEE PARK ESTATE.

SATURDAY, 8th MARCH, 1884.

VERY EASY TERMS.

WIDE STREETS.

CHOICE WATER FRONTAGES.

HIGH and DRY.

TRAM PASSES THIS ESTATE.

The WHOLE of the ALLOTMENTS are for POSITIVE SALE.

T. R. SMITH, CHAPMAN, and SMITH have received instructions to sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY, 8th MARCH, at 3 o'clock,
150 remaining lots in the well known Coogee Park Estate.

Free tram tickets on day of Sale.

PROPERTY SALE.

TUESDAY NEXT.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell by auction, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, on TUESDAY next, 4th March, at 11.30 a.m.,

DARLINGTON, Myrtle and Rose streets.	Commodious well-built FAMILY RESIDENCE, 2 story, brick, slate roof, containing hall, 8 rooms, bath, kitchen, washhouse, verandah; land, 33 feet frontage, depth 90 feet; within a few yards of tram station, on Newtown-road.
CROYDON, Croydon-road, and Croydon Parade, within 5 minutes of station.	"Ickworth," an elegant brick COTTAGE, slate roof, contains hall, 5 rooms, bathroom, kitchen, pantry, washhouse, verandah; land, 50 feet frontage to both Croydon-road and Croydon Parade, by depth of 200 feet. Torrens' Title.
DITTO.	"Horringer" and "Fornham," two brick COTTAGES, adjoining above, and having same frontage and depth; but each containing hall, 6 rooms, bath, kitchen, pantry, washhouse, verandahs, &c.
ASHFIELD, Victoria-square, opp. Hurlstone College Grounds.	Comfortable Brick Gothic COTTAGE, shingled roof, containing hall, 5 rooms. The land has a frontage of over 90 feet to the Recreation Reserve.
NEWTOWN, Mechanic and Hordern streets.	2 semi-detached Brick COTTAGES, each 4 rooms, &c.; city water.
ULTIMO, Chambers-street, near Bay-street.	W. B. COTTAGE, 6 rooms, kitchen, &c.; land, 23.6 x 144; long leasehold; no ground rent.
LIVERPOOL-ROAD, near Bankstown.	23 Acres, in one block.

Full particulars on application.

MANLY BEACH.

By Order of the Mortgagees.

TUESDAY NEXT, 4th MARCH.

WATKIN and WATKIN will sell by auction, at their Rooms, 281, Pitt-street, at 11.30 a.m.,
Two W.B. Houses and Cottage in Norton-street, Manly Beach, between Fountain and Raglan streets.

Full particulars in future advertisement.

PARK VIEW ESTATE.

CROYDON HEIGHTS, adjoining Arabi Hills, opposite Croydon Park.

Frontages to George's River-road
Frontages to Beaufort-street
Frontages to Seymour-street.

Next SATURDAY WEEK, March 8.

WATKIN and WATKIN sell by auction, on the Ground, on SATURDAY WEEK, 8th March, at 3 p.m.,
PARK VIEW ESTATE, comprising
27 ELEVATED BUILDING SITES,
all fronting 66 feet roads, and commanding extensive views.

Freehold Title.
Terms, £5 per lot deposit, balance by 24 equal monthly payments. Interest only 5 per cent.
Plans in a day or two.

LYONSVILLE, FIVE DOCK.

CLEARANCE SALE.

March 22.

WATKIN and WATKIN, instructed by the Board of Management of the New South Wales Property Investment Company, sell by auction, on above date.

Torrens' Title.

SPECIALLY EASY TERMS.

GORE HILL, NORTH SHORE.
GORE HILL, NORTH SHORE.
GORE HILL, NORTH SHORE.

SALE NEXT MONTH.
SALE NEXT MONTH.
SALE NEXT MONTH.

TORRENS' TITLE.
TORRENS' TITLE.
TORRENS' TITLE.

SURVEY COMPLETED.
Lithos. being prepared.

WATKIN and WATKIN SELL.

LONGUEVILLE ESTATE, on the LANE COVE RIVER.

An ELEVATED and LEVEL BLOCK, about SIX ACRES subdivided into 20 CHOICE BUILDING SITES, will be SUBMITTED to PUBLIC COMPETITION on the Ground at 3 o'clock, on SATURDAY, 8th MARCH.
UNDER TORRENS' TITLE, and very LIBERAL TERMS.
FREE STEAMER on day of Sale.
LITHOS. now obtainable.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

IN THE ESTATE OF THE LATE H. G. NICHOLS, Esq.

PADDINGTON HEIGHTS.

RESIDENCE and GROUNDS, PADDINGTON-STREET, having a north-eastern aspect, and only 3 minutes from the tram.

PRELIMINARY NOTICE.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 21st March, at 11 o'clock.
The above described property, full particulars of which will appear in a future advertisement.

TERMS VERY LIBERAL AT SALE.

Messrs. FITZHARDINGE and LUCAS, Pitt-street, Solicitors for the Estate.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

THIS DAY, FRIDAY.

ORDER OF SALE
SUBURBAN PROPERTIES, to be SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, THIS DAY, FRIDAY, at half-past 11 o'clock prompt.

GOLDEN GROVE.	Corner Block, lots 4 and 5, sec. 26, Rose-street, between Raglan and Codrington streets.
PARK-ROAD.	11 splendid Building Allotments on Park-road, east of Regent-street, overlooking Cricket Ground, Rifle Range, Park, &c.
NEWTOWN.	Cottage and 6 Allotments, Wells and Maria streets, opposite the Public School in Wells-street, just beyond Mrs. Dickson's residence, and near first railway station on Illawarra Line. By order of executors late Miss Wainwright.
NEWTOWN.	Lot 25, sec. 4, Bello Retiro Estate, fronting Wells-street, off Cook's River-road, near first railway station on Illawarra Line.
PADDINGTON HEIGHTS.	Granville, a first-class residence, No. 24, Underwood-street, close to Sarah-street. Ariel, a family residence, No. 23, Underwood-street, opposite the above.
WOOLLAHRA.	Cottage and Land, Denison and Spicer streets, off Piper-street, occupied by Mrs. Owens, and known as Cumming's property. By order of a Trustee.
CAMPERDOWN.	Cottage and Land, Smith-street, off Parramatta-road, opposite St. John's College. In a deceased estate.
COOGEE.	Valuable Site, No. 4 of Sec. 3, M'Lerie's Estate, fronting Whale-street (formerly Belmore-road), a few yards west of Nathan-street.
LANE COVE RIVER.	R. Phenna's grant of 12 acres 2 roods, on the river beyond the new Bridge at Figtree.
WATERLOO.	Freehold Block of Land, lots 13 and 14, Mrs. Taylor's Subdivision, fronting Taylor-street, off Murray-street, west of Dowling-street, beyond Messrs. Alderson and Zions' properties.
ALEXANDRIA.	Neat Cottage in Wyndham-street, about 12 doors south from Raglan-street. Unreserved Sale, owner leaving the colony.
PETERSHAM.	Two newly erected and tastefully finished semi-detached Residences in Denison-road, west of Toothill-street. In two lots.
ELSWICK, PETERSHAM.	Dwelling-house, in Norton-street, close to Marion-street, and opposite the Public School. 3 Houses (part of a terrace) south side of Jarrett-street, between Renwick and Rofe streets. Block of vacant Land, Jarrett-street, north of above, being lots 52 to 56, sec. 3.
LEICHHARDT.	Allotment No. 5, sec. 2, Doust's Subdivision, fronting Piper-road, near Allan-street, and almost abutting on to Whiting's premises.
BALMAIN.	Weatherboard Cottage in Evans-street, nearly opposite Reynolds-street, and between Clare and Bruce streets. 2 Cottages in Cambridge-street, north of Darling-road, and west of Weston-street.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

NORTH SHORE RESIDENCE.

TREMAYNE HOUSE and GROUNDS, in CARABELLA-STREET, formerly occupied by F. B. Lark, Esq.

AUCTION SALE, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock, TO-MORROW, Saturday, 1st March.

On very liberal terms. Cards to view.
RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

AT PER ACRE, NOT FOOT.

3 TO 5 ACRE BLOCKS, on ROSEBERY PARK, on WINDSOR-ROAD, close to Riverstone Railway Station.

ORCHARD or VINEYARD BLOCKS.

VILLA PLOTS. ELEVATED LAND.

RIVERSTONE is only 28 miles from the city.

*** EASY TERMS—10 per cent. deposit, 15 per cent. in 3 months, without interest; balance 6, 12, 18, and 24 months at 6 per cent. per annum. TORRENS' TITLE.

CALL for a LITHO. and INSPECT the ESTATE.
Day of Sale,
TO-MORROW, Saturday, 1st MARCH, on the Ground, at 3 o'clock.

*** SPECIAL TRAIN at 2.15 p.m., stopping at Burwood, Homebush, Granville, and Parramatta, to pick up passengers. FREE TICKETS now obtainable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

WATER FRONTAGE SUBDIVISION, extending from CAREENING COVE to CARABELLA-STREET, at NORTH SHORE, adjoining the Residence and Grounds of JAMES MILSON, Esq., and only 8 minutes from MILSON'S POINT FERRY WHARF.

On the Ground, at 3 o'clock TO-MORROW, SATURDAY, 1st March.

On liberal terms—viz., one-fourth cash; balance 6, 12, and 18 months, at 6 per cent.
LITHOS obtainable.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH.

GOOD CITY INVESTMENT.

CRAIGEND ESTATE, DARLINGHURST.

TUAM and DALMALLY HOUSES, Nos. 23 and 25, Surry-street, at the corner of Little Macleay-street, near Upper William-street South.

RICHARDSON and WRENCH have received instructions to sell by public auction, at the Rooms, Pitt-street, on FRIDAY, 7th March, at 11 o'clock,
Corner Block of Land, lots 36 and 37, of the Craigend Estate, having 38 feet frontage to Surry-street, at the corner of Little Macleay-street and Craigend-terrace, on which are erected Tuam and Dalmally, TWO RESIDENCES, Nos. 23 and 25, Surry-street, of brick on stone foundations, slate roofs, with verandahs and balconies in front, also balconies at rear, and containing each hall, 6 rooms, kitchen with range, bathroom and washhouse with copper, paved yards enclosed with brick wall.

The premises are connected with the sewer; gas is laid on throughout, and the fittings go with the property.

RENTAL, £3 per week, or £156 per annum.

A capital investment, well built and neatly finished, and in a popular, elevated, and convenient part of the city.

Terms at sale.

IMPORTANT
To Capitalists, Squatters, Syndicates, and Others.

KING and COMPANY have received instructions from the owners, Messrs. MacGregor and Co., to sell by public auction, at Menzies' Hotel, Melbourne, on TUESDAY, the 29th April, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, to the highest bidder, without reserve, in order to close the partnership,
The Durham Downs Station, in the South Gregory District of Queensland, consisting of the following blocks of country, viz.:—
Wariaby, Durham Downs, Callipie, Dunoon, Glasgow, Edinburgh, Greenock, Duncan, Larra, Turtulla, Callipie South, Finia, Amra, Largs, Bowling, Tarragowna, Ballock, Loch, Glenlyon, Glengyle, Glenfall, Benecastle, Bendoran, Benluigh, Bendheu, Benchallum, Scone, Victoria, Glencairn, Douglass, Marmion, Moreland, Coburg, Perth, Key, Crieff, Comrie, Ivanhoe, Rose, Cairngorm, altogether containing an area of 2458 square miles of excellent grazing country taken up originally by Messrs. MacGregor and Co.
In addition to which will be sold with the above their right and interest in two adjoining blocks, which have been applied for, viz.:—Taboorea and Tooratchie.
This large extent of fine sheep country, perhaps the best naturally watered in Western Queensland, having a frontage of 43 miles to the west side of Cooper's Creek, 40 miles to the east side, and 17 miles frontage to the east side of the Naccowlah Billabong, which at this part is quite equal to Cooper's Creek, 12 miles to each side of Tooratchie Creek, besides the Wamanooka, Warreena, Parkaminna, Jackson's and Windula Creeks, and various other creeks and waterholes in the back country.
The property is situated on that part of Cooper's Creek where the country subject to floods is confined to the narrowest limits, and between 250 and 300 miles of the present South Australian railway station, "The Gums," and within 70 miles of Innamincka, and 180 miles of Birdsville, on the South Australian boundary, to one of which places the Adelaide Government are bound to extend their rails within a very short period.
The country is all sound undulating open downs, with extensive plains on Cooper's Creek, all excellent for sheep as well as cattle, for which latter it is noted as producing the fattest and best quality beef, which invariably realises the highest price, and on one occasion a draft of 115 bullocks sold to £17 15s, making the highest average ever obtained for Queensland cattle in the Melbourne market, viz., £14 16s 10d.
Improvements consist of the ordinary necessary improvements for the working of the station, viz.: Huts, good large stockyards at home station, and hut and small yard at out station.
With the station will be sold the well-known herd of cattle, consisting of—
14,167 head (more or less), all well bred, quiet, and carefully managed on their run
2,500 sheep, mixed ages and sexes
319 horses, a large number of which are broken in—the whole being of a superior description.
Also,—
All the station plant, stores, furniture, all goods and chattels, on the station belonging to Messrs. MacGregor and Co.
TERMS OF PAYMENT:
One-third cash, balance at 1, 2, and 3 years, with interest at 6 per cent.
For further particulars apply to the agents, KING and COMPANY, 61, [illegible] West, Melbourne.

WATER FRONTAGE Subdivision at North Shore, TO-MORROW. Richardson and Wrench.

Funerals.

THE FUNERAL procession of Professor BADHAM will move from the University, THIS DAY, Friday, at 2 o'clock, for St. Leonards Cemetery. Those who desire to join it will meet at the principal entrance at a quarter to 2 o'clock. P. KIRBY, Undertaker, 84 and 86, Hunter-street.

MEMBERS of the University who wish to attend Dr. BADHAM'S Funeral are requested to meet at the University in Academic Costume, at a quarter to 2 TO-DAY.

THE FRIENDS of P. M. SHEEDY are invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, Church-street, Parramatta, THIS (Friday) MORNING, at 10 o'clock.

THE FRIENDS of the late Mr. JOSEPH ADAMS are respectfully invited to attend his Funeral; to move from his late residence, 5, Kensington-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2.45, for the Necropolis. R. B. CROPLEY and CO., Undertakers, 6, George-street West, and 281, Oxford-street, Paddington.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM ADAMS are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved FATHER; to move from his late residence, 5, Kensington-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2.15, for the Necropolis. R. B. CROPLEY and CO., Undertakers, 6, George-street West, and 284, Oxford-street, Paddington.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. WILLIAM BUTTLE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved BROTHER-IN-LAW, Joseph Adams; to move from his late residence, No. 5, Kensington-street, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2.15, for the Necropolis. R. B. CROPLEY and CO., Undertakers, 6, George-street West, and 284, Oxford-street, Paddington.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. W. J. BENNETT are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved WIFE, Margaret; to move from his residence, William-street, Paddington, THIS (Friday) AFTERNOON, at 2.45 o'clock, for the Waverley Cemetery. R. B. CROPLEY and CO., Undertakers, 6, George-street West, and 284, Oxford-street, Paddington.

THE FRIENDS of Mr. EDWARD HORNE are respectfully invited to attend the Funeral of his late beloved DAUGHTER, Susan, to move from his residence, Burwood-road, Enfield, THIS AFTERNOON, at half-past 4 o'clock, for Enfield Cemetery.

Religious Announcements.

ST. ANDREW'S CATHEDRAL.
A course of LECTURES will be delivered on FRIDAY EVENINGS in LENT, on the following subjects:—
"Self-denial," "Self-devotion," "Self-examination," "Self-conquest," "Human Weakness," "Divine Sufficiency."
The first Lecture will be delivered This Evening.
Preacher: The Rev. F. W. STRETTEN.

YOUNG Women's Prayer Union.—Usual MEETING, TO-NIGHT, 7.30, Upper Protestant Hall.

THE BAZAAR in aid of DEBT on REDFERN PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH will be CONTINUED TO-DAY and TO-MORROW, at Redfern Town Hall, Pitt-street. Admission free. Open to-day 11 to 1 and 3 to 10, to-morrow 3 to 10.

Y. M. C. A. Annual TEA and PUBLIC MEETING will be held in the Protestant Hall on TUESDAY, March 18. Tea on the tables at 6.30. Tickets 1s 6d each.
DAVID WALKER, Gen. Sec.

Business Announcements.

PUBLIC NOTICE. STANMORE-ROAD.
H. A. MARSHALL begs to inform the residents of Stanmore, Petersham, and Marrickville, that he, H. A. M., has again opened his Produce Store for the sale of hay, corn, bran, &c., also wood, and coal, and he hopes to receive a share of the patronage he had formerly, as it is his intention to try and please all. By keeping good articles, combined with cheapness and weight, H. A. M. hopes to receive the patronage of old friends, as he intends to try to please all customers. A trial will prove that it is H. A. M.'s intention to try to give every satisfaction.
Hoping to receive a good share of your patronage,
Yours respectfully,
H. A. M.,
Stanmore-road.

TO ARCHITECTS AND BUILDERS.
The business hitherto carried on by me at 79, Sydney Arcade, is now carried on by RENNICK, KEMSLEY, and CO., 38, Clarence-street, under my supervision.
G. H. CLARK.

DUTTON and CO.—Office, Locomotive Hotel, Regent-street, Sydney.—Hotel Brokers, Commission Agents.

W. H. BINSTED, Surveyor, has removed to Gladstone-chambers, 90, Pitt-st., n. Richardson and Wrench.

DR. DURHAM has Removed to 105, William-street, between Crown and Palmer streets.

FUNERAL, FUNERAL, ESTABLISHMENT.—Note the right number, 118, of the old-established firm. No exorbitant prices. Reform and State in the best manner. The poor liberally dealt with. 118, Oxford-street; 74, William-street; 27, Hutchinson-street.

TO-MORROW, we open a first-class Confectionery and Pastry SHOP, in 253, Pitt-street. Everything of the best quality. A Ladies' superior Refreshment Room attached. Tea, Coffee, Cocoa, Ice Creams, &c.

TO-MORROW.—ROSEBERY PARK, Riverstone. Special train, free tickets. Richardson and Wrench.

Professions, Trades, &c.

APPRENTICE and Improver to the watchmaking wanted. Apply A. Elbert, 206, King-street, Newtown.

A SITUATION as NURSE by a young woman, good references. Address A. R., Oxford-street P.O.

A THOROUGHLY practical MAN wanted for making soft soaps. Salary £150 per annum. Copper, Herald Office.

A PARTNER wanted, to extend and conduct manufacturing business now in working order; large field, little opposition; specially suit compositor; £100 to £200 required. Address Comp., Box 641, G. P. O.

AT 108, Bathurst-st., Governess Institute and Labour Exchange.—First-class managing Housekeeper is open to Engagement to gentleman; excellent testimonials for ability and integrity; dinners and suppers got up in first-class style.

CARPENTERS wanted to make a shop-front. Orange Butter Company, 711, George-street South.

CLERK wanted for Collecting and Custom-house work. Apply by letter, L. K., 20, Herald.

COMMERCIAL TRAVELLER, having first-class connection, will take a commission where bulky samples are not required to be carried. Address First-class, G. P. O.

DRESSMAKER wanted, immediately, competent hand, good fit, salary £2 2s. Mrs. Marsh, Empire House, Wallsend.

DRESSMAKING.—Wanted, a thorough good Skirt HAND. 282, Orimbah-terrace, King-street, Newtown.

GOVERNESSES required for country engagements. Salaries, 30 to 100 guineas. Mrs. Mead, 55, Hunter-street.

GIRL wanted for French Polishing. Apply 525, Harris-street, opposite Grosvenor Hotel.

IMPROVER PAINTER. A. Young, Parramatta-road, Petersham.

IMPROVERS wanted for Vest Making. Mrs. Tanner, Radcliffe Cottage, Cameron and Clayton streets, Balmain.

LICENSED Surveyor has vacancy for Field Assistant, premium required. Apply J. Bobardt, 8, Bligh-st., Sydney.

LAW.—Wanted, a Gentleman competent to undertake the management of Common Law and general department of Sydney office; experienced in practice of the courts. Apply, stating references, &c., Gains, care of Mr. Yeo, Pitt-street.

MANTLE HANDS, for workroom, wanted. Farmer and Company.

MILLINERY.—Wanted, a few young Ladies, as APPRENTICES. Mrs. Hopson, 500, George-street.

MONTHLY NURSE wanted end of March. Apply by letter, with references, M. H., care Dr. Jones, Ashfield.

MEDICAL REFEREE.—Wanted, a legally qualified DOCTOR, to travel with agent, £30 a month guaranteed, and free seat in buggy. Apply City Mutual Life Office, 49, Castlereagh-street.

OSTRICH FEATHER Manufacturing.—Good Hands and Apprentices wanted; good wages. 796, George-st. S.

PHOTOGRAPHY.—Wanted, for Adelaide, a first-class OPERATOR for studio, permanency. State salary, experience, and send samples of work to Competent, care of W. A. Francis and Co., Gawler-place, Adelaide.

PARTNERSHIP, £1000, local industry, in a splendid line, presenting large profits; machinery new; heavy trade orders to hand; a good business man wanted. 77, Market-street.

PARTNERSHIP, £1000.—An established Auctioneer, with first-class premises and position, auction-room, &c., desires to meet with a PARTNER, with the above capital, for the purpose of extending the business. Apply G., care of Jonathan Wiley, Gladstone-chambers, Pitt-street.

REQUIRED in Ladies' school daily, Pupil TEACHER, accomplishments for services. Pupil, Herald Office.

SMITH'S HELPER and BOY, to attend horse and useful in wheelwright's yard. Goldsmid, Paddington.

TO BAKERS.—Wanted, a Second HAND; a married man preferred. Apply W. L. Bruce, Crystal-st., Petersham.

TO DENTISTS.—TUITION required in mechanical work. M. Spragg, 125, Oxford-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, smart IMPROVER. Apply J. Mitchell, 160, William-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—Wanted, an Assistant; constant. Also, Apprentice. J. Clark, 70, King-street.

TO HAIRDRESSERS.—An ASSISTANT required. W. Broom, 167, Riley-street, off Oxford-street.

TO PAINTERS.—Wanted, a good Brush HAND. Apply 73, King-street, Newtown.

TO DRAPERS.—Wanted, a smart JUNIOR for country store. Apply Ross, Morgan and Robertson, 103, Pitt-street, 11 a.m.

TO PARENTS.—A strong trustworthy BOY required, to learn the grocery business. Apply C. J. Christie, grocer, 571, George-street.

TO PARENTS.—Respectable girls wanted as APPRENTICES to the tailoring, thoroughly taught a good trade; wages from first. H. L. Summerfield and Co., 235 and 237, Pitt-street.

TO TAILORESSES.—Wanted, Trousers and Vest HANDS, in and out door; also, Buttonhole Hands, indoor; and Apprentices to the coat and vest making. A. Walker, 38, Pitt-street.

THE ADVERTISER, having a large capital at his disposal, is prepared to make immediate Cash ADVANCES to persons in want of accommodation, at an extremely low rate of interest, on all descriptions of securities, without the necessity of a bill of sale or any publicity whatever. All communications strictly private. Confidence, Box 393, General Post Office.

VACANCY for smart young MAN to learn Hairdressing. Arcade Hairdressing Rooms, upstairs.

WANTED, a Wood MACHINIST. Apply Messrs. Fox Brothers, plumbers, 238, Pitt-street.

WANTED, smart BRICKLAYER, 8 o'clock. John Simmons, 301, Elizabeth-street, Redfern.

WANTED, three first-class MACHINISTS, for Hunter's Boot Factory, Bullanaming-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a competent COACHPAINTER, for the country. W. S. Friend and Co., York-street.

WANTED, few LESSONS of first-class Trousers Maker. Terms, address R. C., Waterloo Post-office.

WANTED, BAKER, to take charge of an oven; steady place. F. Smith, butcher, Harris-st., Pyrmont.

WANTED, 2 PLASTERERS and a Labourer. W. Bell, Frost's-buildings, Bishopscourt, Waverley.

WANTED, young man as Baker's Improver, Gardnr., Shepherd, Married Couples for stations. Blue's Lbr. Agcy.

WANTED, a good COACHSMITH for the country. Apply Briscoe, Drysdale, and Co., George-street.

WANTED, a good General BLACKSMITH. Apply personally to Henry Durbin, Blacktown.

WANTED, respectable PERSON in the dressmaking, to join another in the same. 37, Botany-street, Surry H.

WANTED, a first-class Soda-water BOTTLER and general hand; refs. T. Tarcher and Co., 44, Newtown-rd.

WANTED, a GASFITTER. Apply M. Raleigh, 253, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, SHOPMAN, must be smallgoods man also. W. Bower, Glebe-road.

WANTED, a first-class Colonial OVEN MAKER. A. F. Rees and Co., Newtown.

WANTED, a Smallgoods MAN. Apply 54, William-street.

WANTED, CARPENTER. Apply 9 o'clock, C. Miller, builder, 775, George-street; at back.

WANTED, a Marble MASON for a few days. Belfast Iron Yard, Sussex-street, 9 a.m.

WANTED, thoroughly competent DRESSMAKER, by day. Apply, refs., Manilla House, Bourke-street.

WANTED, good HAIRCUTTER and Shaver. Apply 8, Market-street W., Sydney.

WANTED, Assistant DRESSMAKER; used to Singer's machine. 417, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, Horseshoer and general Blacksmith, country. Apply Palmer, blacksmith, King-st., Newtown.

WANTED, a strong trustworthy LAD, to learn the grocery business. Apply to C. J. Christie, grocer, 571, George-street.

WANTED, a BODY-MAKER, for Wagga; one used to country preferred. Apply between 10 and 11, Regent Park Hotel, Regent-street, Redfern.

WANTED, a PARTNER, with about £200 cash, investment in a money making business. Inquire Room 23, Post-office Hotel, from 1 to 2 p.m.

WANTED, a TRAVELLER, working the south and west, or either, to take a line of boots on commission. Apply Boots, Herald Office.

WANTED, for office, an intelligent and respectable YOUTH, about 14. Apply by letter, in own handwriting, addressed to Box, G. P. O., Sydney.

WANTED, a MAN, who understands the UNDERTAKING BUSINESS. Apply to Mrs. Thomas and Son, 311, York-street, at 11 o'clock this day.

WANTED, Junior PARTNER, with about £400, must be steady and industrious, one accustomed to the Wine and Spirit trade preferred. W. R. H., Herald Office.

WANTED, BOOKKEEPER, to proceed to North Queensland; none but competent hand need apply; salary, £250. Apply by letter, Burns, Philp, and Co., Limited, Macquarie-place.

WANTED, in a quiet country place, by a lady whose elder children attend the Public school, a useful COMPANION, who is able to teach music well to one little girl; must be a good needlewoman, and fond of little children. Apply, stating salary required. Mrs. A., Post Office, Murrurundi.

WANTED,
a competent MAN,
to take charge of the earthwork on the Orange to Molong Railway.
Also,
a first-class Contractor's BLACKSMITH.
Apply by letter to
WILLIAM CAIN and CO.,
Contractors,
359, George-street.

YOUNG MAN wanted for venetian blind business. Apply 10, Newtown-road, Darlington.

Situations Wanted.

A COLLECTOR, city, suburbs, desires accounts to collect; references, surety. A. C., Manchester Arms, George-st.

ADVICE to Employers.—Get your Men and Female Servants at Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-street.

AS GARDENER, by married man; handy; good reference. G. O. R., Herald Office.

AT the Servants' Home, 83, Market-street, want places, for all kinds of work; and Married Couples.

A LADY requires SITUATION, as Governess, children under 12 years; country preferred; music, singing, drawing, &c.; good references. Address P. F., Herald Office.

AN ENERGETIC young lady desires a POSITION in reception-room of a photographic studio; highest references. L. J., G. P. O.

ARCHITECTS and CONTRACTORS.—Young Man seeks EMPLOYMENT; 10 years managing buildings, quick at quantities and measuring. Address W. B., Herald Office.

A SUPERIOR young person seeks SITUATION as Companion; would take charge of child; thoroughly domesticated; open three days. Nina, P. O., Croydon.

AT 108, Bathurst-street, Governess Institute and Labour Exchange.—Several Finishing Governesses, visiting and nursery, waiting engagement, lady help.

A GENTLEMAN having a thorough knowledge of hotel and restaurant keeping, is open for ENGAGEMENT as Manager; first-class foreign and colonial references. Apply to Mrs. Stevenson.

AN ELDERLY Man wants SITUATION as Gardener and generally useful; can milk, mow, drive, &c.; good references; can be highly recommended. Address P. N., care of J. L. Borghoefer, newsagent, 349, Pitt-street.

A SOBER reliable Man, age 34, urgently requires EMPLOYMENT of any kind; no objection to hard work; understands office work, and bears first-class character. Address B. C., Herald Office.

AT 108, Bathurst-st., Governess Institute and Labour Exchange.—Several first-class C. L., Cooks, H. P., General Servants, Head Nurses, Under Nurses, Gent.'s Housekeepers, useful Girls wait engagements; Married Couples country.

A YOUNG MAN, age 32, of delicate health, experienced in wholesale and retail business in England, desires a light VOCATION, place of trust at a provincial store in return for board and residence or wages equivalent; references. Address Province, Herald Office.

BY a steady Groom and Gardener, milk and drive well; good references. C. B., 290, Castlereagh-street.

BY respectable Person, with child going to school, Housekeeper or G. Servant. S. S., 95, William-street.

BY good Man (43), groom, milk, garden, mow, generally useful; refs. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-street.

BY excellent Men Cooks, smart Waiters, useful Men in and outdoor; Farm and Plough Men, Carters, Milkmen, Grooms and Coachmen, Married Couples, every capacity; Female Cooks, C. and L., H. and P., &c. Simmonds, 222, Castlereagh-st.

CARETAKER, good housekeeper, wants SITUATION; good reference. Open a week. Careful, 25, Clarence-street.

CARPENTER'S Improver wants BILLET. Henry, Post-office, Newtown.

COACHMAN and Groom wants SITUATION; competent man, new arrival, good references. Whip, Herald.

DISENGAGED, respectable young Person, thoroughly domesticated, good needlewoman, references. Industry, P. O., Glebe.

EMPLOYERS.—Try Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-st. All kinds labour engaged, hired, or forwarded.

EMPLOYMENT in store or warehouse wanted by young Scotchman, strong, active, good character. A. C., G. P. O.

ENGINE-DRIVER seeks WORK, a good handy man, good references. G. C., 17, Railway-place, Sydney.

FIRST-CLASS Laundress will go out by the day; unexceptional references. 20, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo.

GINGER Beer Manufacturers.—Steady young man, just arrived, wants employment. E. K., Mrs. Paisley, Balmain.

LAW.—Wanted, ENGAGEMENT, by good Engrossing and Abstract Clerk; town or country. Address Engrossing, Herald Office.

LEGAL PROFESSION.—A Gentleman (admitted) desires an APPOINTMENT as Managing Clerk in town or country office; accustomed to Court practice and advocacy and acting and advising without sup'vision; energetic. R. H. S., H'ld.

MARRIED Couple Disengaged, gardener; wife, cook and attend poultry; Protestants. W. L. B., G. P. O.

PRACTICAL GARDENER wants situation; can mow and lay out ground; first-class reference. A.P., Herald.

PRACTICAL BREWER, of 15 years' colonial experience in adjoining colonies in the brewing of pale, mild, and stock Ales and Stout, will be open for ENGAGEMENT middle of March; thorough knowledge of bottling, and also cordial making if required, or is willing to take entire management. Address care F. L., 451, Crown-street, Sydney.

REQUIRED, a SITUATION, as Nursery Governess, in the country. Address J. M., Glebe Post-office.

RESPECTABLE Girl wishes to assist in priavte family, no washing, wages 9s. H. A., Herald.

RESPECTABLE Married Woman, with infant child, will take SITUATION; any light work; town or suburbs. Apply B. D., care of Mr. Foster, 144, William-street.

SITUATION wanted, young man, can milk well, groom, drive, generally useful. J. L., Herald Office.

SITUATION wanted by young married couple, hotel or any place of trust. Address A. H., 145, Kent-street.

SITUATION, as Carter; knows town and suburbs; two years' reference. Hordern Brothers, 485, Elizabeth-street.

SITUATION wanted as ENGINE-DRIVER by steady competent man; good reference. Address J. E., care of Mr. Hanser, Bruce-street, Balmain.

STATION Bookkeeper, &c., lately on large station, with first-class testimonials and references, both colonies, for thorough efficiency, trustworthiness, and sobriety; 14 years' experience; moderate salary. G. O., Gordon and Gotch, Sydney.

TO CONFECTIONERS.—A good jelly or gum Hand seeks Employment; country pref. Letter, F. C., G. P. O.

TO HOTELKEEPERS.—Open engagement, Young Man; highest credentials. Address Liqueur, Herald Office.

TWO friends, young, competent; Cook, Laundress; House and Parlour Maid; eastern suburbs. 188, Riley-st.

TO MILLERS.—Wanted, by a married man, SITUATION as Miller, good experience and good reference. Address J. Stone, care of Mr. Ealing, Yorkshire Cottage, Windsor-road, Petersham.

TO SQUATTERS.—Waiting engagement, COUPLE, without encumbrance; Man as store and book keeper, or groom, &c.; Wife, nursery governess, music, French, &c., or light house duties. Address Stockman, Herald Office.

TO SURVEYORS.—Licensed and authorised surveyor, N. Z., wishes EMPLOYMENT, as Assistant. Has had large experience in major and minor triangulation, native lands surveys, &c.; first-rate mathematician, &c. J. S., 526, Bourke-st.

TUTOR.—An efficient TUTOR of great experience is desirous of EMPLOYMENT. Classics, Mathematics, French, German, Elementary Drawing. Good testimonials, and references. Address Preceptor, Post-office, Orange.

TO HOTEL PROPRIETORS, &c.—A gentleman of great practical experience in every branch of first-class hotels, restaurants, &c., desires an APPOINTMENT as Manager or otherwise. Advertiser holds the highest of English testimonials for successful management. Correspondence invited. Caterer, Argus Office, Melbourne.

WAITING, thorough Cook and Laundress; also H. and P. Maid; suburbs pref. 47, Stanley-st.; same house.

WANT Places, COACHMEN, Gardeners, Milkers, Butchers, gen. useful, elderly Men, &c. 83, Market-st.

WANTED, SITUATION, Practical Engineer and Draughtsman, estimates and quantities. Delta, Herald.

WANTED, a SITUATION, as Cook and Laundress, in small family. 14, Darlington-road, Darlington.

WANTED by young man, Situation, woollen or outfitting departments, good refs. A. B., 3, Foster-street, S. H.

WANTED, by a respectable Woman, Washing or cleaning by the day. Address Washing, Herald Office.

WANTED, SITUATION as Improver to gasfitting and plumbing. W. F., 9, Stanley-street, Hyde Park.

WANTED, SITUATION, by good dressmaker, assist housework, town or country. Mrs. Shepparde, Bathurst-st.

WANTED, SITUATION as Cook and Laundress. Apply at 185, William-street.

WASHING by the day (out or at home) wanted by respectable Woman. 5, Balfour-st., off Parramatta-street.

WANTED, by a steady young Man, a SITUATION, as handy man, or good rough carpenter; wages moderate. Apply H. B., Herald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable young Man, a SITUATION in any capacity; willing to be useful; total abstainer; good references. G. H., Herald Office.

WANTED, by a respectable person, with a little girl eight years old, a SITUATION as Working Housekeeper or General Servant. Address F. M., 151, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, by a young Man, a new arrival, a SITUATION on a farm; used to all kinds of farm work in England. Apply to T. B., John Brown, No. 2, Parkis-street, Camperdown.

WANTED by a respectable girl, SITUATION as Cook or Housemaid, Parlourmaid; North Shore preferred. Address A. Penny, The Lodge, Miller-street, St. Leonards, North Shore.

WANTED, respectable MAN, groom, drive, garden, milk. References as to character and efficiency indispensable. Apply Elliong, Holden-street, Ashfield, this day, Friday, 29th, at 11 a.m.

WANTED, by two friends, SITUATIONS—one as Housemaid, the other Cook and Laundress, with child two years. Apply by letter, H. A. R., 122, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo. Open a week.

WANTED, by a respectable young person, SITUATION as Lady's Companion or Help; thoroughly understands her needle; salary not so much an object as a comfortable home; suburbs or Parramatta preferred. E. D., P. O., North Shore.

YOUNG Man, fairly educated, wishes Employment in a house of business. F. A. B., 23, Belmore-street, Surry Hills.

YOUNG Widow wishes a SITUATION, Housekeeper; with boy 5 years. No. 11, Dowling-street, Paddington.

YOUTH desires SITUATION to travel with hawker; not afraid of work. F. C. W., 223, King-street, Newtown.

YOUNG Man seeks EMPLOYMENT with Commercial Traveller, Hawker, or Surveyor, generally useful. Apply J. H., 33, Levey-street, Strawberry Hills.

YOUNG Man, 29, wishes SITUATION in country store; can keep books, well accustomed to horses; willing to make himself generally useful. John M'Adam, 41, George-street North.

Servants Wanted

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted, 3 in family, man kept, good wages, suburbs. Apply 30, Wynyard-square.

A GENERAL SERVANT wanted. 342, Forbes-terrace, Forbes-street, Darlinghurst.

ALL classes SERVANTS wanted; good situations and wages. Miss Hall, Home, 169, Elizabeth-street.

AS COOK, by active person (Protestant); open 3 days. A. D., 36, Hunt-street, off Macquarie-street South.

A SMART BOY wanted, for sewing-machine Depot. 85, Market-street.

A THOROUGH COOK wanted at once, young. Abbotsford House, 119, Princes-street, Church-hill.

AUSTRALIAN CLUB.—Wanted, a good KITCHENMAN. Apply with references.

A YOUNG GIRL wanted as General SERVANT; small family. 5, Koombanah-terrace, Liberty-st., Enmore.

AT 108, Bathurst-st., Governess Institute and Labour Exchange.—Wanted, 9 General Servants, 1 good Laundress, H. Parlour Maid; H. P., hotel, town, 15s; General, for Manly; young Girls, assist housework. All classes servants, hotels, &c.

BOY or GIRL wanted, accustomed to putting up packages tea. Apply 592, George-street.

COMPETENT Female SERVANTS and useful Girls wanted, first-class places. The Home, Market-street.

COOKS, Gen. Servants, Laundresses, Nursegirls wanted, town and country. Central Registry, Royal Arcade.

GENERAL SERVANT wanted, active girl, good wages. Seaview-terrace, 345, Liverpool-street, Darlinghurst.

GIRL wanted as General SERVANT; no washing. 135, Bathurst-street.

GOOD home and schooling for ladylike GIRL, about 13, as Companion. Door 5, No. 126, Pitt-street.

IMMEDIATELY required, 2 steady Girls, General SERVANT and NURSE; good wages. Mrs. Lipscombe, Wood-street, Manly.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted for station, Housemaids, and several others. Registry, 6, Bridge-street.

MARRIED COUPLE wanted, without encumbrance, for station where there are no children—man to milk, kill, boundary ride, and be generally useful; wife general servant, bake, wash, &c. Apply the Australasian Mortgage and Agency Company, Limited, 7, Bent-street.

REQUIRED, a smart willing Girl, as General SERVANT. 154, Forbes-street.

THOROUGH General SERVANT wanted. Apply Mrs. Liddell, 5, London-street, Enmore.

WANTED, a strong NURSEGIRL. Apply to Mrs. Walker, Mossman's Bay.

WANTED, a HOUSEKEEPER. Mark Burge, No. 7, Miller's-road, Miller's Point.

WANTED, useful GIRL, for housework, about 16 years. 51, Pitt-street, Redfern. References.

WANTED, Female Attendants, Cooks, Laundresses, House and Parlour Maids, Gen. Servants. 44, Hunter-st.

WANTED, respectable GIRL to assist in cooking, washing; good wages. Bellevue Hall, 472, Kent-street.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS. Eldon House, 151, Phillip-street.

WANTED, a smart WAITRESS. Apply 70, Bathurst-street West.

WANTED, a young woman as General SERVANT. Apply hairdresser, 569, George-street.

WANTED, excellent General Servant, with or without washing. Mrs. Whitehead's, 46, George-street West.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as General SERVANT. 28, Regent-street, off Parramatta-street.

WANTED, young WOMAN, to mind children, assist housework. Mrs. Kohler, Ferry-road, Glebe Point.

WANTED, trustworthy NURSE and Needlewoman. Mrs. A. Bock, Mount-street, North Shore.

WANTED, respectable little GIRL to nurse a baby. Ingram's News Agency, Goulburn and George streets.

WANTED, at once, young Parlourmaid, gent.'s family, 2; call early. Craggs' Reg., 240, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, a sober MAN, for kitchen, Clarendon Hotel. A. Garman.

WANTED, a LAD, to work drilling-machine. Apply Triggs and Marr, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 290, Elizabeth-street.

WANTED, a young MAN, to deliver meat; must understand horses. L. Uhde and Co., 61, Market-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Mrs. T. M. Alcock, 673, George-street, Haymarket.

WANTED, respectable GIRL, 16, assist in housework. Apply 10 a.m., 121, Goulburn-street, near Eliz.-st.

WANTED, a young Man, as WAITER, clean and sober. Agricultural Hotel, Haymarket.

WANTED, a respectable tidy Girl, as NURSE. Mrs. A. Ingall, 105 and 107, George-street West.

WANTED, respectable Girl, as HOUSEMAID, and assist waiting. Payne's Luncheon Rooms, 518, George-st.

WANTED, a smart LAD, for butcher's shop. Apply 51, William-street.

WANTED, a respectable young MAN, to cut and deliver orders. Apply 54, William-street.

WANTED, a HOUSE and PARLOUR MAID. Harbour View Hotel, Dawes Point.

WANTED, a smart KITCHENMAN, for restaurant. Apply 9, Margaret-street.

WANTED, a Person, as General SERVANT: able to do washing. Agnes Cottage, Stanmore-road, Petersham.

WANTED, HOD-CARRIER. Apply Francis Jones, Park-road, Marrickville. Bring tools.

WANTED, a smart respectable BOY, about 14. Apply Hopson's, 500, George-street.

WANTED, respectable middle-aged Woman, General SERVANT; able to work. Robertson, 419, Pitt-street.

WANTED, Housemaid, assist in bar, Sir Joseph Banks Hotel. Apply Burrangong Hotel, Friday morning, 10.30.

WANTED, a smart assistant restaurant WAITER. Sydney Clubhouse and Restaurant, 255, Pitt-street.

WANTED, young woman as General SERVANT; sleep at home. 338, Victoria-street, Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a respectable person as General SERVANT. Apply Seacombe House, Gordon-st., Paddington.

WANTED, young woman, General SERVANT, who can help in dining-room; good wages. 150, Oxford-st.

WANTED, respectable young Girl, as General Servant; small family. 301, Victoria-st., Darlinghurst.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 130, Brougham-st., off top William-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, young GIRL, to assist housework and child. Apply Lanherne, 27, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, good General SERVANT. Apply Rose, Thistle, and Shamrock, Oxford-street, Paddington.

WANTED, WOMAN, to wash, Mondays; references. Frankfort Villa, Victoria-road, Marrickville.

WANTED, General Servant, Church of England, good wages, no family. Shakespeare Hotel, Newtown.

WANTED, General SERVANT. Madeline Cottage, London-street, Enmore.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, with references. Apply C. Bowtell, news agent, Devonshire-street.

WANTED, two WAITRESSES; also midday Nursegirl. Kitchenman, Royal Arcade Dining Rooms, Pitt-st.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 106, Phillip-street, near Bent-street.

WANTED, a strong LAD, accustomed to the butchering. S. Fleming, Short-street, Leichhardt.

WANTED, young Girl, as NURSE and assist. Mrs. White, Goodhope-st., Glenmore-road, Paddington.

WANTED, young Girl, as NURSE and to be useful. Mrs. W. L. Carter, Westwood, Glenmore-road.

WANTED, a strong BOY. Sidney Smith, plumber and gasfitter, 145, William-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. 145, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a young MAN, used to butchering; no boozers need apply. Baily and Playfair, 167, Oxford-st.

WANTED, a strong respectable BOY, about 14; references. 103, King-street.

WANTED, a young Girl, as NURSE, and assist in housework. Mrs. G. Arthur Thompson, Llanelly, Redmyre.

WANTED, WETNURSE, baby three months old. Apply Mrs. W. Fox, 365, George-street.

WANTED, a competent General SERVANT, another kept. Apply, with references, the Museum, College-st.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, to cook and wash. Rosebery Arms Hotel, Crown and Goulburn sts.

WANTED, a good GIRL for housework, sleep at home. Mrs. Lawson, Paddington-street, Paddington.

WANTED, smart CHAP accustomed butchering. R. Fiantice, Parramatta-road, Leichhardt.

WANTED an ERRAND-BOY. F. Jones, chemist, Summer Hill.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT, small family. Apply Weymiss Cottage, Norton-street, Leichhardt.

WANTED, General SERVANT at first-class boarding-house, where cook is kept. General, Herald Office.

WANTED, useful GIRL, for Balmain. Apply 34, Law's-terrace, Bay-street, Glebe, 10 o'clock.

WANTED, Cart and Yard BOYS. Apply early, Henfrey and Co., Metropolitan Brewery, 35, Castl'r'gh-st.

WANTED, a pair horse carriage DRIVER for the day. Apply Tattersall's Bazaar, Hunter-street.

WANTED, a WASHER-UP. Royal Exchange, George-street.

WANTED, a House and Parlour MAID; good wages. 14, O'Connell-street, near Herald Office.

WANTED, a respectable Office BOY. Apply J. Bramwell and Co., Change-alley, Circular Quay.

WANTED, a CHARWOMAN, to wash every Monday. Mrs. Henry Harris, Antrim Villa, Potts' Point.

WANTED, a LAD, about 16 years, to be generally useful. Apply Box 474, G. P. O.

WANTED, a respectable WOMAN, every Monday, to wash and clean. 472, Elizabeth-st., Strawberry Hills.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 77, Buckingham-street.

WANTED, a PARLOURMAID, also House and Parlour Maids. The Home, 25, Clarence-street.

WANTED, a WAITER. Apply, with references, Café Français, 291, George-street.

WANTED, a smart WAITRESS; required to sleep at home. American Restaurant, Wynyard-square.

WANTED, a young MAN or Lad. W. Harrison, butcher, Walker-street, Redfern.

WANTED, married MAN to drive van, Marrickville. Austin Brothers, 31, Market-street.

WANTED, good General SERVANT, also GIRL to mind baby. Mrs. J. Ralph, Raglan-street, Alexandria.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, to assist in housework, sleep at home. Mrs. Nunn, 37, Botany-road.

WANTED, smart WAITER; must be sober man. Dunn's New York Hotel, Lower George-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply 343, Cleveland-street, Redfern, opposite St. Paul's Church.

WANTED, a thorough WAITRESS. Apply Palace, Haymarket.

WANTED, a GIRL, about 13 or 14, to wait upon one person. No. 188, Elizabeth-street South.

WANTED, a useful GIRL for housework. Viewville, 11, Princes-road, Upper William-street North.

WANTED, COOK and LAUNDRESS, 5 in family; open till Monday. Craven Villa, Potts Point.

WANTED, a General SERVANT, two in family. Apply 140, Bourke-street, Woolloomooloo.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. Apply Easton, Rosebank-street.

WANTED, a good General SERVANT. 252, Victoria-terrace, Victoria-street.

WANTED, Bricklayer's LABOURERS. No. 80, Marlborough-street. Job, Bourke-street. John Connors.

WANTED, a young GIRL, good housemaid. Apply Mrs. Ryan (late Johnston's Family Hotel), Oxford-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Apply No. 5, London-terrace, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, smart LAD, about 15. Jones and Son, 16, George-street West.

WANTED, a young Girl as NURSE. Punch's Hotel, William and Dowling streets.

WANTED, a respectable woman to do WASHING. Punch's Hotel, William-street.

WANTED, a KITCHENMAN, must be sober. Apply early, Central Hotel, Market-street.

WANTED, a General SERVANT; Protestant. Apply, at 2 o'clock, J. H. Ballin, Adelaide-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a General SERVANT. Mrs. Campbell, 175, Devonshire-street. Apply before 11 o'clock.

WANTED, a GROOM, not afraid of work. Bourke's Stables, Bourke-street, Surry Hills.

WANTED, a useful GIRL. Apply No. 2 West-street, Paddington; near brewery.

WANTED, a young Woman, as General SERVANT, to go with the family to a neighbouring colony; housemaid kept. Apply 137, Glenmore-road.

WANTED, a respectable young Woman as General SERVANT. Apply 461, Pitt-street South, next Christ Church School.

WANTED, young person as assistant Laundress, must iron shirts; also young Woman to assist in kitchen; refs. Gore's Labour Agency, Hunter-street, near Herald Office.

WANTED, a Working HOUSEKEEPER to a tradesman's family of four; good home, references, and wages. Age, &c., 252, Herald Office.

WANTED, a Girl, as General SERVANT; must be trustworthy, where she will be treated as one of the family. Apply at No. 4, Tuku-terrace, Church-street, Balmain.

WANTED, a respectable GIRL, about 14, to assist with children; also, good General SERVANT. 2, May Villa, Hill-street, near Macdonaldtown-station.

WANTED, a respectable House and Parlour Maid, for Manly. Apply Pitt, Son, and Badgery's Office, next Joint Stock Bank, George-street.

WANTED, married COUPLE, for Hillston Hospital, man, Wardsman, woman, Matron; salary, £80 per annum with quarters and rations. Applications to be in hands of Secretary before 13th March. A. S. BELLAMY, Secretary.

WANTED, a NURSE to attend on a little girl, 5 years old, and infant; highest wages to a competent person; references indispensable. Coingra, 9, Wylde-street, Potts Point.

WANTED, a HOUSEMAID, 15s, hotel, Katoomba, good place; 3 Cooks for country hotels, £1 to 25s; Cook, £60, station; Cook, £1, hotel, town; Mother and Daughter, station; young Girls. Simmonds' Registry, 222, Castlereagh-st.

WANTED, Man COOK, 30s, for hotel, country, good place; Chief Cook, £2, restaurant, town; Farming-man, £1; Man, garden, milk, handy with tools, 14s; Married Couple with daughter, station. Simmonds' Reg., 222, Castlereagh-st.

YOUNG Person wanted, assist in house and needlework, references. 368, Riley-street, Surry Hills.

Apartments, Board and Residence.

A BALCONY ROOM, grand view, liberal table, 21s; 15 minutes' walk G. P. O. 246, Forbes-street.

A BEDROOM for 2 single; bath; 5s each. 375, Kent-street, near King-street.

A BEDROOM to LET, double or single, furnished or unfurnished, bath. 128, Dowling-street, Woolloomooloo.

A COMFORTABLE Bedroom for respectable man, brd. or partial, bath. 53, Crown-st., nr. William-st., Wmloo.

A COMFORTABLE front Bedroom, suitable for two gentlemen. 191, Premier-ter., William-street. Bath, piano.

A COMFORTABLE ROOM, suit two respectable men; bath and latchkey. 29, Yurong-street.

A DRAWING-ROOM SUITE and Apartments vacant. Frankfort House, 56, Bridge-street.

A FRONT Furnished ROOM, bath, gas, kitchen, private house. 233, Goulburn-street, off Riley-street.

A FURNISHED BEDROOM; suit two gentlemen friends. 361, Pitt-street. Terms moderate.

A FURNISHED Room to LET to single man; bath; washing included; 5s per week. 47, Bathurst-street.

A FURNISHED ROOM to LET, suit two friends, plunge and shower bath, latchkey. 135, Woolloomooloo-st.

APARTMENTS vacant for gentleman. No. 11, Cowper-terrace, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS vacant. 1, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

APARTMENTS, unfurnished, with board, gas, bath, near tram. 156, Underwood-street, Paddington.

APARTMENTS vacant. Park Hill House, No. 3, Grosvenor-terrace, Church-hill.

APARTMENTS, ground floor, vacant to-day. 221, Elizabeth-street, Hyde Park.

A ROOM to LET, suit single man; bath. 98, Goulburn-street, near Nithsdale-street.

ASTOR HOUSE, 394, Crown-street, Surry Hills; separate rooms for gentlemen; piano, bath, garden, gym.

AT ESTHERVILLE, 48, Elizabeth-street N., near Bridge-street.—Vacancies for visitors and residents.

AT 133, PHILLIP-STREET, single BEDROOM vacant.

A VACANCY at Mrs. Dawson's, Alfred House, 7, Richmond-terrace, Domain.

APARTMENTS Vacant.—Large front Bedroom, suit married couple; also, large balcony Room, with extensive view of harbour, for 2 gentlemen; good reference essential. Apply 2, Brunswick-ter., Rockwall-st., off Macleay-st., Potts Pt.

AT TENBY HOUSE, Wynyard-square, Sydney. RESIDENTIAL FAMILY CLUB. First-class accommodation for visitors and others at very moderate charges. Public drawing-room, smoking-room, and 30 bedrooms.

BALCONY ROOM, suit two gentlemen. Hartleigh, Barcom-crescent, via Womerah-avenue, William-street East.

BEDROOM, suit two friends, lady, or gentleman going to business. 293, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

BLACKHEATH.—Kanimbula House, first-class Accommodation to be had on application. Mrs. A. A. Wilson.

BLUE MOUNTAINS.—Private Board for visitors or families; moderate. Mrs. M'Fadzies, Blackheath.

BOARD.—Three vacancies at Baxter's, Domain Hotel, opposite lower gates, splendid situation, baths, &c.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, for two respectable young men, bath, gas, all conveniences. 87, Redfern-st., Redfern.

BOARD and RESIDENCE, No. 12, Francis-street, Hyde Park; gas and bath, every convenience; terms 18s per week.

BOARD and RESIDENCE wanted, gentleman. M. M., Herald Office, Sydney.

BOARD and Residence. Vacancy for one respectable man. Ross Cottage, Macquarie-st., next Parliament House.

BOARD and Residence; vacancy for 2 gentlemen; terms 21s. 141, Phillip-street, near King-street.

BURWOOD.—Vacancy for one or two gentlemen, private family, close to station. Apply 13, Hunter-street.

BOARD and RESIDENCE required by a young gentleman, at Paddington or Woollahra, in the house of a private family, bedroom must command a good view. Apply B. M. A., Herald Office.

COMFORTABLE BEDROOM for a gentleman, bath, piano. 35, Lower Campbell-street, off Riley-street, S. H.

COMFORTABLE Home, late dinner, bath, piano, balcony, gas. Mrs. Jervis, 205, Oxford-st., op. Courthouse.

COMFORTABLE HOME for respectable man, private family, balcony, moderate. 4, Victoria-terrace, Selwyn-street, Paddington.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for respectable Single Men. 205, Elizabeth-street, near Bathurst-street.

COMFORTABLE LODGINGS for two respectable men. 94, Crown-street, Woolloomooloo.

COOGEE BAY GRAND HOTEL, on the Esplanade, Tram terminus. Temperature never over 80° Fahr.

DARLINGHURST.—Splendid large front ROOM, suit married couple or two gents; moderate. 381, Liverpool-st.

DURHAM HOUSE, 120, Palmer-street, 6 doors below Wm.-st.—Vacancies ladies and gents.; bath, piano; mod.

FURNISHED front ROOM, as bed and sitting room, suit a couple or two friends in business. 54, Yurong-street.

FURNISHED.—Sitting, Dining, 2 Bedrooms, kitchen; bath, latchkey. 29, Thomas and Quay streets, Darling Harbour.

FORBES-STREET.—A lady, having a large newly-furnished House in this street, offers a double ROOM, with balcony off same, to three gentlemen; liberal table, piano, bath, no children; reference given and required. Address W. W., Herald Office.

GENTLEMAN requires BOARD and Residence, few minutes' from Post Office. State terms, A. B. Z., Herald.

G O U L B U R N. We stay at Mandelson's Hotel.

LADY and Gentleman can have front balcony ROOM, Board, with lady at Stanmore, 23a, Comfort, Petersham P.O.

LARGE healthy unfurnished APARTMENTS, full view harbour, &c. 20, Cumberland-st., near Dawes Point.

LARGE front balcony ROOM, suitable for bed and sitting room; 2 gentlemen. Long Branch, 84, Hunter-street.

LARGE front ROOM furnished, suit 2 friends; also single room. 34, Yurong-street, Woolloomooloo; bath, l. key.

LARGE furnished front ROOM, suit married couple. 159, Woolloomooloo-street.

LODGINGS for 3 or 4 young men, board optional, bath, latchkey. Mrs. O'Donnell, 23, Macquarie-street South.

MOUNT VICTORIA.—All the comforts of a home at Mrs. Howell's, Fern Cottage.

MOUNT VICTORIA.—Zigzag Cottage.—Mrs. Seymour has comf. priv. accomod'n for visitors; terms mod.

MOSS VALE.—Visitors, Wedding Parties, and Tourists find superior ACCOMMODATION at HAZELTON, Moss Vale; excellent references. Vehicles meet trains. Apply Miss Young.

NICE furnished balcony ROOM, use kitchen; terms moderate. 485, Elizabeth-street, Strawberry Hills.

NO. 175, Macquarie-street.—Front ROOMS vacant, overlooking Domain and harbour; terms moderate.

NEWTOWN.—Wanted at once, small Furnished COTTAGE, or furnished Bed and Sitting Room and use of kitchen; no other lodgers; rent must be moderate. Address Box 690, G. P. O.

ONE or two young gentlemen can meet with comfortable Home. 28, Arundel-terrace, Glebe.

PRIVATE Apartments for a gentleman, with or without board; all home comforts. 84, Queen-street, Woollahra.

PRIVATE Board, Residence, new house, single rooms, business or trades men, bath, gas. 98, Macquarie-st. South.

ROOMS to LET, furnished or unfurnished; use of kitchen. 410, Pitt-street, near Haymarket.

SUPERIOR Bachelors' Home; every comfort, gas, separate rooms, Fern Lodge, Willoughby-st., Milson's Point.

SYDNEY CLUB HOUSE and RESTAURANT, 255, Pitt-street.
Under new management. Best Cook in Sydney. The Dining-room is the coolest and best in the city. Ladies' Dining Saloon now open; every convenience. Board 15s per week. Board and residence from 20s per week.

TO LET, BEDROOMS for married couples, with use of sitting room, piano. 451, Elizabeth-street.

TO LET, furnished, ROOM, use of kitchen, suit married couple. 291, Crown-street, Surry Hills.

TO LET, unfurnished, large Balcony ROOM, with use kitchen. 173, Macquarie-street South.

TO LET, neatly furnished front ROOM, suit married couple, bath, use kitchen. 184, Campbell-st., nr. Crown-st.

TO LET, BEDROOMS for single men, and Bakehouse and Oven; rent moderate and every convenience. Orient Hotel, 500, Kent-street.

TO LET, furnished balcony ROOM, suit two single gentlemen; also, front Room, suit two gentlemen, use of bath, in private family, no children. 145, Devonshire-street, near railway.

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VACANCIES for married couple and single gentleman. Mrs. Gibb, 131, Phillip-street, Sydney.

VACANCIES for Ladies and Gentlemen. Richmond House, 35, Elizabeth-street, near Hunter-street.

VACANCIES for gentleman and married couple; terms from 25s. Macquarie House, 217, Macquarie-street.

WENTWORTH FALLS, Western Line.—Tourists will find comfortable ACCOMMODATION at above; sociable kept. Mrs. C. Wilson.

BETWEEN Petersham and Redmyre, required, Bedroom, partial board, quiet family, near station. Tuition, Ashfield.

GENTLEMAN requires comfortable BOARD and Residence with private family (few boarders no object), within easy distance of Hunter-street; terms must be moderate; would dine out mid-day. Brightonian, Herald Office.

LADY, engaged in business, requires comfortable Home, balcony room if possible. M. G., Herald Office.

LADY wants Furnished BEDROOM; state terms, which must be moderate. M., Herald Office.

MARRIED Couple require ROOM, furnished as bed and sitting room; no other lodgers. A. O. P., Herald.

REQUIRED, BOARD and RESIDENCE, by a young lady in a respectable family, engaged in business during the day; terms must be moderate; Redfern preferred. Apply A. B., Ashfield Post Office.

SMALL SHOP wanted, suitable for practical watchmaker, with small house preferred. Tempus, Herald.

TWO young men require Home in private family at North Shore. Apply Comfort, Herald Office.

UNIVERSITY OF SYDNEY.
APPLICATIONS from persons desirous of ACCOMMODATING University Undergraduates as lodgers or boarders are invited to make application for a license, in accordance with the terms of the Act of Incorporation.
Applications should specify the situation of the house and the number of Undergraduates who may be conveniently lodged or boarded therein.
H. E. BARFF, Registrar.

WANTED, for an invalid, 2 furnished ROOMS in vicinity of Wentworth Park. 350, Harris-street.

WANTED, 3-roomed COTTAGE, handy town; no children. G. H., Box 791, G. P. Office.

WANTED, furnished detached Cottage or House, in a convenient suburb. Address particulars A. P., Herald.

WANTED, BOARD and RESIDENCE, single room; terms. S. M. S., this office.

WANTED, Board and Residence, single room, near railway works. Mechanic, Haymarket P. O.

WANTED, Unfurnished Room, by single lady, in Christian family. A. Z., 125, Oxford-street.

WANTED, by Gentleman, BOARD and RESIDENCE in a private family, on North Shore, within 15 minutes of ferry. Apply S., 214, Herald Office.

WANTED, LODGINGS, two gentlemen, balcony room preferred; state terms and conveniences, within 10 minutes of General Post Office. Permanent, Herald Office.

WANTED, by lady and gentleman, first-class BOARD and RESIDENCE, in private family; no other boarders; Darlinghurst or Moore Park preferred. J. R., Herald Office.

YOUNG Lady requires 2 unfurnished Rooms, in quiet family; rent moderate. 86, Woolloomooloo-st., Woolloo'loo.

YOUTH requires BOARD and Residence near city. State terms to H. C., Herald Office.

To Let.

A FAMILY HOUSE to LET, at Surry Hills, at 30s. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Sydney Arcade.

A 4-ROOMED HOUSE and Kitchen to LET. Loughnan, 639, George-street, Haymarket.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, handsome VILLA, 8 rooms, furnished, high land, nr. station. Dunn & M'Keown, 72, Eliz.-st.

A YARD to LET. 290, Sussex-street South.

ASHFIELD.—5 rooms, hall, servant's room, kitchen, bath, pantry, laundry, force pumps, near station; completely renovated; large yard; rent, 22s 6d. Stanton and Brauer, house agents, Summer Hill.

ASHFIELD.—To LET, a neat Brick VILLA, in splendid order, contains 5 rooms and usual outoffices, gas, and good water supply. For particulars apply 538, George-street.

BOARD and LODGINGHOUSE, No. 27, Bathurst-st.; 8 rooms, back entrance; moderate rent. Apply next door.

BULK STORE, 45 x 16 feet, No. 29, Bathurst-street; cheap rent. Apply next door.

BALMAIN, three minutes' walk from Snail's Bay ferry, Semi-detached HOUSE, 6 rooms, kitchen, washhouse, bath-room, pantry, and out-offices, gas throughout, good view. Apply John M'Kinlay, Looke's-road, Balmain.

COTTAGE, new, 10 minutes Ashfield station, 5 rooms, hall; 16s. Stanton and Brauer, agents, Summer Hill.

COTTAGES, every convenience, city water, Annandale; 11s, 10s, and 9s. Apply Wise and Co., View-st., Annandale.

CASTLEREAGH-STREET NORTH.—To LET, 2 OFFICE-ROOMS, on the ground floor. Apply Mr. E. Reading, dentist, 33, Castlereagh-street North.

COTTAGE RESIDENCE in best part of Cleveland-street, S. H., 7 rooms, washhouse, bathroom, stabling, and coachhouse, paddock, &c. Apply Mr. Bauss, 267, George-street.

DARLINGHURST.—A small Furnished HOUSE to LET by Monday, 30s. E. Ramsay, 71, Sydney Arcade.

DARLINGHURST.—Large corner HOUSE, Forbes-terrace, Forbes-street, £3 per week. Key next door.

DARLING POINT.—To be LET, from the 28th inst., a waterside RESIDENCE and Grounds, known as Lansdown, now occupied by Carl Sahl, Esq. Apply to R. Yeomans, 79, Elizabeth-street.

ELEGANT 6-roomed HOUSE, scullery, &c., to LET, on suburban line, in own grounds, 11s.; 20s. M'Rae, 128, Pitt-st.

FURNISHED House, 5 rooms, every convenience, close to tram; rent 35s. Apply 50, Queen-street, Woollahra.

FURNISHED HOUSE wanted, suitable for boarders, within 10 minutes General Post Office. Full particulars to Miss M'Loughlin, Thornet House, 73, Hunter-street.

FURNISHED Family RESIDENCE to Let, near St. Thomas' Church, comprising drawing and dining rooms, 5 bedrooms, servants' room, bathroom, and laundry; plenty water. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Arcade.

GEORGE-ST.—To LET, Shop, 5 doors from Bathurst-street; long lease. R. and A. Kurtz, Geo. and Bathurst sts.

GOOD STABLING to LET, for four horses, vehicles. Apply at the Napoleon Inn, Kensington-street.

GROUND-FLOOR OFFICES.—To LET, those commodious and centrally-situated OFFICES, fitted with strong rooms, forming part of the ground-floor frontage of Messrs. S. Hoffnung and Co.'s new buildings in Pitt-street. Apply to Messrs. Hoffnung and Co.

HOUSE to LET, Point Piper-road, Woollahra, 6 rooms and kitchen with stove, washhouse, and every convenience, fitted with cedar, asphalted yard, &c. John Rush, draper, Queen-street, Woollahra.

MITTAGONG.—Vacant after the 29th February, YARRA WONGA, a large Furnished Cottage. Apply Miss Mackay, Roslin Hall, Manly.

MEADOWS.—To LET, two COTTAGES, each containing 3 rooms and kitchen, and outhouse, 5 minutes walk from Croydon station; rent, 10s per week. Apply to J. Richardson, Croydon; or J. Williams, 53, Pitt-street.

MARRICKVILLE.—NOTICE.—Gentleman seeking to RENT or PURCHASE a well-built retired country Family RESIDENCE, a short distance from Sydney, and a few steps from tram terminus, would find one in every way suitable to his tastes erected, with all the modern appliances for ventilation and convenience; containing lawn, orchard, flower and kitchen garden, stabling complete; also a good farmyard, securely fenced with paddock. E. RAMSAY, Agent, 71, Arcade.

NEWTOWN, Denison-street, Kingston, small furnished COTTAGE; rent 10s; suit couple. Apply Hobart Villa.

NEWTOWN, Denison-street.—Furnished COTTAGE, 10s per week; no children. Apply Hobart Villa.

NORTH KINGSTON.—To LET, COTTAGE, St. Mary-street, containing 5 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, pantry, washhouse with copper, gas and water laid on, garden and yard, convenient to 'bus, tram, and rail. Apply C. Mayes, next door.

NORTH SHORE.—Crescent-street, one minute from M'MAHON'S POINT.
TO LET, Furnished, GLADSTONE, a Water-frontage Residence and Grounds, at present occupied by C. Steele, Esq., containing hall, 6 rooms, bath and smoking rooms, pantry, kitchen, washhouse, back and front verandahs; Land, about quarter of an acre, laid out in garden, &c.
Cards to view from
BATT, RODD, and PURVES, 105, Pitt-street.

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OFFICES, new and central, low rent. Apply 45, Goulburn-street, near George-street.

OFFICES to LET. E. R. Cole, King and George streets.

OFFICES.—Two large well-lighted ROOMS to LET, on upper floor of No. 82, Hunter-street. Apply to resident Secretary National Mutual Life Association.

OFFICES and ROOMS to LET, opposite Royal Hotel, suitable for photographers, jewellers, fancy warehousemen, insurance companies, and others; immediate possession. Apply to G. L. Carter, 401, George-street.

POTTS POINT.—To LET, with extensive harbour view, a neat Family RESIDENCE, containing hall, dining and sitting rooms, bath, gas, copper, balcony, &c.; rent moderate. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Sydney Arcade.

PETERSHAM, on the Heights, close to the Station.—To be LET, furnished, a pretty detached VILLA, together with stabling, &c., standing in nicely laid out grounds, the property of Captain O'Hagan, to be LET for 1 or 2 years, in consequence of the owner's departure for Europe. For terms apply Hardie and Gorman, 133, Pitt-street.

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SHOP and PREMISES to LET, 136, King-street, Newtown, splendid position. Apply 114, Botany-street.

STABLE and Coachhouse to LET, on Brickfield-hill. Apply 571, George-street.

STANMORE.—HOUSE, 5 rooms, kitchen, &c., close to station; 16s. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

SURBITON-TERRACE, Darling-street, Lyndhurst.—Three of these convenient six-roomed HOUSES to LET; bath, copper, patent range, tram, 'bus, two good entrances; rent 18s.

ST. LEONARDS.—To LET, on a long lease, a very beautiful Marine RESIDENCE, comparatively new, and fitted up with all new appliances for the comfort of a home; jetty with yacht accommodation, and around one-third of the water frontage will be erected a strong sea wall, for safely promenading. E. Ramsay, house agent, 71, Sydney Arcade, King-street.

TO LET, new, commodious, and spacious STORES in Kent-street. Louis Cohen, auctioneer, Barrack-street.

TO LET, a furnished COTTAGE, six rooms. Apply to Mrs. Wakeling, Mount Victoria.

TO LET, new HOUSES at Paddington, Woollahra, and Darlinghurst; rents from 27s 6d week. Oatley, 40, Hunter-st.

TO LET, a SHOP and 3 rooms, good yard. No. 69, Cooper-street, Waterloo. Rent 12s.

TO LET, Watson's Bay, COTTAGE, newly painted, 9 rooms; large garden, paddock. Mrs. Longford, Watson's Bay.

TO LET, SHOP and PREMISES, No. 3, Park-street. Apply to D. Cooper and Co., 49, Market-street.

TO LET, a SHOP; low rent. 46, Regent-street, Redfern. Apply at 46, Regent-street.

TO LET, HOUSE, next Brown's boot shop, Pitt-street, Redfern. J. Hamilton, Regent-street.

TO LET, HOWDEN VILLA, overlooking Snail's Bay and Waterview Bay; 2 minutes from ferry. Mrs. Gray.

TO LET, 20-Acre Grass PADDOCK. Apply M. Carlin, Bourke-street, Surry Hills, south of Alderson's.

TO LET, a 5-roomed HOUSE, kitchen, washhouse and copper; 46, Rose-street, Darlington. 572, Pitt-street.

TO LET, or LEASE for SALE, 2 SHOPS, 6 rooms, &c.; low rent. 218, George-street North.

TO LET, BURTON LODGE, Palmer and Burton streets. Apply 831, Bourke-street.

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TO LET, OFFICES and CELLAR, corner of Pitt and King streets. Apply ... Australia Limited.

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TO LET, large STORE, Darling Harbour, ... x 70, suitable for wool store or any other ... Apply at Kidman's mill; or at shop, corner of George and Market streets.

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TO LET, first-class new SHOPS, with plate-glass double fronts; best business position in Woollahra; fixtures and partitions erected if desired; rent low to good tenant. Oatley and Cahill, 40, Hunter-street.

TO LET, near Hyde Park, two unfurnished ROOMS, with widow and son, use of kitchen, washhouse, bath, and large yard. 151, corner Macquarie and Goulburn streets, near Liverpool-street.

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TO LET, or for SALE, a DWELLING-HOUSE, six rooms, 26 feet, bathroom, kitchen, and laundry, close to tram, 'bus, or rail; Temple Park, Railway-road, St. Peter's. For particulars apply as addressed.

TO LET, new SHOP, Enmore-road, few yards below Boland's corner, contains large shop, dining-room, kitchen, washhouse, and four bedrooms. Apply on premises, or Frank Alison, Thompson-street, opposite Town Hall, Marrickville.

TO LET, SHOPS, Brickfield-hill. Photo. Gallery and Stores, George-street; stores, Haymarket; Stable and large yard, Kent-street; Land for SALE, Toongabbee Estate, cheap. Richard M'Coy, 490, George-street.

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TO LET, with immediate possession, all those commodious and centrally situated Premises lately in the occupation of Messrs. Cadogan and Crane, produce, wood and coal merchants, King-street, Newtown, established upwards of 20 years, and being the best stand in Newtown for any line of business; a sure fortune for any enterprising man with moderate capital; moderate rent to a good tenant. Apply to W. Newell, house and land agent, King-street, Newtown.

TO be LET, furnished, with immediate possession, Nos. 2 and 3, Bayswater Houses, Double Bay, admirably adapted for residential chambers, with which is combined a first-class purveying business.
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MANAGER
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